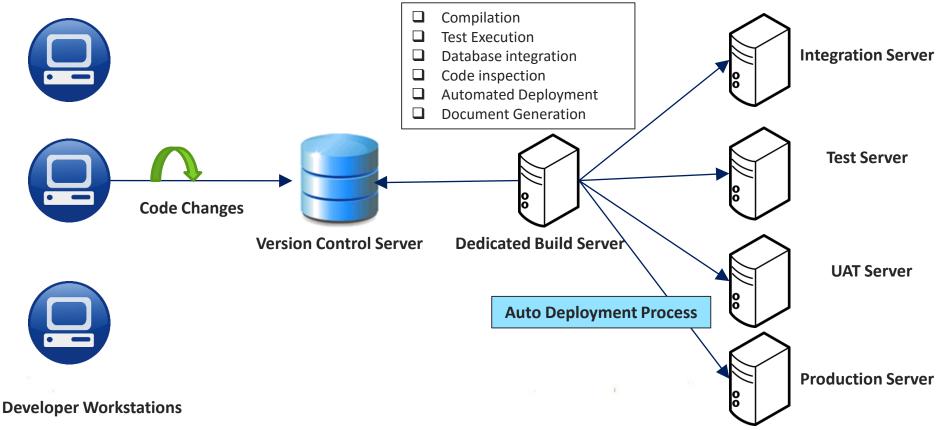


Jenkins Getting Started with Jenkins

Continuous Integration Basics

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Slide 2

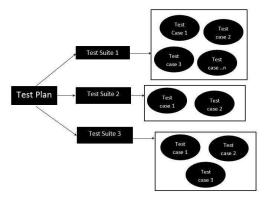
Course Url



Automated Build process



Source Code Repository



Automated Test Suite



Continuous Build Server

Jenkins Supported Platforms - RECAP

- → Windows
- → Ubuntu/Debian
- → Red Hat/Fedora/CentOS
- \rightarrow Mac OS X
- \rightarrow openSUSE
- → FreeBSD
- → OpenBSD
- → Solaris/OpenIndiana
- → Gentoo



Project Managers



Server Admins





Quality Consultants

Installation Pre-Notes



- →Ensure that Java 7 or 8 are setup.
 - » In production version, only JRE can be present
 - » For development and test, JDK/JRE can be present.
 - » Ensure system variable JAVA_HOME is set and present on path.
- →Create an Environment variable JENKINS_HOME.
 - » This is the place where all Jenkins works (including workspaces are stored).
 - » In production environment this should be on a directory with large amount of space.
 - » This will also be the place to install JENKINS too.

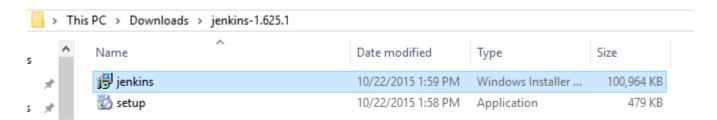
Installing Jenkins on Windows

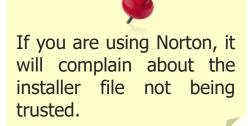
- →Can be installed either as
 - » Web Archiver (WAR)
 - » Native Package
- →Two versions
 - » Release
 - » Long Term Support (LTS) Release
- →LTS versions are some point releases away from "latest and greatest" versions.
- →They are more stable
- →Always use LTS versions for production environments.



Installing as native package

- →Click on link for Windows Package
- →Download ZIP file
- →Extract files to temporary folder (This is not required strictly).
- →Double click on file named Jenkins.msi. Just click on next for all appearing windows to perform a default install.





Installation as Native Package

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- →The default is to install c:\program files (x86)\Jenkins
 - » CHANGE THIS to use JENKINS_HOME and ensure that JENKINS_HOME does not contain spaces.
- →The native package comes bundled with a JRE which is used.
- →All configuration is stored in file Jenkins.xml.
 - » Internally, you can see it invoke java on **Jenkins.war** on port 8080
 - » The engine used is winstone
 - » Log files are

