

Transforming Education Transforming India

MGN909-DATA ANALYSIS USING SPSS

Submitted To:

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Submitted By:

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Question-1:

Import Data File Named "Workshop_descriptive statistics" into SPSS window.

```
GET DATA

/TYPE=XLS

/FILE='H:\LPU\6\MGN909-DATA ANALYSIS USING SPSS\A2087686848_23623_16_2019_Workshop_descriptive statistics.xls'

/SHEET=name 'Sheetl'

/CELLRANGE=FULL

/READNAMES=ON

/DATATYPEMIN PERCENTAGE=95.0.

EXECUTE.
```

Question-2:

Recode text into numeric such as – gender, education and location etc

Explanation:

Male = 1 X = 10 PG = 17

Female = 0 XII = 12 UG = 13

OutPut:

```
DATASET NAME DataSetl WINDOW=FRONT.

RECODE Gender ('male'='l') ('female'='0').

EXECUTE.

RECODE Education ('PG'='17') ('UG'='13') ('XII'='12') ('X'='10').

EXECUTE.
```

Question-3:

Assign missing code on – income , like weather, like architecture, like food, like night life, like people.

OutPut:

```
RECODE Income (MISSING=17000).

EXECUTE.

RECODE Likeshimlaweather (MISSING=1).

EXECUTE.

RECODE Likeshimlaarchitechture (MISSING=5).

EXECUTE.

RECODE Likeshimlapeopleculture (MISSING=2).

EXECUTE.

RECODE Likenightlife (MISSING=4).

EXECUTE.

RECODE Likefood (MISSING=2).

EXECUTE.
```

Question-4 & 5:

- 4- Recode location: North Vs Rest (2 category)
- 5 Compute variable : Shimla fondness

Output:

```
RECODE Location ('North'='l') (ELSE='2').

EXECUTE.

COMPUTE Shimlafondness=(Likeshimlaweather + Likeshimlaarchitechture + Likeshimlapeopleculture + Likenightlife + Likefood) / 5.

EXECUTE.
```

Question-6:

Compute frequency

☐ Architechture

 \square Nightlife

Exp:

Strongly agreed people have less valid percent.

Output:

FREQUENCIES VARIABLES=Likeshimlaarchitechture Likenightlife /ORDER=ANALYSIS.

Frequencies

[DataSetl]

Statistics

		Like shimla architechture	Like night life
N	Valid	108	108
	Missing	0	0

Frequency Table

Like shimla architechture

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	1	24	22.2	22.2	22.2
	2	23	21.3	21.3	43.5
	3	34	31.5	31.5	75.0
	4	17	15.7	15.7	90.7
	5	10	9.3	9.3	100.0
	Total	108	100.0	100.0	

Like night life

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	2	8	7.4	7.4	7.4
	3	53	49.1	49.1	56.5
	4	31	28.7	28.7	85.2
	5	16	14.8	14.8	100.0
	Total	108	100.0	100.0	

Question-7:

Cross tab frequency: Location and fondness.

Expl:

Location and fondness is independent of Each other.

OutPut:



Crosstabs

Case Processing Summary

			Cas	ses			
	Val	lid	Miss	sing	То	tal	
	N	Percent	N	Percent	N	Percent	
Location * Shimlafondness	108	100.0%	0	0.0%	108	100.0%	-

Location * Shimlafondness Crosstabulation

Count																
								Shimlafo	ndness							
		1.80	2.20	2.40	2.60	2.80	3.00	3.20	3.40	3.60	3.80	4.00	4.20	4.40	4.60	Total
Location	1	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	1	10
	2	1	6	5	7	9	14	8	7	9	18	7	4	3	0	98
Total		1	6	7	9	9	14	8	10	11	18	7	4	3	1	108

Question-8:

Draw frequency polygon of income, food

Expl:-

People having income less than 1Lak are likely towards to like Food.

