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"JnanaSangama", Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE LAB REPORT

Submitted by
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Under the Guidance of

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in partial fulfilment for the award of the degree of BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING

In

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

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B. M. S. College of Engineering,

Bull Temple Road, Bangalore 560019

(Affiliated To Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum)

Department of Computer Science and Engineering



CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Advance Data Structures Lab for Cycle 2 (CIE 2) carried out by, RAVI SAJJANAR (1BM19CS127) who are Bonafede students of B. M. S. College of Engineering. It is in partial fulfilment for the award of Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering of the Visveswaraiah Technological University, Belgaum during the year 2021-2022. The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (20CS5PCAIP) work prescribed for the said degree.

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1. Create a knowledgebase using prepositional logic and show that the given query entails the knowledge base or not.

```
combinations=[(True,True,True),(True,False),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,False,True),(True,Talse,True),(True,Talse,True),(True,Talse,Talse,True),(True,Talse,Talse,True),(True,Talse,Talse,Talse,True),(True,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Talse,Tals
False), (False, True, True), (False, True, False), (False, False, True), (False, False, False)]
 variable={'p':0,'q':1, 'r':2}
kb="
q="
priority={'~':3,'v':1,'^':2}
def input rules():
          global kb, q
          kb = (input("Knowledge base : "))
         q = input("Query:")
def entailment():
          global kb, q
          print("*10+"Truth Table Reference"+"*10)
          print('kb α')
          print('-'*10)
          for comb in combinations:
                   s = evaluatePostfix(toPostfix(kb), comb)
                  f = evaluatePostfix(toPostfix(q), comb)
                   print(s, f)
                   if s is True and f is False:
                             return False
          return True
def isOperand(c):
          return c.isalpha() and c!='v'
 def isLeftParanthesis(c):
          return c == '('
def isRightParanthesis(c):
          return c == ')'
```

```
def isEmpty(stack):
  return len(stack) == 0
def peek(stack):
  return stack[-1]
def hasLessOrEqualPriority(c1, c2):
  try:
     return priority[c1]<=priority[c2]
  except KeyError:
     return False
def toPostfix(infix):
  stack = []
  postfix = "
  for c in infix:
     if isOperand(c):
       postfix += c
     else:
       if isLeftParanthesis(c):
          stack.append(c)
       elif isRightParanthesis(c):
          operator = stack.pop()
          while not isLeftParanthesis(operator):
            postfix += operator
            operator = stack.pop()
       else:
          while (not isEmpty(stack)) and hasLessOrEqualPriority(c, peek(stack)):
            postfix += stack.pop()
          stack.append(c)
  while (not isEmpty(stack)):
     postfix += stack.pop()
  return postfix
def evaluatePostfix(exp, comb):
  stack = []
  for i in exp:
     if isOperand(i):
```

```
stack.append(comb[variable[i]])
     elif i == '~':
       val1 = stack.pop()
       stack.append(not val1)
     else:
       val1 = stack.pop()
       val2 = stack.pop()
       stack.append(_eval(i,val2,val1))
  return stack.pop()
def _eval(i, val1, val2):
  if i == '^':
     return val2 and val1
  return val2 or val1
input_rules()
ans = entailment()
if ans:
  print("The Knowledge Base entails query")
  print("KB \models \alpha")
else:
  print("The Knowledge Base does not entail query")
print("\n")
```

Test Case 1:

```
PROBLEMS
         OUTPUT TERMINAL
                              DEBUG CONSOLE
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
Try the new cross-platform PowerShell https://aka.ms/pscore6
PS C:\Users\ravis> python -u "d:\codes\Artificial Inteligence Lab\Python\lab6.py"
Knowledge base : (~qv~pvr)^(~q^p)^q
Query : r
Truth Table Reference
False True
False False
False True
False False
False True
False False
False True
False False
The Knowledge Base entails query
KB = \alpha
```

Test Case 2:

2. Create a knowledgebase using prepositional logic and prove the given query using resolution.

```
# Global variable kb (knowledge base)
kb = []
# Reset kb to an empty list
def Clear():
  global kb
  kb = []
# Insert sentence to the kb
def AddSentence(sentence):
  global kb
  # If the sentence is a clause, insert directly.
  if isClause(sentence):
     kb.append(sentence)
  # If not, convert to CNF, and then insert clauses one by one.
  else:
     sentenceCNF = convertCNF(sentence)
     if not sentenceCNF:
       print("Illegal input")
       return
     # Insert clauses one by one when there are multiple clauses
     if isAndList(sentenceCNF):
       for s in sentenceCNF[1:]:
          kb.append(s)
     else:
       kb.append(sentenceCNF)
# 'Query' the kb whether a sentence is True or not
def Query(sentence):
  global kb
  # Negate the sentence, and convert it to CNF accordingly.
  if isClause(sentence):
     neg = negation(sentence)
  else:
     sentenceCNF = convertCNF(sentence)
     if not sentenceCNF:
       print("Illegal input")
       return
     neg = convertCNF(negation(sentenceCNF))
```

```
# Insert individual clauses that we need to ask to ask_list.
  ask list = []
  if isAndList(neg):
     for n in neg[1:]:
       nCNF = makeCNF(n)
       if type(nCNF).__name == 'list':
          ask list.insert(0, nCNF)
       else:
          ask list.insert(0, nCNF)
  else:
     ask list = [neg]
# Create a new list combining the asked sentence and kb.
  # Resolution will happen between the items in the list.
  clauses = ask list + kb[:]
  # Recursivly conduct resoltion between items in the clauses list
  # until it produces an empty list or there's no more pregress.
  while True:
     new clauses = []
     for c1 in clauses:
       for c2 in clauses:
          if c1 is not c2:
            resolved = resolve(c1, c2)
            if resolved == False:
               continue
            if resolved == []:
               return True
            new_clauses.append(resolved)
     if len(new clauses) == 0:
       return False
     new in clauses = True
     for n in new clauses:
       if n not in clauses:
          new_in_clauses = False
          clauses.append(n)
     if new in clauses:
       return False
  return False
# Conduct resolution on two CNF clauses.
def resolve(arg_one, arg_two):
  resolved = False
```

```
s1 = make sentence(arg one)
s2 = make sentence(arg two)
resolve s1 = None
resolve s2 = None
# Two for loops that iterate through the two clauses.
for i in s1:
  if isNotList(i):
     a1 = i[1]
     a1 \text{ not} = True
  else:
     a1 = i
     a1 not = False
  for j in s2:
     if isNotList(j):
        a2 = i[1]
        a2 \text{ not} = True
     else:
        a2 = i
        a2 \text{ not} = False
     # cancel out two literals such as 'a' $ ['not', 'a']
     if a1 == a2:
        if a1_not != a2_not:
          # Return False if resolution already happend
          # but contradiction still exists.
          if resolved:
             return False
          else:
             resolved = True
             resolve_s1 = i
             resolve_s2 = i
             break
          # Return False if not resolution happened
if not resolved:
  return False
# Remove the literals that are canceled
s1.remove(resolve_s1)
s2.remove(resolve_s2)
```

```
## Remove duplicates
  result = clear duplicate(s1 + s2)
  # Format the result.
  if len(result) == 1:
     return result[0]
  elif len(result) > 1:
     result.insert(0, 'or')
  return result
# Prepare sentences for resolution.
def make sentence(arg):
  if isLiteral(arg) or isNotList(arg):
     return [arg]
  if isOrList(arg):
     return clear_duplicate(arg[1:])
  return
# Clear out duplicates in a sentence.
def clear_duplicate(arg):
  result = []
  for i in range(0, len(arg)):
     if arg[i] not in arg[i+1:]:
        result.append(arg[i])
  return result
# Check whether a sentence is a legal CNF clause.
def isClause(sentence):
  if isLiteral(sentence):
     return True
  if isNotList(sentence):
     if isLiteral(sentence[1]):
        return True
     else:
        return False
  if isOrList(sentence):
     for i in range(1, len(sentence)):