Jenkins.out.log

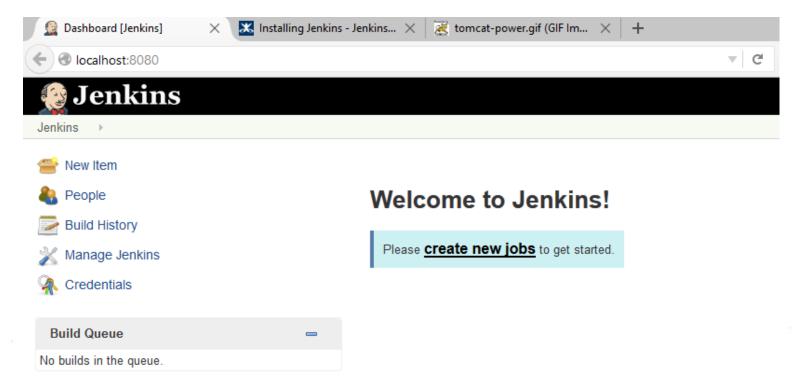
Jenkins.err.log

Jenkins.wrapper.log

Native Package installation

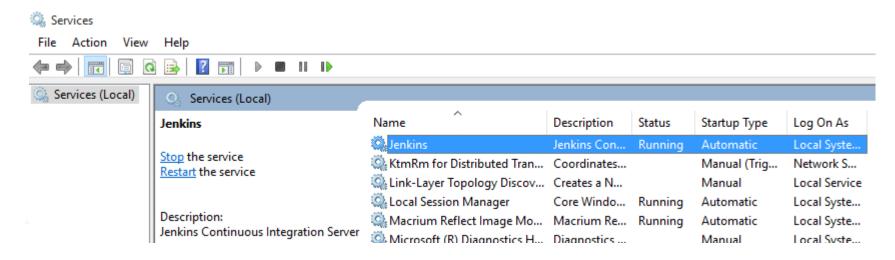


→Navigate to http://<localhost>:8080. The Jenkins page should be displayed.



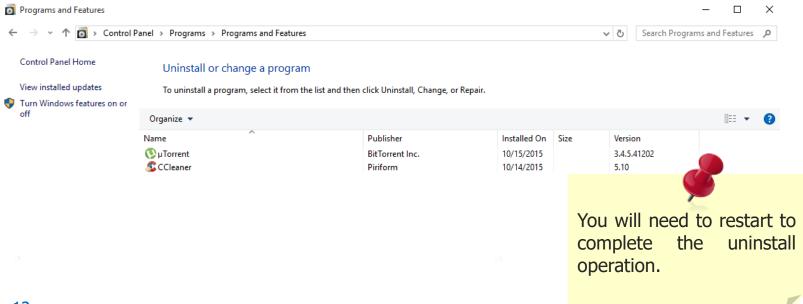
Native package installation

- →The default context is / (no need to specify /Jenkins).
- →This will automatically install Jenkins as a Windows Service.
- →This service will run by default with "Local System Account".
- →The service is marked as Automatic which means that Jenkins will start automatically.



Native Package - Remove Jenkins

- →Click on Control Panel -> Program and Features -> Uninstall a program
- → Double click on Jenkins to confirm removal.
- →Restart the system



Native Package –Can I run as a war file?



- →Yes. All Jenkins.exe does is to invoke java on Jenkins.war.
- →Create a batch file that contains this:
 - » java -Xrs -Xmx1024m -Dhudson.lifecycle=hudson.lifecycle.WindowsServiceLifecycle -jar jenkins.war" -httpPort=8080
- →That will work too! However
 - » You lose benefits of running as a service with auto start/stop from service control panel.
 - » Ugly one closable terminal will continue to be displayed (which can be hidden though)

Installing as Package



→You will need the following:



Apache Tomcat 6+ (We recommend 7 or 8



Oracle JDK 7/8

Install Java edureka!

- → Download Java from java.com.
- →Double click on installer to start.
- ightarrow Verify correctness of install by typing below from a command line
 - » java -version

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe — — X

(c) 2015 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\sesha>java -version
java version "1.8.0_65"
Java(TM) SE Runtime Environment (build 1.8.0_65-b17)
Java HotSpot(TM) Client VM (build 25.65-b01, mixed mode)

