In-class project – DE

Bioinformatics Applications (PLPTH813)

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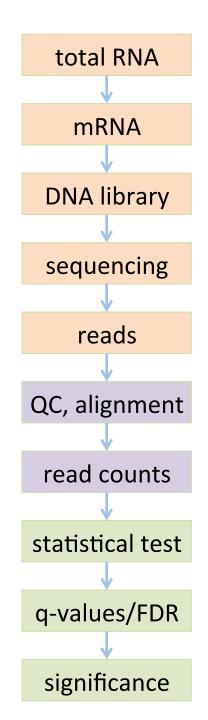
RNA-Seq procedure

1

RNA to sequencing reads

reads to read counts per gene

read counts to significant genes



data information

the plant journal



The Plant Journal (2015) 84, 491-503

doi: 10.1111/tpj.13014

Genomic limitations to RNA sequencing expression profiling

Cory D. Hirsch¹, Nathan M. Springer¹ and Candice N. Hirsch^{2,*}

Sequence Read Archive (SRA; B73 control accessions SRR1238718, SRR1819617, SRR1819621; B73 cold accessions SRR1238717, SRR1819204, SRR1819205). Sequence adapters were

SRR1238718

Makarevitch *et al.*, 2015 Hirsch *et al.*, 2016

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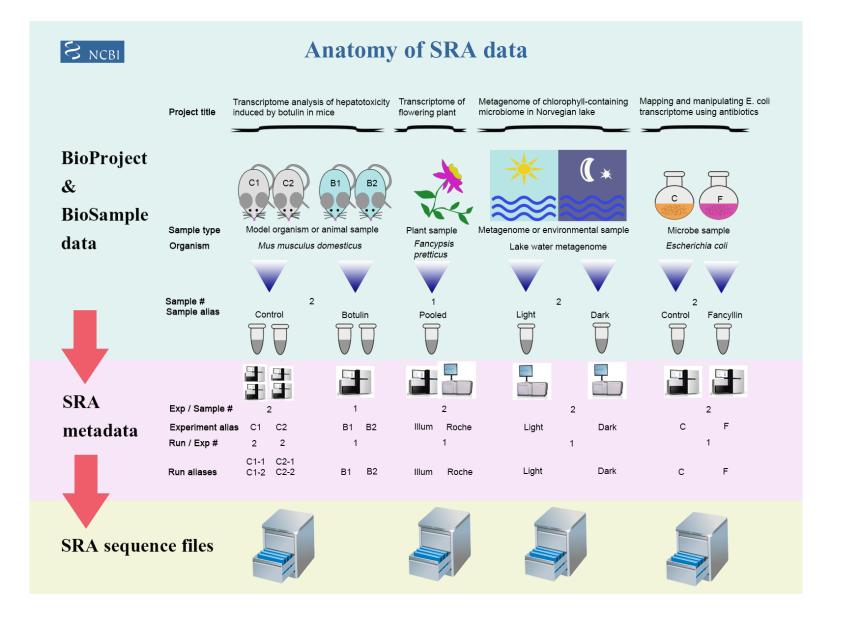
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Part I: Data downloading

 Introduction of Sequence Read Archive (SRA) (2007)

- Data download (SRA toolkit)
- fastq-dump

Framework of data submission



Metadata and sequence data

- Study a set of experiments with an overall goal
 SRA Study accessions SRP, DRP, or ERP
- Experiment –laboratory operations on input material
 SRA Experiment accessions SRE, DRE, or ERE
- **Sample** An experiment targets one or more samples SRA Sample accessions – SRS, DRS, or ERS
- **Run** –the data gathered for a sample or sample bundle SRA Run accessions – SRR, DRR, or ERR

format conversion - fastq-dump in Beocat

fastq-dump [options] <accession>

```
#!/bin/bash
#$ -cwd
#$ -I mem=16G,h_rt=16:00:00
#$ -pe single 1
#$ -j y
/homes/liu3zhen/local/bin/fastq-dump \
    --split-spot --split-3 \
    --defline-seq '@$sn/$ri' \
    --defline-qual '+' \
    --gzip -A <accession>
```

Beocat pipeline to download SRA in batch - I

step 1: Prepare data: dataset.txt

Order	ID	Genotype	Sample	Treatment	Citation
1	SRR1238718	B73	norm1	norm	Hirsch2015TPJ
2	SRR1819617	B73	norm2	norm	Hirsch2015TPJ
3	SRR1819621	B73	norm3	norm	Hirsch2015TPJ
4	SRR1238717	B73	cold1	cold	Hirsch2015TPJ
5	SRR1819204	B73	cold2	cold	Hirsch2015TPJ
6	SRR1819205	B73	cold3	cold	Hirsch2015TPJ