        if len(sentence[i]) > 2:
          return False
       elif not isClause(sentence[i]):
          return False
```

```
return True
  return False
# Check if a sentence is a legal CNF.
def isCNF(sentence):
  if isClause(sentence):
     return True
  elif isAndList(sentence):
     for s in sentence[1:]:
       if not isClause(s):
          return False
     return True
  return False
# Negate a sentence.
def negation(sentence):
  if isLiteral(sentence):
     return ['not', sentence]
  if isNotList(sentence):
     return sentence[1]
  # DeMorgan:
  if isAndList(sentence):
     result = ['or']
     for i in sentence[1:]:
       if isNotList(sentence):
          result.append(i[1])
          result.append(['not', sentence])
     return result
  if isOrList(sentence):
     result = ['and']
     for i in sentence[:]:
       if isNotList(sentence):
          result.append(i[1])
       else:
          result.append(['not', i])
     return result
  return None
# Convert a sentence into CNF.
def convertCNF(sentence):
```

```
while not is CNF (sentence):
     if sentence is None:
       return None
     sentence = makeCNF(sentence)
  return sentence
def makeCNF(sentence):
  if isLiteral(sentence):
     return sentence
  if (type(sentence).__name__ == 'list'):
     operand = sentence[0]
     if isNotList(sentence):
       if isLiteral(sentence[1]):
          return sentence
       cnf = makeCNF(sentence[1])
       if cnf[0] == 'not':
          return makeCNF(cnf[1])
       if cnf[0] == 'or':
          result = ['and']
          for i in range(1, len(cnf)):
            result.append(makeCNF(['not', cnf[i]]))
          return result
       if cnf[0] == 'and':
          result = ['or']
          for i in range(1, len(cnf)):
            result.append(makeCNF(['not', cnf[i]]))
          return result
       return "False: not"
     # Implication Elimination:
     if operand == 'implies' and len(sentence) == 3:
       return makeCNF(['or', ['not', makeCNF(sentence[1])], makeCNF(sentence[2])])
       # Biconditional Elimination:
     if operand == 'biconditional' and len(sentence) == 3:
       s1 = makeCNF(['implies', sentence[1], sentence[2]])
       s2 = makeCNF(['implies', sentence[2], sentence[1]])
       return makeCNF(['and', s1, s2])
     if isAndList(sentence):
       result = ['and']
```

```
for i in range(1, len(sentence)):
     cnf = makeCNF(sentence[i])
     # Distributivity:
     if isAndList(cnf):
       for i in range(1, len(cnf)):
          result.append(makeCNF(cnf[i]))
       continue
     result.append(makeCNF(cnf))
  return result
if isOrList(sentence):
  result1 = ['or']
  for i in range(1, len(sentence)):
     cnf = makeCNF(sentence[i])
     # Distributivity:
     if isOrList(cnf):
       for i in range(1, len(cnf)):
          result1.append(makeCNF(cnf[i]))
       continue
     result1.append(makeCNF(cnf))
     # Associativity:
  while True:
     result2 = ['and']
     and clause = None
     for r in result1:
       if isAndList(r):
          and clause = r
          break
     # Finish when there's no more 'and' lists
     # inside of 'or' lists
     if not and clause:
       return result1
     result1.remove(and_clause)
     for i in range(1, len(and_clause)):
       temp = ['or', and_clause[i]]
       for o in result1[1:]:
          temp.append(makeCNF(o))
       result2.append(makeCNF(temp))
     result1 = makeCNF(result2)
```

```
return None
  return None
# Below are 4 functions that check the type of a variable
def isLiteral(item):
  if type(item).__name__ == 'str':
     return True
  return False
def isNotList(item):
  if type(item).__name__ == 'list':
     if len(item) == 2:
       if item[0] == 'not':
          return True
  return False
def isAndList(item):
  if type(item).__name__ == 'list':
     if len(item) > 2:
       if item[0] == 'and':
          return True
  return False
def isOrList(item):
  if type(item).__name__ == 'list':
     if len(item) > 2:
       if item[0] == 'or':
          return True
  return False
AddSentence(['and', 'p', 'q'])
AddSentence(['or', 'r', 's'])
print(Query(['and',['or','p','r'], ['or', 'q', 's']]))
```

