

COMPLETE

HTML

4 HOUR

PROJECT

CERTIFICATE

CODE



NOTES



Ex- amazon Microsoft



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Course Levels



Level 0 Setup & Fundamentals

Level 1 HTML Basics

Level 2 Must-Use HTML Tags

Level 3 Browser Tools

Level 4 HTML and Project Structure

Level 5 List, Tables & Forms

Level Bonus Github Pages & CodeSpace

Level 0

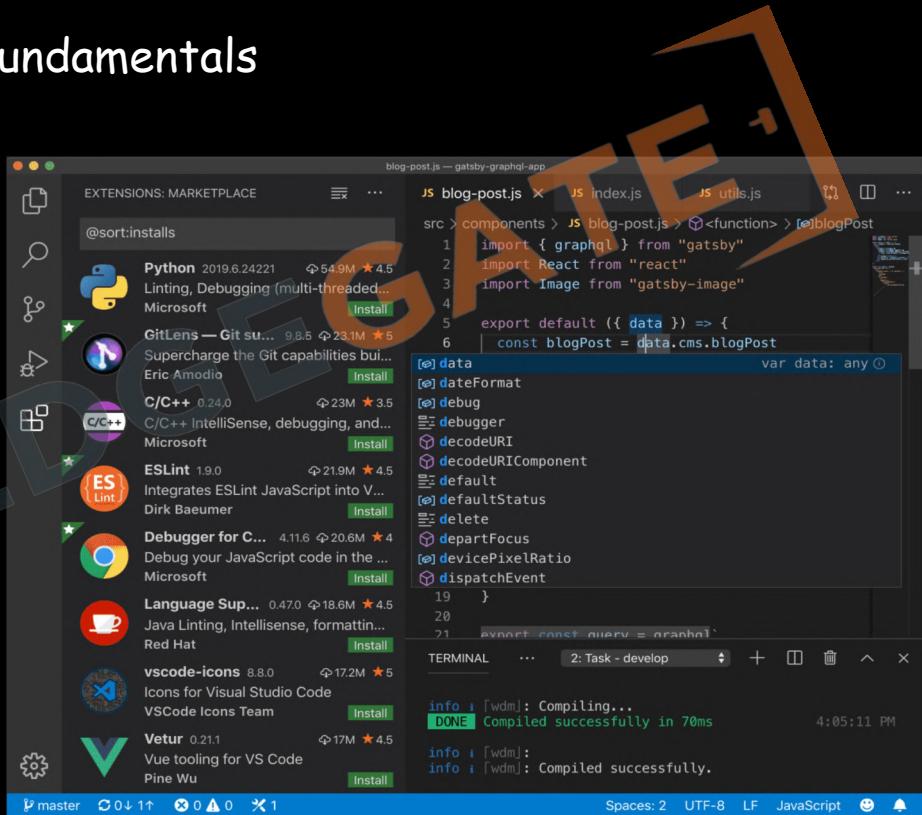
Setup & Fundamentals

1. IDE or Code Editor
 1. What is IDE
 2. Need of IDE
 3. IDE Selection
 4. Installation and Setup
 5. VsCode Extensions
2. Website Components and Fundamentals
 1. Client Side vs Server Side
 2. FrontEnd / BackEnd / FullStack
 3. Role of Browser
 4. HTML
 5. CSS
 6. JS

Level 0

Setup & Fundamentals

1. IDE OR Code Editor



1.1 What is IDE

1. IDE stands for Integrated Development Environment.
2. Software suite that consolidates basic tools required for software development.
3. Central hub for coding, finding problems, and testing.
4. Designed to improve developer efficiency.



1.2 Need of IDE

1. Streamlines development.
2. Increases productivity.
3. Simplifies complex tasks.
4. Offers a unified workspace.
5. IDE Features
 1. Code Autocomplete
 2. Syntax Highlighting
 3. Version Control
 4. Error Checking



```
MainActivity.kt
```

```
@Composable
fun MessageCard(msg: Message) {
    Row(modifier = Modifier.padding(all = 8.dp)) {
        Image(
            painter = painterResource(R.drawable.android_studio_logo),
            contentDescription = "Profile Picture",
            modifier = Modifier
                .size(45.dp)
        )
        Spacer(modifier = Modifier.width(8.dp))
        Column (Modifier
            .background(color = Color.White)) {
            Text(text = msg.author, color = Color.Black)
            Spacer(modifier = Modifier.height(1.dp))
            Text(text = msg.body, color = Color.Black)
        }
    }
}
```



1.3 IDE Selection

1. Sublime Text
2. Atom
3. VS Code
4. Github CodeSpaces



The screenshot shows the VS Code extension marketplace with the search term '@sort:installs' applied. The results include:

- Python 2019.6.24221 by Microsoft - 54.9M installs
- GitLens — Git supercharged by Eric Amadio - 9.8.5 installs
- C/C++ 0.24.0 by Microsoft - 23M installs
- ESLint 19.0 by Dirk Baumer - 21.9M installs
- Debugger for Chrome 4.11.6 by Microsoft - 20.6M installs
- Language Support 0.47.0 by Red Hat - 18.6M installs
- vscode-icons 8.8.0 by VSCode Icons Team - 17.2M installs
- Vetur 0.21.1 by Pine Wu - 17M installs

The main VS Code interface shows code snippets for blog-post.js, index.js, and utils.js, and a terminal window showing a successful compilation message.



1.4 Installation & Setup

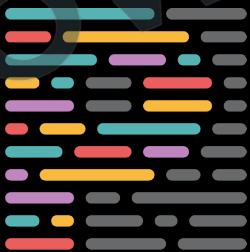
1. Search VS Code

KNOWLEDGE GATE



1.5 VsCode Extensions

1. Live Server
2. Prettier



KNOWLEDGE GATE¹

Level 0

Setup & Fundamentals

2. Website Components And Fundamentals



2.1 Client Side vs Server Side

	Client Side	Server Side
Execution Location	Executes on user's device.	Executes on a remote machine.
Languages	Primarily JavaScript, HTML, CSS.	PHP, Python, Java, Node.js, etc.
Main Job	Makes clicks and scrolls work	Manages saved information
Access Level	Can't access server data directly	Can read/write files, interact with databases.
Speed	Quicker for UI changes	Slower due to network latency.

2.2 FrontEnd / BackEnd / FullStack



Client Side / Front-End
Web Development

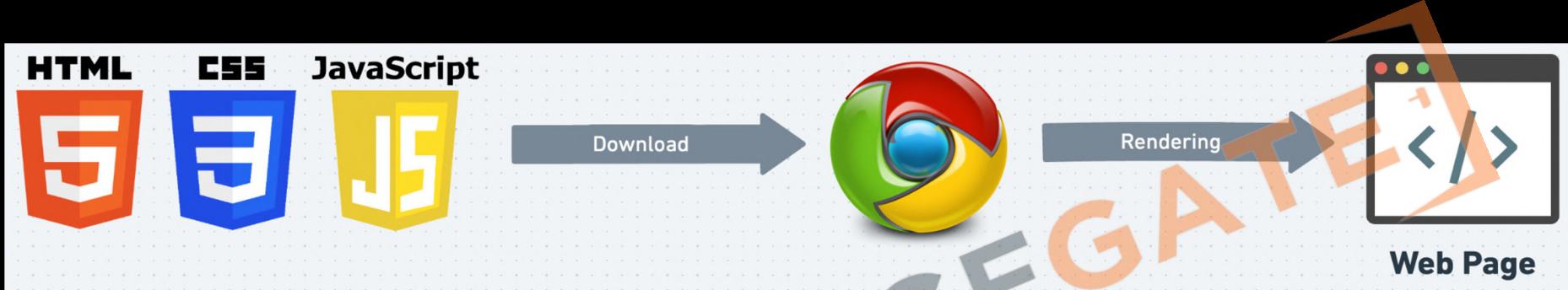


Server Side
Back-End



Full Stack

2.3 Role of Browser



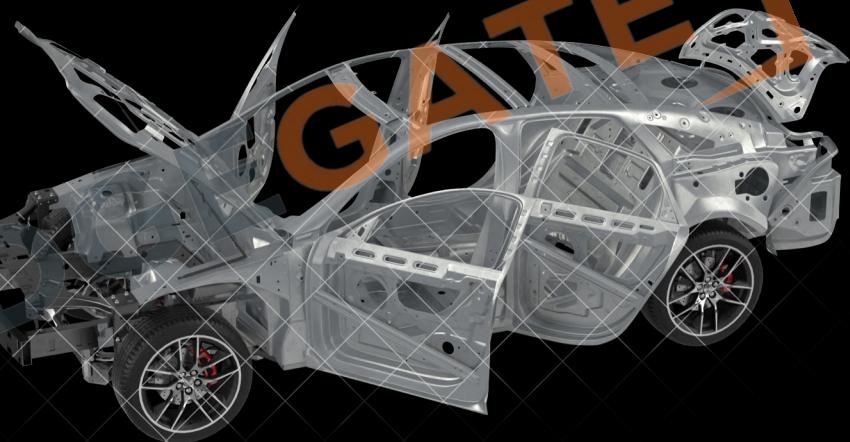
1. **Displays Web Page:** Turns HTML code into what you see on screen.
2. **User Clicks:** Helps you interact with the web page.
3. **Updates Content:** Allows changes to the page using JavaScript.
4. **Loads Files:** Gets HTML, images, etc., from the server.



2.4 HTML

(Hypertext Markup Language)

1. **Structure:** Sets up the layout.
2. **Content:** Adds text, images, links.
3. **Tags:** Uses elements like `<p>`, `<a>`.
4. **Hierarchy:** Organizes elements in a tree.





2.5 CSS

(Cascading Style Sheets)

1. **Style:** Sets the look and feel.
2. **Colors & Fonts:** Customizes text and background.
3. **Layout:** Controls position and size.
4. **Selectors:** Targets specific **HTML** elements.





2.6 JS

(Java Script)

1. JavaScript has nothing to do with Java
2. Actions: Enables interactivity.
3. Updates: Alters page without reloading.
4. Events: Responds to user actions.
5. Data: Fetches and sends info to server.



Level 0 Revision

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EDGATE

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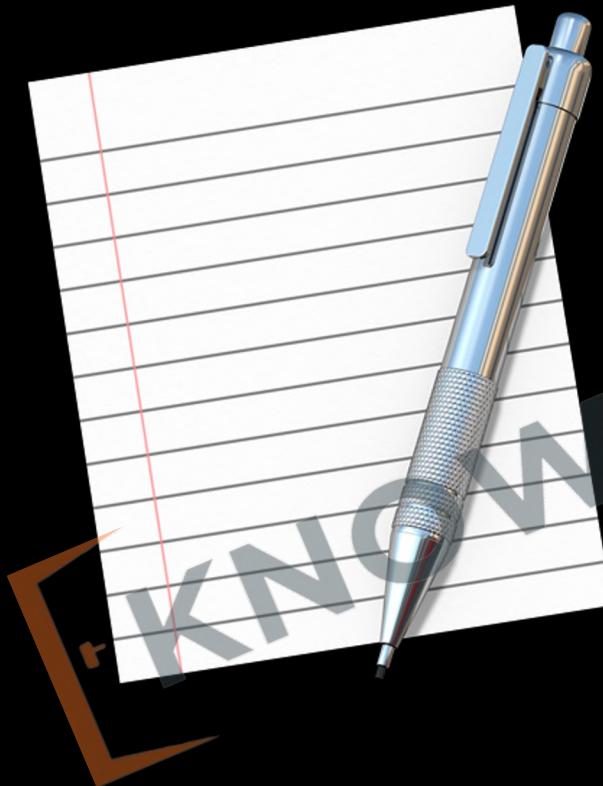
Level 1

HTML Basics

1. Starting up
 1. First File using Text Editor
 2. File Extension
 3. Opening the project in VsCode
 4. Index.html
2. Basics of HTML
 1. What are Tags
 2. Using Emmet ! to generate code
 3. Basic HTML Page
 4. MDN Documentation
 5. Comments
 6. Case Sensitivity

Level 1

HTML Basics



1. Starting Up

KNOWLEDGE STATE

1.1 First file using Text Editor

1. Create a folder with name **First Project** on your Desktop.
2. Open **Notepad**.
3. Create a file and save it as **index.html**
4. Copy Sample code
5. Open **Browser** and Check.



1.2 File Extension

HTML

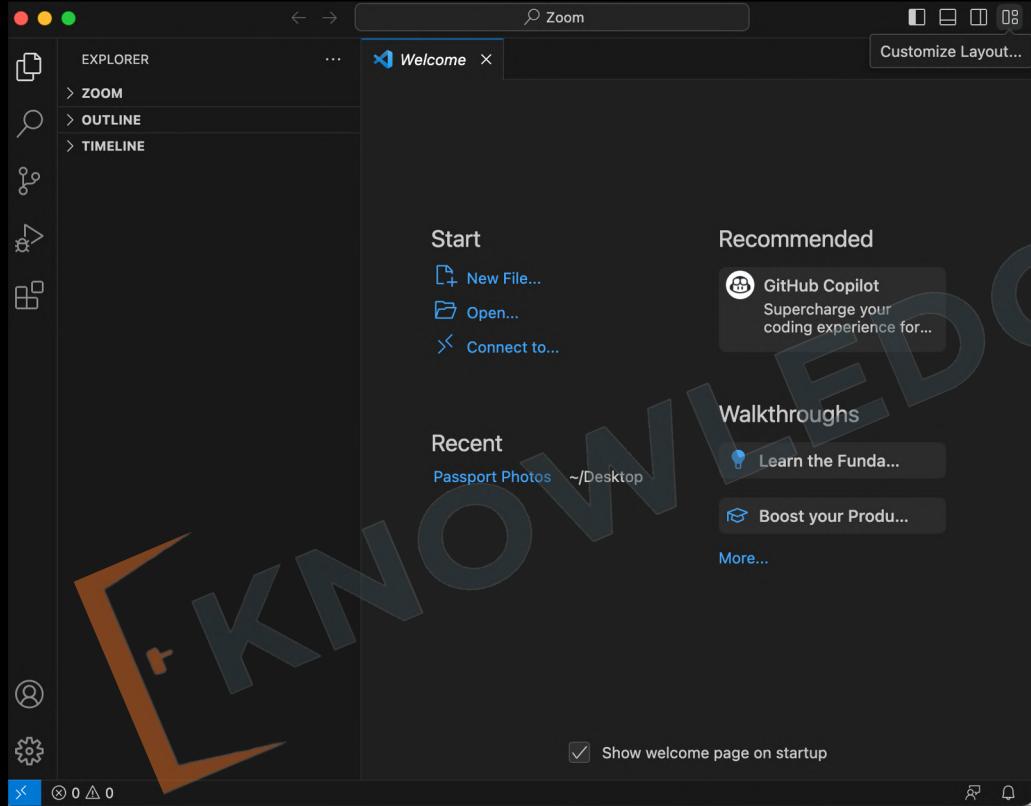
1. Most commonly used.
2. Works across all browsers.
3. Widely recognized and supported.
4. Typically saved as .html.



HTM

1. Less commonly used.
2. Originated for compatibility with older systems.
3. Works same as .html.
4. Typically saved as .htm.

1.3 Opening project in VsCode



KNOWLEDGE
DEGATE

1.4 Importance of index.html

1. Default name of a website's homepage.
2. First page users see when visiting a website
3. Important for SEO (Search Engine Optimization)
4. Provides uniform starting point across servers
5. Serves as fallback when no file is specified in URL



Level 1

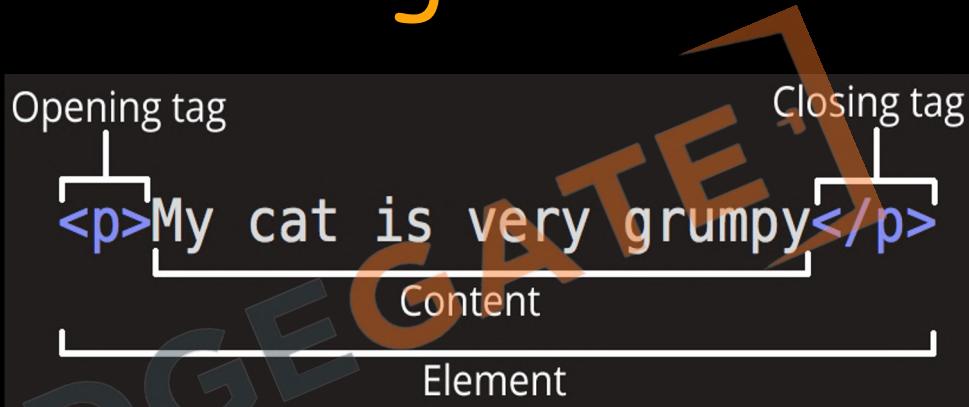
HTML Basics

2. Basics of HTML

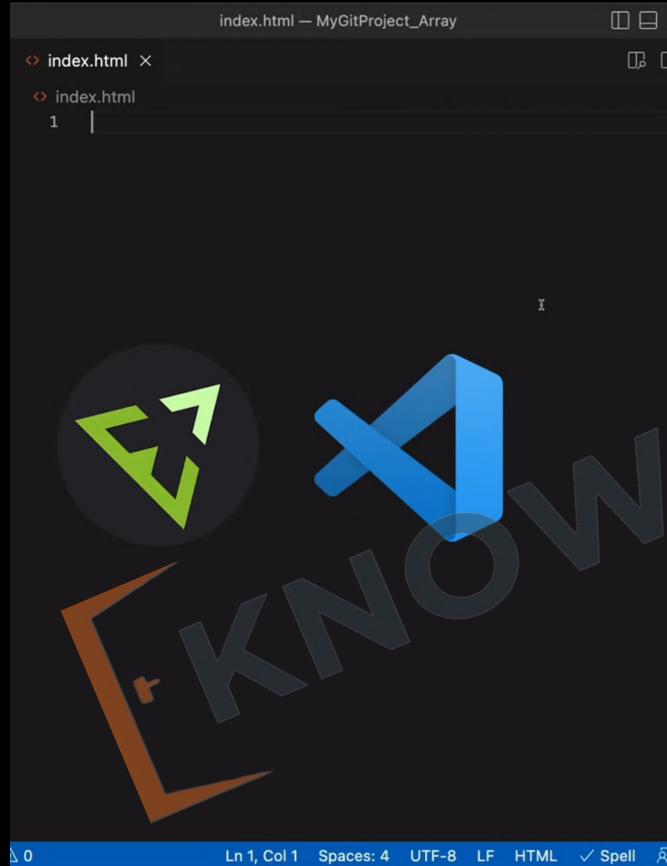


2.1 What are Tags

1. Elements that are used to create a website are called HTML Tags.
2. Tags can contain content or other HTML tags.
3. Define elements like text, images, links



2.2 Using Emmet ! to generate code



1. Type ! and wait for suggestions.

2.3 Basic HTML Page

```
<!DOCTYPE html>           Defines the HTML Version  
  
<html lang="en">          Parent of all HTML tags / Root element  
  
    <head>                  Parent of meta data tags  
        <title>My First Webpage</title>  Title of the web page  
    </head>  
  
    <body>                  Parent of content tags  
        <h1>Hello World!</h1>  Heading tag  
    </body>  
  
</html>
```

2.4 MDN Documentation

1. Visit <https://developer.mozilla.org/>
2. Official resource for HTML
3. Offers comprehensive guides and tutorials
4. Includes examples for real-world use
5. Updated with latest HTML features
6. Trusted by developers worldwide

The screenshot shows a portion of an MDN Reference page for the body element. The code is:

```
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html lang="en">
3   <head>
4     <meta charset="UTF-8">
5     <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
6   </head>
7   <body>
8     The body element represents the content of the
9     document.
10    <MDN Reference>
11  </body>
12 </html>
```

A red box highlights the explanatory text "The body element represents the content of the document." A large pink arrow points from the bottom right towards this highlighted text.

2.5 Comments

1. Used to add **notes** in HTML code
2. **Not displayed** on the web page
3. Syntax: `<!-- Comment here -->`
4. Helpful for **code organization**
5. Can be **multi-line** or **single-line**

Writing comments in HTML

Single-line
Comment

```
1 <!--This is a single line  
comment in HTML. You cannot  
see it on a webpage. Click  
on view-source to see a  
message I left just for you.  
-->
```

Multi-line
Comment

```
1 <!-- This is a multi-line  
comment in HTML.  
2 You cannot see it on a  
webpage.  
3 If you view-source on the  
browser you can see the  
comment there.-->
```

2.6 Case Sensitivity

1. HTML is case-insensitive for tag names
2. Attribute names are also be case-insensitive
3. Best practice: use lowercase for consistency

<html> = <HTML>

<p> = <P>

<head> = <HEAD>

<body> = <BODY>

Level 1 Revision

HTML Basics

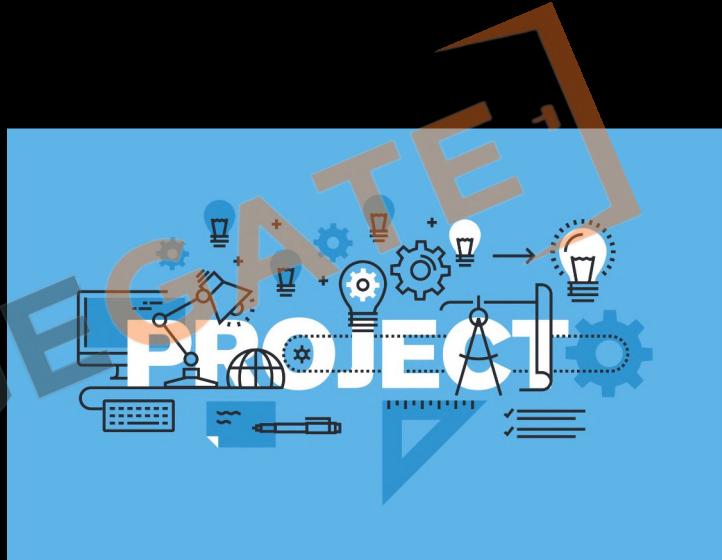
1. Starting up
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Project Level 1

HTML Basics

1. Create a new project with Index.html
2. Generate boilerplate code using Emmet
3. Write “I am learning with Prashant sir”
4. Use comments
5. Also use Case insensitive tags



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Level 2

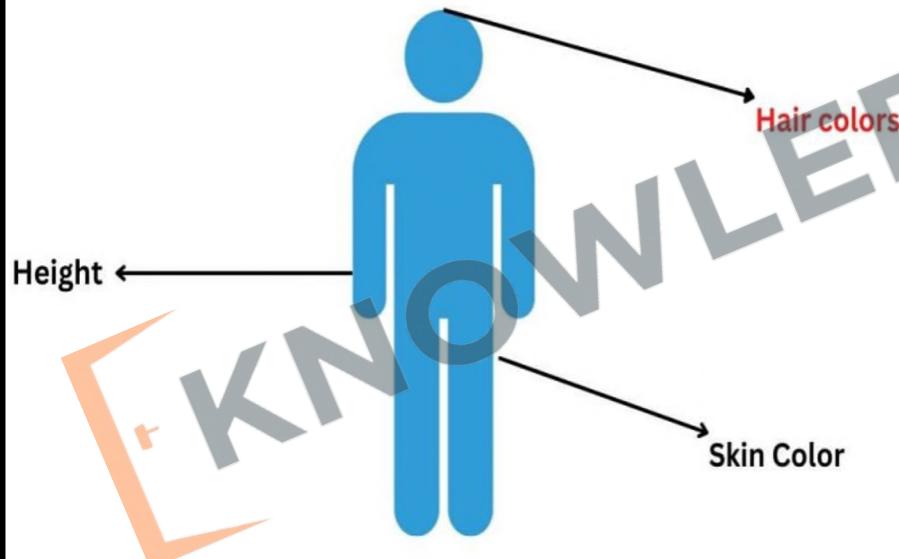
Must-Use HTML Tags

1. HTML Attributes
 1. What are HTML Attributes
 2. Id Property
2. HTML Tags
 1. Heading Tag
 2. Paragraph Tag
 3.
 <HR> tags
 4. Image Tag
 5. Video Tag
 6. Anchor Tag
 7. Bold / Italic / Underline / Strikethrough
 8. Pre Tag
 9. Big / Small Tag
 10. Superscript / Subscript
3. Character Entity Reference
 1. What are Character Entity References

Level 2

Must-Use HTML Tags

Attribute



1. HTML Attributes

1.1 What are HTML Attributes?

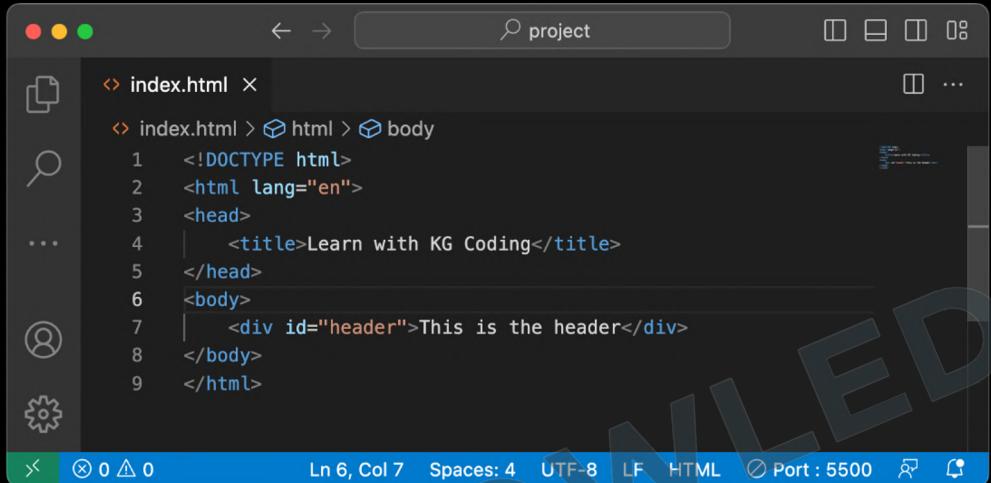
Html Attributes

Attribute

```
<tag attribute="value">Text Content </tag>
```

1. Provides additional information about elements
2. Placed within opening tags
3. Common examples: href, src, alt
4. Use name=value format
5. Can be single or multiple per element

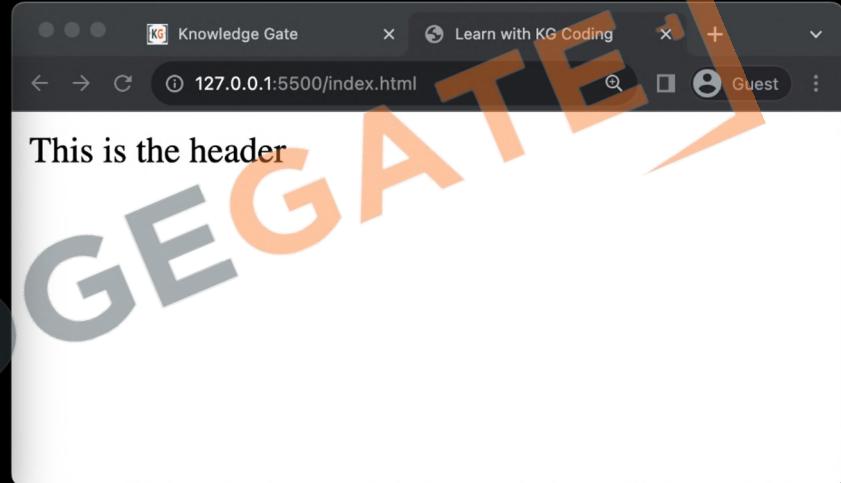
1.2 id property



A screenshot of a code editor window titled "project". The file "index.html" is open, showing the following code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <div id="header">This is the header</div>
</body>
</html>
```

The status bar at the bottom shows: Ln 6, Col 7, Spaces: 4, UTF-8, LF, HTML, Port : 5500.



- **Unique Identifier:** Each id should be unique within a page.
- **Anchoring:** Allows for direct links to sections using the `#id` syntax in URLs.
- **CSS & JavaScript:** Used for selecting elements for styling or scripting.

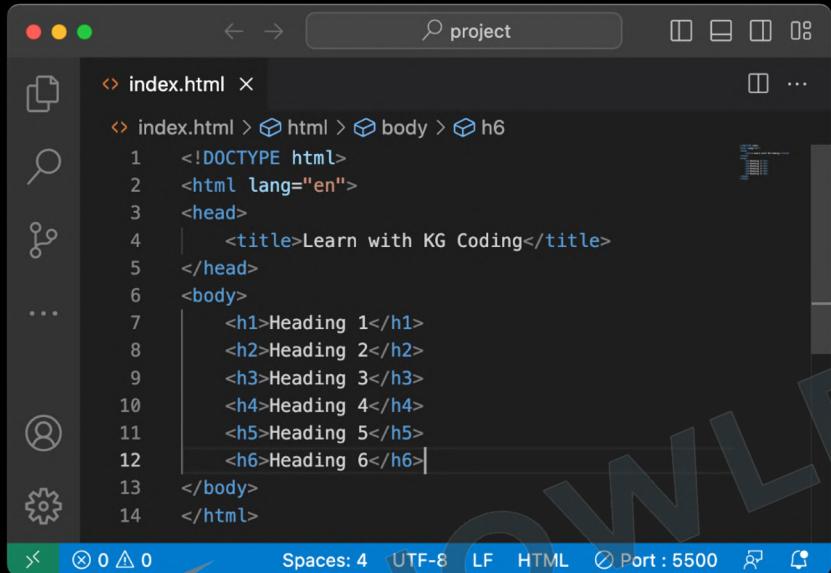
Level 2

Must-Use HTML Tags



2. HTML
Tags

2.1 Heading Tag



A screenshot of a code editor window titled "project". The file "index.html" is open, displaying the following HTML code:

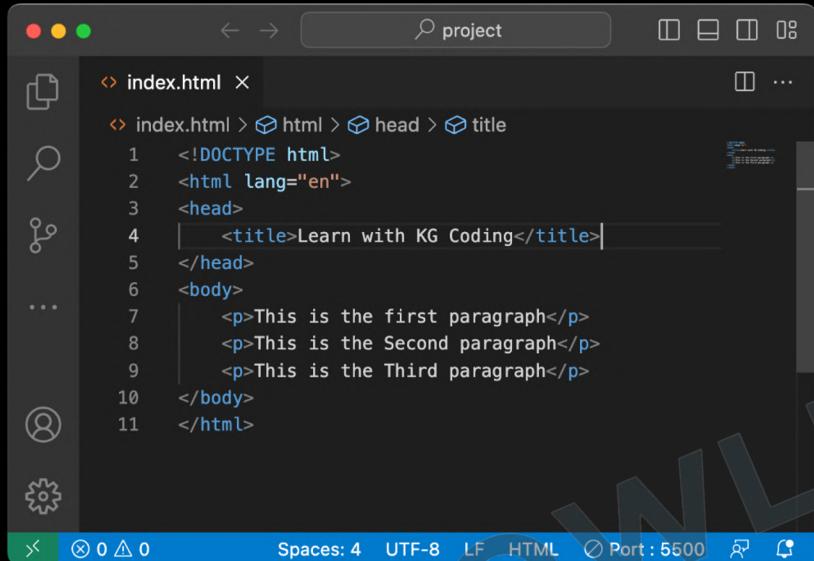
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <h1>Heading 1</h1>
    <h2>Heading 2</h2>
    <h3>Heading 3</h3>
    <h4>Heading 4</h4>
    <h5>Heading 5</h5>
    <h6>Heading 6</h6>
</body>
</html>
```

The code editor interface includes a sidebar with icons for file, search, and user, and a bottom bar with file status (0 changes), encoding (UTF-8), and port (5500).