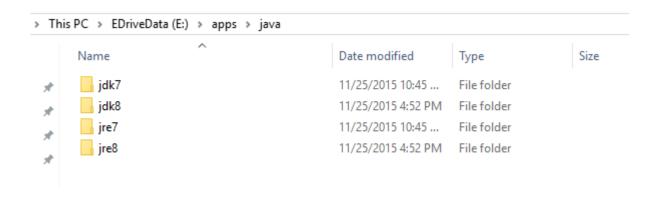
C:\Users\sesha>
```



- On windows, it is always recommended to install to a directory that has no spaces in its name.
- JAVA_HOME must be set and JAVA should in PATH

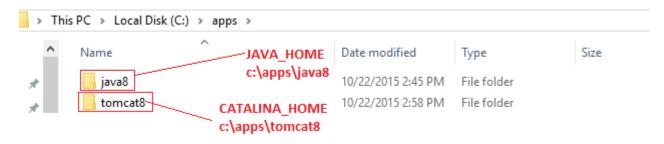
Installing Java

- →Choose Correct installer. (JDK or JRE)
- →If choosing JDK, ensure Public JRE is also installed and that the JRE and JDK are installed separately.
- \rightarrow JDK 8: 1.8.0_66+ is preferred.



Install Tomcat

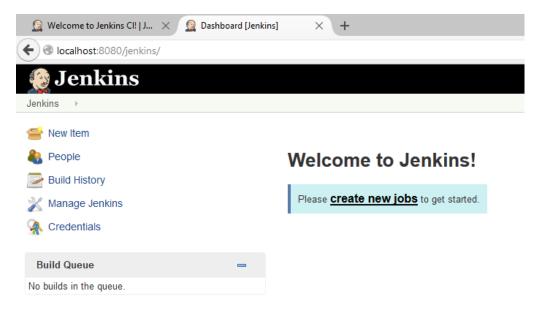
- →There are multiple ways to install Tomcat.
 - » Binary installers
 - » Zip installers
 - » Install Tomcat as a service
- →Refer here: https://tomcat.apache.org/tomcat-8.0-doc/setup.html#Windows for setup of Tomcat 8 on Windows
- →At end of install of Java and tomcat, the following system variables should be set to point to correct location
 - » JAVA_HOME: the location where java is installed
 - » CATALINA_HOME: The location where TOMCAT is installed.



Install as a web WAR



- →Download WAR file to %CATALINA_HOME%\webapps directory folder. (if using Tomcat)
- →Tomcat should automatically expand Jenkins.war to Jenkins folder and auto-deploy the application.
- →Navigate to http://localhost:8080/jenkins



Course Url

Install as a web WAR





If not using Tomcat or other container, the application can be run using the following command:

java –jar jenkins.war --httpPort=8080

Installation notes



- →Installing as a Win installer creates context under root i.e. http://localhost:8080, while installing as war creates

 Jenkins context as http://localhost:8080/jenkins
- →Configuration under installer can be found under Jenkins.xml while in war file, it is standard server.xml/web.xml file.
- →Typically in production, build servers are usually on UNIX and UNIX variants mainly because of
 - » Better SSH/SSL Support
 - » Better support for upgrade to latest versions of Jenkins as required.
- →In all cases, default port is 8080 which can be changed.

Change Default binding for Jenkins war

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- →This is a recommended practice for Jenkins.
- →On tomcat, there are multiple ways to do this.

→Method 1:

» Unzip the WAR file for Jenkins directly under ROOT folder

→Method 2:

» Change the context for default servlet and change context for Jenkins to /

Install Maven

edureka!

- →Maven is a build tool.
- \rightarrow To install,
 - » Download the ZIP/GZ file
 - » Unzip the same

unzip apache-maven-3.3.3-bin.zip (Windows)

tar xzvf apache-maven-3.3.3-bin.tar.gz (Linux)

- » Set MAVEN_HOME environmental variable to where Maven has been extracted.
- » Add \$M2_HOME/bin (%M2_HOME%\bin) to the PATH variable.



Install ANT

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- \rightarrow ANT is a build tool.
- \rightarrow To install,
 - » Download the ZIP/GZ file
 - » Unzip the same

unzip apache-ant-1.9.6-bin.zip (Windows)

tar xzvf apache-ant-1.9.6-bin.tar.gz (Linux)

- » Set ANT_HOME environmental variable to where Ant has been extracted.
- » Add \$ANT_HOME/bin (%ANT_HOME%\bin) to the PATH variable.



Verification

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→If all went fine, you can verify the correct installation path (Custom script) as below:

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
  ******* Java Version
java version "1.8.0 66"
Java(TM) SE Runtime Environment (build 1.8.0 66-b18)
Java HotSpot(TM) 64-Bit Server VM (build 25.66-b18, mixed mode)
******* Maven Version
Apache Maven 3.3.3 (7994120775791599e205a5524ec3e0dfe41d4a06; 2015-04-22T17:27:37+05:30)
Maven home: E:\apps\apache-maven-3.3.3
Java version: 1.8.0_66, vendor: Oracle Corporation
Java home: E:\apps\java\jdk8\jre
Default locale: en_US, platform encoding: Cp1252
OS name: "windows 10", version: "10.0", arch: "amd64", family: "dos"
     ******* Ant Version
Apache Ant(TM) version 1.9.6 compiled on June 29 2015
      ******* ENV Variables
  MAVEN_HOME: E:\apps\apache-maven-3.3.3
    ANT_HOME: E:\apps\apache-ant-1.9.6
   JAVA_HOME: E:\apps\java\jdk8
CATALINA HOME: E:\apps\tomcat8
JENKINS_HOME: e:\apps\jenkins
E:\sriram\02. Work\edurekha\jenkins>_
```