Test Case 1:

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT TERMINAL DEBUG CONSOLE

Windows PowerShell
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Try the new cross-platform PowerShell https://aka.ms/pscore6

PS C:\Users\ravis> python -u "d:\codes\Artificial Inteligence Lab\Python\lab7.py"
True
PS C:\Users\ravis>
```

3. Implement unification in first order logic.

```
import re
def getAttributes(expression):
  expression = expression.split("(")[1:]
  expression = "(".join(expression)
  expression = expression[:-1]
  expression = re.split("(?<!\(.),(?!.\))", expression)
  return expression
def getInitialPredicate(expression):
  return expression.split("(")[0]
def isConstant(char):
  return char.isupper() and len(char) == 1
def is Variable (char):
  return char.islower() and len(char) == 1
def replaceAttributes(exp, old, new):
  attributes = getAttributes(exp)
  for index, val in enumerate(attributes):
     if val == old:
       attributes[index] = new
  predicate = getInitialPredicate(exp)
  return predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes) + ")"
def apply(exp, substitutions):
  for substitution in substitutions:
     new, old = substitution
     exp = replaceAttributes(exp, old, new)
  return exp
def checkOccurs(var, exp):
  if exp.find(var) == -1:
     return False
  return True
def getFirstPart(expression):
```

```
attributes = getAttributes(expression)
  return attributes[0]
def getRemainingPart(expression):
  predicate = getInitialPredicate(expression)
  attributes = getAttributes(expression)
  newExpression = predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes[1:]) + ")"
  return newExpression
def unify(exp1, exp2):
  if exp1 == exp2:
     return []
  if isConstant(exp1) and isConstant(exp2):
     if exp1 != exp2:
       return False
  if isConstant(exp1):
     return [(exp1, exp2)]
  if isConstant(exp2):
     return [(exp2, exp1)]
  if is Variable (exp1):
     if checkOccurs(exp1, exp2):
       return False
     else:
       return [(exp2, exp1)]
  if isVariable(exp2):
     if checkOccurs(exp2, exp1):
       return False
     else:
       return [(exp1, exp2)]
  if getInitialPredicate(exp1) != getInitialPredicate(exp2):
     print("Predicates do not match. Cannot be unified")
     return False
  attributeCount1 = len(getAttributes(exp1))
  attributeCount2 = len(getAttributes(exp2))
```

```
if attributeCount1 != attributeCount2:
     return False
  head1 = getFirstPart(exp1)
  head2 = getFirstPart(exp2)
  initialSubstitution = unify(head1, head2)
  if not initial Substitution:
     return False
  if attributeCount1 == 1:
     return initialSubstitution
  tail1 = getRemainingPart(exp1)
  tail2 = getRemainingPart(exp2)
  if initialSubstitution != []:
     tail1 = apply(tail1, initialSubstitution)
     tail2 = apply(tail2, initialSubstitution)
  remainingSubstitution = unify(tail1, tail2)
  if not remaining Substitution:
     return False
  initialSubstitution.extend(remainingSubstitution)
  return initial Substitution
print("\n\nTest Case 1:\n")
exp1 = "knows(A,x)"
\exp 2 = \text{"knows}(y,Y)\text{"}
substitutions = unify(exp1, exp2)
print("Substitutions:")
print(substitutions)
print("\n\nTest Case 2:\n")
exp1 = "knows(A,x)"
\exp 2 = \text{"knows}(y, \text{mother}(y))\text{"}
substitutions = unify(exp1, exp2)
print("Substitutions:")
print(substitutions)
```

```
Windows PowerShell
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Try the new cross-platform PowerShell <a href="https://aka.ms/pscore6">https://aka.ms/pscore6</a>

PS C:\Users\ravis> python -u "d:\codes\Artificial Inteligence Lab\Python\lab8.py"

Test Case 1:

Substitutions:
[('A', 'y'), ('Y', 'x')]

Test Case 2:

Substitutions:
[('A', 'y'), ('mother(y)', 'x')]

PS C:\Users\ravis>
```

4. Convert given first order logic statement into Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF).

```
def getAttributes(string):
  expr = '([^{\wedge})] + '
  matches = re.findall(expr, string)
  return [m for m in str(matches) if m.isalpha()]
def getPredicates(string):
  \exp r = [a-z]+([A-Za-z,]+)'
  return re.findall(expr, string)
def DeMorgan(sentence):
  string = ".join(list(sentence).copy())
  string = string.replace('~~',")
  flag = '[' in string
  string = string.replace('~[',")
  string = string.strip(']')
  for predicate in getPredicates(string):
     string = string.replace(predicate, f'~{predicate}')
  s = list(string)
  for i, c in enumerate(string):
     if c == '|':
        s[i] = '\&'
     elif c == '&':
        s[i] = ||
  string = ".join(s)
  string = string.replace('~~',")
  return f'[{string}]' if flag else string
def Skolemization(sentence):
  SKOLEM_CONSTANTS = [f'(chr(c))'] for c in range(ord('A'), ord('Z')+1)]
  statement = ".join(list(sentence).copy())
  matches = re.findall([\forall \exists]., statement)
  for match in matches[::-1]:
     statement = statement.replace(match, ")
     statements = re.findall(' [ [ ] + ] ]', statement)
     for s in statements:
        statement = statement.replace(s, s[1:-1])
     for predicate in getPredicates(statement):
        attributes = getAttributes(predicate)
        if ".join(attributes).islower():
```