1. Defines **headings** in a document
2. Ranges from **<h1>** to **<h6>**
3. **<h1>** is most important, **<h6>** is least
4. Important for **SEO**
5. Helps in structuring content

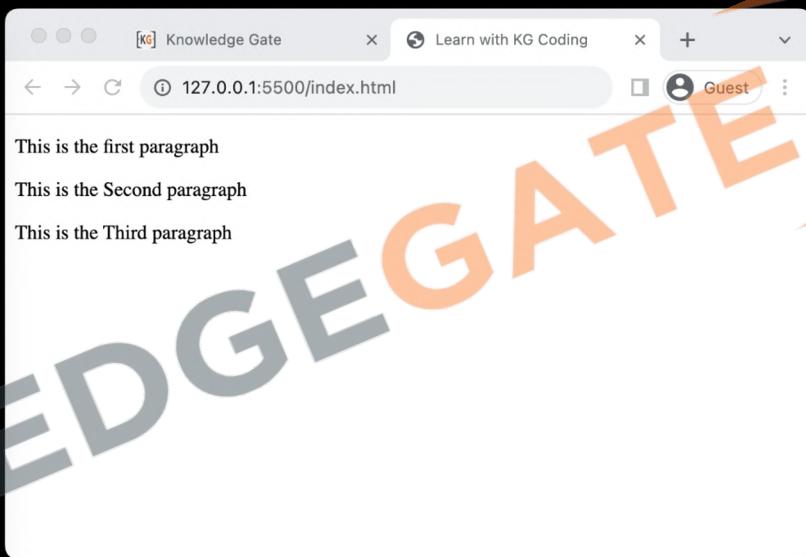
2.2 Paragraph Tag



A screenshot of a code editor window titled "project". The file "index.html" is open, showing the following code:

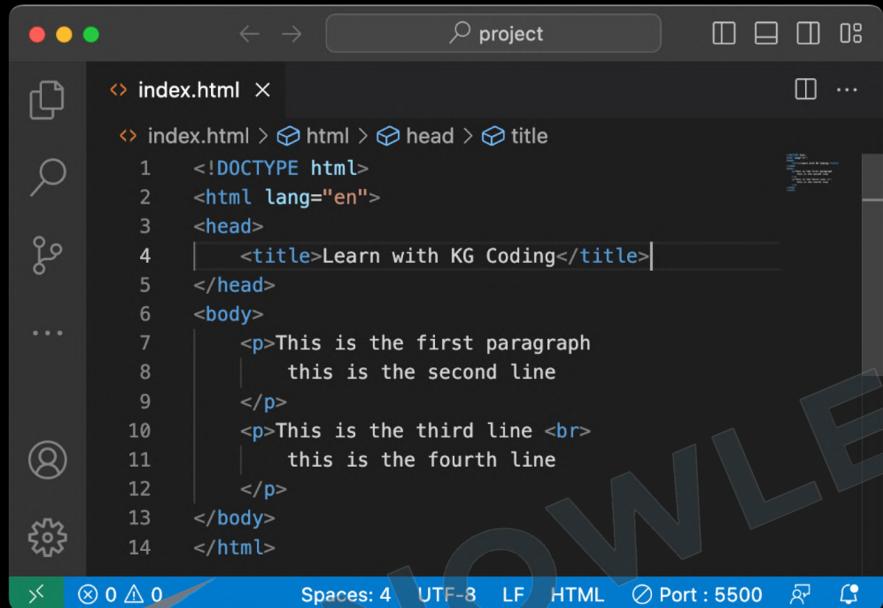
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <p>This is the first paragraph</p>
    <p>This is the Second paragraph</p>
    <p>This is the Third paragraph</p>
</body>
</html>
```

The code editor interface includes a sidebar with icons for file, search, and user, and a bottom status bar showing "Spaces: 4", "UTF-8", "LF", "HTML", "Port: 5500", and a refresh icon.



1. Used for defining **paragraphs**
2. Enclosed within **<p>** and **</p>** tags
3. Adds **automatic spacing** before and after
4. **Text wraps** to next line inside tag
5. Common in **text-heavy content**

2.3
 Tag



A screenshot of a code editor window titled "index.html". The code is as follows:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <p>This is the first paragraph<br/>
        this is the second line</p>
    <p>This is the third line <br>
        this is the fourth line</p>
</body>
</html>
```

The code editor has a dark theme with light-colored syntax highlighting. The status bar at the bottom shows "Spaces: 4", "UTF-8", "LF", "HTML", and "Port : 5500".



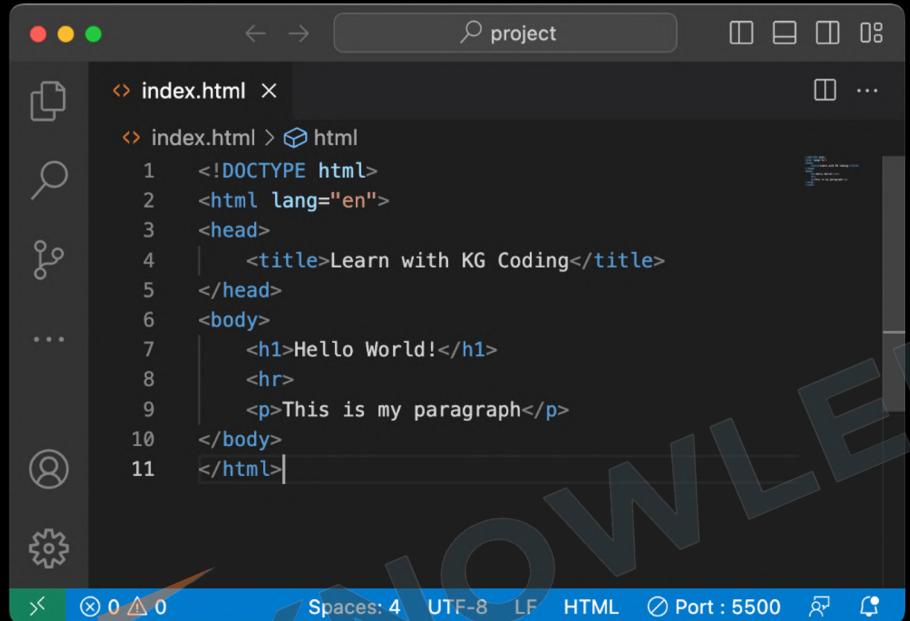
A screenshot of a web browser window titled "Knowledge Gate". The URL is "127.0.0.1:5500/index.html". The page content is:

This is the first paragraph this is the second line
This is the third line
this is the fourth line

A large, semi-transparent watermark reading "KNOWLEDGE GATE" is overlaid across the bottom of the browser window.

1.
 adds a line break within text
2.
 is empty, no closing tag needed
3.
 and
 are both valid

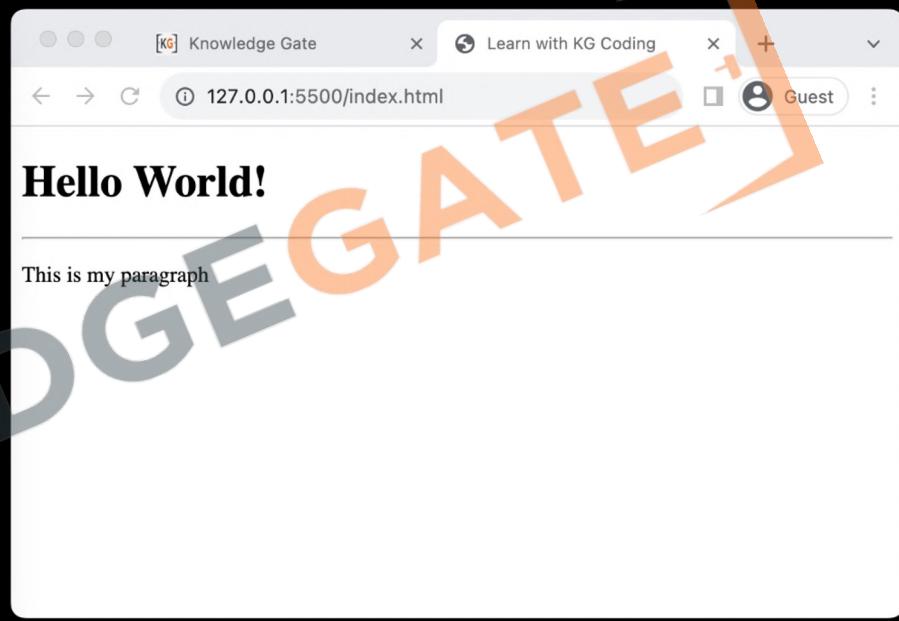
2.3 <HR> Tag



A screenshot of a code editor window titled "index.html". The code is as follows:

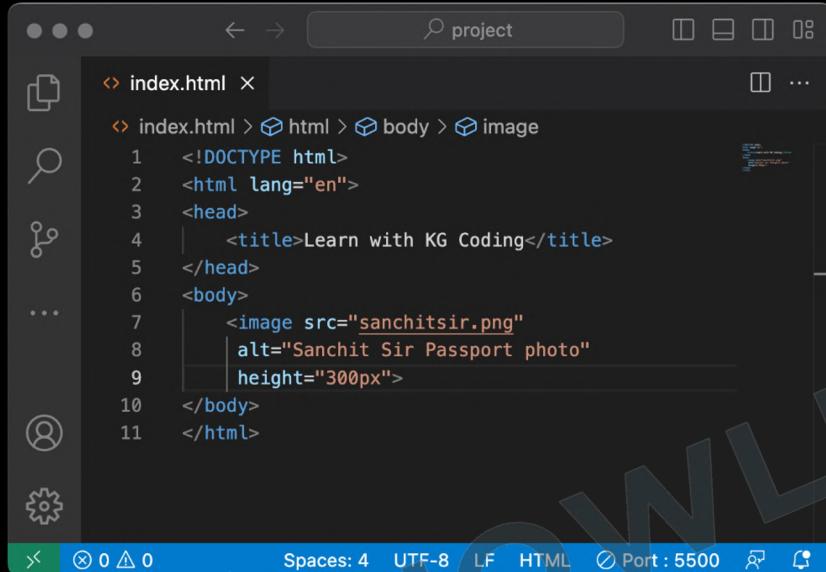
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <h1>Hello World!</h1>
    <hr>
    <p>This is my paragraph</p>
</body>
</html>
```

The code editor has a dark theme with light-colored text. It includes a sidebar with various icons for file operations like copy, paste, search, and user profile.



1. <hr> creates a horizontal rule or line
2. <hr> also empty, acts as a divider

2.4 Image Tag



A screenshot of a code editor window titled "project". The file "index.html" is open, showing the following HTML code:

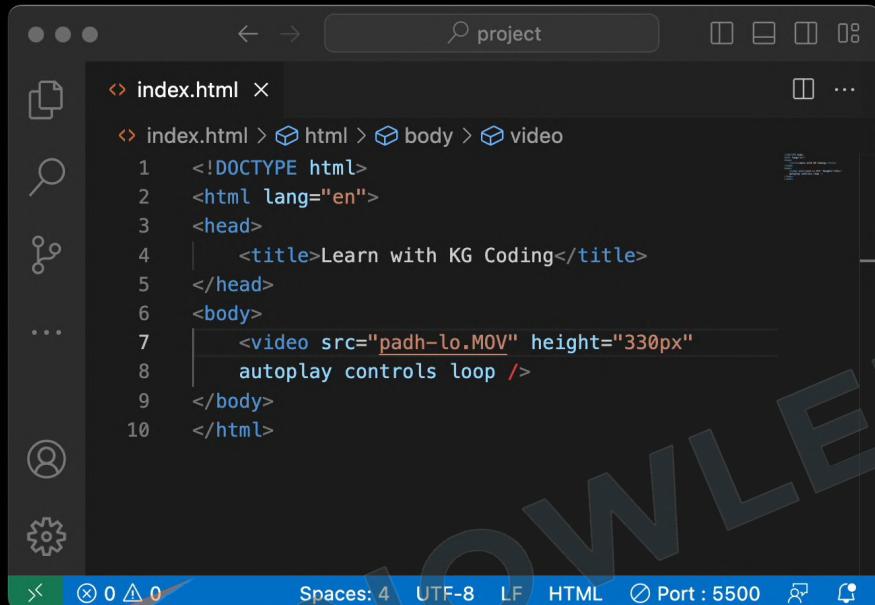
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <image src="sanchitsir.png"
        alt="Sanchit Sir Passport photo"
        height="300px">
</body>
</html>
```

The code editor has a dark theme with light-colored syntax highlighting. The bottom status bar shows "Spaces: 4", "UTF-8", "LF", "HTML", "Port : 5500", and icons for search, refresh, and file operations.



1. Used to embed **images**
2. Utilizes the **src** attribute for image URL
3. **alt** attribute for alternative text
4. Can be resized using **width** and **height**
5. **Self-closing**, doesn't require an end tag

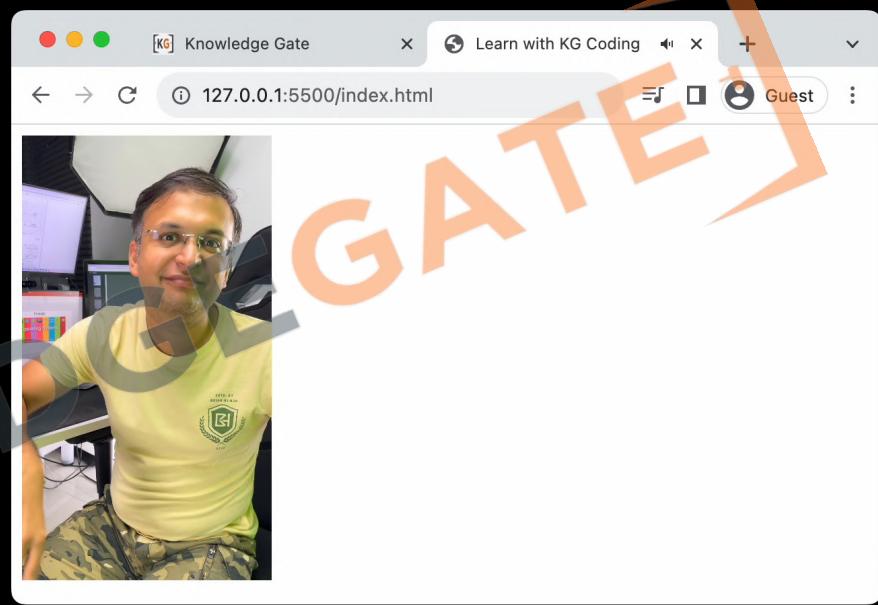
2.5 Video Tag



A screenshot of a code editor window titled "project". The file "index.html" is open, showing the following code:

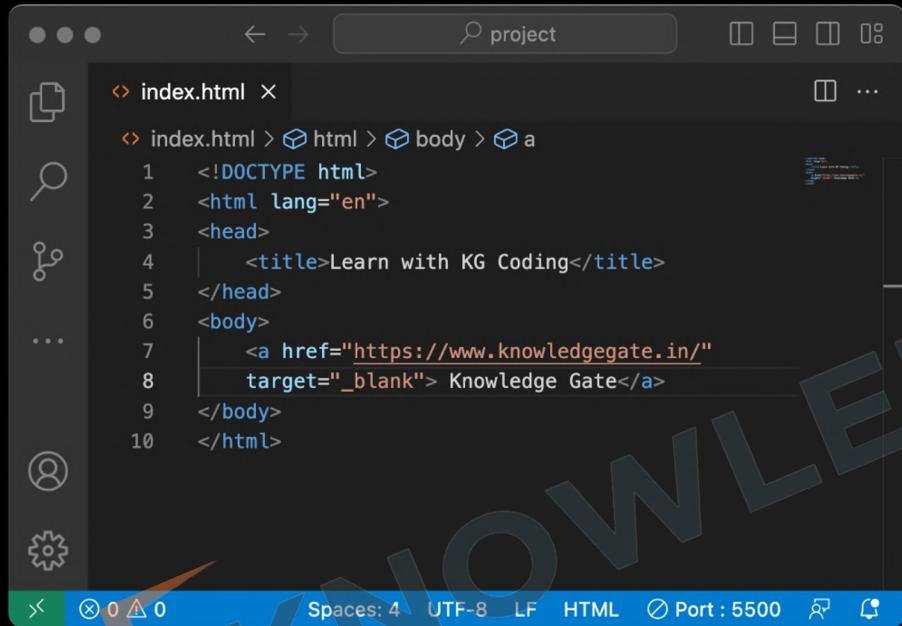
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <video src="padh-lo.MOV" height="330px"
        autoplay controls loop />
</body>
</html>
```

The code editor has a dark theme with light-colored syntax highlighting. The status bar at the bottom shows "Spaces: 4", "UTF-8", "LF", "HTML", "Port : 5500", and icons for search, refresh, and file operations.



1. Embeds video files on a page
2. Uses `src` attribute for video URL
3. Supports multiple formats like MP4, WebM
4. Allows for built-in controls via attributes like `autoplay`, `controls`, `loop`

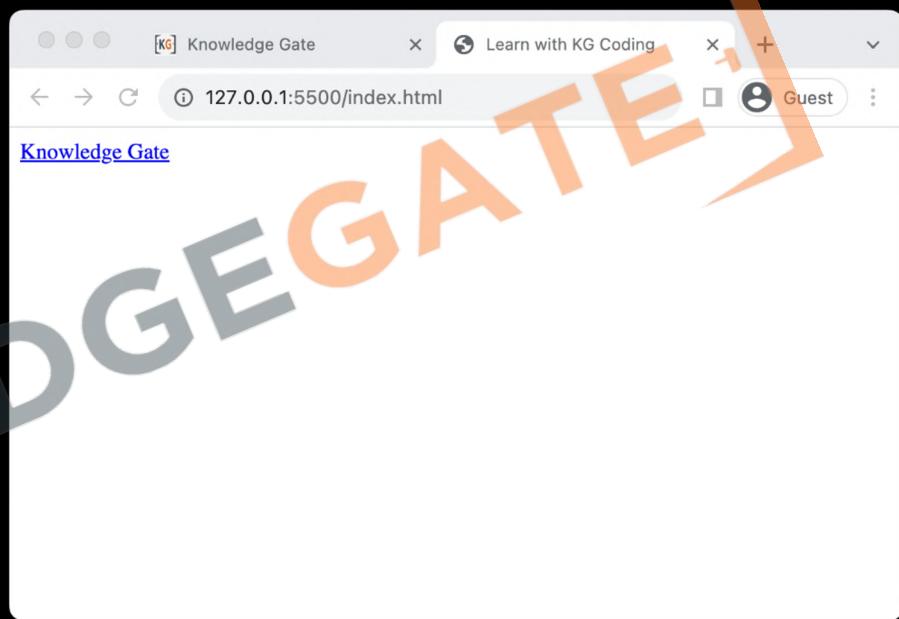
2.6 Anchor Tag



A screenshot of a code editor window titled "project". The file "index.html" is open, showing the following HTML code:

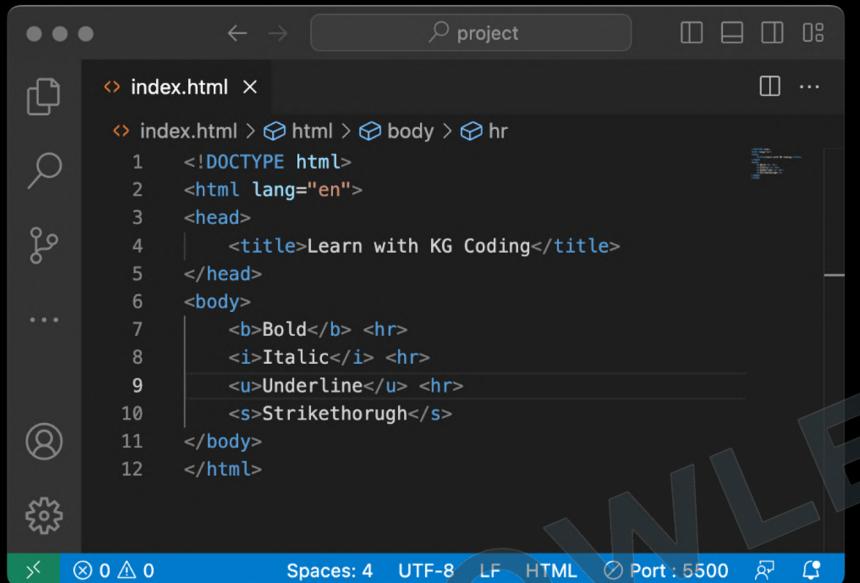
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <a href="https://www.knowledgegate.in/" target="_blank"> Knowledge Gate</a>
</body>
</html>
```

The code editor has a dark theme with orange icons. The status bar at the bottom shows "Spaces: 4" and "Port : 5500".



1. Used for creating **hyperlinks**
2. Requires **href** attribute for URL
3. Can link to external sites or internal pages
4. Supports **target** attribute to control link behavior

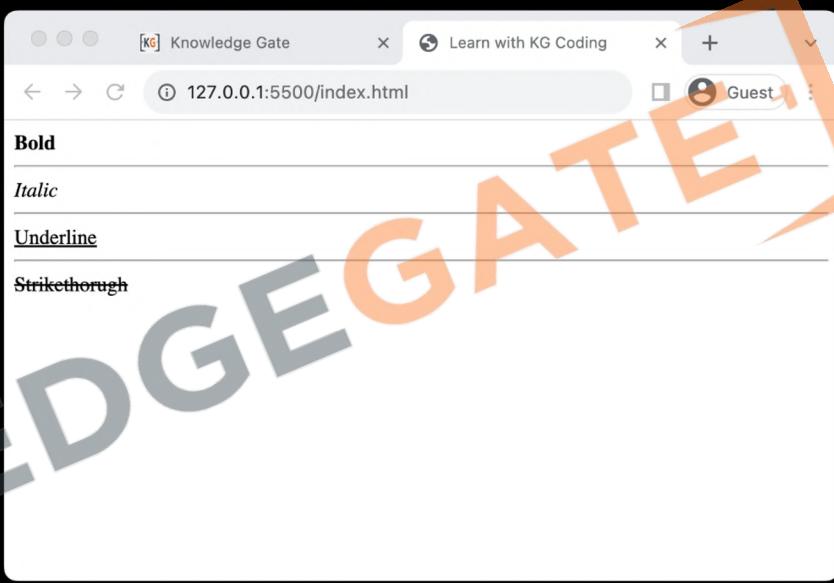
2.7 Bold/Italic/Underline/Strikethrough Tag



A screenshot of a code editor window titled "project". The file "index.html" is open, displaying the following code:

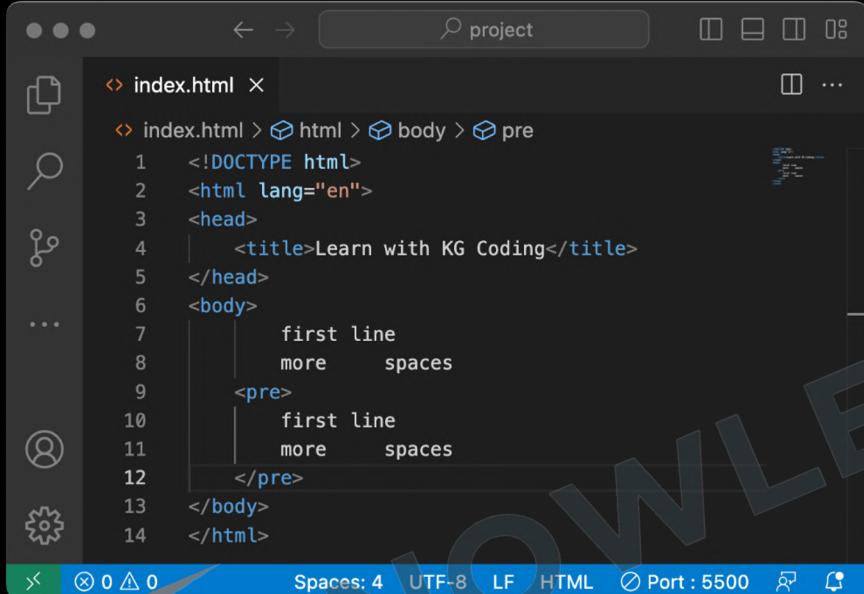
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <b>Bold</b> <hr>
    <i>Italic</i> <hr>
    <u>Underline</u> <hr>
    <s>Strikethrough</s>
</body>
</html>
```

The code editor has a dark theme with light-colored syntax highlighting. It includes a sidebar with various icons and a bottom status bar showing "Spaces: 4", "UTF-8", "LF", "HTML", "Port : 5500", and a refresh icon.



1. **** makes text bold
2. **<i>** makes text italic
3. **<u>** underlines text
4. **<s>** or **<strike>** applies strikethrough
5. Primarily used for text styling and emphasis

2.8 Pre Tag



A screenshot of a code editor window titled "project". The file "index.html" is open, showing the following code:

```
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html lang="en">
3   <head>
4     <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
5   </head>
6   <body>
7     first line
8     more spaces
9     <pre>
10    first line
11    more spaces
12  </pre>
13 </body>
14 </html>
```

The code editor has a dark theme with light-colored syntax highlighting. The "pre" tag at line 9 is highlighted with a blue selection bar. The status bar at the bottom shows "Spaces: 4", "UTF-8", "LF", "HTML", and "Port : 5500".



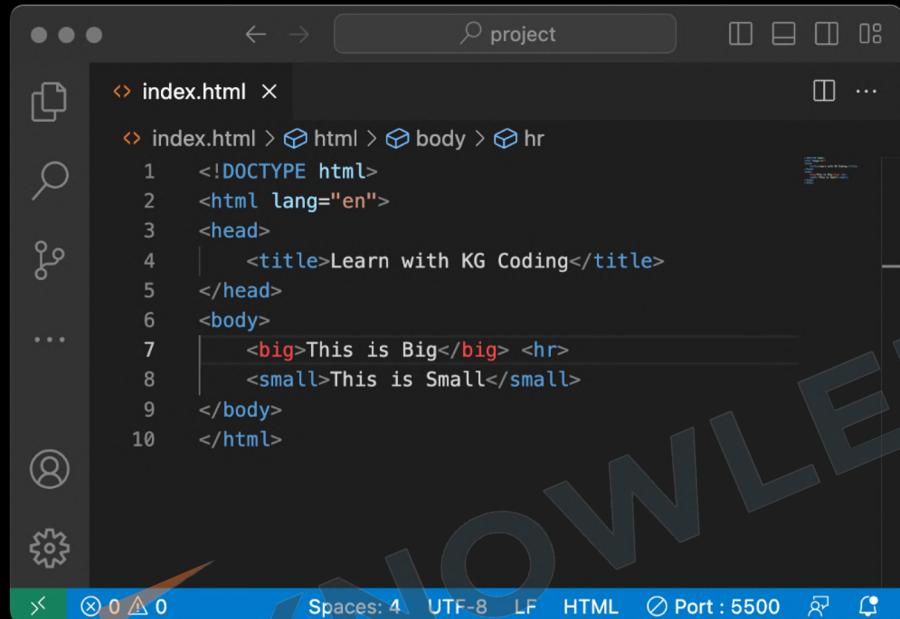
A screenshot of a web browser window titled "Knowledge Gate". The address bar shows "127.0.0.1:5500/index.html". The page content is:

first line more spaces
first line
more spaces

The browser has a light theme. A large, semi-transparent watermark reading "KNOWLEDGE GATE" diagonally across the page is present.

1. Preserves text formatting
2. Maintains whitespace and line breaks
3. Useful for displaying code
4. Enclosed within `<pre>` and `</pre>` tags

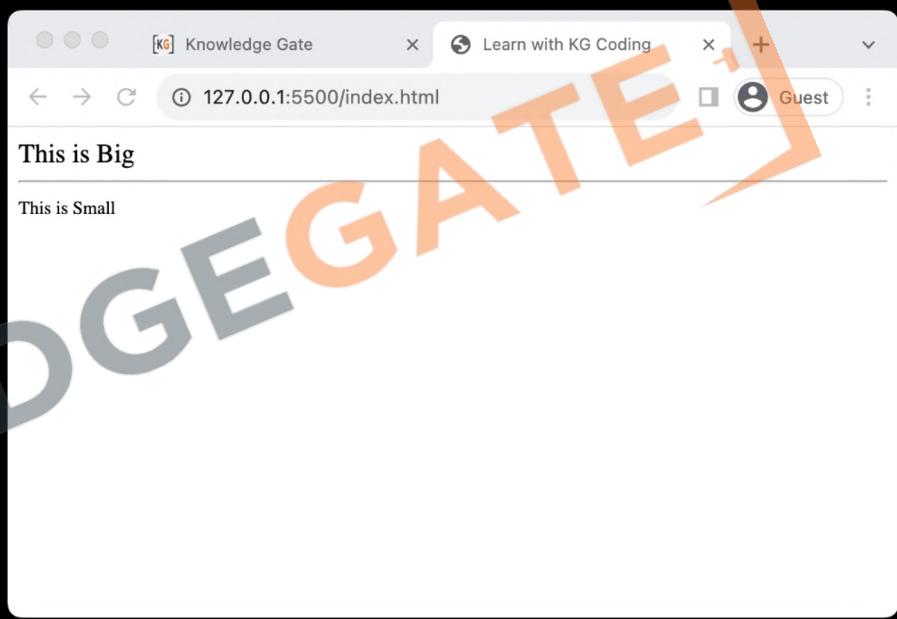
2.9 Big/Small Tag



A screenshot of a code editor window titled "project". The file "index.html" is open, showing the following code:

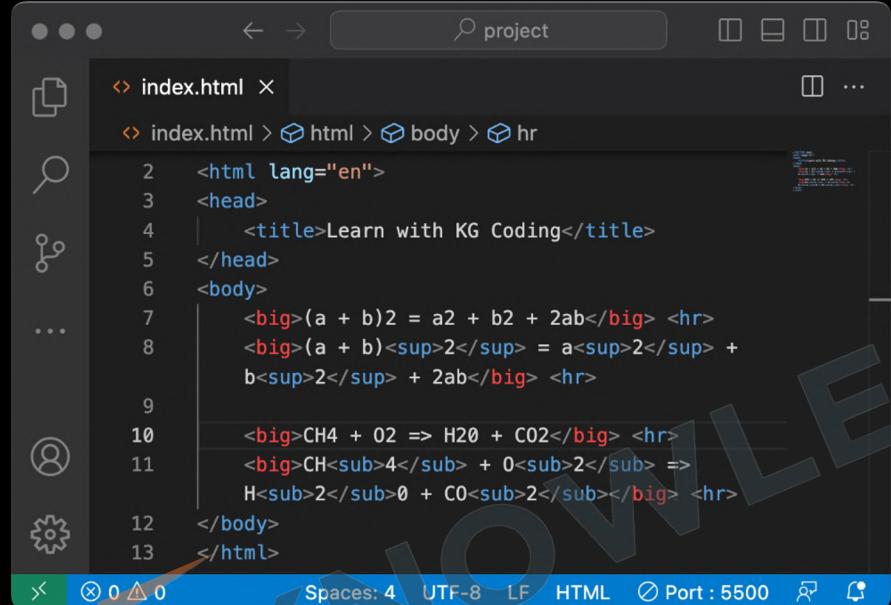
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <big>This is Big</big> <hr>
    <small>This is Small</small>
</body>
</html>
```

The code editor has a dark theme with light-colored text. A sidebar on the left contains icons for file operations like copy, paste, search, and user profile.