- →Install OpenJDK 7
- →Install Tomcat 7
- →Download WAR file to \$CATALINA_HOME/webapps
- →Restart tomcat 7

OR SIMPLY INSTALL NATIVE IMAGES

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Open JDK 7 or Open JRE 7



Prefer not to use GNU Compiler for Java



- →To install, you first need to install Jenkins to the list of package source list.
- →This is done by first adding the key ring and source to package list
 - □ wget -q -O https://jenkins-ci.org/debian/jenkins-ci.org.key | sudo apt-key add -
 - □ sudo sh -c 'echo deb http://pkg.jenkins-ci.org/debian binary/ > /etc/apt/sources.list.d/jenkins.list'
- →Next we need to update apt to refresh with the changes
 - sudo apt-get update
- →Finally, we install Jenkins
 - ☐ sudo apt-get install jenkins

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$\rightarrow \! \textbf{Updation}$

» Just perform an apt-get update and installation

→Removal

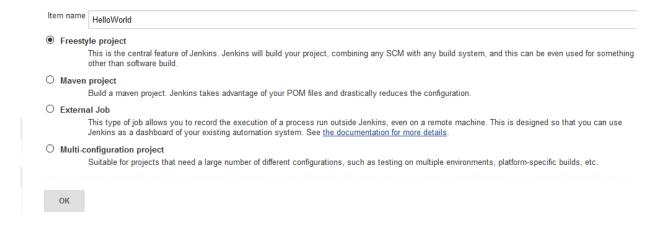
» Just perform an apt-remove



- → Jenkins will start on auto-startup.
 - » See /etc/init.d/Jenkins for additional details.
- →User jenkins is created to run this service
- →Log file can be found here: /var/log/jenkins/jenkins.log
- →Configuration file can be found here:
 - » /etc/default/jenkins
- →Default port listening is always 8080. Edit above file (line than contains HTTP_PORT) to change the number
- →You could install either Apache, NGINX or simply edit iptables to redirect traffic on port 80 to 8080 or use Apache/NGINX as a proxy.

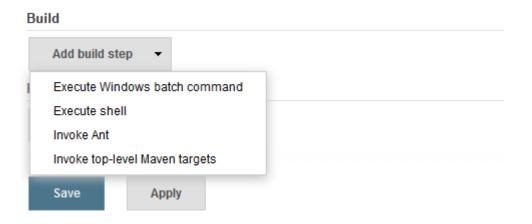


- →We will start with a free style job
- →The build is to just execute 1 shell script
- → The job will be named "HelloWorld"
 - » Click on New Item
 - » Enter the name
 - » Select Free Style project
 - » Click OK





- →Leave all empty (default) for now.
- →In build section, choose "Execute Windows Batch Command" from Add Build Steps and Click Apply.





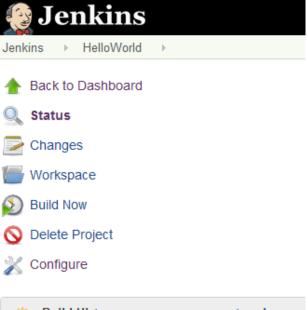
- →In the Command area, type
 - » echo Hello World
- →Click Save. Jenkins will open the HelloWorld project as shown
- →The Build history will be blank as this has not been run at all.
- →To run the project, click on Build now.