Makarevitch *et al.*, 2015 Hirsch *et al.*, 2016

Beocat pipeline to download SRA in batch - II # step 2: Run "bash 1c-download.sh"

```
### must check
meta file=dataset.txt
srr col=2
rename col=4
### might need to change
max mem size=16 ### requested memory
max time=16:00:00 ### requested running time
fdpath=/homes/liu3zhen/local/bin/ ### fastq-dump path
srr script path=/homes/liu3zhen/local/pipelines/SRA/
rename script=2c-rename.sh
### running
perl $srr_script_path/srr.qsub.pl --mem $max_mem_size \
     --time $max time --list $meta file --srrcol $srr col --path $fdpath
### create a script for renaming downloaded files
cut $meta file -f $srr col,$rename_col | grep "^[EDS]RR" | sed 's/^/rename /g' | sed 's/\t/ g' | sed 's/$/ *gz/g' > $rename_script
```

Note: 1c-download.sh is copied from /homes/liu3zhen/local/pipelines/SRA

Beocat pipeline to download SRA in batch - III # step 3: Run "2c-rename.sh" to change names (optional)

bash 2c-rename.sh

Part II. Trimming: generating qsub script

```
perl /homes/liu3zhen/local/pipelines/trimmomatic/trimmomatic.qsub.pl \
--mem 16 \
--time 12:00:00 \
--trim_shell "/homes/liu3zhen/local/pipelines/trimmomatic/trimmomatic.pe.sh" \
--trimmomatic "/homes/liu3zhen/local/jars/trimmomatic-0.36.jar" \
--adaptor_file "/homes/liu3zhen/local/pipelines/trimmomatic/trimmomatic_adaptDB/TruSeq3-PE.fa" \
--indir "../1-raw" \
--outdir "." \
--fq1feature "_1.fastq.gz" \
--fq2feature "_2.fastq.gz" \
--threads 4 \
--min len 40
```

Part II. Trimming: qsub command

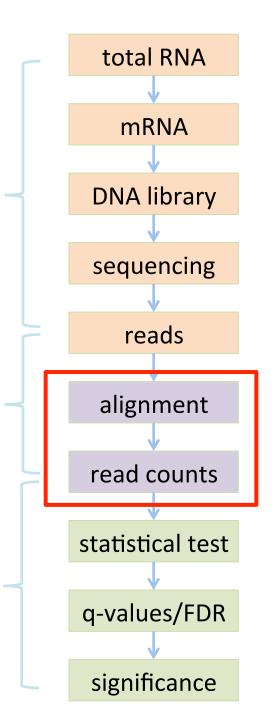
```
#!/bin/bash
#$ -cwd
#$ -1 mem=16G,h_rt=12:00:00
#$ -pe single 4
#$ -j y
bash /homes/liu3zhen/local/pipelines/trimmomatic/trimmomatic.pe.sh \
/homes/liu3zhen/local/jars/trimmomatic-0.36.jar \
/homes/liu3zhen/local/pipelines/trimmomatic/trimmomatic adaptDB/TruSeq3-PE.fa \
../1-raw \
1.fastq.gz \
2.fastq.qz \
4 \
40 \
cold1 1.fastq.qz
```

RNA-Seq procedure

1 RNA to sequencing reads

reads to read counts per gene

read counts to significant genes



Part III. STAR: qsub script (one sample)

```
#!/bin/bash
#$ -cwd
#$ -1 mem=48G,h rt=12:00:00
#$ -pe single 1
#$ -j y
/homes/liu3zhen/local/bin/STAR --runThreadN 1 \
--genomeDir ../0-ref \
--readFilesIn ../2-trim/cold1.R1.pair.fq ../2-trim/cold1.R2.pair.fq \
--alignIntronMax 100000 \
--alignMatesGapMax 100000 \
--outFileNamePrefix cold1 \
--outSAMattrIHstart 0 \
--outSAMmultNmax 1 \
--outSAMstrandField intronMotif \
--outFilterIntronMotifs RemoveNoncanonicalUnannotated \
--outSAMtype BAM SortedByCoordinate \
--quantMode GeneCounts \
--outFilterMismatchNmax 1 \
--outFilterMismatchNoverLmax 0.02 \
--outFilterMatchNmin 40 \
--outSJfilterReads Unique \
--outFilterMultimapNmax 1 \
--outFilterMultimapScoreRange 2
```