Output:-

```
* Chart Builder.

GGRAPH

/GRAPHDATASET NAME="graphdataset" VARIABLES=Income Likefood MISSING=LISTWISE REPORTMISSING=NO

/GRAPHSPEC SOURCE=INLINE.

BEGIN GPL

SOURCE: s=userSource(id("graphdataset"))

DATA: Income=col(source(s), name("Income"))

DATA: Likefood=col(source(s), name("Likefood"), unit.category())

GUIDE: axis(dim(1), label("Income"))

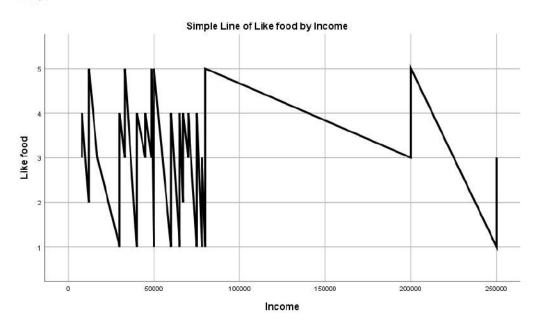
GUIDE: axis(dim(2), label("Like food"))

GUIDE: text.title(label("Simple Line of Like food by Income"))

ELEMENT: line(position(Income*Likefood), missing.wings())

END GPL.
```

GGraph



Question-9:

Box plot – Gender, fondness

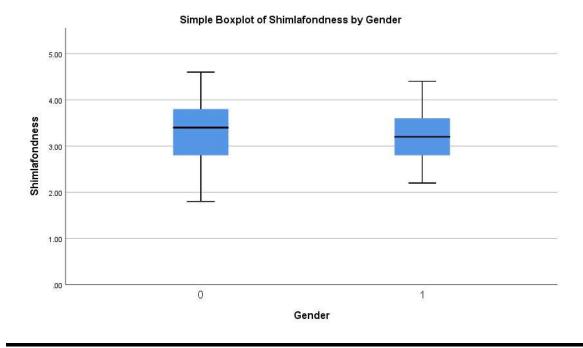
Expl:

Most of the males are uncertain about the Shimla fondness and females are agree with the Shimlafondness.

Output:-

```
* Chart Builder.
GGRAPH
 /GRAPHDATASET NAME="graphdataset" VARIABLES=Gender Shimlafondness MISSING=LISTWISE
   REPORTMISSING=NO
 /GRAPHSPEC SOURCE=INLINE.
BEGIN GPL
 SOURCE: s=userSource(id("graphdataset"))
 DATA: Gender=col(source(s), name("Gender"), unit.category())
 DATA: Shimlafondness=col(source(s), name("Shimlafondness"))
 DATA: id=col(source(s), name("$CASENUM"), unit.category())
 GUIDE: axis(dim(1), label("Gender"))
  GUIDE: axis(dim(2), label("Shimlafondness"))
 GUIDE: text.title(label("Simple Boxplot of Shimlafondness by Gender"))
 SCALE: linear(dim(2), include(0))
 ELEMENT: schema(position(bin.quantile.letter(Gender*Shimlafondness)), label(id))
END GPL.
```

GGraph



Question-10:

Normality – fondness, income, like Shimla people

Output:

		Case F	rocessing	Summar	у						
	Cases										
		Va	lid	Miss	sing	To	tal				
	Income	N	Percent	N	Percent	N	Percent				
shimlafondness	8000	4	100.0%	0	0.0%	4	100.0%				
	10000	1	100.0%	0	0.0%	1	100.0%				
	12000	9	100.0%	0	0.0%	9	100.0%				
	30000	7	100.0%	0	0.0%	7	100.0%				
	33000	4	100.0%	0	0.0%	4	100.0%				
	40000	17	100.0%	0	0.0%	17	100.0%				
	45000	2	100.0%	0	0.0%	2	100.0%				
	48500	3	100.0%	0	0.0%	3	100.0%				
	50000	12	100.0%	0	0.0%	12	100.0%				
	60000	11	100.0%	0	0.0%	11	100.0%				
	65000	3	100.0%	0	0.0%	3	100.0%				
	67000	4	100.0%	0	0.0%	4	100.0%				
	70000	4	100.0%	0	0.0%	4	100.0%				
	75000	5	100.0%	0	0.0%	5	100.0%				
	78000	4	100.0%	0	0.0%	4	100.0%				
	80000	9	100.0%	0	0.0%	9	100.0%				
	200000	5	100.0%	0	0.0%	5	100.0%				
	250000	4	100.0%	0	0.0%	4	100.0%				

