

# VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

“JnanaSangama”, Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



## LAB REPORT

on

## BIG DATA ANALYTICS (20CS6PEBDA)

*Submitted by*

**Ravi Sajjanar (1BM19CS127)**

*in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of*  
**BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING**  
*in*  
**COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING**



**B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING**

(Autonomous Institution under VTU)

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**B. M. S. College of Engineering,**  
**Bull Temple Road, Bangalore 560019**  
(Affiliated To Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum)  
**Department of Computer Science and Engineering**



**CERTIFICATE**

This is to certify that the Lab work entitled “**BIG DATA ANALYTICS**” carried out by **Ravi Sajjanar (1BM19CS127)**, who is bonafide student of **B. M. S. College of Engineering**. It is in partial fulfillment for the award of **Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering** of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during the year 2022. The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of a **BIG DATA ANALYTICS - (20CS6PEBDA)** work prescribed for the said degree.

**Dr. Rajeshwari B S**  
Assistant Professor  
Department of CSE  
BMSCE, Bengaluru

**Dr. Jyothi S Nayak**  
Professor and Head  
Department of CSE  
BMSCE, Bengaluru

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## Course Outcome

CO1	Apply the concept of NoSQL, Hadoop or Spark for a given task
CO2	Analyze the Big Data and obtain insight using data analytics mechanisms.
CO3	Design and implement Big data applications by applying NoSQL, Hadoop or Spark

# 1.MongoDB- CRUD Demonstration

## 1) Using MongoDB

```
> show dbs;
admin    0.000GB
config  0.000GB
local    0.000GB
> use myDB;
switched to db myDB
> db;
myDB
> db.createCollection("Student");
2022-06-06T16:47:20.532+0530 E QUERY    [thread1] SyntaxError: illegal character @(shell):1:20
> db.createCollection('Student');
{ "ok" : 1 }
```

i) Create a database for Students and Create a Student Collection (\_id,Name, USN, Semester, Dept\_Name, CGPA, Hobbies(Set)).

```
myDB
> db.createCollection("Student");
2022-06-06T16:47:20.532+0530 E QUERY    [thread1] SyntaxError: illegal character @(shell):1:20
> db.createCollection('Student');
{ "ok" : 1 }
> db.Student.insert({_id:1,Name:"Ravi", USN:"1BM19CS127",Sem:6,Dept_name:"CSE",CGPA:8.34,Hobbies:["Skating"]});
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
> db.Student.insert({_id:2,Name:"Balaji", USN:"1BM19CS134",Sem:6,Dept_name:"CSE",CGPA:8.5,Hobbies:["Watching Documentaries"]});
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
```

ii) Insert required documents to the collection.

```
> db.Student.insert({_id:5,Name:"Sagar", USN:"1BM20CS097",Sem:5,Dept_name:"ME",CGPA:7.95,Hobbies:["Collecting Coins"]});
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
> db.Student.find();
{ "_id" : 1, "Name" : "Ravi", "USN" : "1BM19CS127", "Sem" : 6, "Dept_name" : "CSE", "CGPA" : 8.34, "Hobbies" : [ "Skating" ] }
{ "_id" : 2, "Name" : "Balaji", "USN" : "1BM19CS134", "Sem" : 6, "Dept_name" : "CSE", "CGPA" : 8.5, "Hobbies" : [ "Watching Documentaries" ] }
{ "_id" : 3, "Name" : "Skanda", "USN" : "1BM19CS137", "Sem" : 6, "Dept_name" : "CSE", "CGPA" : 8.85, "Hobbies" : [ "Solving Puzzles" ] }
{ "_id" : 4, "Name" : "Nagraj", "USN" : "1BM20CS137", "Sem" : 5, "Dept_name" : "CSE", "CGPA" : 9.25, "Hobbies" : [ "Stamp Collection" ] }
{ "_id" : 5, "Name" : "Sagar", "USN" : "1BM20CS097", "Sem" : 5, "Dept_name" : "ME", "CGPA" : 7.95, "Hobbies" : [ "Collecting Coins" ] }
```

iii) First Filter on “Dept\_Name:CSE” and then group it on “Semester” and compute the Average CPGA for that semester and filter those documents where the “Avg\_CPGA” is greater than 7.5.