1. `<big>` increases text size
2. `<small>` decreases text size
3. Less common due to CSS alternatives

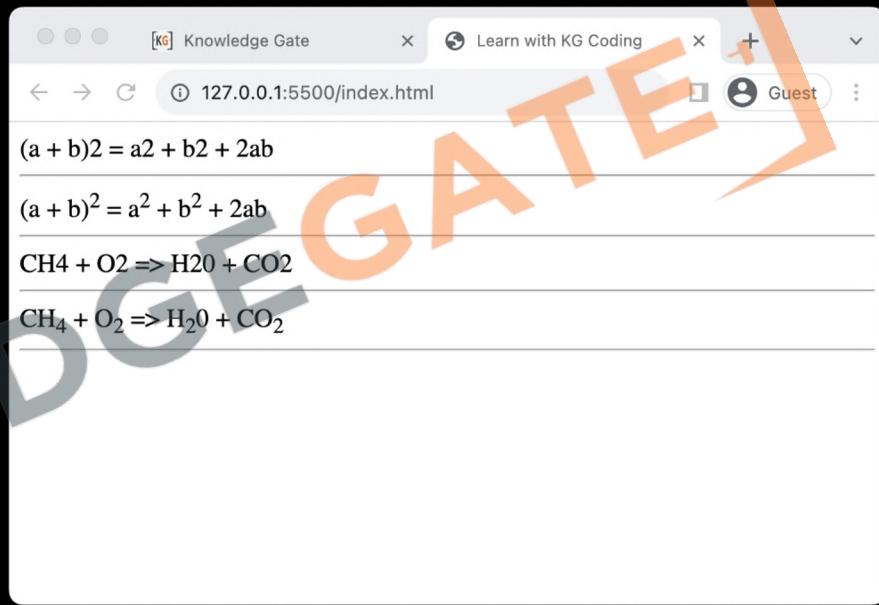
2.10 Superscript/Subscript Tag



A screenshot of a code editor showing the file index.html. The code contains mathematical equations using the ^{and _{tags. The browser preview shows the rendered equations.}}

```
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <big>(a + b)2 = a2 + b2 + 2ab</big> <hr>
    <big>(a + b)2 = a2 + b2 + 2ab</big> +
    b2 + 2ab</big> <hr>

    <big>CH4 + O2 => H2O + CO2</big> <hr>
    <big>CH4 + O2 => H2O + CO2</big> <hr>
</body>
</html>
```



A screenshot of a browser window showing the rendered content of index.html. The equations are displayed correctly with superscripts and subscripts.

(a + b)² = a² + b² + 2ab

(a + b)² = a² + b² + 2ab

CH₄ + O₂ => H₂O + CO₂

CH₄ + O₂ => H₂O + CO₂

1. `<sup>` makes text superscript
2. `<sub>` makes text subscript
3. Used for mathematical equations, footnotes
4. Does not change font size, just position

Level 2

Must-Use HTML Tags

3. Character Entity Reference

Reference

3.1 Character Entity Reference

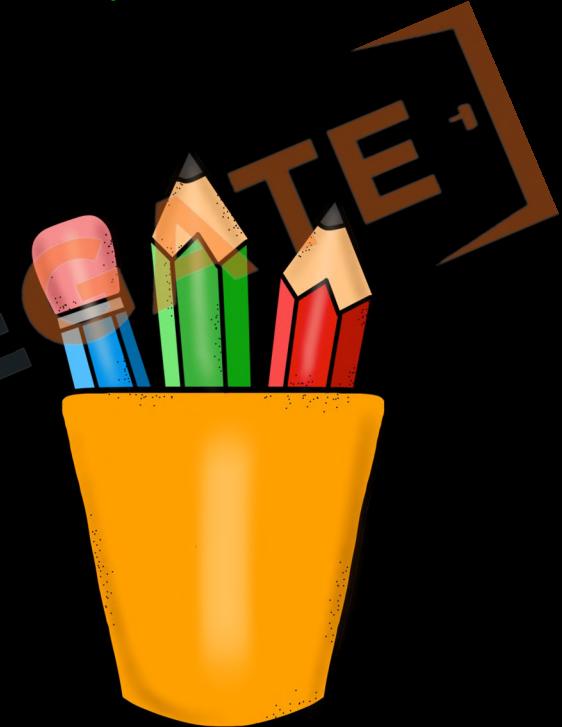
1. Used to display reserved or special characters
2. Syntax often starts with & and ends with ; (e.g., & for &)

 	–	–	—	−	°	°	Δ	Δ	α	α	
€	€	—	—	±	±	°	º	Λ	Λ	β	β
ƒ	¢	…	…	√	√	ª	ª	Θ	Θ	γ	γ
£	£	§	§	∞	∞	¹	¹	Ξ	Ξ	δ	δ
¥	¥	¶	¶	∞	∝	²	²	Π	Π	ε	ε
¤	¤	†	†	×	×	³	³	Σ	Σ	ζ	ζ
f	ƒ	‡	‡	÷	÷	¼	¼	Φ	Φ	η	η
©	©		¡	~	∼	½	½	Ψ	Ψ	θ	θ
®	®	¿	¿	≈	≈	¾	¾	Ω	Ω	ι	ι
™	™	%	‰	≡	≅	∴	∴	∇	∇	κ	κ

Level 2 Revision

Must-Use HTML Tags

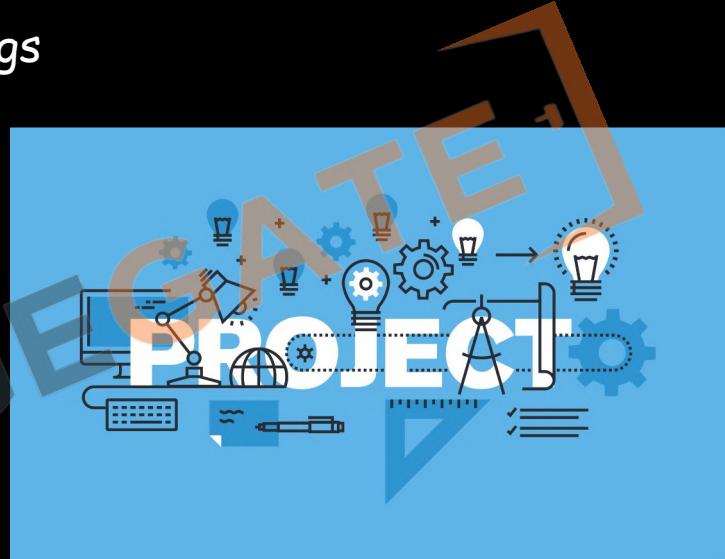
1. HTML Attributes
 1. What are HTML Attributes
 2. Id Property
2. HTML Tags
 1. Heading Tag
 2. Paragraph Tag
 3.
 <HR> tags
 4. Image Tag
 5. Video Tag
 6. Anchor Tag
 7. Bold / Italic / Underline / Strikethrough
 8. Pre Tag
 9. Big / Small Tag
 10. Superscript / Subscript
3. Character Entity Reference
 1. What are Character Entity References



Project Level 2

Must-Use HTML Tags

1. Create a page with **heading**, **paragraph**, **line breaks** and **separators**.
2. Use an **image** with height 300, which is a **link** to another page.
3. Use **bold**, **italic**, **underline** and **strike through** in one line.
4. Write third equation of motion using **superscript** and **subscript**.



KG Coding

Some Other One shot Video Links:

- [Complete HTML](#)
- [Complete CSS](#)
- [Complete JavaScript](#)
- [Complete React and Redux](#)
- [One shot University Exam Series](#)

<http://www.kgcoding.in/>

Our  YouTube Channels

[KG Coding Android App](#)



[KG Coding](#)



[Knowledge GATE](#)



[KG Placement Prep](#)



[Sanchit Socket](#)

Level 3

Browser Tools

1. Browser Tools
 1. View Page Source
 2. Inspect Element
 3. HTML without CSS
2. Responsive Design
 1. Different screen size
3. Live Edit Code
 1. Live edit HTML
 2. Live edit CSS
 3. Live edit JS
 4. Changes only happening at client
4. Validating Web pages
 1. Using validator.w3.org

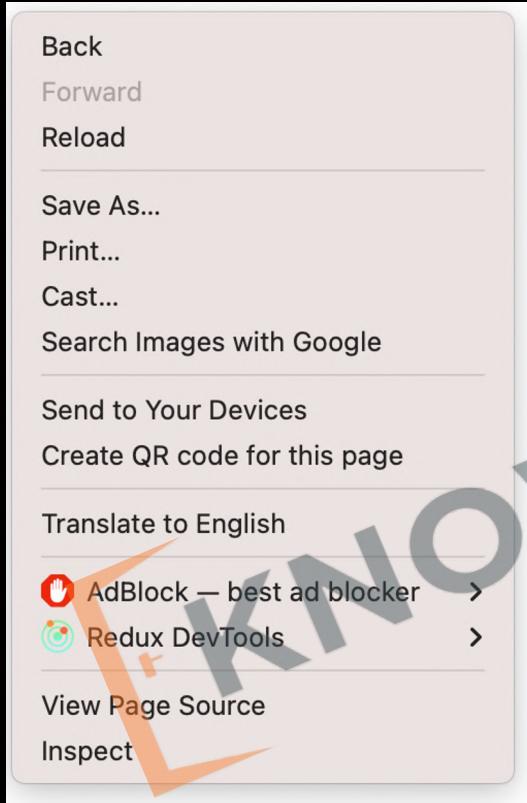
Level 3

Browser Tools



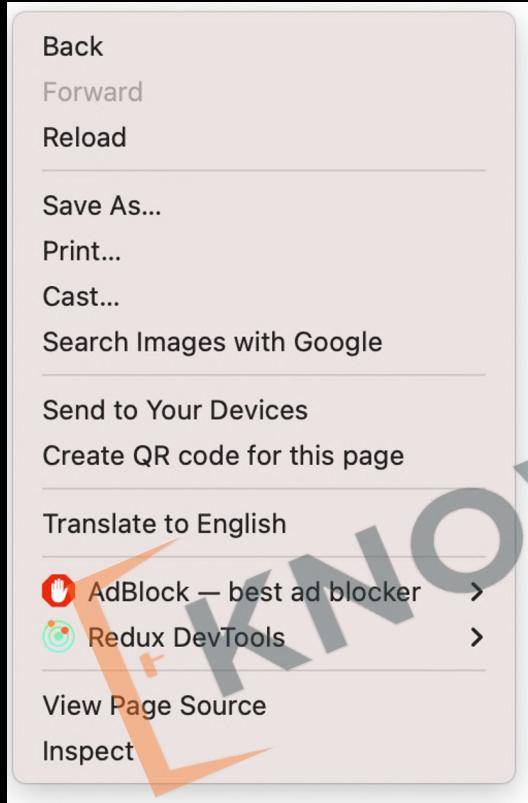
1. Browser Tools

1.1 View Page Source



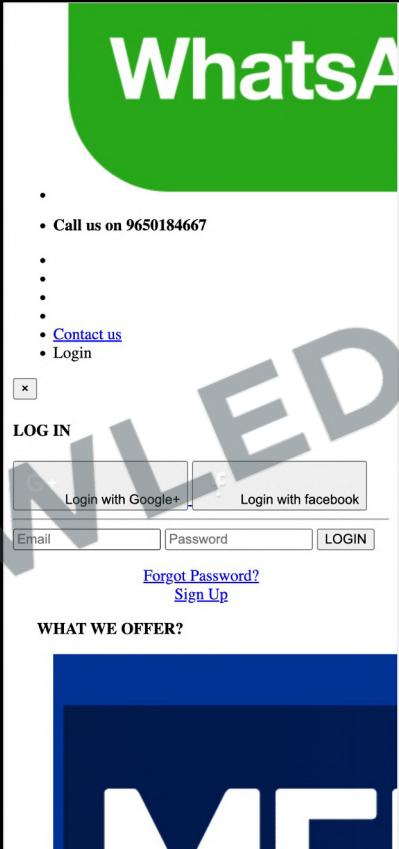
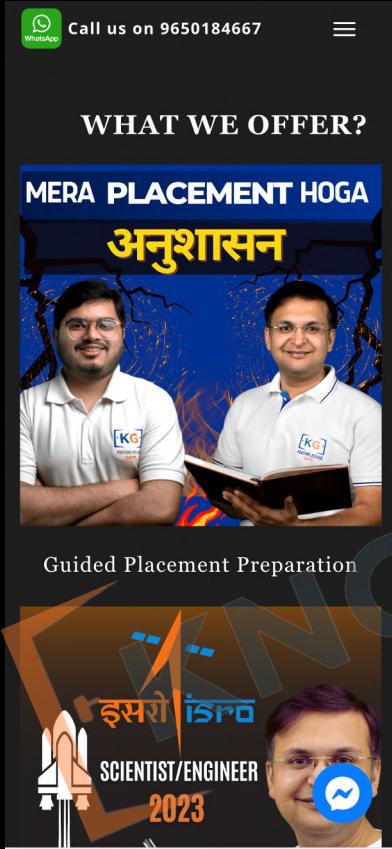
1. Displays raw HTML and CSS
2. Useful for debugging and learning
3. Shows external files like JavaScript links

1.2 Inspect Element



1. Allows **real-time editing** of HTML/CSS
2. Useful for **debugging** and testing
3. Shows **element hierarchy** and layout
4. Includes console for **JavaScript**
5. **Highlights** selected elements on page

1.3 HTML without CSS



Level 3

Browser Tools



KNOWLEDGE GATE¹
**Responsive
Design**²

2.1 Different Screen Sizes



1. Adapts layout for different screen sizes
2. Flexible layouts
3. Optimizes images and assets
4. Enhances user experience on mobile and desktop

Level 3

Browser Tools



3.GATE¹
Live Edit
Code

3.1 Live edit HTML

The screenshot shows the KG Coding YouTube channel page. At the top, there's a search bar with "kg coding". Below it is a banner featuring a smiling man in a white t-shirt with "KNOWLEDGE GATE" on it, surrounded by logos for Angular, Vue.js, MERN, C++, C#, and Java. The channel name "KG Coding" is displayed in a large font, followed by "@KG_Coding 10M subscribers 1 video". A "Coming Soon..... >" message is present. Below the channel info, there are links to "knowledegate.in and 1 more link". The navigation bar includes "HOME", "VIDEOS", "LIVE", and "PLAYLISTS". In the "Our Other Channels" section, there are two cards: one for "KNOWLEDGE GATE" with 594K subscribers and another for "KnowledgeGate Placement Prep" with 105K subscribers. A "Subscribed" button is at the bottom.

A screenshot of a browser's developer tools showing the live edited HTML code for the KG Coding channel page. The code is heavily annotated with blue boxes highlighting various parts of the DOM structure, including the header, subscriber count, and footer sections. The code itself is a complex mix of CSS and JavaScript, typical of a YouTube channel's main page template.

Changed Subscriber count

3.2 Live edit CSS

The screenshot shows the KG Coding channel page on YouTube. The channel name 'kg coding' is visible in the search bar. The channel profile picture is a portrait of a man with glasses. The channel title is 'KG Coding' with 10M subscribers and 1 video. A 'Coming Soon..... >' message is displayed. Below the channel info, there are tabs for 'HOME', 'VIDEOS', 'LIVE', and 'PLAYLISTS'. A section titled 'Our Other Channels' lists 'KNOWLEDGE GATE' with 594K subscribers and 'KnowledgeGate Placement Prep' with 105K subscribers. At the bottom, there are 'Subscribed' and 'Subscribe' buttons.

```
<div>
  <yt-c4-channel-name id="channel-name" wrap-text class="style-scope ytd-c4-tabbed-header-renderer">
    <!--css-build:shady-->
    <!--css-build:shady-->
    <div id="container" class="style-scope ytd-channel-name">
      <yt-formatted-string id="text" link-inherit-color title class="style-scope ytd-channel-name" e="KG Coding-</yt-formatted-string> =&gt;
    </div>
    <tp-yt-paper-tooltip fit-to-visible-bounds class="style-scope ytd-channel-name" role="tooltip" ip="" tabindex="-1"></tp-yt-paper-tooltip>
  </div>
  <ytd-badge-supported-renderer class="style-scope ytd-channel-name" disable-upgrade hidden></ytd-badge-supported-renderer>
</yt-c4-channel-name>
<p class="style-scope ytd-c4-tabbed-header-renderer" hidden></p>
<span class="meta-item style-scope ytd-c4-tabbed-header-renderer"></span>
<span class="meta-item style-scope ytd-c4-tabbed-header-renderer" hidden></span>
<span class="meta-item style-scope ytd-c4-tabbed-header-renderer">
  <yt-formatted-string id="subscriber-count" class="style-scope ytd-c4-tabbed-header-renderer" aria-label="13.8K subscribers">10M subscribers</yt-formatted-string>
  <span aria-hidden="true" class="delimiter style-scope ytd-c4-tabbed-header-renderer"></span>
</span>
<span class="meta-item style-scope ytd-c4-tabbed-header-renderer"></span>
<div id="channel-tagline" class="style-scope ytd-c4-tabbed-header-renderer"></div>
<div id="channel-header-links" class="style-scope ytd-c4-tabbed-header-renderer"></div>
</div>
<div id="buttons" class="style-scope ytd-c4-tabbed-header-renderer"></div>
</div>
</div id="links-holder" class="style-scope ytd-c4-tabbed-header-renderer"></div>
</div>
</div>
<tp-yt-app-toolbar sticky class="style-scope ytd-c4-tabbed-header-renderer" style="transform: translate3d(0px, 0px, 0px); "></tp-yt-app-toolbar>
</div>
</tp-yt-app-header>
<div id="contentContainer" class="style-scope tp-yt-app-header-layout" style="padding-top: 364px;"></div>
</div>
</tp-yt-app-header-layout>
</yt-c4-tabbed-header-renderer>
</div>
<div id="alerts" class="style-scope ytd-browse"></div>
<ytd-channel-legal-info-renderer class="style-scope ytd-browse" disable-upgrade hidden></ytd-channel-legal-info-renderer>
<ytd-playlist-sidebar-renderer class="style-scope ytd-browse" disable-upgrade hidden></ytd-playlist-sidebar-renderer>
<div>
```

Changed Channel Name color

3.3 Live edit JS

The image shows a YouTube channel interface for 'KONLEGATE'. On the left, there's a sidebar with icons for Home, Shorts, Subscriptions, and Library. The main area features a video thumbnail for a video titled 'Coding Made Simple' which includes logos for Angular, Vue.js, MongoDB, Express, React, and Node.js. Below the video thumbnail are navigation links for HOME, VIDEOS, LIVE, and PLAYLISTS.

On the right side of the image, a DevTools console window is open, displaying a list of errors. The errors are as follows:

- com/s/desktop/462a8050/sjoin/custom-elements-ess-adapt...@k8-opt/bin/cnird_party.js: vascript/custom_elements/fast-shim.js.sourcemap: HTTP error: status code 404, net::ERR_HTTP_RESPONSE_CODE_FAILURE
- DevTools failed to load source map: Could not load content for https://www.youtube.com/s/desktop/462a8d5d/jstab/web-animations-next-lite.min.vfset/web-animations-next-lite.min.js.map: HTTP error: status code 404, net::ERR_HTTP_RESPONSE_CODE_FAILURE
- DevTools failed to load source map: Could not load content for https://www.youtube.com/s/desktop/462a8d5d/jstab/webcomponents-sd.vfset/bl..._party/javascript/polymer/v2/webcomponentsjs/webcomponents-sd.js.sourcemap: HTTP error: status code 404, net::ERR_HTTP_RESPONSE_CODE_FAILURE
- LegacyDataMixin will be applied to all desktop_polymer_enable_wl_icons.js:4482 legacy elements.
- Set '_legacyUndefinedCheck: true' on element class to enable.
- GET https://googleads.g.doubleclick.net/pagead/id net::ERR_BLOCKED_BY_CLIENT VM15538:201
- GET https://www.google.com/pagead/lv www.google.com/pagea...5CoWhRv 7RpGsmwVg:1 z?evtid=ACd6KtzZ40h0LZgbnYYZ8gxW6cxP BX2-4..inAppBootstrap%3AUnclassified&az=1&sigh=AB9vU40PfuZ9Fiv1V5CoWhRv 7RpGsmwVg net::ERR_BLOCKED_BY_CLIENT
- GET https://www.google.co.in/pagead/ www.google.co.in/pag...5CoWhRv 7RpGsmwVg:1 lvz?evtid=ACd6KtzZ40h0LZgbnYYZ8gxW6cxP xPBX2..inAppBootstrap%3AUnclassified&az=1&sigh=AB9vU40PfuZ9Fiv1V5CoWhRv 7RpGsmwVg net::ERR_BLOCKED_BY_CLIENT
- chrome-extension://invalid/ net::ERR_FAILED cast sender.js:10
- chrome-extension://invalid/ net::ERR_FAILED cast sender.js:10
- GET https://static.doubleclick.net/instream/ad_status.js net::ERR_BLOCKED_BY_CLIENT spf.js:34
- document.getElementById("inner-header-container").style.visibility = 'hidden'
< 'hidden'
- The resource https://i.ytimg.com/generate_204 was preloaded using link featured:1 preload but not used within a few seconds from the window's load event. Please make sure it has an appropriate 'as' value and it is preloaded intentionally.

3.4 Changes happening at Client

1. Changes made are temporary
2. Affect only the current session
3. Not saved to the server
4. Reset upon page reload
5. Useful for testing, not permanent fixes



Like: If you change the question in your question paper that has no effect on actual exam.

Level 3

Browser Tools



4. Validating WebPages

4.1 Using validator.w3.org

Nu Html Checker

This tool is an ongoing experiment in better HTML checking, and its behavior remains subject to change

Showing results for contents of text-input area

Checker Input

Show source outline image report Options...