```
statement = statement.replace(match[1],SKOLEM_CONSTANTS.pop(0))
        else:
          aU = [a for a in attributes if not a.islower()][0]
          statement = statement.replace(aU,
f'{SKOLEM CONSTANTS.pop(0)}({match[1]})')
  return statement
import re
def fol to cnf(fol):
  statement = fol.replace("<=>", " ")
  while ' 'in statement:
     i = statement.index(' ')
     new_statement = '[' + statement[:i] + '=>' + statement[i+1:] + ']&[' + statement[i+1:] + ']
'=>' + statement[:i] + ']'
     statement = new\_statement
  statement = statement.replace("=>", "-")
  expr = ' ([ [ ^ ]] + ) ' ]'
  statements = re.findall(expr, statement)
  for i, s in enumerate(statements):
     if '[' in s and ']' not in s:
        statements[i] += ']'
  for s in statements:
     statement = statement.replace(s, fol_to_cnf(s))
  while '-' in statement:
     i = statement.index('-')
     br = statement.index('[') if '[' in statement else 0
     new statement = '\sim' + statement [br:i] + '|' + statement [i+1:]
     statement = statement[:br] + new statement if br > 0 else new statement
  while '~∀' in statement:
     i = statement.index('\sim \forall')
     statement = list(statement)
     statement[i], statement[i+1], statement[i+2] = \exists, statement[i+2], \sim
     statement = ".join(statement)
  while '~∃' in statement:
     i = statement.index('\sim \exists')
     s = list(statement)
     s[i], s[i+1], s[i+2] = \forall ', s[i+2], '\sim'
     statement = ".join(s)
  statement = statement.replace('\sim[\forall',']\sim\forall')
```

```
statement = statement.replace('\sim[\exists','[\sim\exists')]
  expr = '(\sim [\forall |\exists].)'
   statements = re.findall(expr, statement)
   for s in statements:
     statement = statement.replace(s, fol_to_cnf(s))
  expr = ' \sim \backslash [[^{\land}]] + \backslash ]'
   statements = re.findall(expr, statement)
   for s in statements:
     statement = statement.replace(s, DeMorgan(s))
   return statement
print("\n Test Case: 1")
print(Skolemization(fol_to_cnf("animal(y)<=>loves(x,y)")))
print("\n Test Case: 2")
print(Skolemization(fol\_to\_cnf("\forall x[\forall y[animal(y)=>loves(x,y)]]=>[\exists z[loves(z,x)]]")))
print("\n Test Case: 3")
print(Skolemization(fol_to_cnf("[american(x)&weapon(y)&sells(x,y,z)&hostile(z)]=>crim
inal(x)")))
print("\n \n ")
```

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT TERMINAL
                               DEBUG CONSOLE
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PS C:\Users\ravis> python -u "d:\codes\Artificial Inteligence Lab\Python\lab9.py"
Test Case: 1
[\sim animal(y) | loves(x,y)] & [\sim loves(x,y) | animal(y)]
 Test Case: 2
[animal(G(x))\&\neg loves(x,G(x))] [loves(F(y),x)]
Test Case: 3
[\neg american(x) | \neg weapon(y) | \neg sells(x,y,z) | \neg hostile(z)] | criminal(x)
PROBLEMS OUTPUT TERMINAL DEBUG CONSOLE
Windows PowerShell
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PS C:\Users\ravis> python -u "d:\codes\Artificial Inteligence Lab\Python\lab8.py"
Test Case 1:
Substitutions:
[('A', 'y'), ('Y', 'x')]
Test Case 2:
Substitutions:
[('A', 'y'), ('mother(y)', 'x')]
PS C:\Users\ravis>
```