Part III. STAR: generate qsub script and submit jobs

```
dbdir=../0-ref
perl /homes/liu3zhen/local/pipelines/STAR/STAR.qsub.pl \
--mem 48 --threads 1 --time 12:00:00 \
--star cmd /homes/liu3zhen/local/bin/STAR \
--indir ../2-trim \
--dbdir $dbdir \
--fqlfeature .Rl.pair.fq \
--fq2feature .R2.pair.fq \
--alignIntronMax 100000 \
--alignMatesGapMax 100000 \
--outSAMattrIHstart 0 \
--outSAMmultNmax 1 \
--outSAMstrandField intronMotif
--outFilterIntronMotifs RemoveNoncanonicalUnannotated \
--outSAMtype "BAM SortedByCoordinate" \
--quantMode GeneCounts \
--outFilterMismatchNmax 1 \
--outFilterMismatchNoverLmax 0.05 \
--outFilterMatchNmin 40 \
--outSJfilterReads Unique \
--outFilterMultimapNmax 1 \
--outFilterMultimapScoreRange 2
```

STAR output – cold1 sample

- cold1Aligned.sortedByCoord.out.bam
- cold1Log.final.out
- cold1Log.out
- cold1Log.progress.out
- cold1ReadsPerGene.out.tab
- cold1SJ.out.tab

cold1Log.final.out

```
Apr 22 21:54:13
                          Started job on
                                                 Apr 22 21:56:24
                      Started mapping on I
                             Finished on I
                                                 Apr 22 21:56:33
Mapping speed, Million of reads per hour |
                                                 21.30
                   Number of input reads |
                                                 53242
               Average input read length
                                                 100
                             UNIQUE READS:
            Uniquely mapped reads number |
                                                 47809
                 Uniquely mapped reads % |
                                                 89.80%
                   Average mapped length
                                                 100.13
                Number of splices: Total
                                                 13812
    Number of splices: Annotated (sidb)
                                                 13287
                Number of splices: GT/AG
                                                 13613
                                                 193
                Number of splices: GC/AG
                Number of splices: AT/AC
        Number of splices: Non-canonical
               Mismatch rate per base, %
                                                 0.15%
                  Deletion rate per base
                                                 0.00%
                 Deletion average length
                                                 1.41
                 Insertion rate per base
                                                 0.00%
                Insertion average length
                                                 1.27
                      MULTI-MAPPING READS:
Number of reads mapped to multiple loci
      % of reads mapped to multiple loci
                                                 0.00%
Number of reads mapped to too many loci |
                                                 4676
      % of reads mapped to too many loci |
                                                 8.78%
                           UNMAPPED READS:
% of reads unmapped: too many mismatches
                                                 0.00%
          % of reads unmapped: too short
                                                 0.92%
              % of reads unmapped: other |
                                                 0.50%
                           CHIMERIC READS:
                Number of chimeric reads
                     % of chimeric reads
                                                 0.00%
```

cold1ReadsPerGene.out.tab

N_unmapped	5433	5433	5433
N_multimapping	0	0	0
N_noFeature	2927	25138	25275
N_ambiguous	566	125	119
Zm00001d027230	3	1	2
Zm00001d027231	2	1	1
Zm00001d027232	0	0	0
Zm00001d027233	0	0	0
Zm00001d027234	0	0	0
Zm00001d027235	0	0	0

column 1: gene ID

column 2: counts for unstranded RNA-seq

column 3: counts for the 1st read strand aligned with RNA (htseq-count option -s yes)

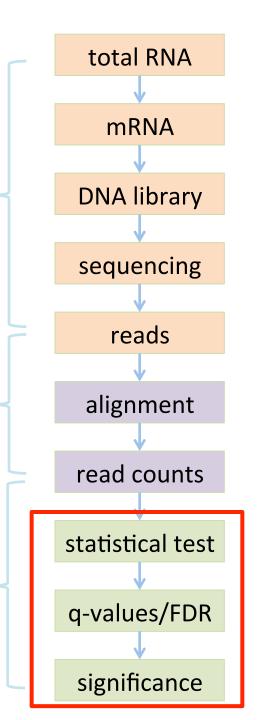
column 4: counts for the 2nd read strand aligned with RNA (htseq-count option -s reverse)