*db.Student.aggregate({\$match:{Dept\_name:"CSE"}},{ \$group:{\_id:"\$Sem",Avg\_CGPA:{\$avg:"\$CGPA"}},{ \$match:{Avg\_CGPA:{\$gt:7.5}}}).pretty();*

```
> db.Student.aggregate({$match:{Dept_name:"CSE"}}
{ "_id" : 5, "Avg_CGPA" : 9.25 }
{ "_id" : 6, "Avg_CGPA" : 8.563333333333333 }
>
```

iv) Command used to export MongoDB JSON documents from “Student” Collection into the “Students” database into a CSV file “Output.txt”.

*mongoexport --db myDB --collection Student --type=csv --out*

*C:\Users\skand\Desktop\Output.csv -f "\_id,Name,USN,Sem,Dept\_name,CGPA"*

```
C:\Users\skand>mongoexport --db myDB --collection Student
2022-06-06T17:24:46.101+0530    connected to: localhost
2022-06-06T17:24:46.109+0530    exported 5 records
```

2. To drop a collection by the name “Student”.

*db.Student.drop();*

```
> db.Student.drop();
true
```

3. Insert the document for “AryanDavid” in to the Students collection only if it does not already exist in the collection. However, if it is already present in the collection, then update the document with new values. (Update his Hobbies from “Skating” to “Chess”. ) Use “Update else insert” (if there is an existing document, it will attempt to update it, if there is no existing document then it will insert it).

*db.Student.update({\_id:3,StudName:"AryanDavid",Grade:"VII"},{\$set:{Hobbies:"Skating"}},{upsert:true});*

```
> db.Student.insert({_id:1,StudName:"MichelleJacintha",Grade:"VII",Hobbies:"InternetSurfing"});
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
> db.Student.update({_id:3,StudName:"AryanDavid",Grade:"VII"},{$set:{Hobbies:"Skating"}},{upsert:true});
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 0, "nUpserted" : 1, "nModified" : 0, "_id" : 3 })
> _
```

#### 4.FIND METHOD

A. To search for documents from the “Students” collection based on certain search criteria.

*db.Student.find({StudName:"Aryan David"});*

```
> db.Student.find({StudName:"AryanDavid"});
{ "_id" : 3, "Grade" : "VII", "StudName" : "AryanDavid", "Hobbies" : "Skating" }
```

B. To display only the StudName and Grade from all the documents of the Students collection. The identifier\_id should be suppressed and NOT displayed.

*db.Student.find({}, {StudName:1,Grade:1,\_id:0});*

```
> db.Student.find({}, {StudName:1,Grade:1,_id:0});
{ "StudName" : "MichelleJacintha", "Grade" : "VII" }
{ "Grade" : "VII", "StudName" : "AryanDavid" }
```

C. To find those documents where the Grade is set to ‘VII’

*db.Student.find({Grade:{\$eq:'VII'}}).pretty();*

```
> db.Student.find({Grade:{$eq:'VII'}}).pretty();
{
  "_id" : 1,
  "StudName" : "MichelleJacintha",
  "Grade" : "VII",
  "Hobbies" : "InternetSurfing"
}
{
  "_id" : 3,
  "Grade" : "VII",
  "StudName" : "AryanDavid",
  "Hobbies" : "Skating"
}
> _
```

D. To find those documents from the Students collection where the Hobbies is set to either 'Chess' or is set to 'Skating'.