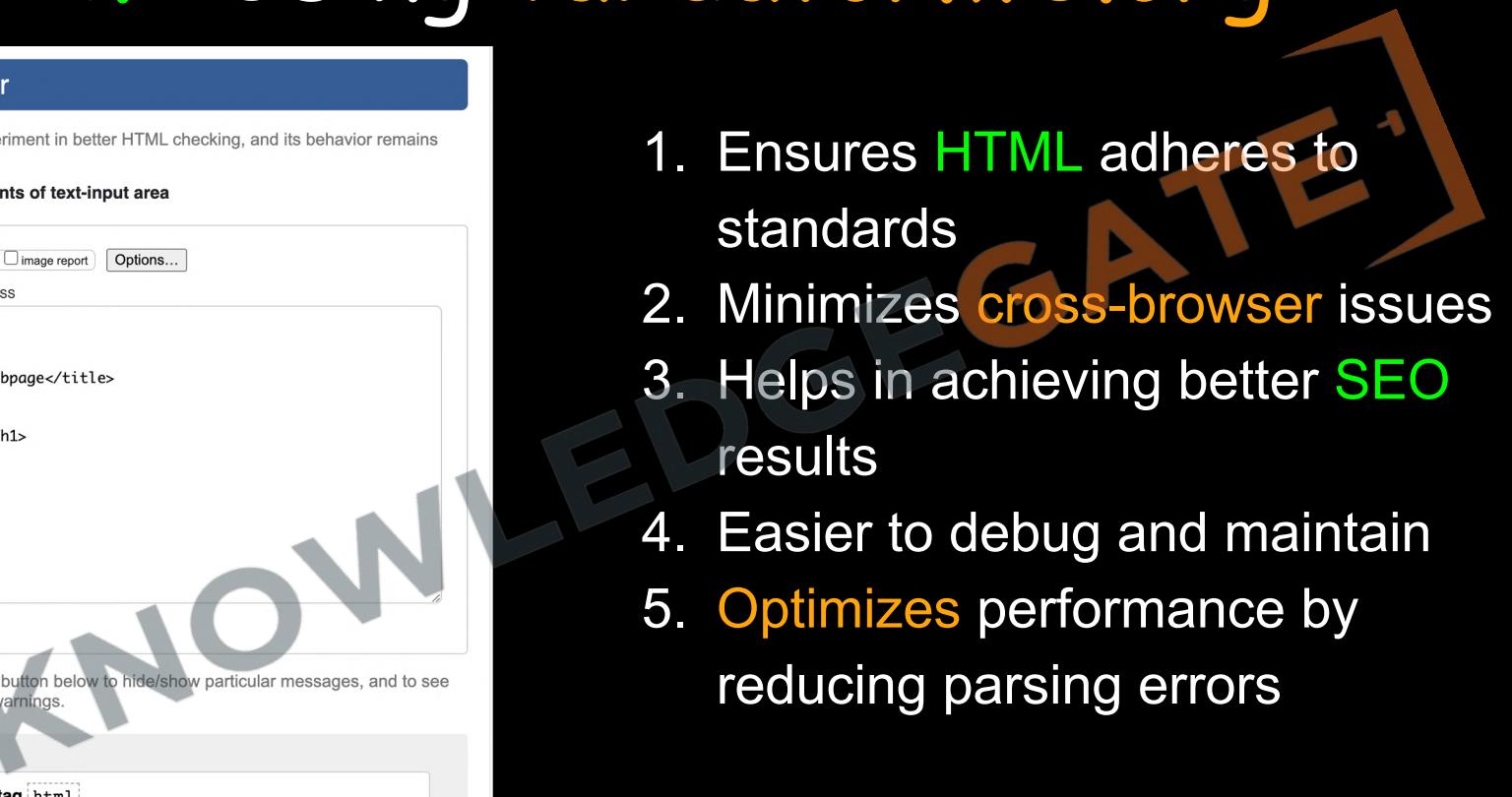
Check by css

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>My First Webpage</title>
</head>
<body>
    <h1>Hello World!</h1>
</body>
</html>
```

Use the Message Filtering button below to hide/show particular messages, and to see total counts of errors and warnings.

Message Filtering

1. Error Stray start tag 'html'.
From line 9, column 1; to line 9, column 6
></body><><html>

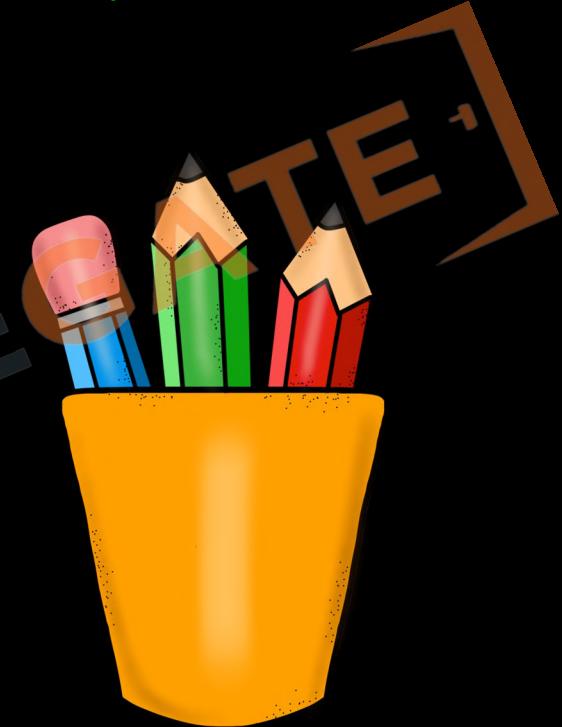


1. Ensures **HTML** adheres to standards
2. Minimizes **cross-browser** issues
3. Helps in achieving better **SEO** results
4. Easier to debug and maintain
5. **Optimizes** performance by reducing parsing errors

Level 3 Revision

Browser Tools

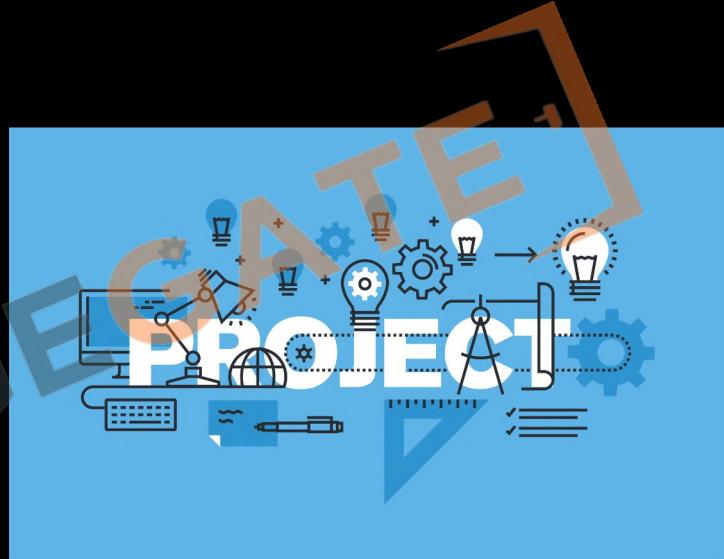
1. Browser Tools
 1. View Page Source
 2. Inspect Element
 3. HTML without CSS
2. Responsive Design
 1. Different screen size
3. Live Edit Code
 1. Live edit HTML
 2. Live edit CSS
 3. Live edit JS
 4. Changes only happening at client
4. Validating Web pages
 1. Using validator.w3.org



Project Level 3

Browser Tools

1. Save Source of **Instagram** in a file and check the render.
2. **Inspect** the likes element on the page and read the code to understand.
3. Change number of likes on Your **Instagram** post
4. **Validate** the page we created in last project.



KG Coding

Some Other One shot Video Links:

- [Complete HTML](#)
- [Complete CSS](#)
- [Complete JavaScript](#)
- [Complete React and Redux](#)
- [One shot University Exam Series](#)

<http://www.kgcoding.in/>

Our  YouTube Channels

[KG Coding Android App](#)



[KG Coding](#)



[Knowledge GATE](#)



[KG Placement Prep](#)



[Sanchit Socket](#)

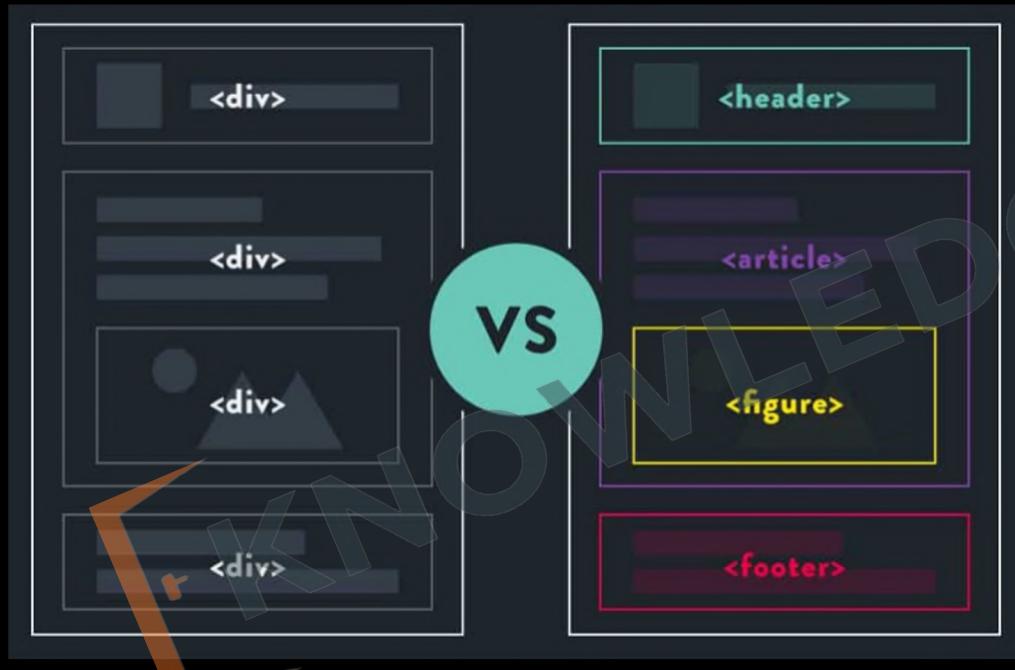
Level 4

HTML and Project Structure

1. Semantic Tags
 1. Semantic / Non-Semantic Tags
2. Body Tags
 1. Header Tag
 2. Main Tag
 1. Section Tag
 2. Article Tag
 3. Aside Tag
 3. Footer Tag
3. Folder Structure
 1. Recommended Folder structure
4. More Tags
 1. Navigation tags
 2. Block / Inline Elements
 3. Div tags
 4. Span Tags

Level 4

HTML and Project Structure



1. Semantic Tags

1.1 Semantic/Non-Semantic Tags

Semantic Tags

- Meaningful: Describe content.
- SEO: Good for search engines.
- Accessibility: Useful for screen readers.
- Examples: `<header>`, `<footer>`, `<article>`, `<section>`, `<nav>`.

Non-Semantic Tags

- Generic: No specific meaning.
- For Styling: Used for layout.
- No SEO: Not SEO-friendly.
- Examples: `<div>`, ``, `<i>`, ``.

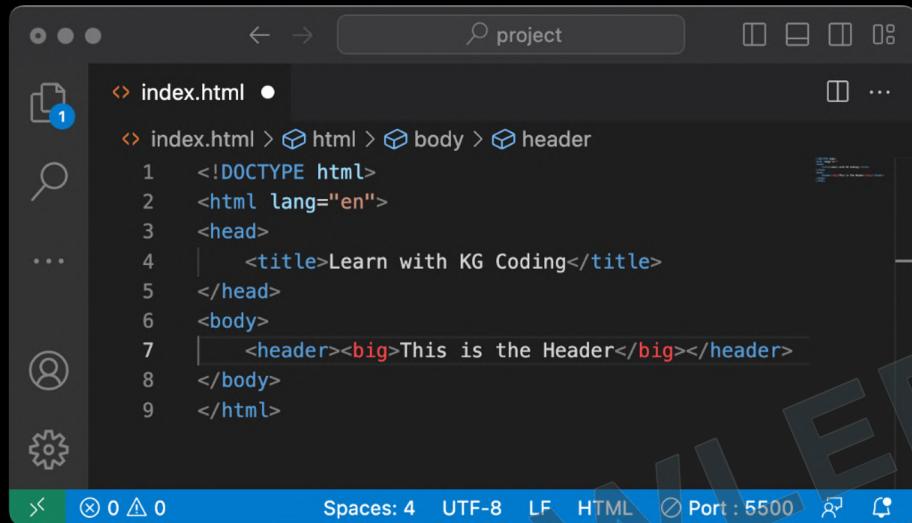
Level 4

HTML and Project Structure



2. Body Tags

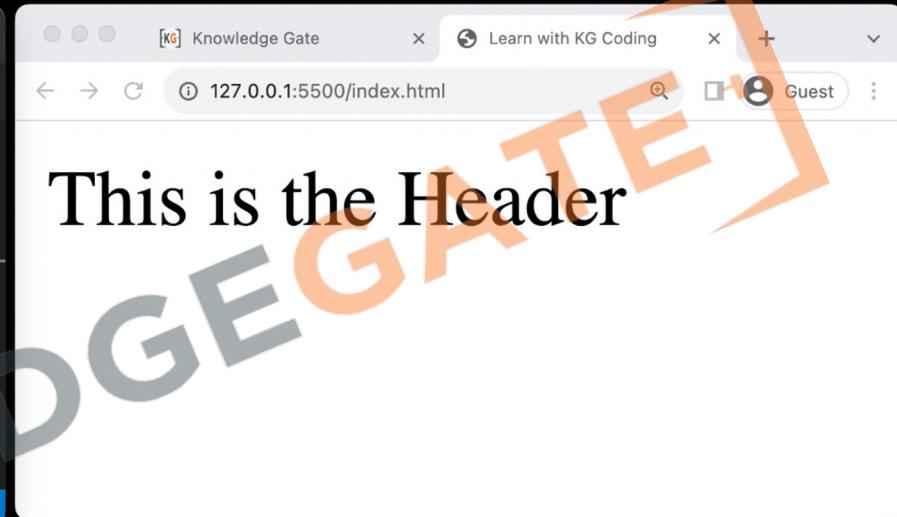
2.1 Header Tag



A screenshot of a code editor window titled "project". The file "index.html" is open, showing the following code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <header><big>This is the Header</big></header>
</body>
</html>
```

The code editor has a dark theme with light-colored text. It includes icons for file operations, search, and help. The bottom status bar shows "Spaces: 4", "UTF-8", "LF", "HTML", "Port : 5500", and other small icons.



1. **Purpose:** Used to contain introductory content or navigation links.
2. **Semantic:** It's a semantic tag, providing meaning to the enclosed content.
3. **Location:** Commonly found at the top of web pages, but can also appear within `<article>` or `<section>` tags.
4. **Multiple Instances:** Can be used more than once on a page within different sections.

2.2 Main Tag

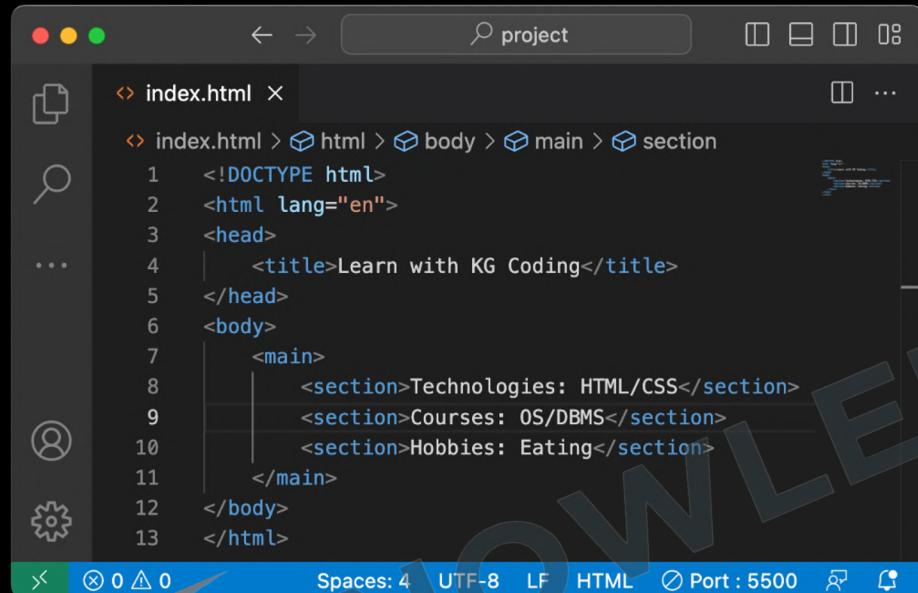
The image shows a code editor on the left and a browser window on the right. The code editor displays the following HTML code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <header><big>This is the Header</big></header>
    <hr><main>This is main space</main>
</body>
</html>
```

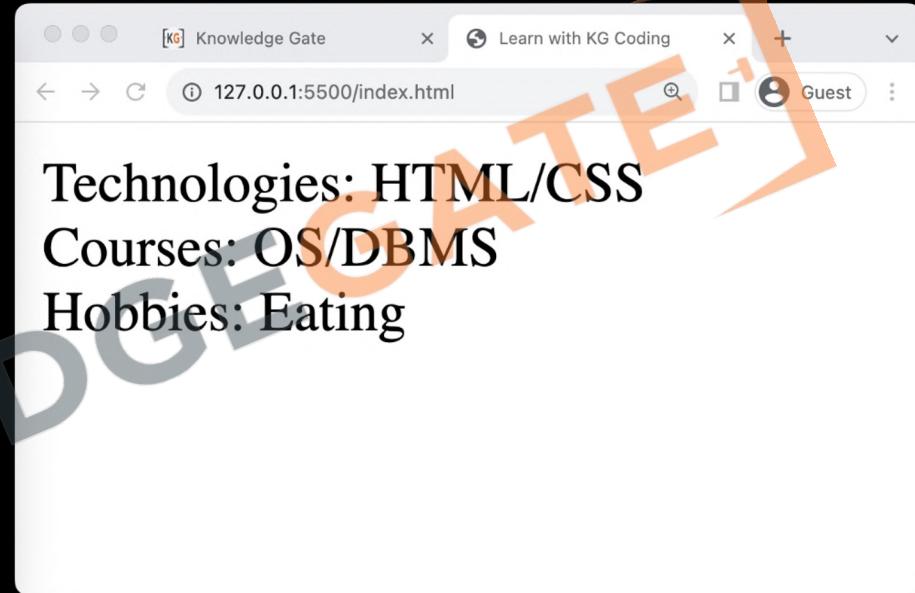
The browser window shows the rendered HTML. It has a header with the text "This is the Header" and a main content area below it with the text "This is main space". A large watermark reading "KNOWLEDGE GATE" is diagonally across the center.

1. **Purpose:** Encloses the primary content of a webpage.
2. **Semantic:** Adds meaning, indicating the main content area.
3. **Unique:** Should appear only once per page.
4. **Accessibility:** Helps screen readers identify key content.
5. **Not for Sidebars:** Excludes content repeated across multiple pages like site navigation or footer.

2.2.1 Section Tag



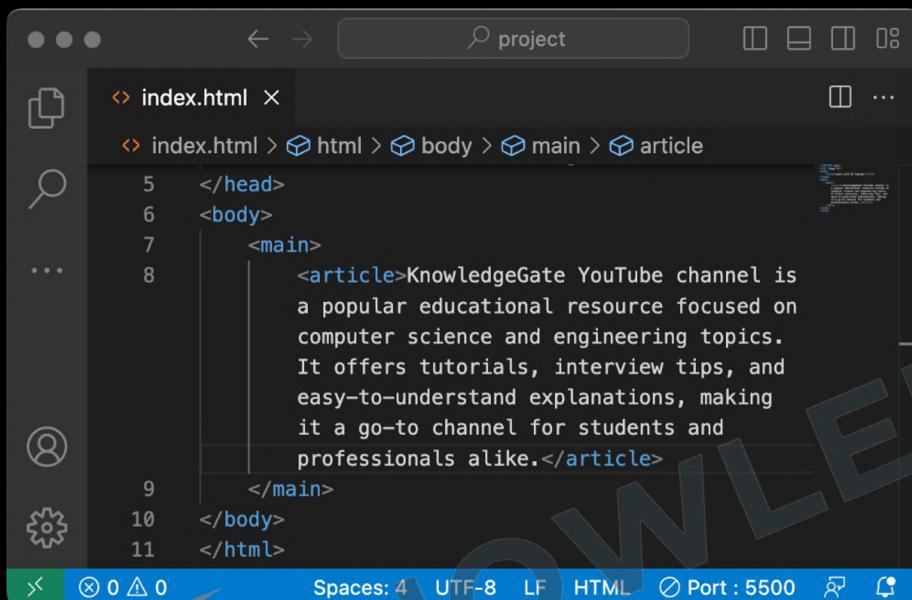
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <main>
        <section>Technologies: HTML/CSS</section>
        <section>Courses: OS/DBMS</section>
        <section>Hobbies: Eating</section>
    </main>
</body>
</html>
```



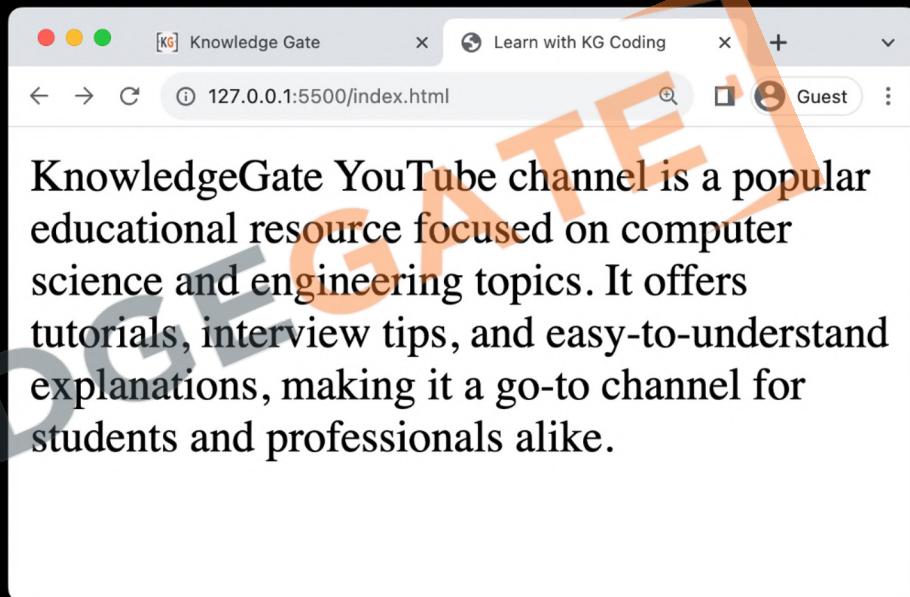
Technologies: HTML/CSS
Courses: OS/DBMS
Hobbies: Eating

1. **Purpose:** Groups related content in a distinct section.
2. **Semantic:** Adds structure and meaning.
3. **Headers:** Often used with a heading `<h1>` to `<h6>` to indicate section topic.
4. **Nested:** Can be nested within other `<section>` or `<article>` tags.

2.2.2 Article Tag

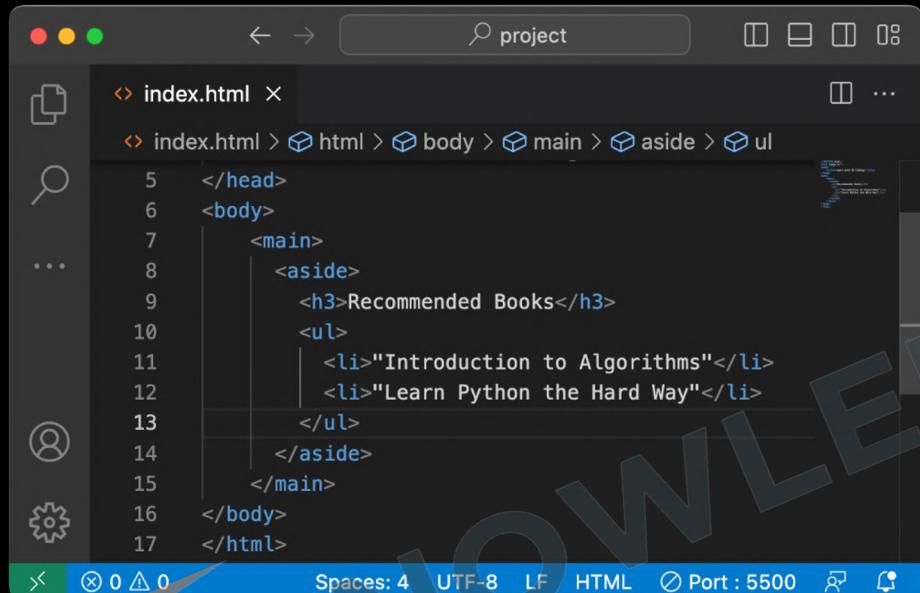


```
</head>
<body>
  <main>
    <article>KnowledgeGate YouTube channel is
    a popular educational resource focused on
    computer science and engineering topics.
    It offers tutorials, interview tips, and
    easy-to-understand explanations, making
    it a go-to channel for students and
    professionals alike.</article>
  </main>
</body>
</html>
```



1. Purpose: Encloses content that stands alone, like a **blog post or news story**.
2. Semantic: Provides contextual meaning.
3. Independence: Content should make sense even if taken out of the page context.
4. Multiple Instances: Can be used multiple times on the same page

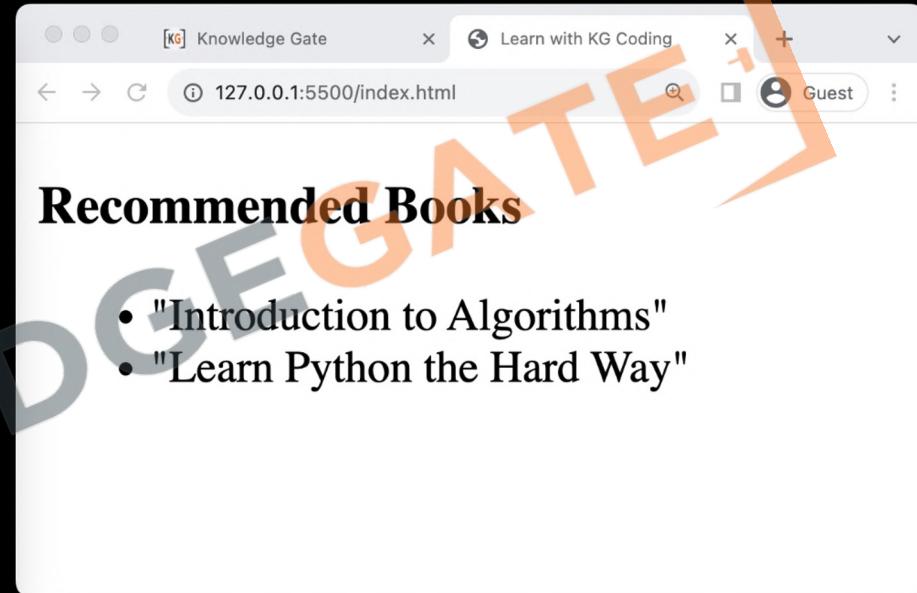
2.2.3 Aside Tag



A screenshot of a code editor showing the file `index.html`. The code structure is as follows:

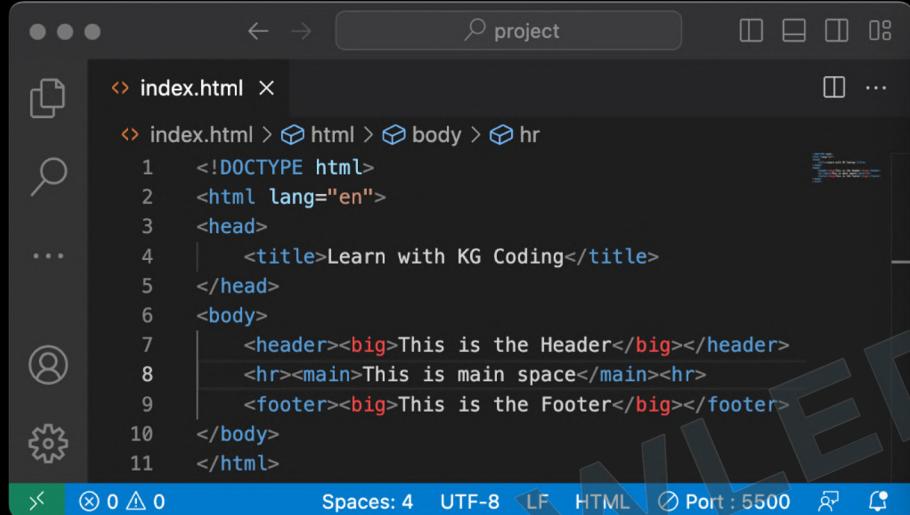
```
</head>
<body>
  <main>
    <aside>
      <h3>Recommended Books</h3>
      <ul>
        <li>"Introduction to Algorithms"</li>
        <li>"Learn Python the Hard Way"</li>
      </ul>
    </aside>
  </main>
</body>
</html>
```

The code editor has a dark theme with light-colored syntax highlighting. A sidebar on the left contains icons for file, search, and user.



1. **Purpose:** Contains sidebar or supplementary content.
2. **Semantic:** Indicates content tangentially related to the main content.
3. **Not Crucial:** Content is not essential to understanding the main content.
4. **Examples:** Could hold **widgets**, quotes, or ads.

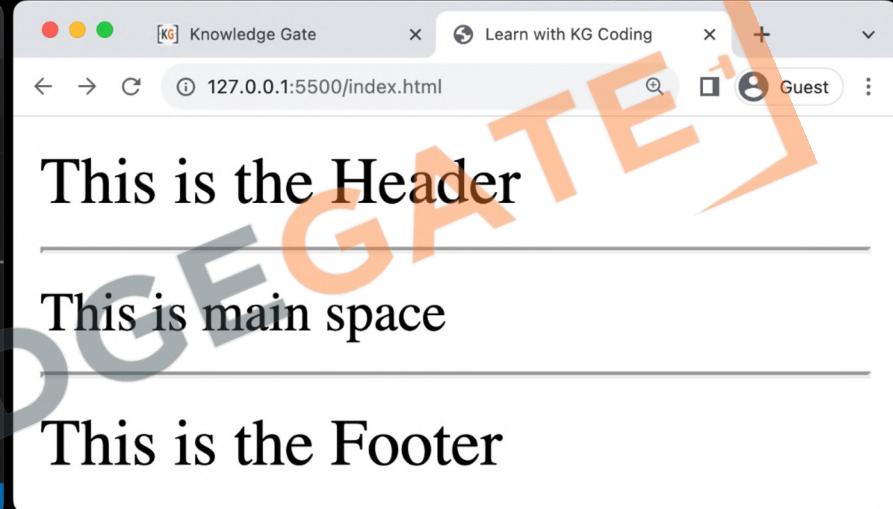
2.3 Footer Tag



A screenshot of a code editor showing the file `index.html`. The code is as follows:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <header><big>This is the Header</big></header>
    <hr><main>This is main space</main><hr>
    <footer><big>This is the Footer</big></footer>
</body>
</html>
```

The code editor interface includes a sidebar with icons for file, search, and user, and a bottom bar with tabs for Spaces: 4, UTF-8, LF, HTML, Port: 5500, and a refresh icon.



1. **Purpose:** For footer content like extra info or links.
2. **Semantic:** Provides meaning to enclosed content.
3. **Location:** Typically at the **bottom** of pages or sections.
4. **Content:** Includes copyrights, contact info, and social links.
5. **Multiple Instances:** Can be used more than once on a page.

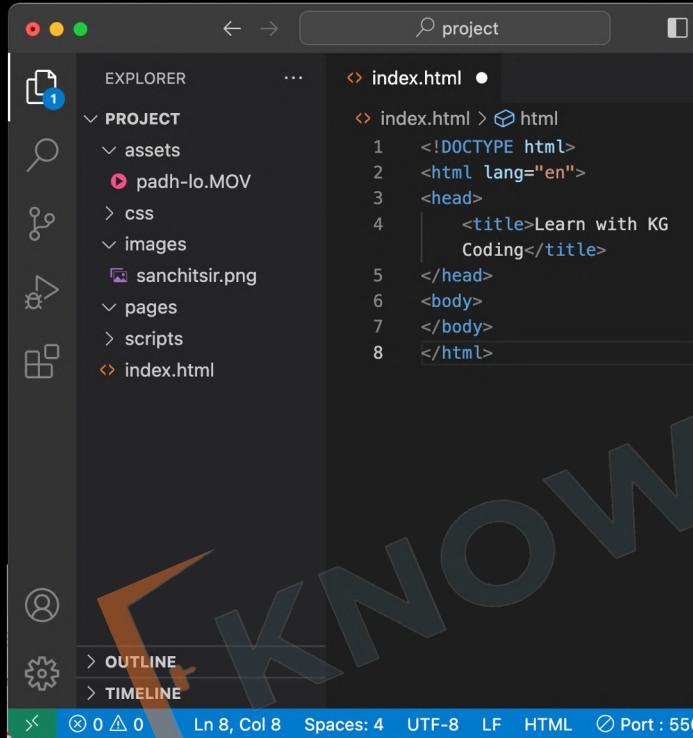
Level 4

HTML and Project Structure



KNOWLEDGE GATE¹
**3. Folder
Structure**

3.1 Recommended Folder Structure



1. **Root Directory:** Main folder containing all website files.
2. **HTML Files:** Store main .html files at the root level for easy access.
3. **CSS Folder:** Create a css/ folder for all Cascading Style Sheets.
4. **JS Folder:** Use a scripts/ folder for JavaScript files.
5. **Images Folder:** Store images in an images/ or images/ folder.
6. **Assets:** Other assets like fonts can go in an assets/ folder.
7. **Sub-directories:** For multi-page websites, use sub-folders to categorize content.

Level 4

HTML and Project Structure



KNOWLEDGE GATE¹
4. More
Tags

4.1 Navigation Tags

The image shows a code editor on the left and a web browser on the right. The code editor displays the file 'index.html' with the following content:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <nav>
        <a href="#home">Home</a><br>
        <a href="#about">About</a><br>
        <a href="#services">Services</a><br>
        <a href="#contact">Contact</a><br>
    </nav>
</body>
</html>
```

The browser window on the right shows the rendered HTML with four underlined links: Home, About, Services, and Contact. A large, semi-transparent watermark reading 'KNOWLEDGE GATE' diagonally across the center of the screen.

1. **Purpose:** Encloses navigation links or menus.
2. **Semantic:** Signals that the content is meant for navigating the site.
3. **Common Content:** Usually contains lists ``, `` of links `<a>`.
4. **Accessibility:** Aids screen readers in identifying site navigation.

