## <u>Assignment –5 Relational and Logical</u> Operators.

- 1) Write a query that will give you all orders for more than Rs. 1,000.
- → SELECT \* FROM ORDERS WHERE AMT > 1000;
- 2) Write a query that will give you the names and cities of all salespeople in London with a commission above .10.
- → SELECT SNAME, CITY FROM SALESPEOPLE WHERE CITY = 'LONDON' AND COMM > .10;
- 3) Write a query on the Customers table whose output will exclude all customers with a rating <= 100, unless they are located in Rome.
- → SELECT \* FROM CUSTOMERS WHERE RATING > 100 AND CITY = 'ROME';
- 4) What will be the output from the following query?

```
Select * from Orders
where (amt < 1000 OR
NOT (odate = '1990-10-03'
AND cnum > 2003));
```

+	   AMT	ODATE	CNUM	SNUM
3001	18.69	1990-10-03	2008	1007
3003	767.19	1990-10-03	2001	1001
3005	5160.45	1990-10-03	2003	1002
3007	75.75	1990-10-04	2004	1002
3008	4723	1990-10-05	2006	1001
3009	1713.23	1990-10-04	2002	1003
3010	1309.95	1990-10-06	2004	1002
3011	9891.88	1990-10-06	2006	1001
+	+	+	+	<del>+</del>

5) What will be the output of the following query?

```
Select * from Orders
where NOT ((odate = '1990-10-03' OR snum
>1006) AND amt >= 1500);
```

+		-, +	+	+
ONUM	AMT	ODATE	CNUM	SNUM
3001	18.69	1990-10-03	2008	1007
3003	767.19	1990-10-03	2001	1001
3006	1098.16	1990-10-03	2008	1007
3007	75.75	1990-10-04	2004	1002
3008	4723	1990-10-05	2006	1001
3009	1713.23	1990-10-04	2002	1003
3010	1309.95	1990-10-06	2004	1002
3011	9891.88	1990-10-06	2006	1001
+	+	+	+	+

6) What is a simpler way to write this query?

Select snum, sname, city, comm From Salespeople where (comm > .12 OR comm < .14);
SELECT SNUM, SNAME, CITY, COMM FROM SALESPEOPLE