RNA-Seq procedure

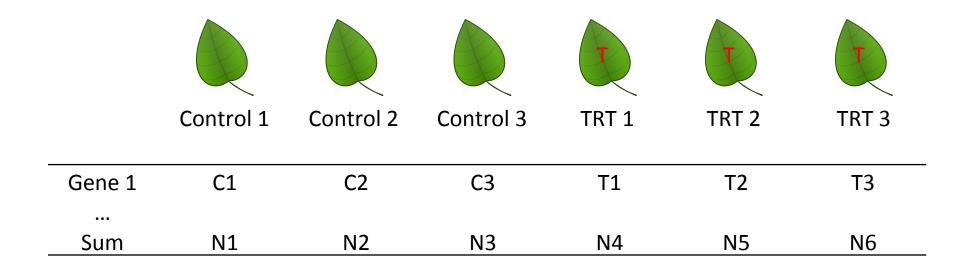
RNA to sequencing reads

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Comparison among read counts



Sequence depth (total read number) influences read counts.

Can we generate some comparable numbers among samples?

Statistical test for differential expression

- Statistical test to discover differential expression (DE)
 - Count data: Generalized Linear Model (GLM) to deal with count data

e.g., Poisson GLM could handle count data but overdispersion exits

- Dispersion issue: Using negative binomial GLM to incorporate dispersion into the model
- Small n problem: a few number of replication
 Borrowing information across all the genes to estimate genespecific variation

edgeR (Robinson and Smyth, 2007), DESeq (Anders and Huber, 2010), NBPSeq (Di et al., 2011), and QuasiSeq (Lund 2012)

Part IV. DE: merge counting data

```
setwd("/homes/liu3zhen/teaching/BA17/in-class.project/DE/4-DE/")
library("DESeq2")
### Parameters - Subject to change
datapath <- "/homes/liu3zhen/teaching/BA17/in-class.project/DE/3-STAR/"</pre>
suffix <- "ReadsPerGene.out.tab"</pre>
count.files <- dir(path = datapath, pattern = suffix)</pre>
### merge all counts
allcounts <- NULL
for (cf in count.files) {
  counts <- read.delim(paste0(datapath, "/", cf), header = F, stringsAsFactors = F, skip = 4)</pre>
  base <- gsub(suffix, "", cf)</pre>
  counts <- counts[, 1:2]</pre>
  colnames(counts) <- c("Gene", base)</pre>
  ### merge data
  if (is.null(allcounts)) {
    allcounts <- counts
  } else {
    allcounts <- merge(allcounts, counts, by = "Gene")</pre>
```

Part V. DE

```
### load modules
source("/homes/liu3zhen/local/share/LiuLabScripts/DESeq2.single.trt.R")
source("/homes/liu3zhen/local/share/LiuLabScripts/DE.summary.R")
### DE parameters
fdr.cutoff <- 0.05
# data reformat:
input <- allcounts[, 2:7]</pre>
rownames(input) <- allcounts[, 1]</pre>
# DE statistical analysis:
DE.out <- DESeq2.single.trt(input.matrix = input,</pre>
                             min.mean.reads = 5,
                             group1.col = 1:3,
                             group2.col = 4:6,
                             comparison = c("norm", "cold"),
                             geneID = rownames(input),
                             fdr = fdr.cutoff,
                             logpath = ".",
                             logfile = "cold-norm.log.md")
# merge DE with counts and output DE result:
DE.out <- data.frame(DE.out)</pre>
final.out <- merge(allcounts, DE.out, by.x = "Gene", by.y = "GeneID")
write.table(final.out, "cold-norm.DESeq2.txt", sep="\t", quote=F,
row.names=F )
```

Part VI. DE summary

```
de.summary <- DE.summary(DE.path=".",
    DE.files="cold-norm.DESeq2.txt",
    qval.feature=".qval",
    log2FC.feature=".log2FC",
    fdr=fdr.cutoff,
    out.path=".",
    out.file="cold-norm.DESeq2.summary.txt")</pre>
```

your turn (Three persons as a group)

Order	Runs	Samples	Tissue	Replicate
1	SRR3466605	RH1	root hairs	rep1
2	SRR3466606	RH2	root hairs	rep2
3	SRR3466607	RH3	root hairs	rep3
4	SRR3466608	RH4	root hairs	rep4
5	SRR3466609	root1	root hair less roots	rep1
6	SRR3466610	root2	root hair less roots	rep2
7	SRR3466611	root3	root hair less roots	rep3
8	SRR3466612	root4	root hair less roots	rep4

root hair (RH) vs. root without hair (root)