4.2 Block / Inline Elements

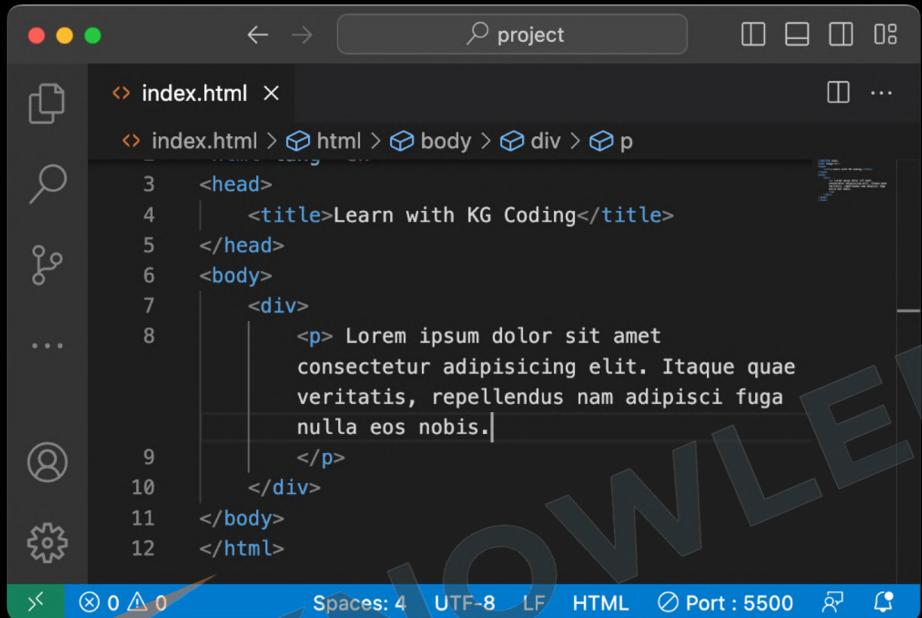
Block Elements

- **New Line:** Start on a new line.
- **Full Width:** Take up all horizontal space.
- **Styling:** Can have margins and padding.
- **Size:** Width and height can be set.
- **Examples:** <div>, <p>, <h1>, , .

Inline Elements

- **Flow:** Stay in line with text.
- **Width:** Just as wide as the content.
- **No Break:** No new line between elements.
- **Limited Styling:** Can't set size easily.
- **Examples:** , <a>, , , .

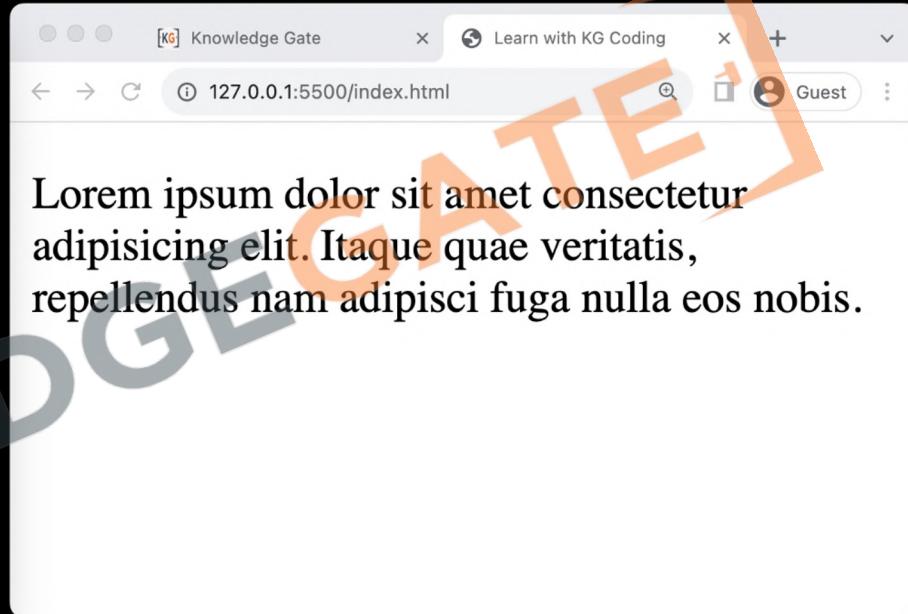
4.3 Div Tags



A screenshot of a code editor window titled "index.html". The sidebar on the left shows icons for file operations, search, and user settings. The main pane displays the following HTML code:

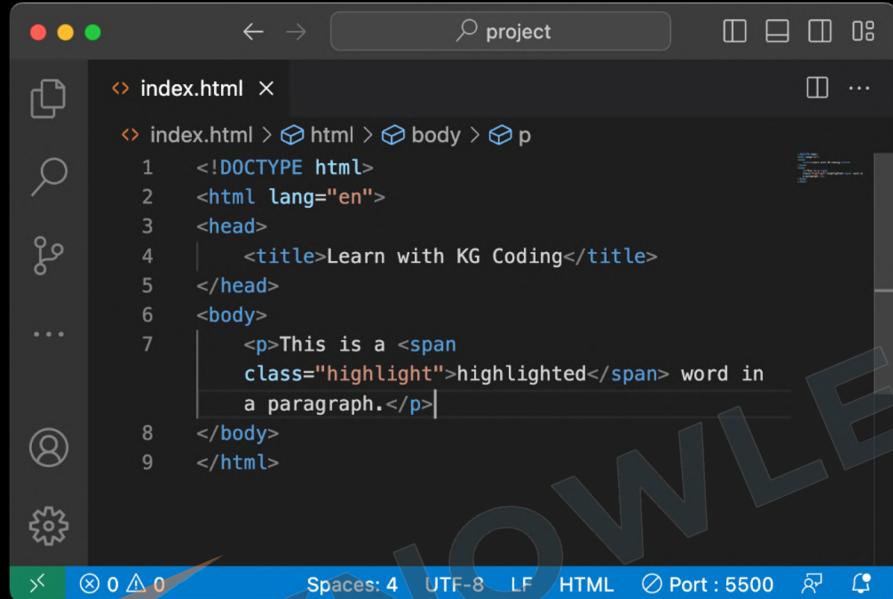
```
<head>
  <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
  <div>
    <p> Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet
      consectetur adipisicing elit. Itaque quae veritatis,
      repellendus nam adipisci fuga
      nulla eos nobis.</p>
  </div>
</body>
</html>
```

The status bar at the bottom indicates "Spaces: 4", "UTF-8", "LF", "HTML", "Port : 5500", and a refresh icon.



1. **Purpose:** Acts as a container for other **HTML** elements.
2. **Non-Semantic:** Doesn't provide inherent meaning to enclosed content.
3. **Styling:** Commonly used for layout and styling via **CSS**.
4. **Flexibility:** Highly versatile and can be customized using classes or IDs.

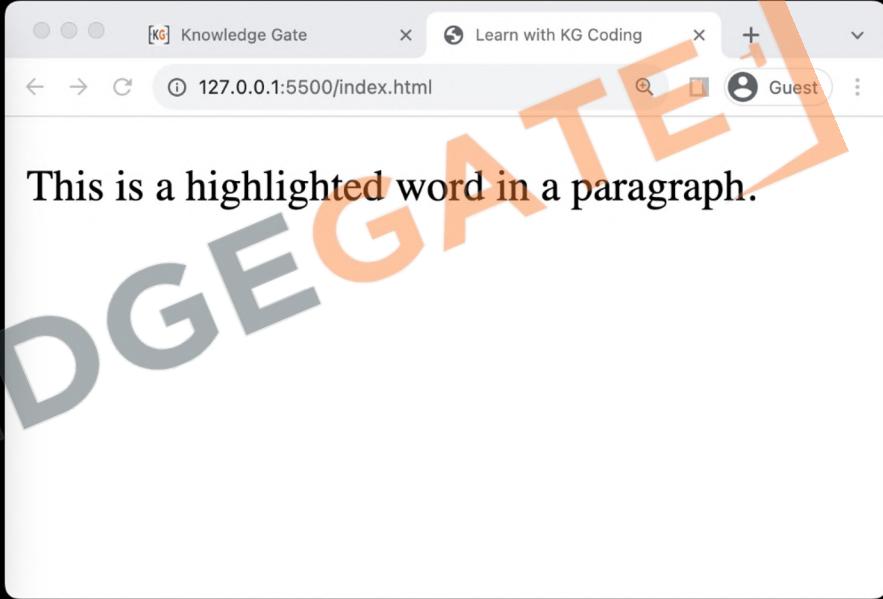
4.4 Span Tags



A screenshot of a code editor window titled "project". The file "index.html" is open, showing the following code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <p>This is a <span class="highlight">highlighted</span> word in a paragraph.</p>
</body>
</html>
```

The word "highlighted" is highlighted with a blue background and white text, indicating it is selected or styled by a CSS class.



1. **Purpose:** Used for inline elements to style or manipulate a portion of text.
2. **Non-Semantic:** Doesn't add specific meaning to the enclosed text.
3. **Styling:** Commonly used for changing color, font, or adding effects via CSS.
4. **Inline Nature:** Doesn't break text flow or create a new block-level element.

Level 4 Revision

HTML and Project Structure

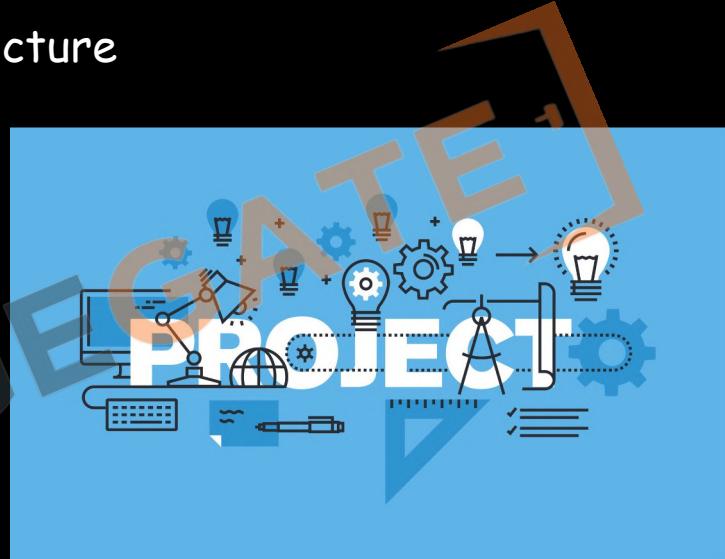
1. Semantic Tags
 1. Semantic / Non-Semantic Tags
2. Body Tags
 1. Header Tag
 2. Main Tag
 1. Section Tag
 2. Article Tag
 3. Aside Tag
 3. Footer Tag
3. Folder Structure
 1. Recommended Folder structure
4. More Tags
 1. Navigation tags
 2. Block / Inline Elements
 3. Div tags
 4. Span Tags



Project Level 4

HTML and Project Structure

1. Create a **page** with header, footer, main(section, article, aside tag).
2. Make sure the project from level 3 has correct **folder** structure.
3. Create **groupings** of multiple tags using div.
4. Create **navigation** to important sections of your page.



KG Coding

Some Other One shot Video Links:

- [Complete HTML](#)
- [Complete CSS](#)
- [Complete JavaScript](#)
- [Complete React and Redux](#)
- [One shot University Exam Series](#)

<http://www.kgcoding.in/>

Our  YouTube Channels

[KG Coding Android App](#)



[KG Coding](#)



[Knowledge GATE](#)



[KG Placement Prep](#)



[Sanchit Socket](#)

Level 5

List, Tables & Forms

1. List Tag
 1. Ordered Lists
 2. Types of Ordered Lists
 3. Unordered Lists
2. Table Tag
 1. `<tr>`, `<td>`, `<th>` tags
 2. Captions
 3. Col spans
3. Forms
 1. Input tag
 2. Action Attributes
 3. Name and Value Property
 4. Label Tag
 5. Exploring Types
4. iFrame Tag
 1. Using iFrames

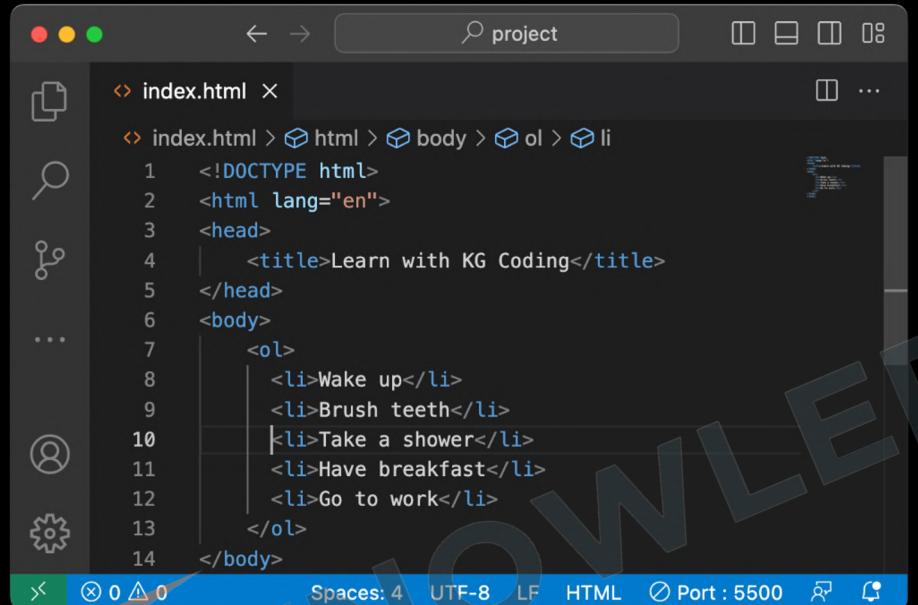
Level 5

List, Tables & Forms



EDGEDGE GATE 1. List Tag

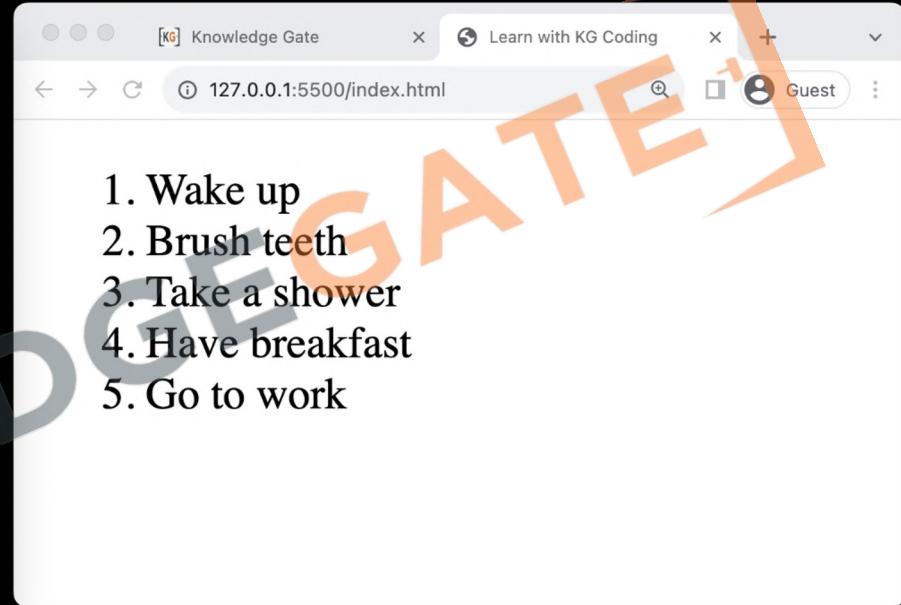
1.1 Ordered Lists



A screenshot of a code editor showing the file `index.html`. The code contains an ordered list:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <ol>
        <li>Wake up</li>
        <li>Brush teeth</li>
        <li>Take a shower</li>
        <li>Have breakfast</li>
        <li>Go to work</li>
    </ol>
</body>
```

The code editor interface includes a sidebar with icons for file operations, a search bar, and a bottom toolbar with settings like 'Spaces: 4' and 'Port: 5500'.



1. Purpose: Used for creating lists with items that have a specific order.
2. Default: Items are automatically numbered.
3. Nesting: Can be nested within other lists.

1.2 Types of Ordered Lists

Ordered Lists

- **Numeric:** Default type, (1, 2, 3, ...)
Attribute: `type="1"`
- **Uppercase Letters:** (A, B, C, ...)
Attribute: `type="A"`
- **Lowercase Letters:** (a, b, c, ...)
Attribute: `type="a"`
- **Uppercase Roman:** (I, II, III, ...)
Attribute: `type="I"`
- **Lowercase Roman:** (i, ii, iii, ...)
Attribute: `type="i"`

A. Apple
B. Banana
C. Cherry
D. Dragonfruit

a. Apple
b. Banana
c. Cherry
d. Dragonfruit

I. Apple
II. Banana
III. Cherry
IV. Dragonfruit

i. Apple
ii. Banana
iii. Cherry
iv. Dragonfruit

1.3 Unordered Lists

The image shows a code editor on the left and a browser window on the right. The code editor displays the following HTML code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <ul>
        <li>Apple</li>
        <li>Banana</li>
        <li>Cherry</li>
        <li>Dragonfruit</li>
    </ul>
</body>
</html>
```

The browser window shows the rendered output of the code:

- Apple
- Banana
- Cherry
- Dragonfruit

A large watermark reading "KNOWLEDGE GATE" is diagonally across the center of the image.

1. **Purpose:** Used for lists where the order of items doesn't matter.
2. **Default:** Items are usually bulleted.
3. **Nesting:** Can be nested within other lists.

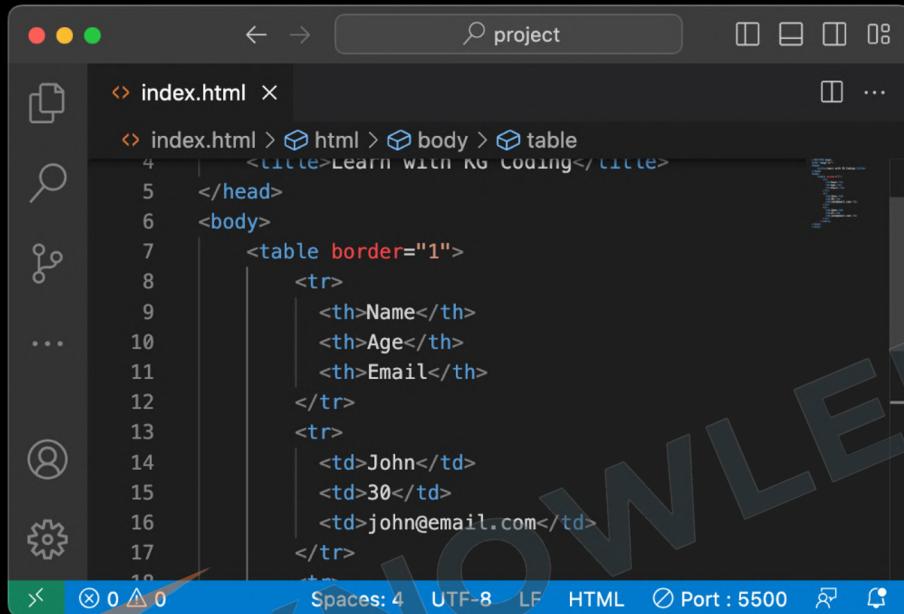
Level 5

List, Tables & Forms



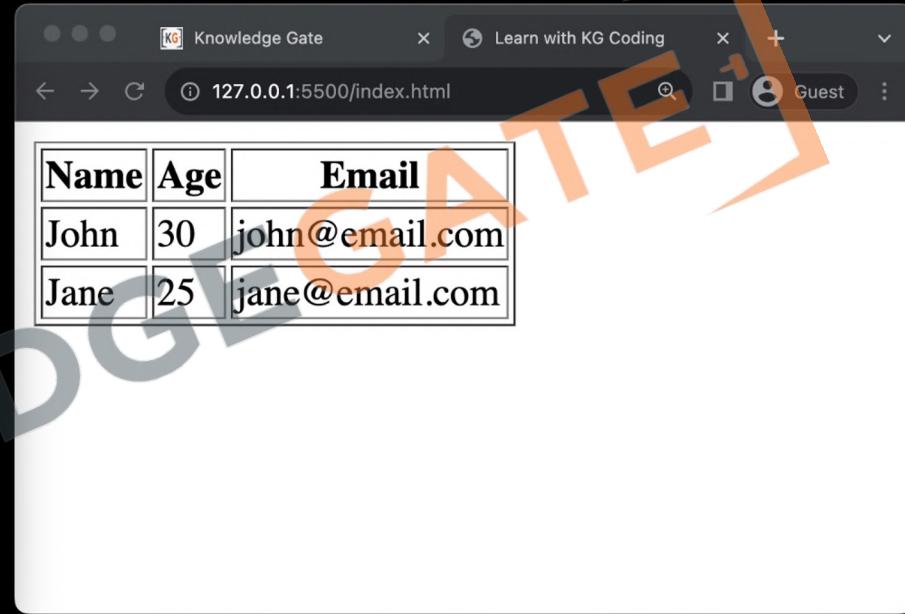
NON-EDGE GATE 1
Table Tag

2.1 <tr>, <td>, <th> Tags



The screenshot shows a code editor window with the file "index.html" open. The code defines a simple HTML table with three columns: Name, Age, and Email. It consists of two header rows and two data rows. The table has a border of 1.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <table border="1">
      <tr>
        <th>Name</th>
        <th>Age</th>
        <th>Email</th>
      </tr>
      <tr>
        <td>John</td>
        <td>30</td>
        <td>john@email.com</td>
      </tr>
    </table>
  </body>
</html>
```

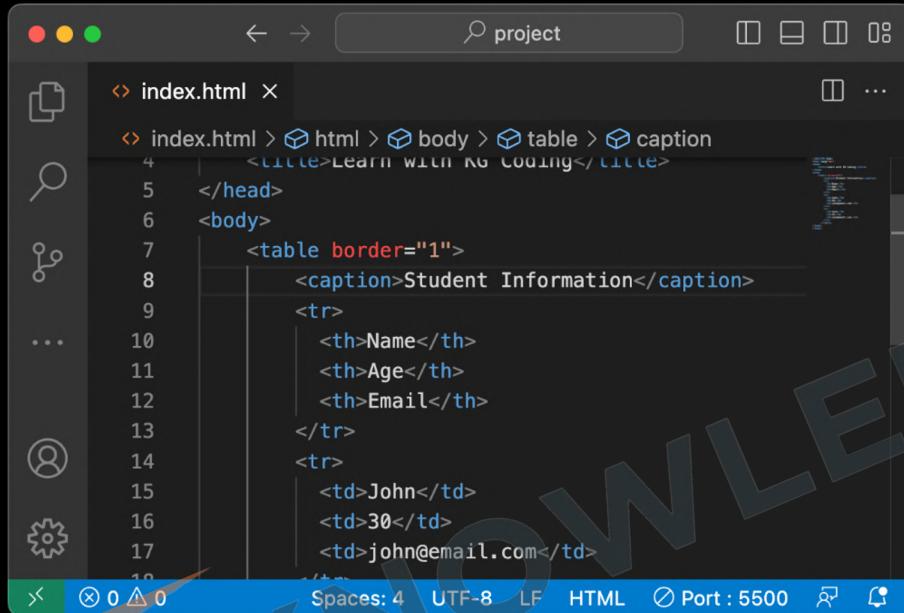


The screenshot shows a web browser window titled "Knowledge Gate" with the URL "127.0.0.1:5500/index.html". The page displays the rendered HTML table from the code editor. The table has three columns: "Name", "Age", and "Email". It contains two rows of data: one for "John" (age 30, email john@email.com) and one for "Jane" (age 25, email jane@email.com).

Name	Age	Email
John	30	john@email.com
Jane	25	jane@email.com

1. **<tr> Table Row** : Used to define a row in an HTML table.
2. **<th> Table Header** : Used for header cells within a row.
Text is bold and centered by default.
3. **<td> Table Data** : This Holds the actual data.

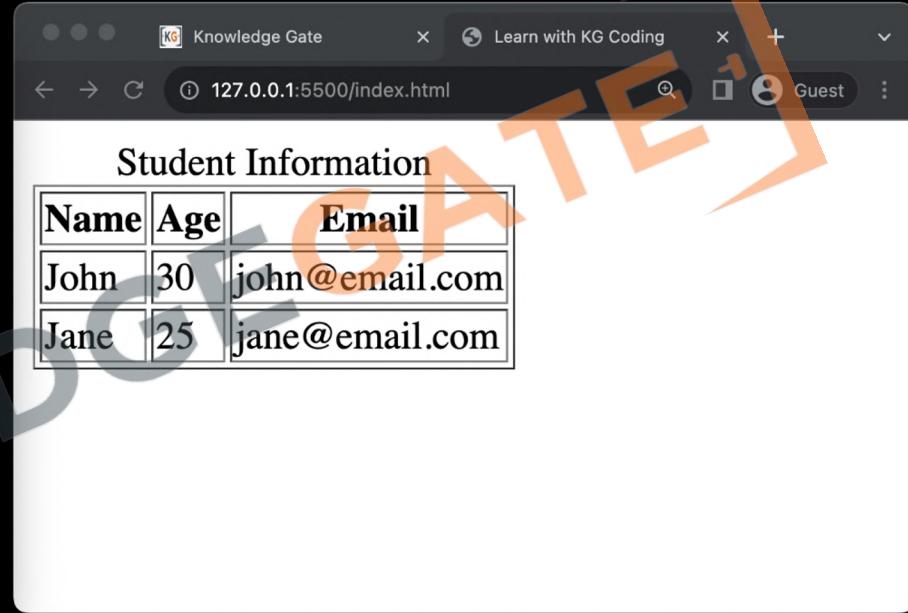
2.2 Captions



The screenshot shows a code editor window titled "index.html". The code displays an HTML structure for a table:

```
<head><title>Learn HTML Using Python</title>
</head>
<body>
    <table border="1">
        <caption>Student Information</caption>
        <tr>
            <th>Name</th>
            <th>Age</th>
            <th>Email</th>
        </tr>
        <tr>
            <td>John</td>
            <td>30</td>
            <td>john@email.com</td>
        </tr>
    </table>
</body>
```

The code editor interface includes a sidebar with various icons and a status bar at the bottom.

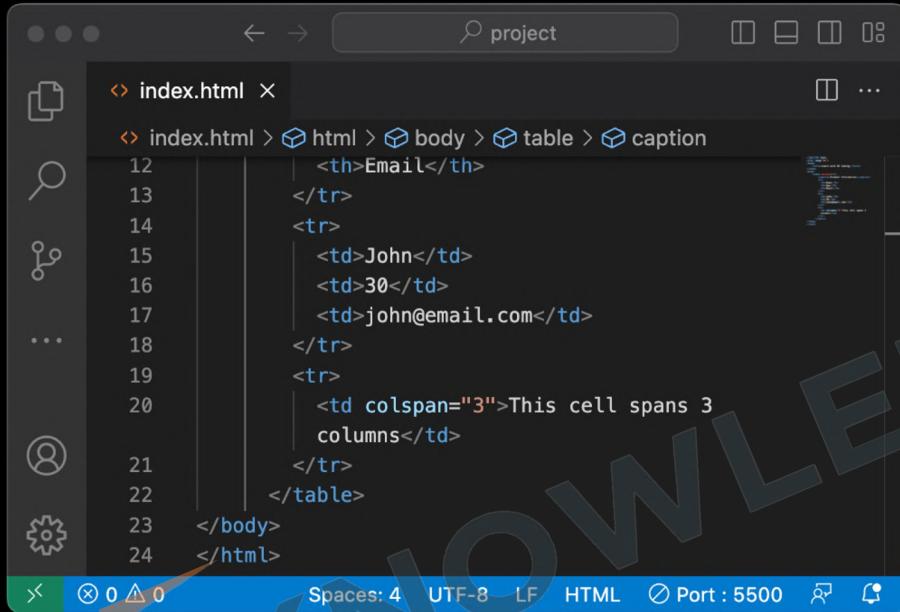


The screenshot shows a browser window titled "Knowledge Gate" with the URL "127.0.0.1:5500/index.html". The page title is "Student Information". The table data is as follows:

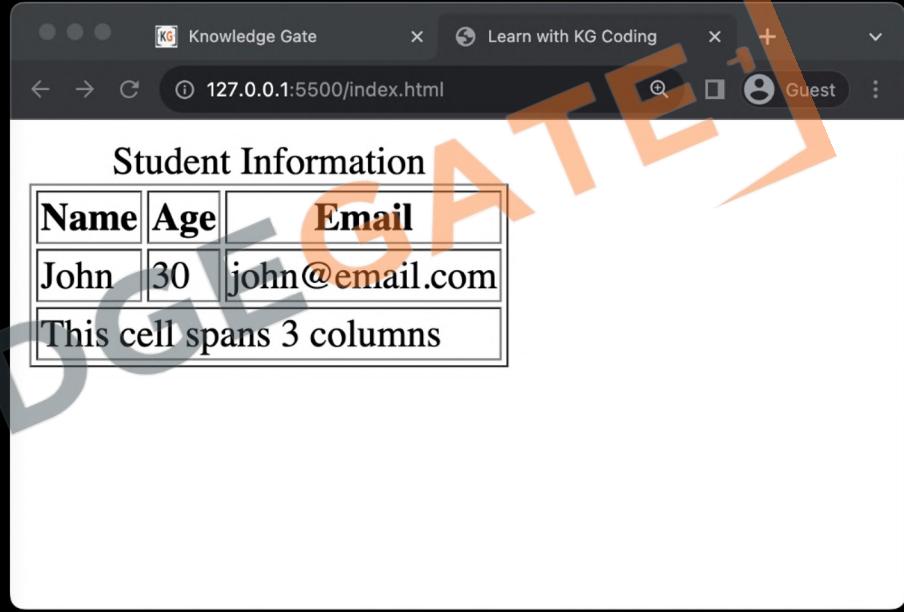
Name	Age	Email
John	30	john@email.com
Jane	25	jane@email.com

1. **Purpose:** Provides a title or description for a table.
2. **Placement:** Must be inserted **immediately after** the `<table>` opening tag.
3. **Alignment:** **Centered** above the table by default.
4. **Accessibility:** Helps screen readers understand the table's purpose.

2.3 Col Spans



```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
    <head>
        <title>Student Information</title>
    </head>
    <body>
        <table border="1">
            <caption>Student Information</caption>
            <thead>
                <tr>
                    <th>Name</th>
                    <th>Age</th>
                    <th>Email</th>
                </tr>
            </thead>
            <tbody>
                <tr>
                    <td>John</td>
                    <td>30</td>
                    <td>john@email.com</td>
                </tr>
                <tr>
                    <td colspan="3">This cell spans 3 columns</td>
                </tr>
            </tbody>
        </table>
    </body>
</html>
```



Student Information

Name	Age	Email
John	30	john@email.com
This cell spans 3 columns		

1. **Attribute:** Uses the `colspan` attribute in `<td>` or `<th>` tags.
2. **Purpose:** Allows a cell to **span multiple columns** horizontally.
3. **Alignment:** Takes the space of the **specified number of columns**.
4. **Layout:** Useful for combining cells to create complex table layouts.