***db.Student.find({Hobbies :{ \$in: ['Chess','Skating']}}).pretty ();***

```
> db.Student.find({Hobbies :{ $in: ['Chess','Skating']}}).pretty ();
{
  "_id" : 3,
  "Grade" : "VII",
  "StudName" : "AryanDavid",
  "Hobbies" : "Skating"
}
>
```

E. To find documents from the Students collection where the StudName begins with "M".

***db.Student.find({StudName:/^M/}).pretty();***

```
> db.Student.find({StudName:/^M/}).pretty();
{
  "_id" : 1,
  "StudName" : "MichelleJacintha",
  "Grade" : "VII",
  "Hobbies" : "InternetSurfing"
}
```

F. To find documents from the Students collection where the StudName has an "e" in any position.

***db.Student.find({StudName:/e/}).pretty();***

```
> db.Student.find({StudName:/e/}).pretty();
{
  "_id" : 1,
  "StudName" : "MichelleJacintha",
  "Grade" : "VII",
  "Hobbies" : "InternetSurfing"
}
```

G. To find the number of documents in the Students collection.

***db.Student.count();***

H. To sort the documents from the Students collection in the descending order of StudName.

***db.Student.find().sort({StudName:-1}).pretty();***

```
> db.Student.count();
2
> db.Student.find().sort({StudName:-1}).pretty();
{
  "_id" : 1,
  "StudName" : "MichelleJacintha",
  "Grade" : "VII",
  "Hobbies" : "InternetSurfing"
}
{
  "_id" : 3,
  "Grade" : "VII",
  "StudName" : "AryanDavid",
  "Hobbies" : "Skating"
}
```

#### I. Save Method :

Save() method will insert a new document, if the document with the \_id does not exist. If it exists it will replace the existing document.

***db.Students.save({StudName:"Vamsi", Grade:"VI"})***

```
> db.Students.save({StudName:'Vamsi', Grade:'VI'});
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
```

#### II. Add a new field to existing Document:

***db.Students.update({\_id:3},{ \$set:{Location:"Network"}})***

#### III. Remove the field in an existing Document

***db.Students.update({\_id:3},{ \$unset:{Location:"Network"}})***

```
> db.Student.update({_id:3},{ $set:{Location:'Network'}})
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
> db.Student.find();
{ "_id" : 1, "StudName" : "MichelleJacintha", "Grade" : "VII", "Hobbies" : "InternetSurfing" }
{ "_id" : 3, "Grade" : "VII", "StudName" : "AryanDavid", "Hobbies" : "Skating", "Location" : "Network" }
> db.Student.update({_id:3},{ $unset:{Location:'Network'}})
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
> db.Student.find();
{ "_id" : 1, "StudName" : "MichelleJacintha", "Grade" : "VII", "Hobbies" : "InternetSurfing" }
{ "_id" : 3, "Grade" : "VII", "StudName" : "AryanDavid", "Hobbies" : "Skating" }
>
```

To set a particular field value to NULL

***db.Students.update({\_id:3},{ \$set:{Location:null}})***

```

> db.Student.update({_id:3},{set:{Location:null}})
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
> db.Student.find();
{ "_id" : 1, "StudName" : "MichelleJacintha", "Grade" : "VII", "Hobbies" : "InternetSurfing" }
{ "_id" : 3, "Grade" : "VII", "StudName" : "AryanDavid", "Hobbies" : "Skating", "Location" : null }
>

```

**Sort the document in Ascending order**

***db.Students.find().sort({StudName:1}).pretty();***

```

> db.Student.find().sort({StudName:1}).pretty();
{
  "_id" : 3,
  "Grade" : "VII",
  "StudName" : "AryanDavid",
  "Hobbies" : "Skating",
  "Location" : null
}
{
  "_id" : 1,
  "StudName" : "MichelleJacintha",
  "Grade" : "VII",
  "Hobbies" : "InternetSurfing"
}
>

```

**Note:**

**for desending order : `db.Students.find().sort({StudName:-1}).pretty();`**



## 2. Perform the following DB operations using Cassandra. (Employee DB)

1. Create a keyspace by name Employee

*create keyspace employee with replication = { 'class': 'SimpleStrategy',  
'replication\_factor': 1};*