ıite

mr dn:

es		Descriptives ^a			
	Income			Statistic	Std. Error
snimlafondness	8000	Mean		3,3500	.22174
Dataset snimiaronaness tics	2444	95% Confidence Interval	Lower Bound	2.6443	
iency Table		for Mean		4.0557	
Title		Edit Line Control	Upper Bound	200 TO 100 TO 10	
ke shimla archite		5% Trimmed Mean		3.3556	
night life			Median		
		Variance		.197	
		Btd. Deviation		44347	
		Minimum		2.80	
ocessing Sumr		Maximum		3.80	
n * shimlafondn		Range		1.00	
		Interquartilla Ranga		.85	
		Skewness		482	1.014
s III		Kurtosis		-1.700	2,619
	40000			24/19/05/19/05	5400000000
	12000	Mean		3.7556	.21 023
		95% Confidence Interval for Mean	Lower Bound	3.2708	
		IOI ME att	Upper Bound	4.2404	
		5% Trimmed Mean		3.7617	
		Median		3.8000	
		Variance		.398	
		3td. Deviation		63070	
and the second s		Minimum		2.80	
gs		Maximum		4.60	
ne Title		Range		1.80	
Case Processing 5				1.10	
Descriptives		Interquartile Range		507	74.7

		Distriction for		600	1.400	
	102000	Kurtosis		-,529		
	30000	Mean		3.3429	.30147	
itaset		95% Confidence Interval for Mean	Lower Bound	2.6052		
idaset		IOI Mean	Upper Bound	4.0805	124	
cy Table		5% Trimmed Mean		3.3698		
		Median		3.6000		
shimla archite night life		Variance		.636		
nightine		Std. Deviation		79752		
		Minimum		2.20		
		Maximum		4.00		
ocessing Sumr		Range		1.80		
* shimlafondo		Interquartile Range		1.80		
		Skewness		-1.052	.794	
		Kurtosis		- 976	1.587	
	33000	Mean		3.7500	.26300	
		95% Confidence Interval	Lower Bound	2.9130		
		for Mean	Upper Bound	4:5870		
		5% Trimmed Mean		3.7667		
		Median		3 9000		
		Variance		:277		
		Std, Deviation		52599		
		Minimum		3.00		
		Maximum		4.20		
JS		Range		1.20		
		Interguartile Range		.95		
e Processing S		Skewness		-1.443	1.014	
scriptives		Kurtosis		2.235	2.619	

	968	1.063
	3.4000	.20000
Carrie Barrer	0500	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

		Kurtosis		968	1.063
	45000	Mean		3.4000	.20000
		95% Confidence Interval	Lower Bound	8588	
		for Mean	UpperBound	5.9412	
		5% Trimmed Mean		80	
		Median		3.4000	
te		Variance		.080	
		Std. Deviation		.28284	
		Minimum		3.20	
		Maximum		3.60	
		Range		.40	
nr.		Interquartile Range	20		
11		Skewness			
		Kurtosis	- 38		
	48500	Mean	3.4667	.26667	
		95% Confidence Interval	Lower Bound	2.3193	
		for Mean	Upper Bound	4.6140	
		5% Trimmed Mean	*		
		Median	3.2000		
		Variance		.213	
		Std. Deviation		.46188	
		Minimum		3.20	
		Maximum	4.00		
		Range	.80		
		Interquartile Range		42	
		Skewness		1.732	1.225
٤		Kudasis			