Level 5

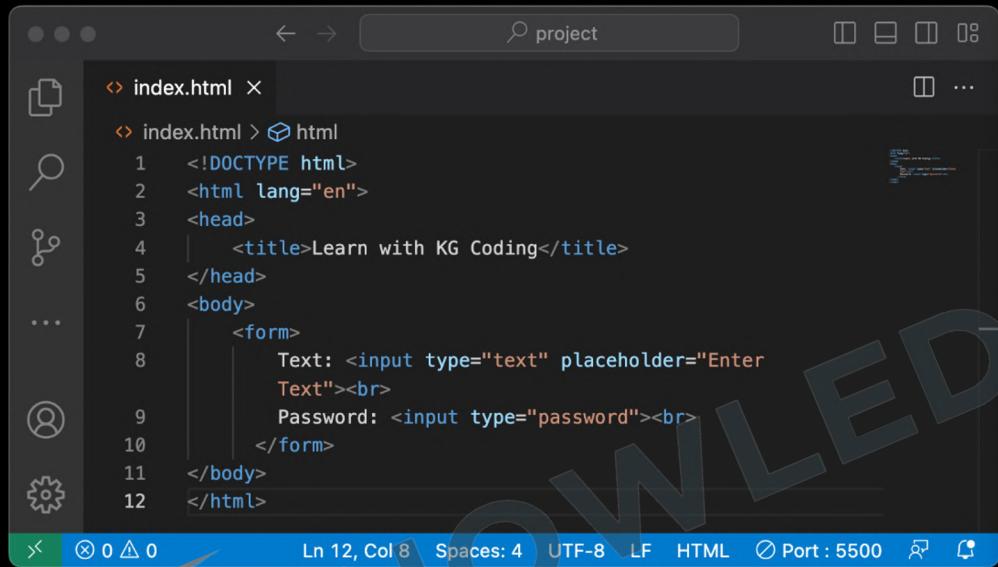
List, Tables & Forms



Forms

KNOWLEDGE GATE

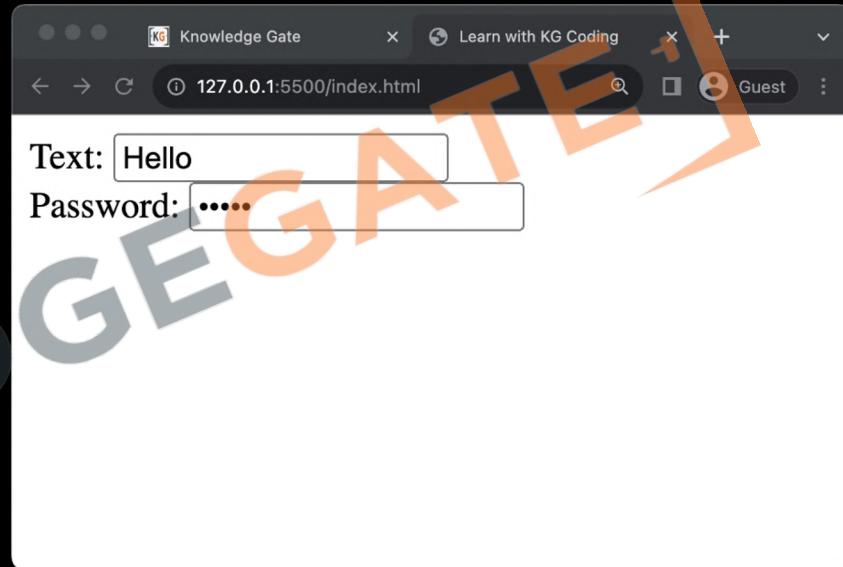
3.1 Input Tag



A screenshot of a code editor window titled "project". The file "index.html" is open, displaying the following HTML code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <form>
        Text: <input type="text" placeholder="Enter Text"><br>
        Password: <input type="password"><br>
    </form>
</body>
</html>
```

The code editor interface includes a sidebar with icons for file, search, and settings, and a status bar at the bottom showing "Ln 12, Col 8" and "Port : 5500".



1. **Purpose:** Used within a `<form>` element to collect user input.
2. **Self-Closing:** The `<input>` tag is self-closing; doesn't require a closing tag.
3. **Attributes:** Common attributes are `name`, `value`, `placeholder`, and `required`.

3.2 Action attribute

The image shows a code editor on the left and a browser window on the right. The code editor displays the file 'index.html' with the following content:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <form action="/submit.php" method="post">
        <input type="text" name="name">
        <input type="submit" value="Submit">
    </form>
</body>
</html>
```

The browser window shows the rendered HTML with a text input field and a submit button labeled 'Submit'. A large, semi-transparent watermark reading 'KNOWLEDGE GATE' diagonally across the center of the screen.

1. **Purpose:** Specifies the URL to which the form data should be sent when submitted.
2. **Default:** If not specified, the form will be submitted to the current page's URL.
3. **Server-Side:** Usually points to a server-side script (like PHP, Python, etc.) that processes the form data.

3.3 Name and Value property

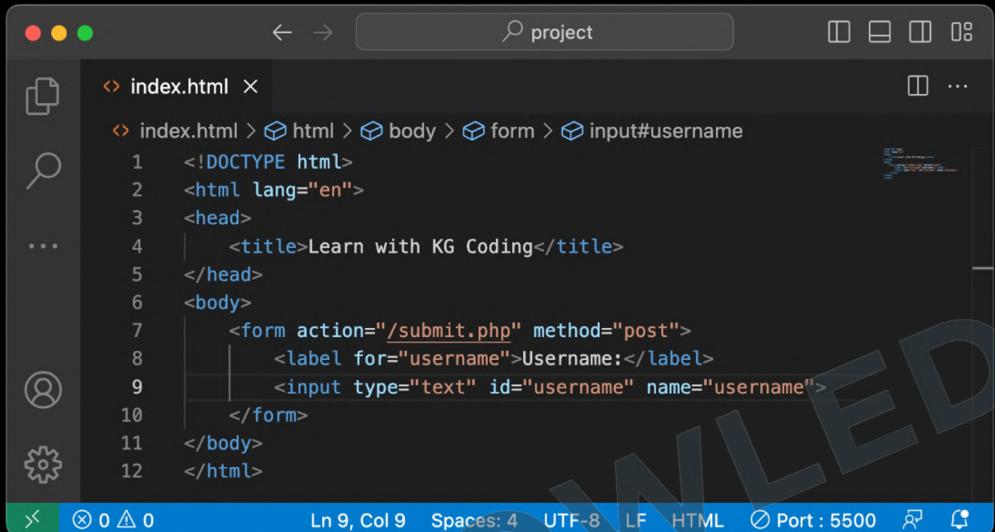
The image shows a code editor on the left and a browser window on the right. The code editor displays the following HTML code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <form action="/submit.php" method="post">
        <input type="text" name="username" value="John">
    </form>
</body>
</html>
```

The browser window shows a single input field containing the text "John". A large watermark reading "KNOWLEDGE GATE" diagonally across the center of the image.

- `name` Property:
 - **ID for Data:** Identifies form elements when submitting.
 - **Unique:** Should be unique to each element for clarity.
- `value` Property:
 - **Default Data:** Sets initial value for input elements.
 - **Sent to Server:** This is the data sent when form is submitted.

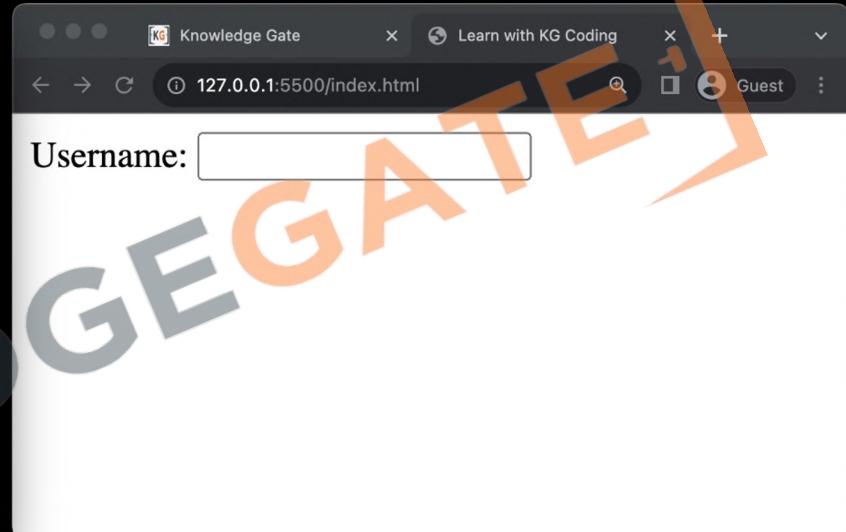
3.4 Label Tag



A screenshot of a code editor showing the file `index.html`. The code defines a form with a text input field and a label element:

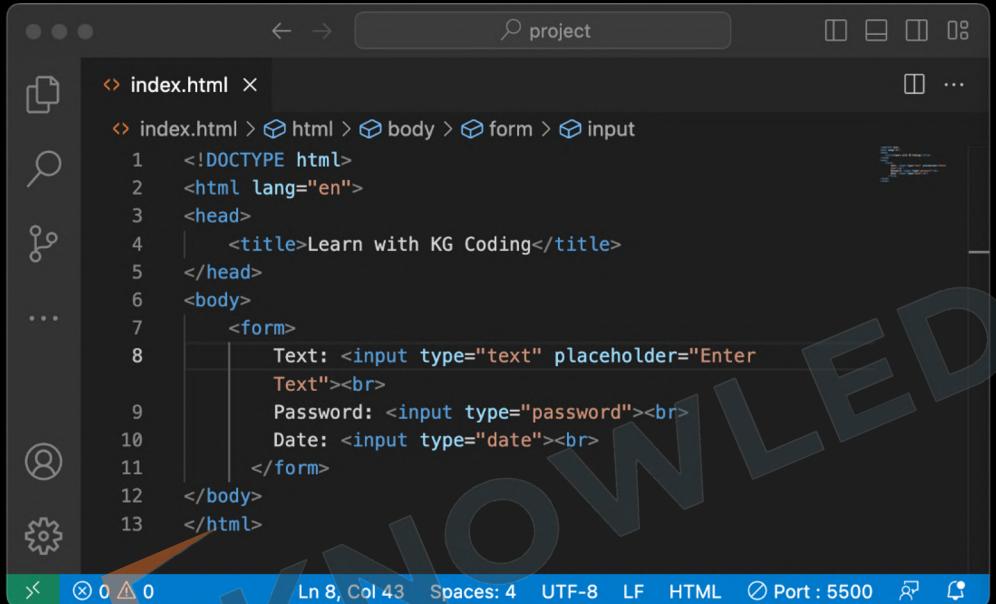
```
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html lang="en">
3 <head>
4   <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
5 </head>
6 <body>
7   <form action="/submit.php" method="post">
8     <label for="username">Username:</label>
9     <input type="text" id="username" name="username">
10   </form>
11 </body>
12 </html>
```

The code editor interface includes a sidebar with icons for file, search, and user, and a bottom status bar showing file statistics.



- **Purpose:** Adds a text description to form elements.
- **for Attribute:** Connects the label to a specific **form element** using the element's id.
- **Accessibility:** Makes the form more accessible.
- **Readability:** Enhances form readability and usability.

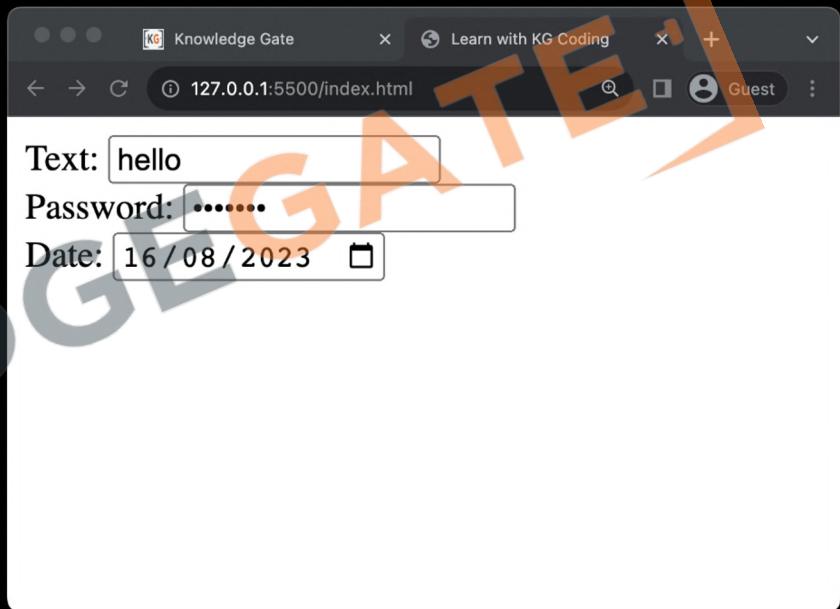
3.5 Input type: Date



A screenshot of a code editor window titled "index.html". The code editor shows the following HTML structure:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <form>
        Text: <input type="text" placeholder="Enter Text"><br>
        Password: <input type="password"><br>
        Date: <input type="date"><br>
    </form>
</body>
</html>
```

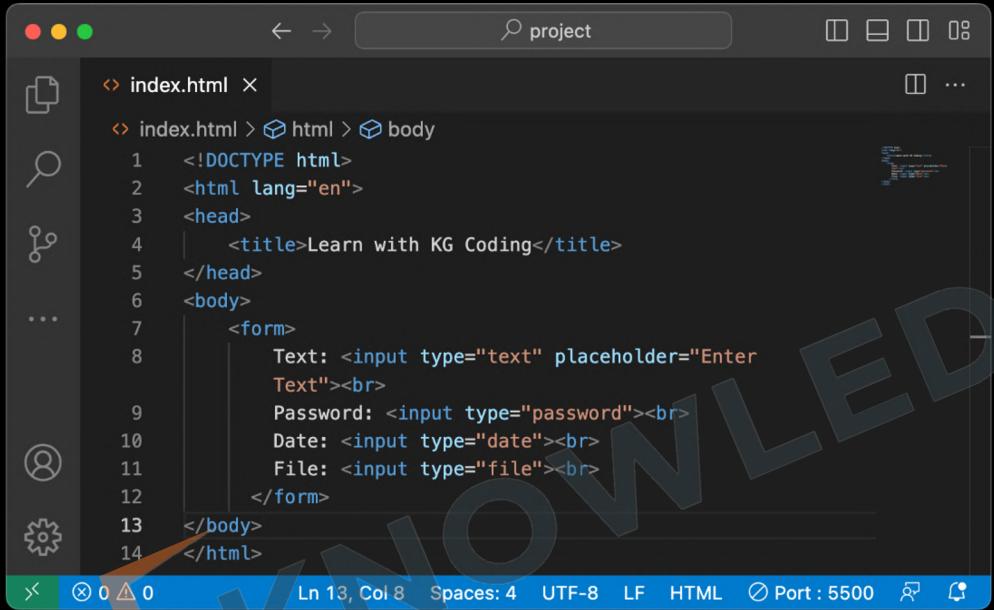
The status bar at the bottom indicates: Ln 8, Col 43, Spaces: 4, UTF-8, LF, HTML, Port : 5500.



A screenshot of a web browser window titled "Knowledge Gate". The URL is 127.0.0.1:5500/index.html. The page displays three input fields:

- Text:
- Password:
- Date: (input field icon)

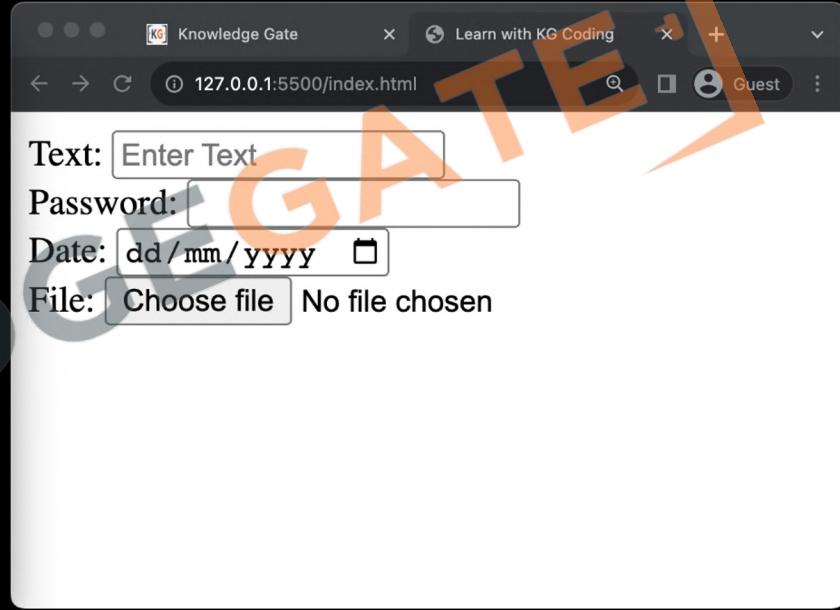
3.5 Input type: File



A screenshot of a code editor window titled "project". The file "index.html" is open, showing the following code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <form>
        Text: <input type="text" placeholder="Enter Text"><br>
        Password: <input type="password"><br>
        Date: <input type="date"><br>
        File: <input type="file"><br>
    </form>
</body>
</html>
```

The code editor has a dark theme with light-colored syntax highlighting. A sidebar on the left contains icons for file operations like new, open, save, and search.



A screenshot of a web browser window titled "Knowledge Gate" with the URL "127.0.0.1:5500/index.html". The page displays a form with four input fields:

Text:

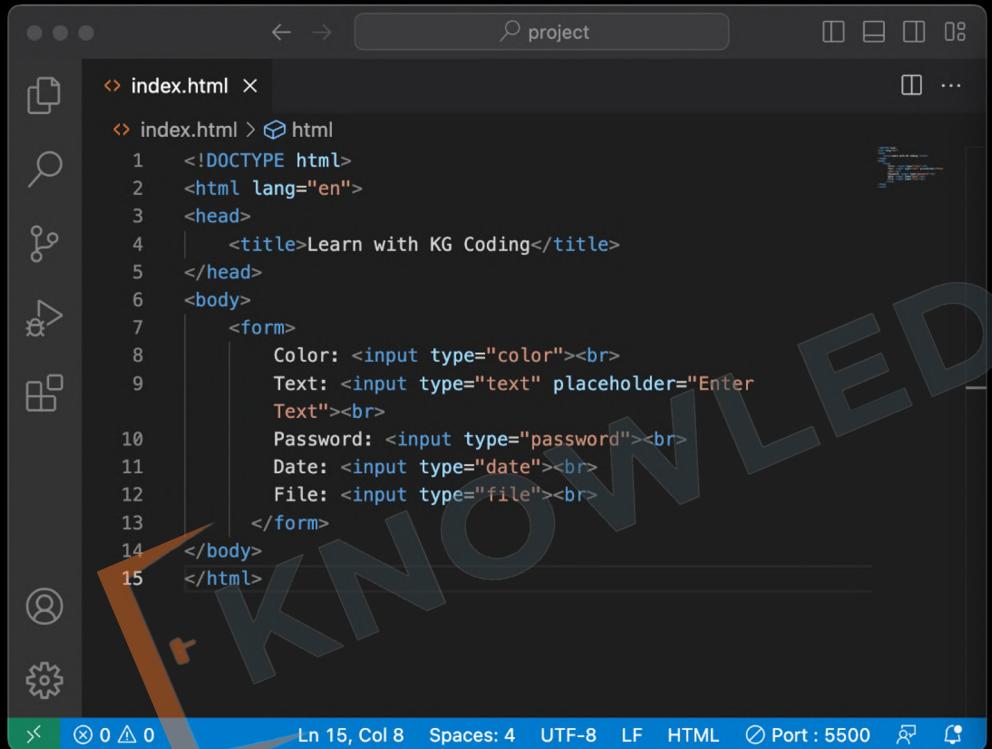
Password:

Date:

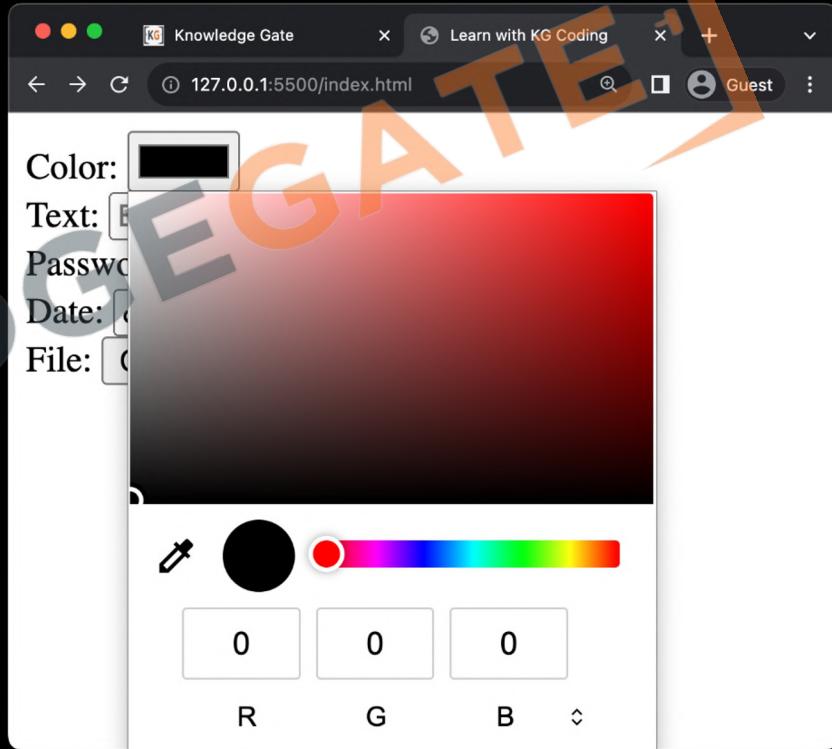
File: Choose file No file chosen

The browser interface includes standard navigation buttons (back, forward, search) and a user profile icon.

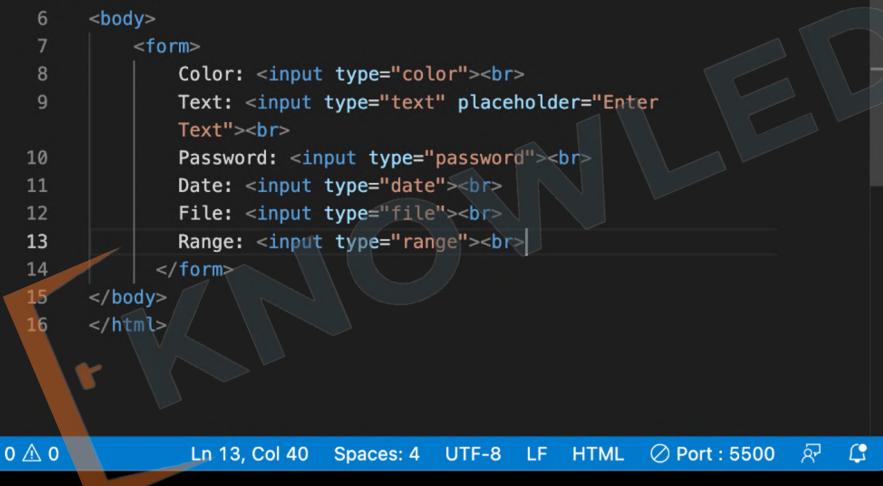
3.5 Input type: Color



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <form>
        Color: <input type="color"><br>
        Text: <input type="text" placeholder="Enter Text"><br>
        Password: <input type="password"><br>
        Date: <input type="date"><br>
        File: <input type="file"><br>
    </form>
</body>
</html>
```

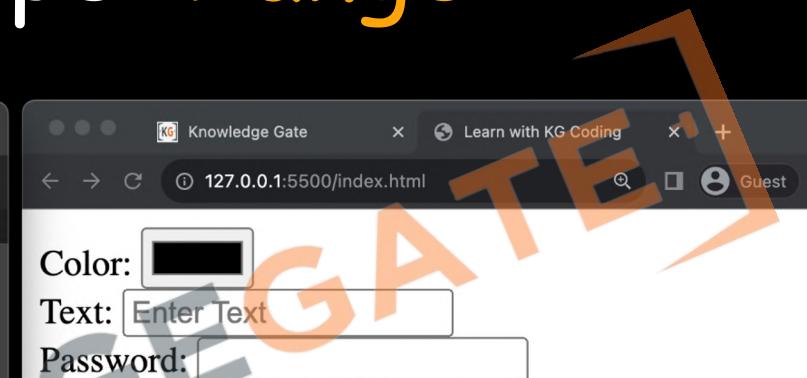


3.5 Input type: Range



```
project
index.html ×
index.html > html > body > form > br
1  <!DOCTYPE html>
2  <html lang="en">
3  <head>
4    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
5  </head>
6  <body>
7    <form>
8      Color: <input type="color"><br>
9      Text: <input type="text" placeholder="Enter Text"><br>
10     Password: <input type="password"><br>
11     Date: <input type="date"><br>
12     File: <input type="file"><br>
13     Range: <input type="range"><br>
14   </form>
15 </body>
16 </html>
```

Ln 13, Col 40 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF HTML ⚙️ Port : 5500 🔍



Knowledge Gate x Learn with KG Coding Guest :

Color:

Text:

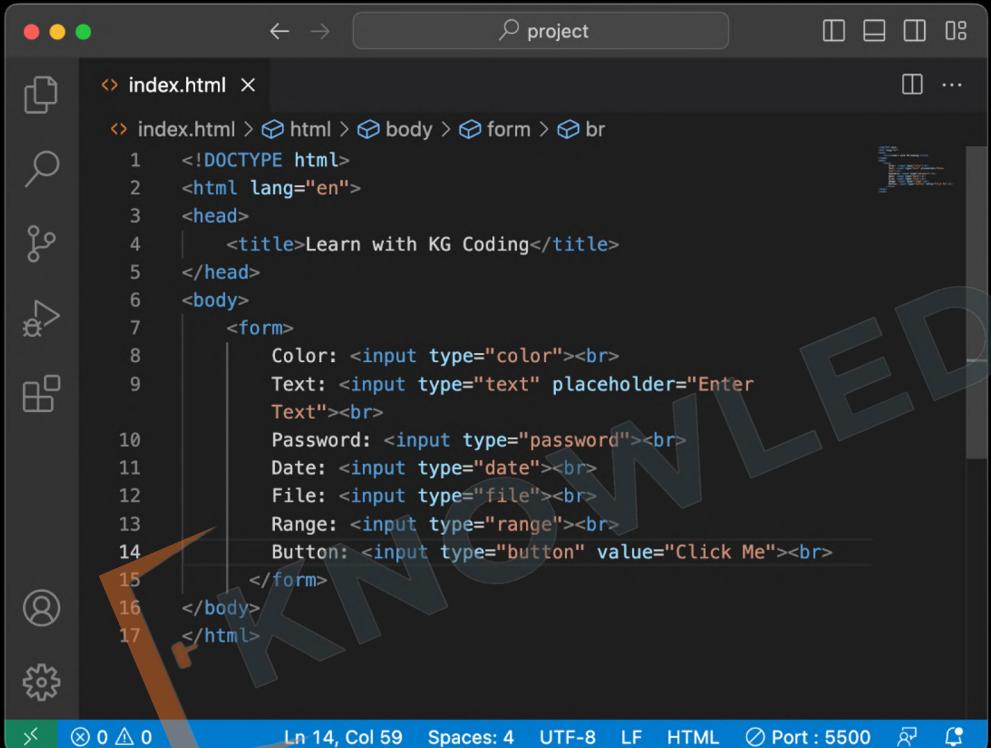
Password:

Date:

File: Choose file No file chosen

Range:

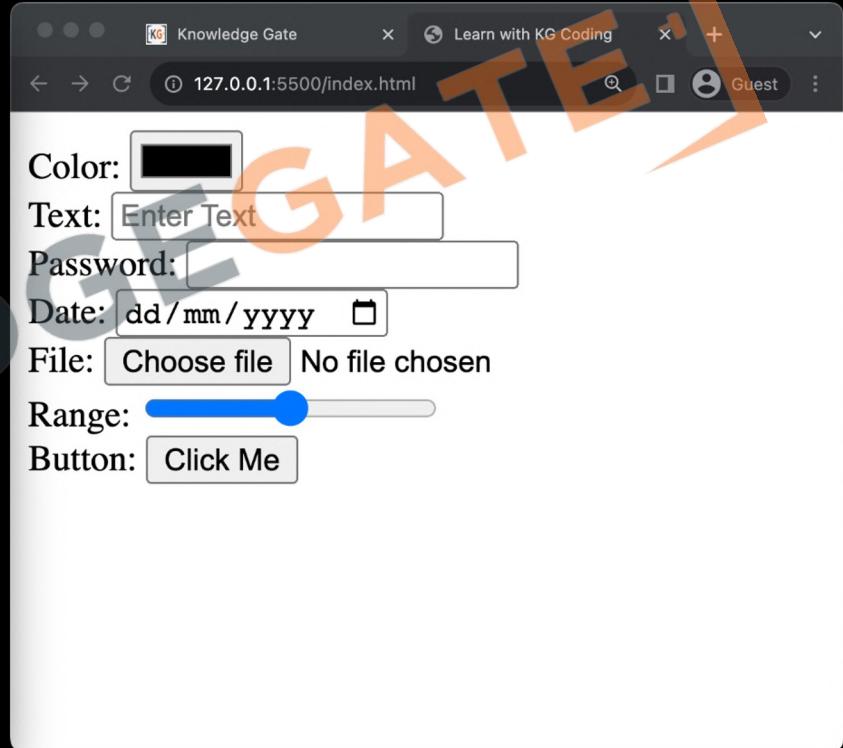
3.5 Input type: Button



A screenshot of a code editor showing the file `index.html`. The code defines a form with various input fields:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <form>
        Color: <input type="color"><br>
        Text: <input type="text" placeholder="Enter Text"><br>
        Password: <input type="password"><br>
        Date: <input type="date"><br>
        File: <input type="file"><br>
        Range: <input type="range"><br>
        Button: <input type="button" value="Click Me"><br>
    </form>
</body>
</html>
```

The code editor interface includes a sidebar with icons for file operations, a search bar, and a status bar at the bottom indicating line 14, column 59, and UTF-8 encoding.

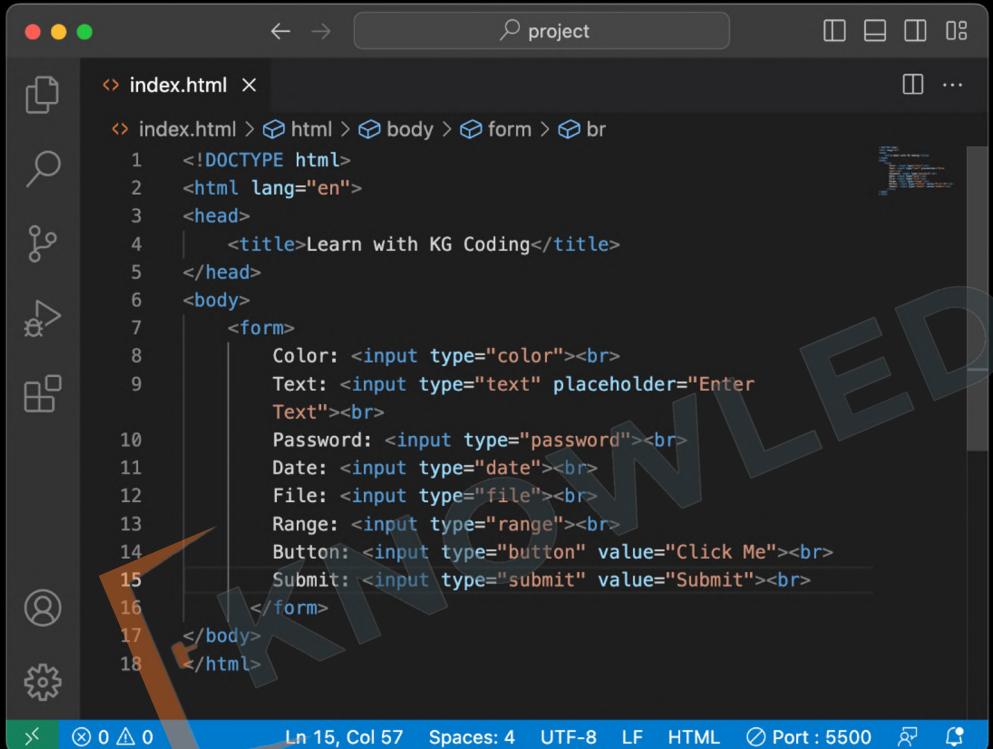


A screenshot of a web browser showing the rendered HTML from the code editor. The page displays the following inputs:

- Color: A color picker input.
- Text: An input field with placeholder text "Enter Text".
- Password: A password input field.
- Date: A date input field with a placeholder "dd/mm/yyyy".
- File: A file input field with the label "Choose file" and a message "No file chosen".
- Range: A range slider input.
- Button: A button labeled "Click Me".

The browser window has a watermark "KNOWLEDGE GATE" across it. The address bar shows the URL `127.0.0.1:5500/index.html`.

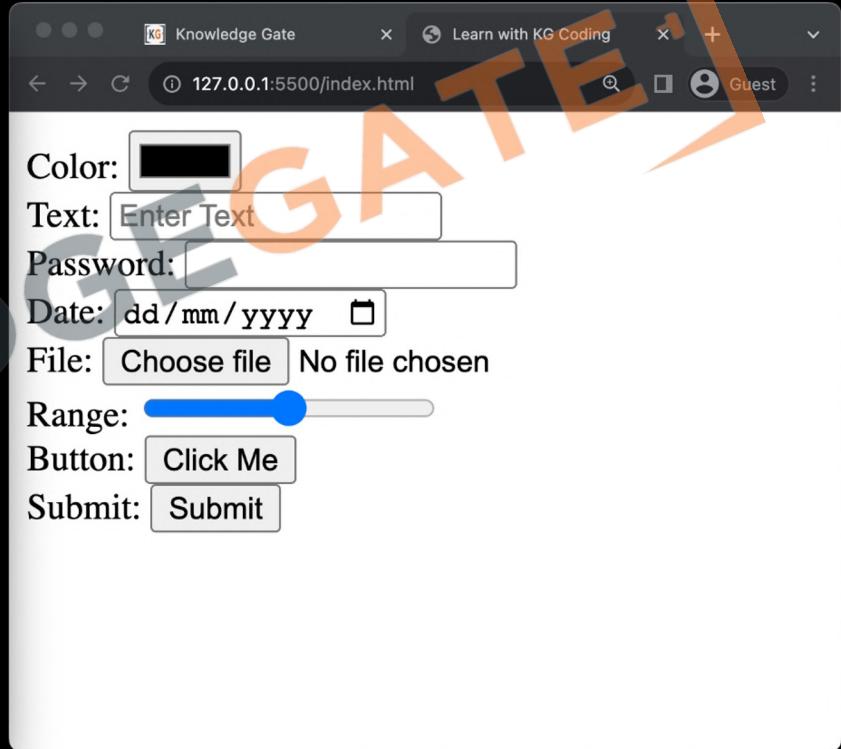
3.5 Input type: Submit



A screenshot of a code editor showing the file `index.html`. The code defines a form with various input fields:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <form>
        Color: <input type="color"><br>
        Text: <input type="text" placeholder="Enter Text"><br>
        Password: <input type="password"><br>
        Date: <input type="date"><br>
        File: <input type="file"><br>
        Range: <input type="range"><br>
        Button: <input type="button" value="Click Me"><br>
        Submit: <input type="submit" value="Submit"><br>
    </form>
</body>
</html>
```

The code editor interface includes a sidebar with icons for file operations, a search bar, and a status bar at the bottom indicating line 15, column 57, and UTF-8 encoding.



A screenshot of a web browser showing the rendered HTML from the code editor. The page displays the following form fields:

Color:

Text:

Password:

Date:

File: No file chosen

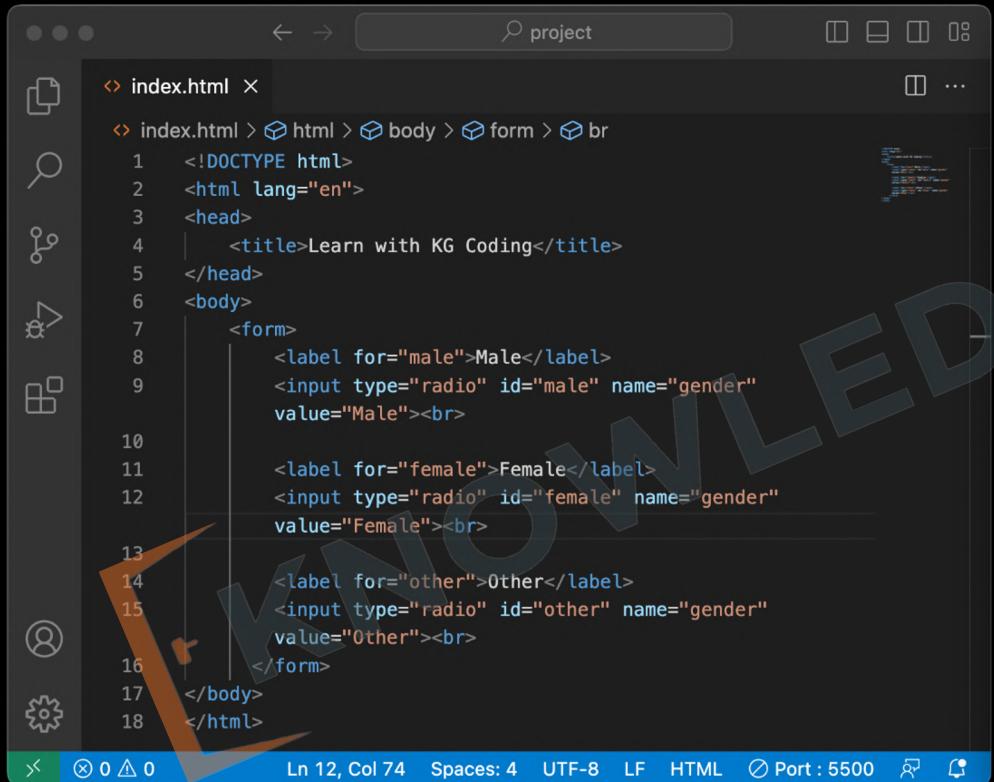
Range:

Button:

Submit:

The browser window has a watermark "KNOWLEDGE GATE" across it. The address bar shows the URL `127.0.0.1:5500/index.html`.

3.5 Input type: Radio



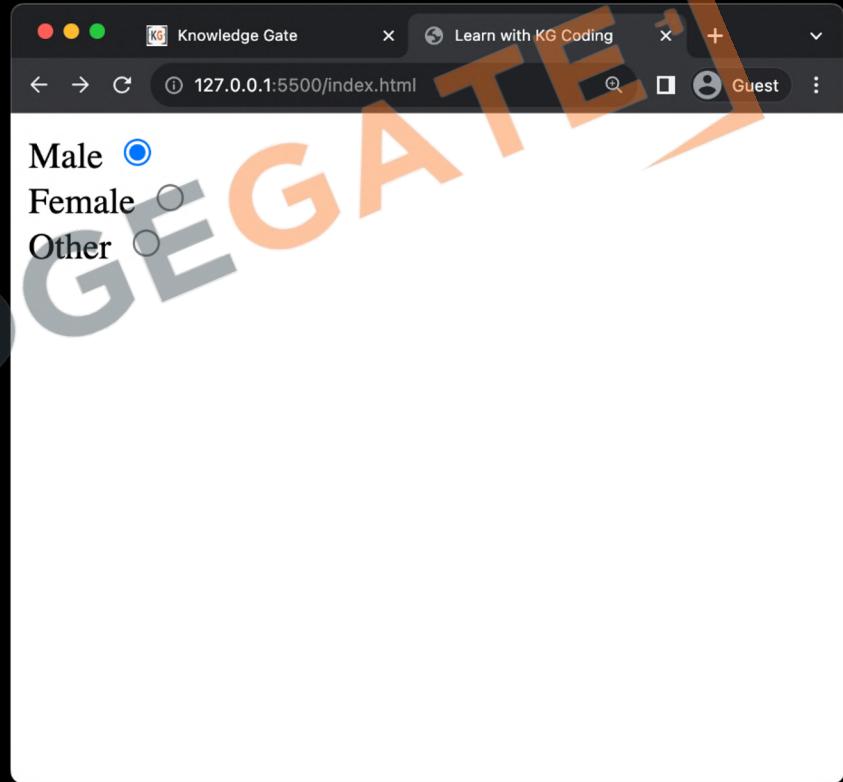
A screenshot of a code editor displaying the file `index.html`. The code defines a form with three radio buttons for gender selection:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <form>
        <label for="male">Male</label>
        <input type="radio" id="male" name="gender" value="Male"><br>

        <label for="female">Female</label>
        <input type="radio" id="female" name="gender" value="Female"><br>

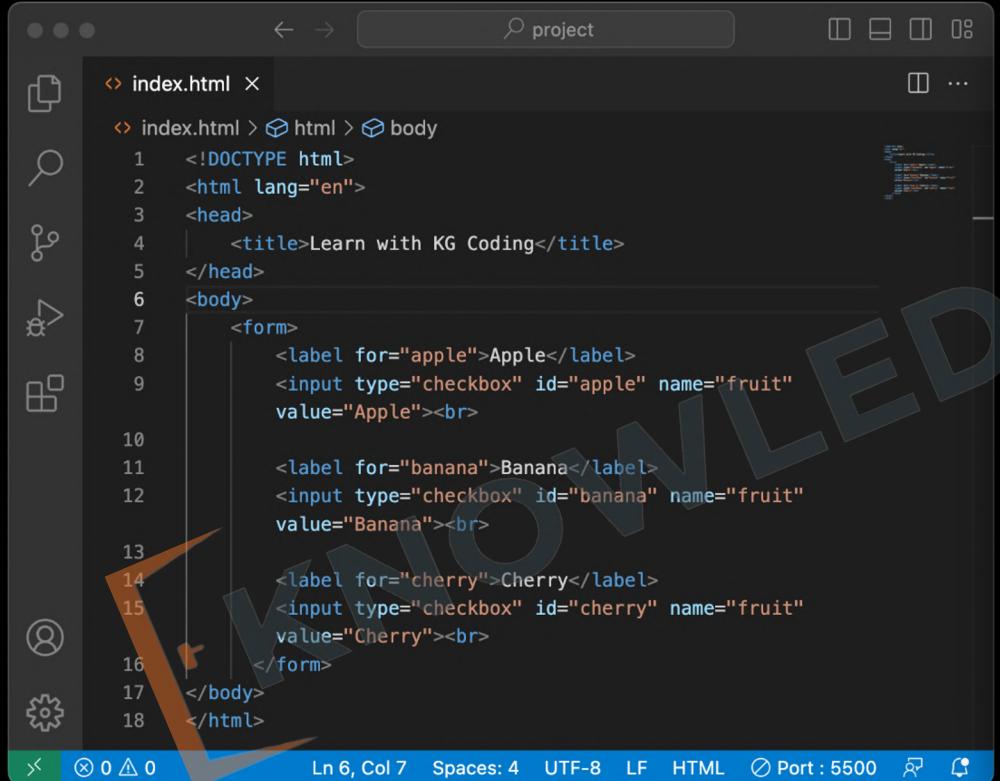
        <label for="other">Other</label>
        <input type="radio" id="other" name="gender" value="Other"><br>
    </form>
</body>
</html>
```

The code editor interface includes a sidebar with various icons for file operations, a search bar, and a status bar at the bottom indicating the current line (Ln 12), column (Col 74), and encoding (UTF-8).



A screenshot of a web browser window titled "Knowledge Gate" showing the rendered HTML from the code editor. The page displays three radio buttons labeled "Male", "Female", and "Other". The "Male" option is selected, indicated by a blue outline around the radio button and the word "Male" in bold.

3.5 Input type: Checkbox



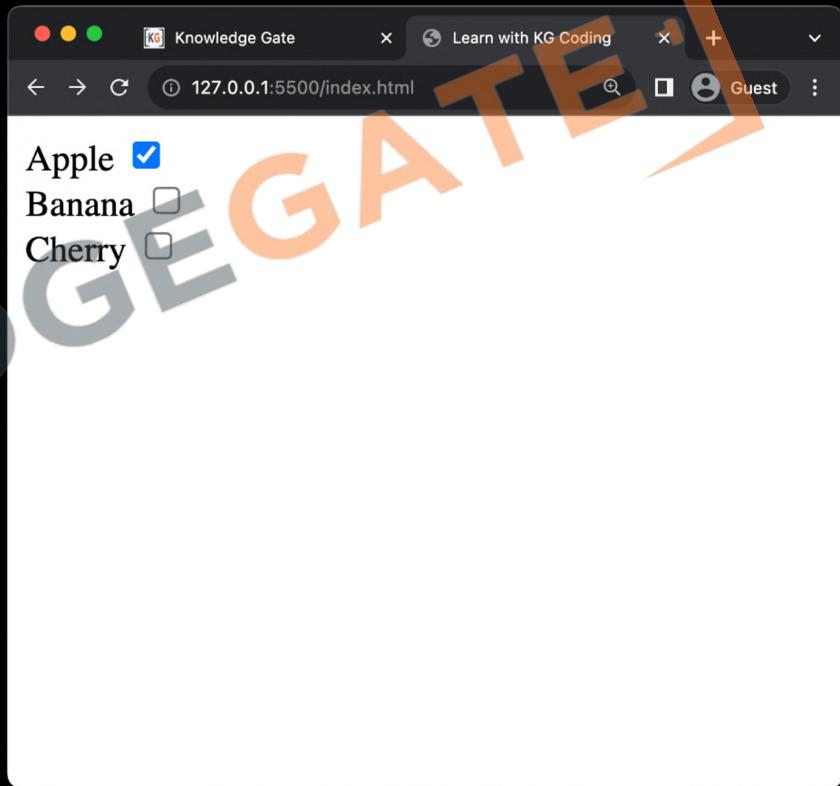
A screenshot of a code editor showing the file `index.html`. The code defines a form with three checkbox inputs, each associated with a fruit label:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <form>
        <label for="apple">Apple</label>
        <input type="checkbox" id="apple" name="fruit" value="Apple"><br>

        <label for="banana">Banana</label>
        <input type="checkbox" id="banana" name="fruit" value="Banana"><br>

        <label for="cherry">Cherry</label>
        <input type="checkbox" id="cherry" name="fruit" value="Cherry"><br>
    </form>
</body>
</html>
```

The code editor interface includes a sidebar with various icons and a status bar at the bottom.

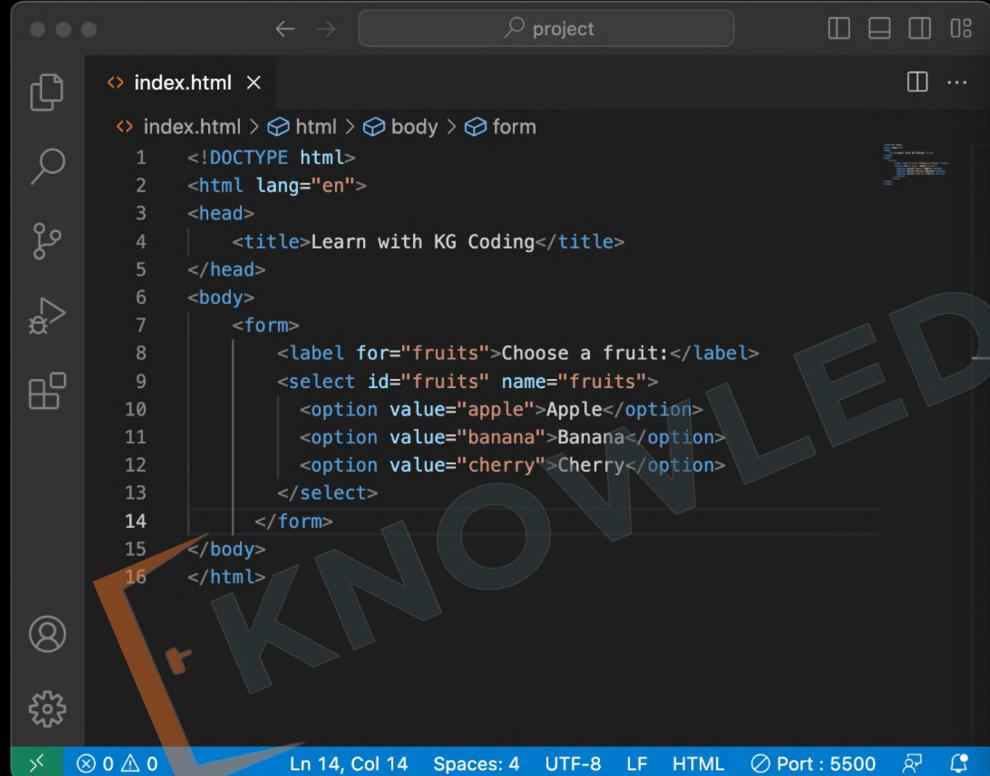


A screenshot of a web browser window titled "Knowledge Gate". The URL is `127.0.0.1:5500/index.html`. The page displays three items with checkboxes:

- Apple
- Banana
- Cherry

A large, semi-transparent watermark reading "KNOWLEDGE GATE" is overlaid across the browser window.

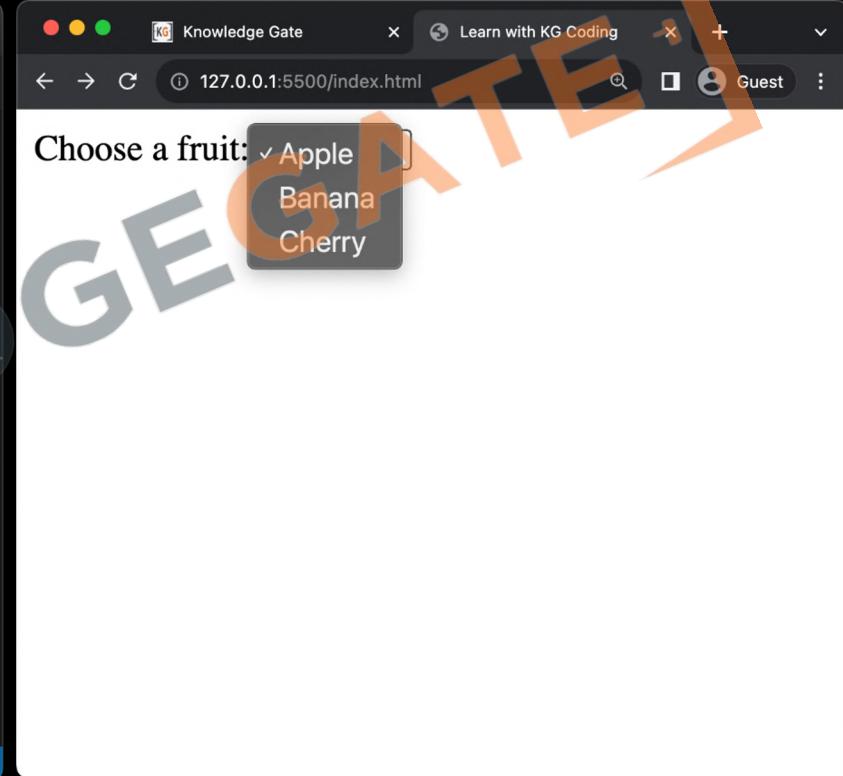
3.5 Input type: Select



A screenshot of a code editor displaying the file `index.html`. The code defines a simple HTML form with a `select` element for selecting a fruit. The code is as follows:

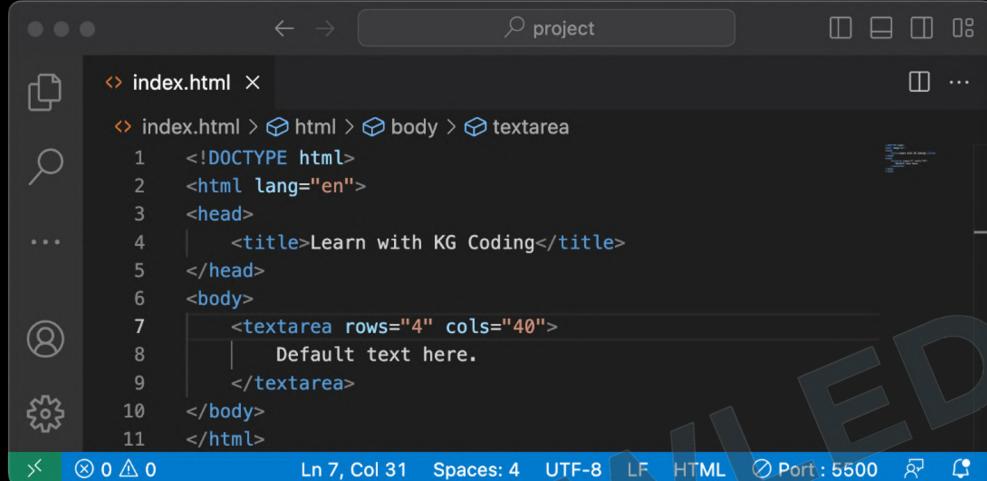
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <form>
        <label for="fruits">Choose a fruit:</label>
        <select id="fruits" name="fruits">
            <option value="apple">Apple</option>
            <option value="banana">Banana</option>
            <option value="cherry">Cherry</option>
        </select>
    </form>
</body>
</html>
```

The code editor interface includes a sidebar with various icons for file operations, a search bar, and a status bar at the bottom indicating line 14, column 14, and other file details.

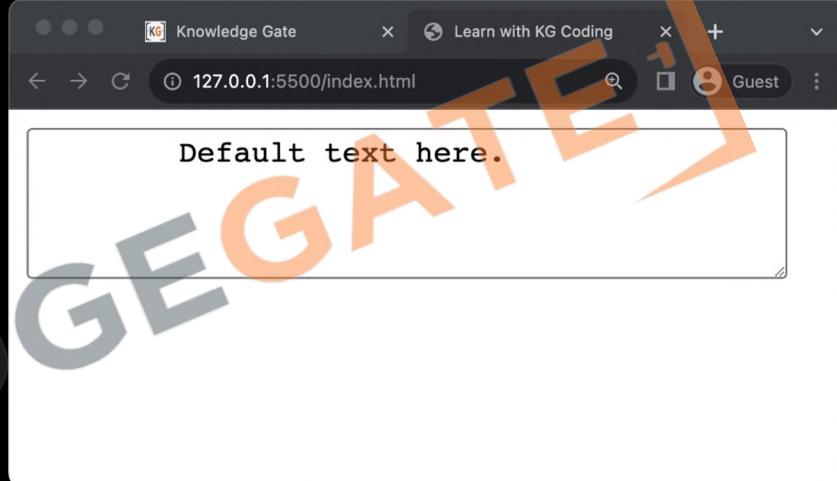


A screenshot of a web browser window titled "Knowledge Gate" showing the URL `127.0.0.1:5500/index.html`. The page displays the text "Choose a fruit:" followed by a dropdown menu with three options: "Apple", "Banana", and "Cherry". The word "KNOWLEDGE GATE" is overlaid diagonally across the browser window.

3.5 Input type: TextArea



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <textarea rows="4" cols="40">
        Default text here.
    </textarea>
</body>
</html>
```



1. Purpose: `<textarea>` is used for multi-line text input in forms.
 1. **rows Property:** Specifies the visible number of lines in the textarea.
 2. **cols Property:** Sets the visible width measured in average character widths.
2. Resizable: Some browsers allow users to manually resize the textarea.