2. Create a column family by name

Employee-Info with attributes

Emp\_Id Primary Key, Emp\_Name,

Designation, Date\_of\_Joining, Salary,

Dept\_Name

*create table employee\_info(emp\_id int, emp\_name text, designation text, doj  
timestamp, salary double, dept\_name text, primary key(emp\_id, salary));*

```
cqlsh:employee> DESCRIBE TABLE employee_info;

CREATE TABLE employee.employee_info (
  emp_id int,
  salary double,
  dept_name text,
  designation text,
  doj timestamp,
  emp_name text,
  PRIMARY KEY (emp_id, salary)
) WITH CLUSTERING ORDER BY (salary ASC)
   AND bloom_filter_fp_chance = 0.01
   AND caching = {'keys': 'ALL', 'rows_per_partition': 'NONE'}
   AND comment = ''
   AND compaction = {'class': 'org.apache.cassandra.db.compaction
   AND compression = {'chunk_length_in_kb': '64', 'class': 'org.a
   AND crc_check_chance = 1.0
   AND dclocal_read_repair_chance = 0.1
   AND default_time_to_live = 0
   AND gc_grace_seconds = 864000
   AND max_index_interval = 2048
   AND memtable_flush_period_in_ms = 0
   AND min_index_interval = 128
   AND read_repair_chance = 0.0
   AND speculative_retry = '99PERCENTILE';
```

3. Insert the values into the table in batch

**BEGIN BATCH**

*INSERT INTO employee\_info(emp\_id, emp\_name, designation, doj, salary,  
dept\_name) VALUES (121, 'Ravi', 'Manager', '2012-03-29', 200000, 'RD')*

*INSERT INTO employee\_info(emp\_id, emp\_name, designation, doj, salary,  
dept\_name) VALUES (122, 'David', 'Worker', '2013-02-27', 20000, 'Transport')*

**APPLY BATCH;**

```
cqlsh:employee> SELECT * FROM employee_info;
```

emp_id	salary	dept_name	designation	doj	emp_name
122	20000	Maintainance	Employee	2017-05-06 18:30:00.000000+0000	Kiran
121	2e+05	RD	Manager	2012-03-28 18:30:00.000000+0000	Ravi
142	10000	RD	Intern	2022-02-26 18:30:00.000000+0000	Sanket
142	20000	Transport	Worker	2013-02-26 18:30:00.000000+0000	David

#### 4. Update Employee name and Department of Emp-Id 121

***update employee\_info set emp\_name='Ravi S', dept\_name='Research' where emp\_id=121 AND salary=200000;***

```
cqlsh:employee> update employee_info set emp_name='Ravi S', dept_name='Research' where emp_id=121 AND salary=200000;
cqlsh:employee> SELECT * FROM employee_info;
```

emp_id	salary	dept_name	designation	doj	emp_name
122	20000	Maintainance	Employee	2017-05-06 18:30:00.000000+0000	Kiran
121	2e+05	Research	Manager	2012-03-28 18:30:00.000000+0000	Ravi S
142	10000	RD	Intern	2022-02-26 18:30:00.000000+0000	Sanket
142	20000	Transport	Worker	2013-02-26 18:30:00.000000+0000	David

(4 rows)

#### 5. Sort the details of Employee records based on salary

```
cqlsh:employee> paging off;
```

Disabled Query paging.

```
cqlsh:employee> SELECT * FROM employee.employee_info WHERE emp_id in (121,122,151,152) ORDER BY salary DESC ;
```

emp_id	salary	dept_name	designation	doj	emp_name
121	2e+05	RD	Manager	2012-03-28 18:30:00.000000+0000	Ravi
122	20000	Transport	Worker	2013-02-26 18:30:00.000000+0000	David
152	20000	Packaging	Worker	2019-05-22 18:30:00.000000+0000	Rahul
151	10000	RD	Intern	2022-03-28 18:30:00.000000+0000	Sanket

(4 rows)