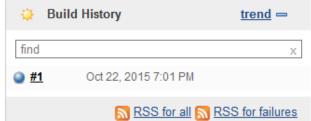




→Build run #1 is shown below. A default blue icon indicates a successful rul

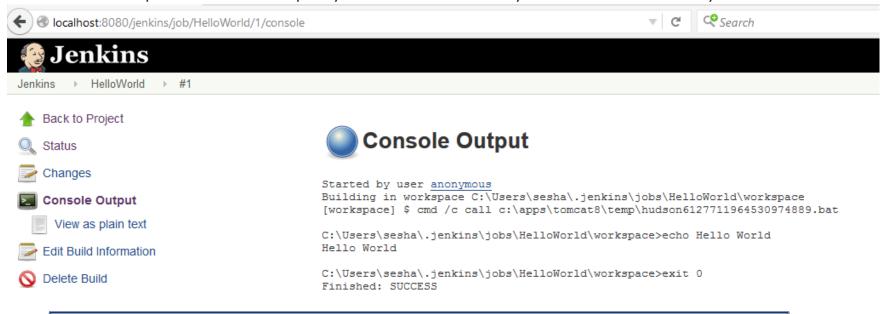
→Click on link for Build 1 and click on Console Output.



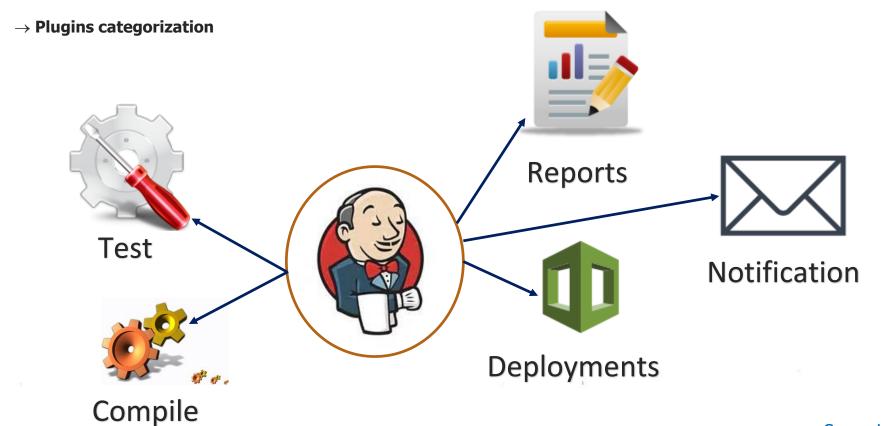




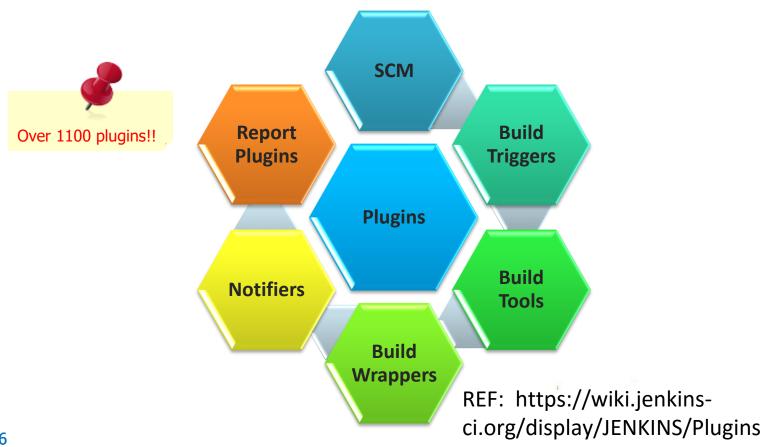
→The Console output shows that a temporary batch file was created by Jenkins and executed on your behalf.

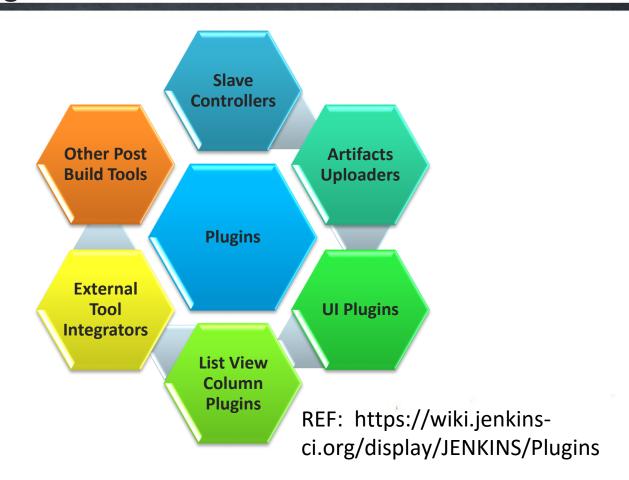


Your first job just ran successfully with no issues!









Thank you.