Level 5

List, Tables & Forms



4GiFATE¹
Frame
Tag

4.1 Using iFrames

The image shows a code editor on the left and a web browser on the right. The code editor displays the following HTML code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Learn with KG Coding</title>
</head>
<body>
    <iframe width="300" height="200" src="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Main_Page"></iframe>
</body>
</html>
```

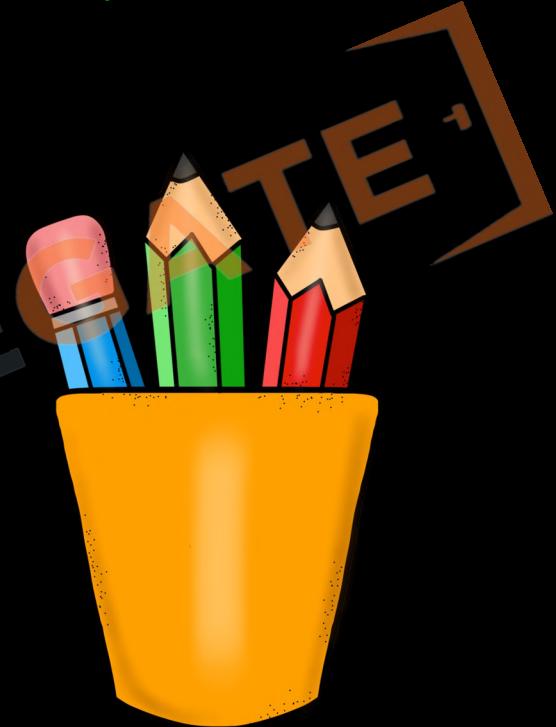
The browser window shows the rendered output of the code, which is a Wikipedia page. A large watermark reading "ACKNOWLEDGED" is diagonally across the center of the image.

1. **Embedded Content:** Allows you to embed another webpage or multimedia content within a webpage.
2. **src Attribute:** Specifies the URL of the content to be embedded.
3. **Dimensions:** Width and height can be set using width and height attributes.

Level 5 Revision

List, Tables & Forms

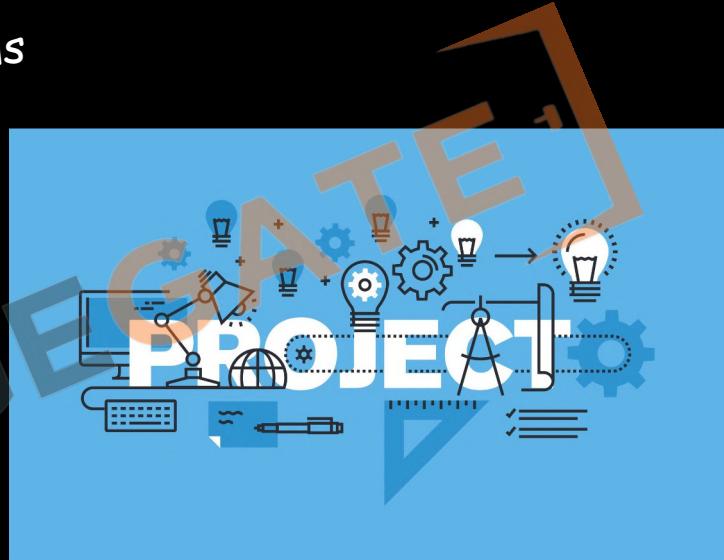
1. List Tag
 1. Ordered Lists
 2. Types of Ordered Lists
 3. Unordered Lists
2. Table Tag
 1. `<tr>`, `<td>`, `<th>` tags
 2. Captions
 3. Col spans
3. Forms
 1. Input tag
 2. Action Attributes
 3. Name and Value Property
 4. Label Tag
 5. Exploring Types
4. iFrame Tag
 1. Using iFrames



Project Level 5

List, Tables & Forms

1. Create a **page** with all type of ordered list and one unordered list.
2. Create a **table** with headings, captions and a few rows. One of heading should take at least 3 columns.
3. Create a **contact me** form with relevant details for your resume website.
4. Use iFrame to add this video to your page.



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Some Other One shot Video Links:

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- [Complete JavaScript](#)
- [Complete React and Redux](#)
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[Knowledge GATE](#)



[KG Placement Prep](#)



[Sanchit Socket](#)

Level Bonus

Github Pages & CodeSpace

1. Github

1. What is Version Control
2. What is Git and GitHub
3. Account Creation
4. Creating a Repo
5. Creating a Codespace
6. Creating a Github page
7. Publishing our project

2. FrameWorks

1. React
2. Angular
3. Vue



Level Bonus

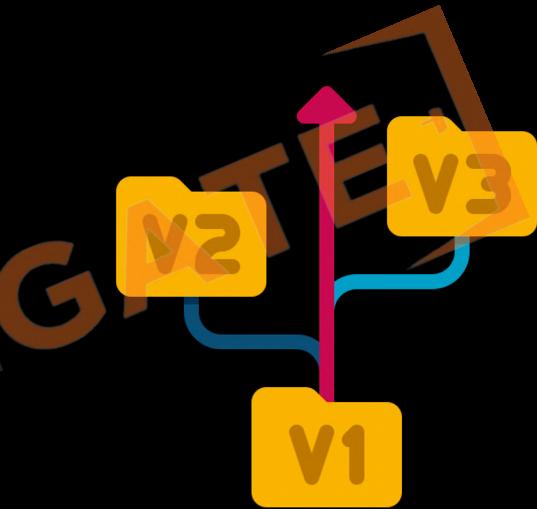
Github Pages & CodeSpace



1.GitHub
KNOWLEDGE GATE

1.1 What is Version Control

1. **Definition:** A system to track changes in files over time.
2. **Types:** Centralized (like **SVN**) and Distributed (like **Git**).
3. **Purpose:** Helps in teamwork and fixes mistakes.
4. **Snapshots:** Each 'commit' saves a file version.
5. **Branching:** Lets you work on different tasks separately.
6. **Merge:** Combines changes from different people.
7. **Undo:** Easy to revert to older file versions.



1.2 What is Git and GitHub

What is Git?

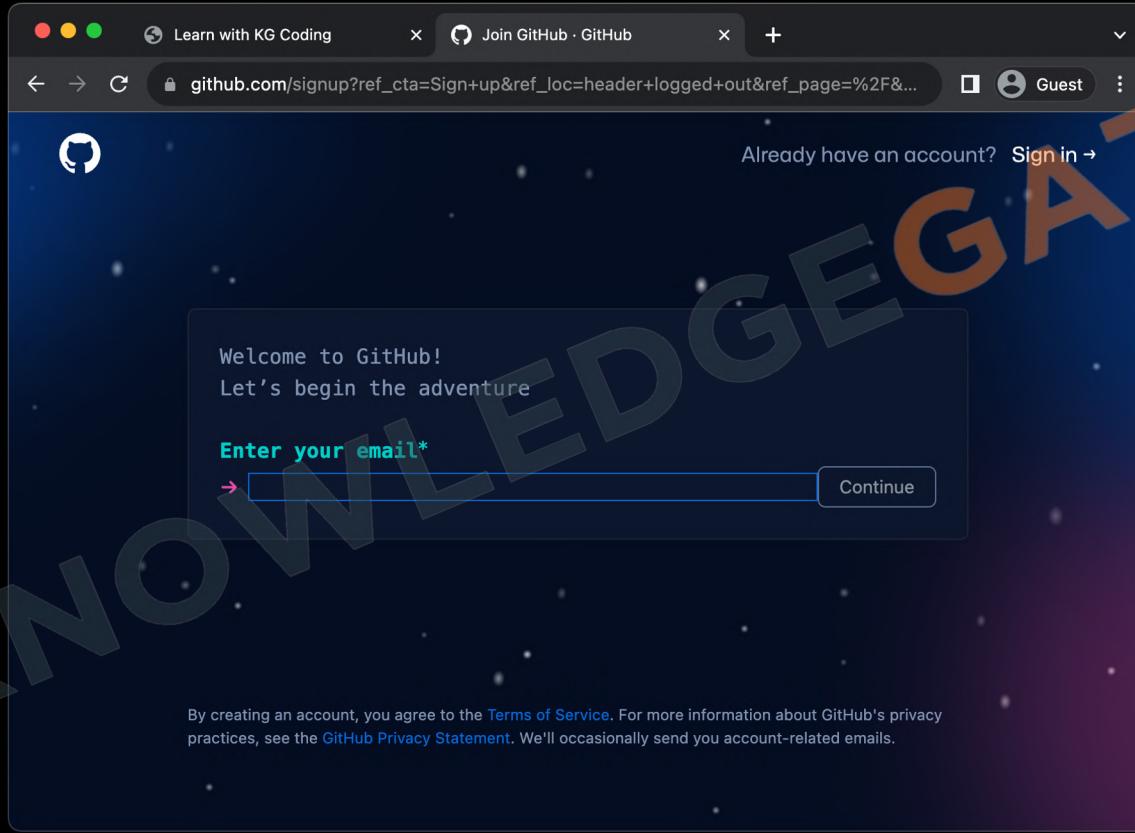
- **Definition:** A software tool that tracks changes in code, enabling collaboration and version control.
- **Commit:** Records a snapshot of file changes.
- **Branch:** Allows separate paths of development.
- **Merge:** Combines changes from different branches.

What is GitHub?

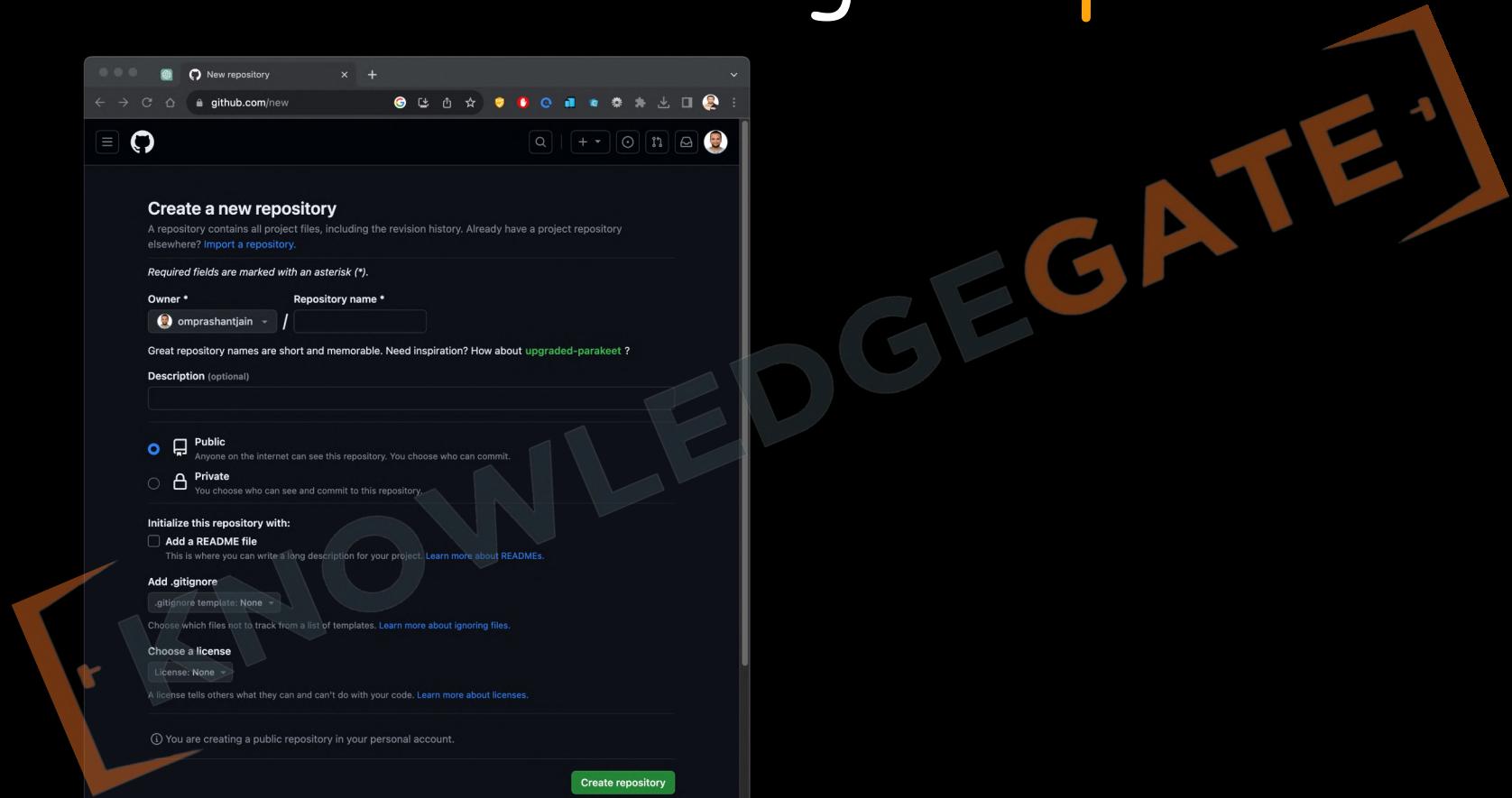
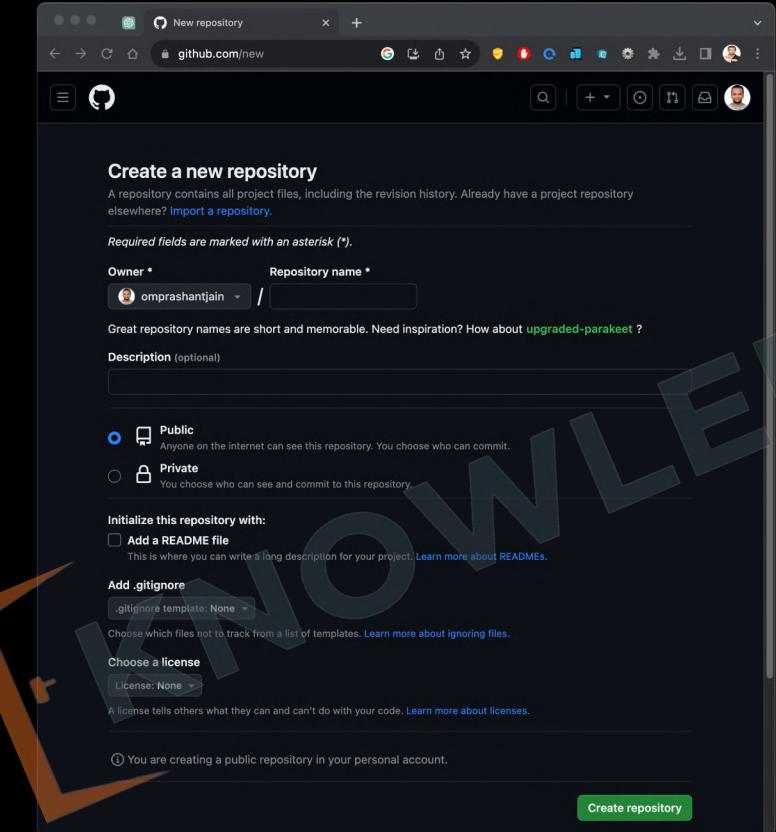
- **Definition:** A web service for hosting and collaborating on Git repositories.
- **Fork:** Creates a personal copy of another user's repository.
- **Pull Request:** A way to propose changes to existing code.
- **Issues:** Used for tracking bugs and feature ideas.



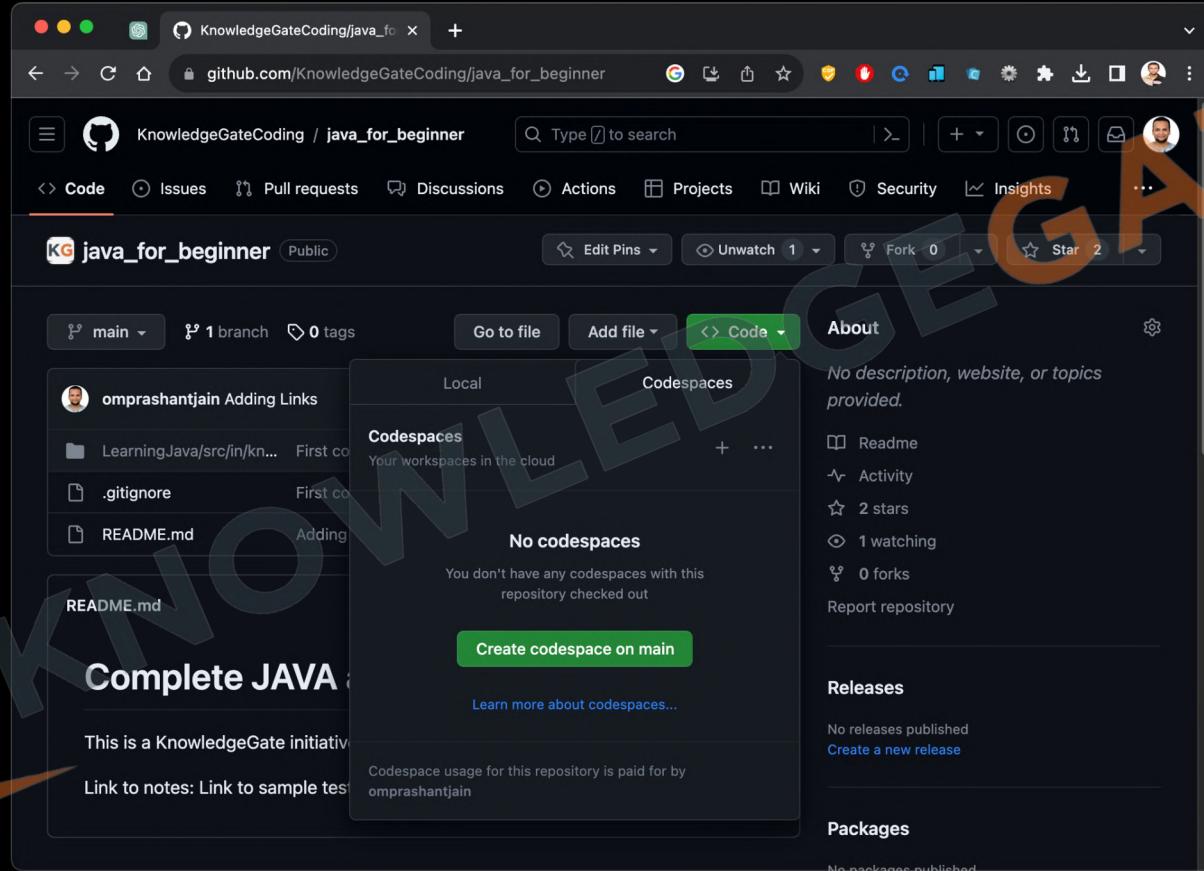
1.3 Account Creation



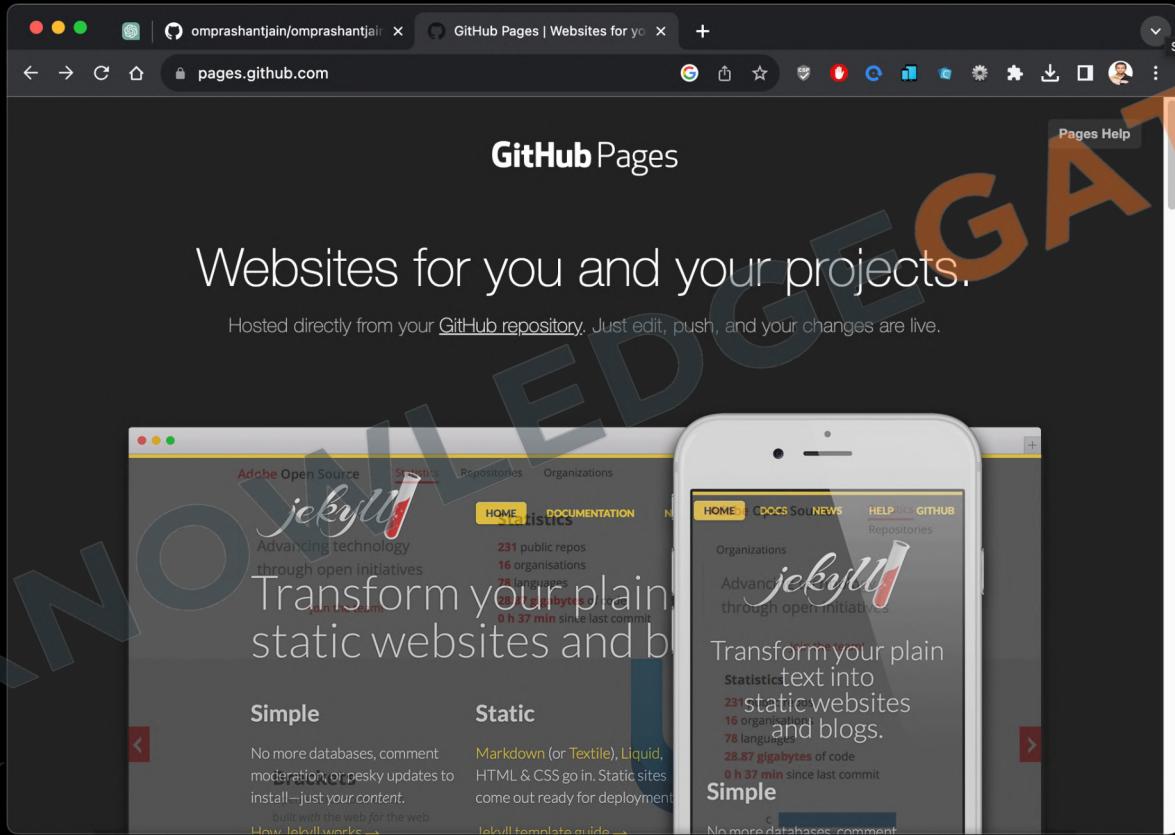
1.4 Creating a Repo



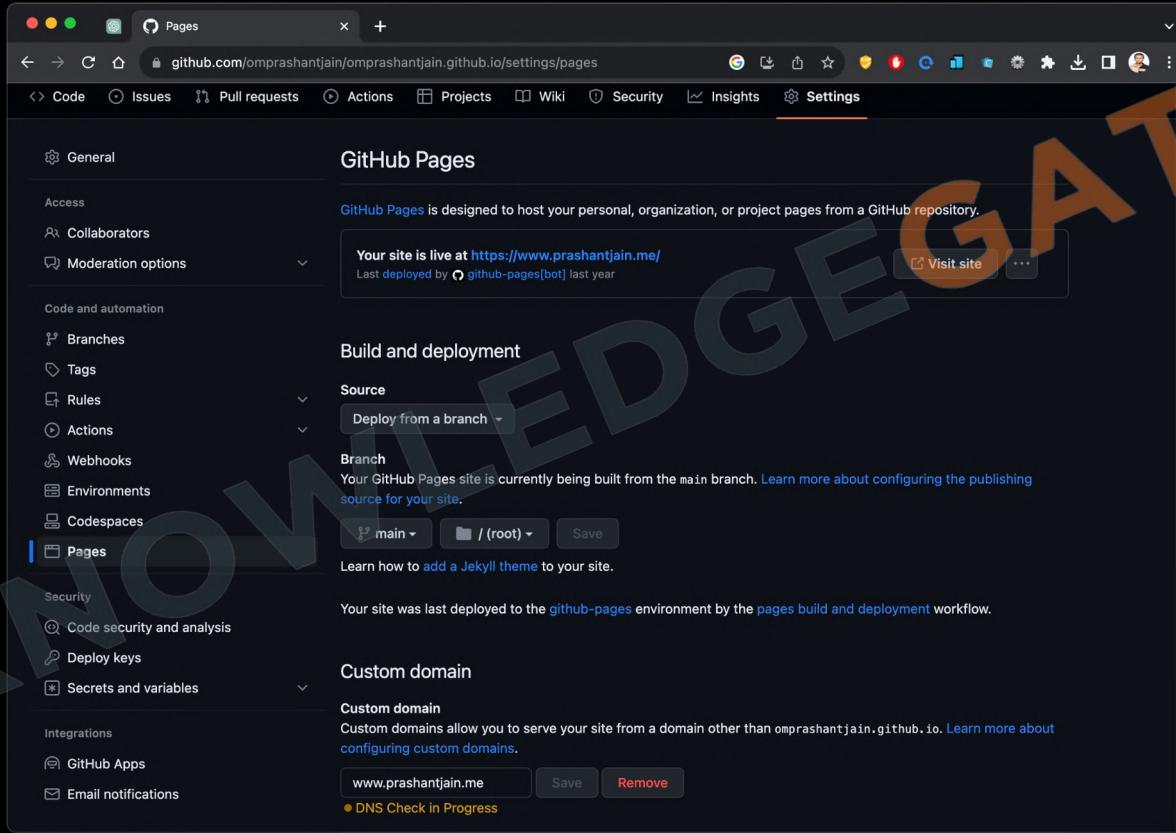
1.5 Creating a CodeSpace



1.6 Creating a Github Page



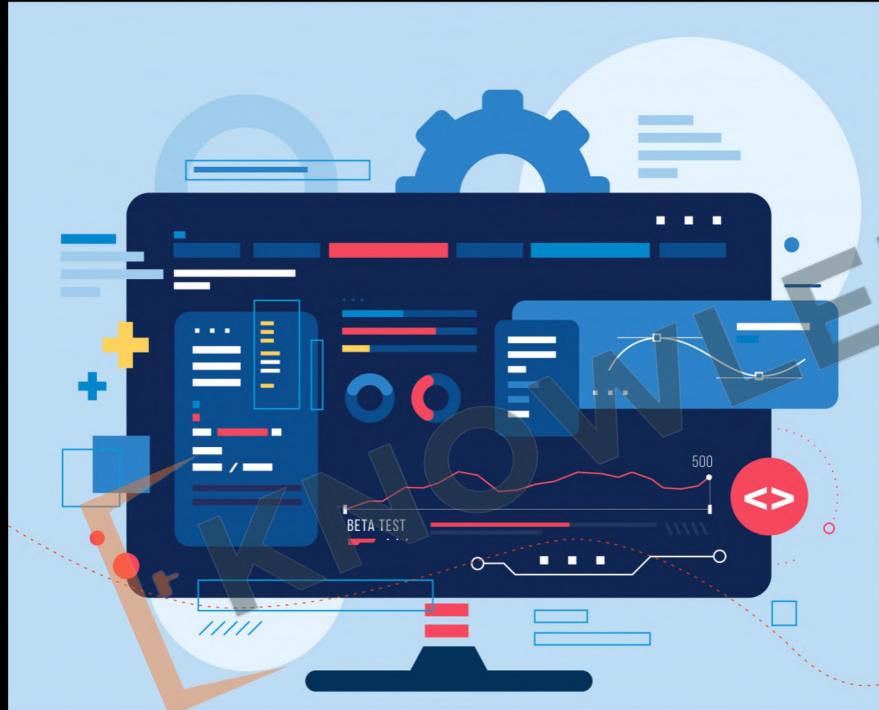
1.7 Publishing our Project



The screenshot shows the GitHub Pages settings page for the repository `omprashantjain/omprashantjain.github.io`. The main heading is "GitHub Pages". A message states: "GitHub Pages is designed to host your personal, organization, or project pages from a GitHub repository." Below this, it says "Your site is live at <https://www.prashantjain.me/>". A button labeled "Visit site" is present. The left sidebar contains sections for General, Access, Collaborators, Moderation options, Code and automation (Branches, Tags, Rules, Actions, Webhooks, Environments, Codespaces, Pages), Security (Code security and analysis, Deploy keys, Secrets and variables), Integrations (GitHub Apps, Email notifications), and Settings. The "Pages" section is currently selected. In the "Build and deployment" section, the "Source" dropdown is set to "Deploy from a branch" and the "Branch" dropdown is set to "main". A note says "Your GitHub Pages site is currently being built from the main branch." The "Custom domain" section shows a custom domain "www.prashantjain.me" with a status of "DNS Check in Progress". A large watermark reading "KNOWLEDGEABLE" is overlaid across the page.

Level Bonus

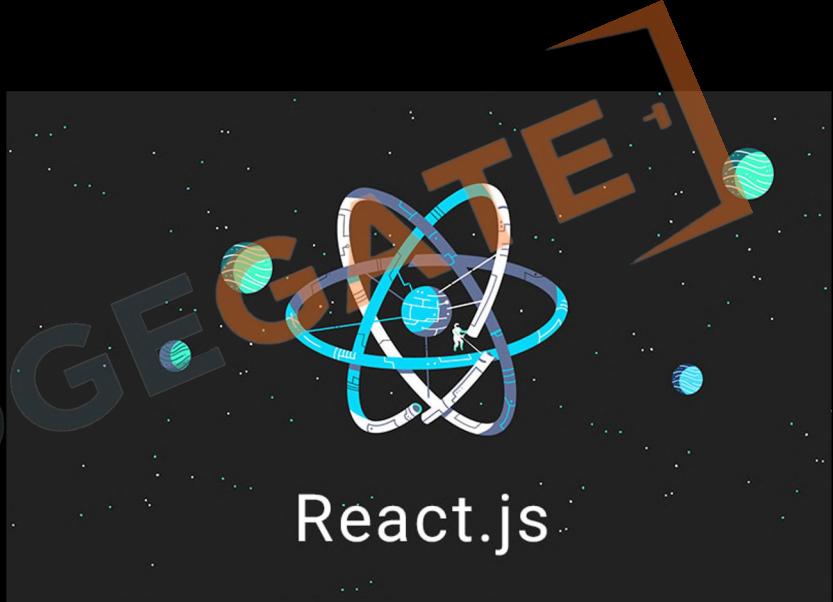
Github Pages & CodeSpace



EDGEGATE¹
2. Frameworks

3.1 ReactJS

1. **Definition:** A tool for making websites interactive.
2. **Components:** Reusable pieces for building a webpage.
3. **Virtual DOM:** Makes websites faster by updating only what's needed.
4. **JSX:** A special way to write code that looks like **HTML**.
5. **State:** Keeps track of changes on the webpage.
6. **Props:** Shares information between different parts of a webpage.



3.2 AngularJS

1. **Definition:** A framework for building web applications, developed by **Google**.
2. **Two-Way Data Binding:** Updates both the view and the model simultaneously.
3. **Directives:** Custom **HTML** tags for added functionality.
4. **Dependency Injection:** **Automatically manages** how parts of the app work together.
5. **Controllers:** Manages the data for a specific part of the webpage.
6. **SPA Support:** Good for **Single Page Applications** where the page doesn't reload.



3.3 VueJS

1. **Definition:** A JavaScript framework for creating web interfaces.
2. **Components:** Small, **reusable parts** for building a website.
3. **Reactivity:** **Automatically updates** the webpage when data changes.
4. **Directives:** Special tokens in **HTML** for added functionality.
5. **Vuex:** Helps manage shared data across the site.
6. **Single-File Components:** Keeps template, script, and style in one file.



Level Bonus Revision

Github Pages & CodeSpace

1. Github

1. What is Version Control
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5. Creating a Codespace
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7. Publishing our project

2. FrameWorks

1. React
2. Angular
3. Vue

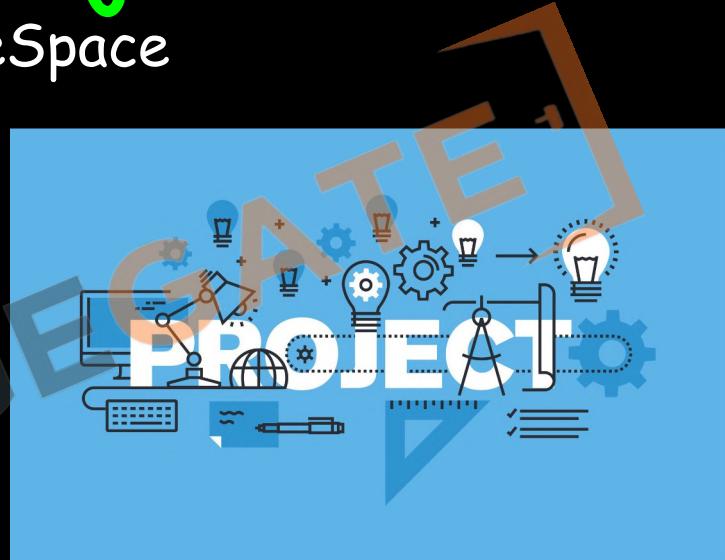


ACKNOWLEDGE

Level Bonus Project

Github Pages & CodeSpace

1. Create a Github account if you don't have one.
2. Create a repo for the project you have done till now.
3. Create a Codespace and make changes.
4. Publish it using Github pages.



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- [Complete CSS](#)
- [Complete JavaScript](#)
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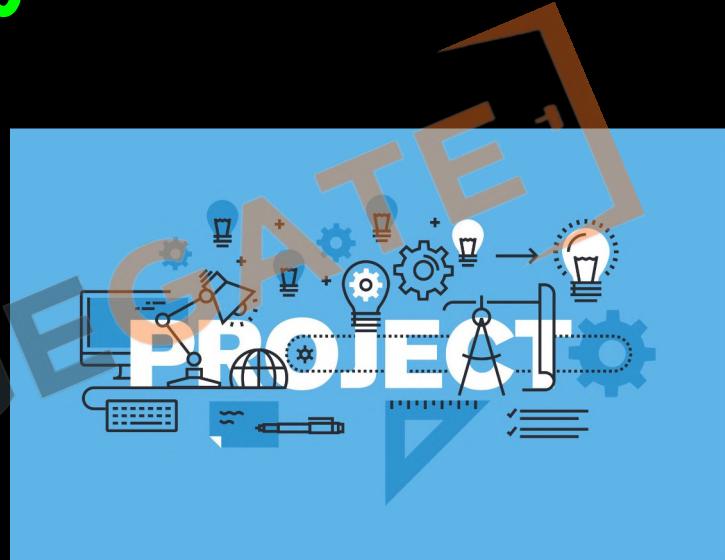


[Sanchit Socket](#)

Major Project

Idea

1. Create your **Resume** or Portfolio website.
2. Create a repo in **Github**.
3. Publish it on **Github pages**.
4. Add the link to your **resume**.
5. Add the link in the **comment** section.



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- [Complete CSS](#)
- [Complete JavaScript](#)
- [Complete React and Redux](#)
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