#### 6. Alter the schema of the table Employee\_Info to add a column Projects which stores a set of Projects done by the corresponding Employee.

```
cqlsh:employee> alter table employee_info add projects set<text>;
cqlsh:employee> DESCRIBE TABLE employee_info;
```

```
CREATE TABLE employee.employee_info (
  emp_id int,
  salary double,
  dept_name text,
  designation text,
  doj timestamp,
  emp_name text,
  projects set<text>,
  PRIMARY KEY (emp_id, salary)
) WITH CLUSTERING ORDER BY (salary ASC)
AND bloom_filter_fp_chance = 0.01
AND caching = {'keys': 'ALL', 'rows_per_partition': 'NONE'}
AND comment = ''
AND compaction = {'class': 'org.apache.cassandra.db.compaction.
AND compression = {'chunk_length_in_kb': '64', 'class': 'org.ap
AND crc_check_chance = 1.0
AND dclocal_read_repair_chance = 0.1
AND default_time_to_live = 0
AND gc_grace_seconds = 864000
AND max_index_interval = 2048
AND memtable_flush_period_in_ms = 0
AND min_index_interval = 128
AND read_repair_chance = 0.0
AND speculative_retry = '99PERCENTILE';
```

7. Update the altered table to add project names.

***update employee\_info set projects=projects+{'VGST'} where emp\_id=121 AND salary=200000;***

```
cqlsh:employee> update employee_info set projects=projects+{'VGST'} where emp_id=121 AND salary=200000;  
cqlsh:employee> select * from employee_info where emp_id=121 AND salary=200000;
```

emp_id	salary	dept_name	designation	doj	emp_name	projects
121	2e+05	Research	Manager	2012-03-28 18:30:00.000000+0000	Ravi S	{'VGST'}

8. Create a TTL of 15 seconds to display the values of Employee

***cqlsh:employee> INSERT INTO employee\_info(emp\_id, emp\_name, designation, doj, salary, dept\_name) VALUES(149, 'Saket', 'Developer', '2021-02-20', 100000, 'RD') USING TTL 15; cqlsh:employee> select ttl(emp\_name) from employee\_info Where emp\_id=149;***

```
cqlsh:employee> select ttl(emp_name) from employee_info Where emp_id=149;
```

```
ttl(emp_name)
```

```
-----  
13
```

```
(1 rows)
```

```
cqlsh:employee>
```

### 3. Perform the following DB operations using Cassandra. (Library DB)

1. Create a keyspace by name Library

***CREATE KEYSPACE Library WITH  
REPLICATION={'class':'SimpleStrategy','replication\_factor':1};***

```
cqlsh> CREATE KEYSPACE Library WITH REPLICATION={'class':'SimpleStrategy','replication_factor':1};
cqlsh> describe keyspaces;

system_schema  system      system_distributed  system_traces
system_auth     library     employee
cqlsh>
```

2. Create a column family by name Library-Info with attributes

Stud\_Id Primary Key,  
Counter\_value of type Counter,  
Stud\_Name, Book-Name, Book-Id,  
Date\_of\_issue

***create table library\_details(stud\_id int,counter\_value counter,stud\_name text,book\_name text,date\_of\_issue timestamp,book\_id int,primary  
key(stud\_id,stud\_name,book\_name,date\_of\_issue,book\_id));***

```
cqlsh:library> describe table library_details;

CREATE TABLE library.library_details (
  stud_id int,
  stud_name text,
  book_name text,
  date_of_issue timestamp,
  book_id int,
  counter_value counter,
  PRIMARY KEY (stud_id, stud_name, book_name, date_of_issue, book_id)
) WITH CLUSTERING ORDER BY (stud_name ASC, book_name ASC, date_of_issue
  AND bloom_filter_fp_chance = 0.01
  AND caching = {'keys': 'ALL', 'rows_per_partition': 'NONE'}
  AND comment = ''
  AND compaction = {'class': 'org.apache.cassandra.db.compaction.SizeT
  AND compression = {'chunk_length_in_kb': '64', 'class': 'org.apache.
  AND crc_check_chance = 1.0
  AND dclocal_read_repair_chance = 0.1
  AND default_time_to_live = 0
  AND gc_grace_seconds = 864000
  AND max_index_interval = 2048
  AND memtable_flush_period_in_ms = 0
  AND min_index_interval = 128
  AND read_repair_chance = 0.0
  AND speculative_retry = '99PERCENTILE';
```