5. Create a knowledgebase consisting of first order logic statements and prove the given query using forward reasoning.

```
import re
def isVariable(x):
  return len(x) == 1 and x.islower() and x.isalpha()
def getAttributes(string):
  expr = ' ( [ ^ ) ] + )'
  matches = re.findall(expr, string)
  return matches
def getPredicates(string):
  \exp r = '([a-z\sim]+) \setminus ([^k]]+)'
  return re.findall(expr, string)
class Fact:
  def __init__(self, expression):
     self.expression = expression
     predicate, params = self.splitExpression(expression)
     self.predicate = predicate
     self.params = params
     self.result = any(self.getConstants())
  def splitExpression(self, expression):
     predicate = getPredicates(expression)[0]
     params = getAttributes(expression)[0].strip('()').split(',')
     return [predicate, params]
  def getResult(self):
     return self.result
  def getConstants(self):
     return [None if isVariable(c) else c for c in self.params]
  def getVariables(self):
     return [v if isVariable(v) else None for v in self.params]
  def substitute(self, constants):
     c = constants.copy()
```

```
f = f'' \{ self.predicate \} (\{ ', '.join([constants.pop(0) if isVariable(p) else p for p in \} \} ) \}
self.params])})"
     return Fact(f)
class Implication:
  def init (self, expression):
     self.expression = expression
     l = expression.split('=>')
     self.lhs = [Fact(f) for f in 1[0].split('&')]
     self.rhs = Fact(1[1])
  def evaluate(self, facts):
     constants = \{\}
     new lhs = \Pi
     for fact in facts:
        for val in self.lhs:
          if val.predicate == fact.predicate:
             for i, v in enumerate(val.getVariables()):
                if v:
                   constants[v] = fact.getConstants()[i]
             new lhs.append(fact)
     predicate, attributes = getPredicates(self.rhs.expression)[0],
str(getAttributes(self.rhs.expression)[0])
     for key in constants:
        if constants[key]:
          attributes = attributes.replace(key, constants[key])
     expr = f'{predicate}{attributes}'
     return Fact(expr) if len(new_lhs) and all([f.getResult() for f in new_lhs]) else None
class KB:
  def __init__(self):
     self.facts = set()
     self.implications = set()
  def tell(self, e):
     if '=>' in e:
        self.implications.add(Implication(e))
     else:
        self.facts.add(Fact(e))
     for i in self.implications:
        res = i.evaluate(self.facts)
```

```
if res:
          self.facts.add(res)
  def query(self, e):
     facts = set([f.expression for f in self.facts])
     i = 1
     print(f'Querying {e}:')
     for f in facts:
        if Fact(f).predicate == Fact(e).predicate:
          print(f'\setminus t\{i\}, \{f\}')
          i += 1
  def display(self):
     print("All facts: ")
     for i, f in enumerate(set([f.expression for f in self.facts])):
        print(f'\setminus t\{i+1\}, \{f\}')
print("\n \n Test Case 1:")
kb = KB()
kb.tell('missile(x)=>weapon(x)')
kb.tell('missile(M1)')
kb.tell(enemy(x,America)=>hostile(x)')
kb.tell('american(West)')
kb.tell('enemy(Nono,America)')
kb.tell('owns(Nono,M1)')
kb.tell('missile(x)&owns(Nono,x)=>sells(West,x,Nono)')
kb.tell('american(x)&weapon(y)&sells(x,y,z)&hostile(z)=>criminal(x)')
kb.query('criminal(x)')
kb.display()
print("\n \n Test Case 2:")
kb = KB()
kb\_.tell('king(x)\&greedy(x)=>evil(x)')
kb_.tell('king(John)')
kb_.tell('greedy(John)')
kb_.tell('king(Richard)')
kb_.query('evil(x)')
```

```
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PS C:\Users\ravis> python -u "d:\codes\Artificial Inteligence Lab\Python\lab10.py"
 Test Case 1:
Querying criminal(x):

    criminal(West)

All facts:

    enemy(Nono,America)

       owns(Nono,M1)
       3. criminal(West)
       missile(M1)
       hostile(Nono)
       sells(West,M1,Nono)
       american(West)
       weapon(M1)
Test Case 2:
Querying evil(x):

    evil(Richard)

       evil(John)
PS C:\Users\ravis>
```