3. Insert the values into the table in batch

```
update library_details set counter_value=counter_value+1
where stud_id=111 and stud_name='Ramesh' and book_name='ML' and date_of_issue='2021-11-09' and book_id=200;
update library_details set counter_value=counter_value+1
where stud_id=112 and stud_name='Prabhakar' and book_name='BDA' and
date_of_issue='2022-01-01' and book_id=300;
update library_details set counter_value=counter_value+1
where stud_id=113 and stud_name='Gopinath' and book_name='OOMB' and
date_of_issue='2021-06-01' and book_id=400;
```

```
cqlsh:library> update library_details set counter_value=counter_value+1
...
...
...
cqlsh:library> update library_details set counter_value=counter_value+1
...
...
...
cqlsh:library> update library_details set counter_value=counter_value+1
...
...
...
cqlsh:library> SELECT * FROM library_details;
```

stud_id	stud_name	book_name	date_of_issue	book_id	counter_value
111	Ramesh	ML	2021-11-08 18:30:00.000000+0000	200	1
113	Gopinath	OOMB	2021-05-31 18:30:00.000000+0000	400	1
112	Prabhakar	BDA	2021-12-31 18:30:00.000000+0000	300	1

4. Display the details of the table created and increase the value of the counter

```
update library_details set counter_value=counter_value+1
where stud_id=112 and stud_name='Prabhakar' and book_name='BDA' and
date_of_issue='2021-12-31' and book_id=300;
```

```
cqlsh:library> SELECT * FROM library_details;
```

stud_id	stud_name	book_name	date_of_issue	book_id	counter_value
111	Ramesh	ML	2021-11-08 18:30:00.000000+0000	200	1
113	Gopinath	OOMB	2021-05-31 18:30:00.000000+0000	400	1
112	Prabhakar	BDA	2021-12-31 18:30:00.000000+0000	300	2

5. Write a query to show that a student with id 112 has taken a book “BDA” 2 times.

```
select * from library_details where stud_id=112;
```

```
cqlsh:library> select * from library_details where stud_id=112;
```

stud_id	stud_name	book_name	date_of_issue	book_id	counter_value
112	Prabhakar	BDA	2021-12-31 18:30:00.000000+0000	300	2

6. Export the created column to a csv file

***copy library\_details(stud\_id,stud\_name,book\_name,book\_id,date\_of\_issue,counter\_value) to 'library.csv';***

```
cqlsh:library> copy library_details(stud_id,stud_name,book_name,book_id,date_of_issue,counter_value) to 'library.csv' ;
Using 11 child processes

Starting copy of library.library_details with columns [stud_id, stud_name, book_name, book_id, date_of_issue, counter_value].
Processed: 3 rows; Rate:      3 rows/s; Avg. rate:      1 rows/s
3 rows exported to 1 files in 3.065 seconds.
cqlsh:library>
```

**7. Import a given csv dataset from local file system into Cassandra column family**  
***copy library\_details(stud\_id,stud\_name,book\_name,book\_id,date\_of\_issue,counter\_value)***  
***from 'library.csv';***

```
cqlsh:library> copy library_details(stud_id,stud_name,book_name,book_id,date_of_issue,counter_value) from 'library.csv' ;
Using 11 child processes

Starting copy of library.library_details with columns [stud_id, stud_name, book_name, book_id, date_of_issue, counter_value].
Process ImportProcess-12:      1 rows/s; Avg. rate:      1 rows/s
PProcess ImportProcess-15:
TTProcess ImportProcess-13:
PPPPPTProcess ImportProcess-20:
Processed: 3 rows; Rate:      1 rows/s; Avg. rate:      1 rows/s
3 rows imported from 1 files in 2.889 seconds (0 skipped).
```

```
cqlsh:library> SELECT * FROM library_details;
```

stud_id	stud_name	book_name	date_of_issue	book_id	counter_value
111	Ramesh	ML	2021-11-08 18:30:00.000000+0000	200	2
113	Gopinath	OOMD	2021-05-31 18:30:00.000000+0000	400	2
112	Prabhakar	BDA	2021-12-31 18:30:00.000000+0000	300	4

(3 rows)