VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

"JnanaSangama", Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



LAB REPORT on

BIG DATA ANALYTICS (20CS6PEBDA)

Submitted by

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in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING
in
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

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Department of Computer Science and Engineering



CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Lab work entitled "BIG DATA ANALYTICS" carried out by Ravi Sajjanar (1BM19CS127), who is bonafide student of B. M. S. College of Engineering. It is in partial fulfillment for the award of Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during the year 2022. The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of a BIG DATA ANALYTICS - (20CS6PEBDA) work prescribed for the said degree.

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Index Sheet

SI.	Experiment Title	Page No.
No.		
1	MongoDB Practice Problems	4
2	Employee DB (Cassandra)	9
3	Library DB (Cassandra)	12

Course Outcome

CO1	Apply the concept of NoSQL, Hadoop or Spark for a given task
CO2	Analyze the Big Data and obtain insight using data analytics mechanisms.
CO3	Design and implement Big data applications by applying NoSQL, Hadoop or Spark

1.MongoDB- CRUD Demonstration

1) Using MongoDB

```
> show dbs;
admin  0.000GB
config  0.000GB
local  0.000GB
> use myDB;
switched to db myDB
> db;
myDB
> db.createCollection("Student");
2022-06-06T16:47:20.532+0530 E QUERY [thread1] SyntaxError: illegal character @(shell):1:20
> db.createCollection('Student');
{ "ok" : 1 }
```

i) Create a database for Students and Create a Student Collection (_id,Name, USN, Semester, Dept_Name, CGPA, Hobbies(Set)).

```
wybo'
> db.createCollection("Student");
2022-06-06716:47:20.532+0530 E QUERY [thread1] SyntaxError: illegal character @(shell):1:20
> db.createCollection('Student');
{ "ok" : 1 }
> db.Student.insert({_id:1,Name:"Ravi", USN:"1BM19CS127",Sem:6,Dept_name:"CSE",CGPA:8.34,Hobbies:["Skating"]});
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
> db.Student.insert({_id:2,Name:"Balaji", USN:"1BM19CS134",Sem:6,Dept_name:"CSE",CGPA:8.5,Hobbies:["Watching Documentaries"]});
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
```

ii) Insert required documents to the collection.

```
> db.Student.insert({_id:5,Name:"Sagar", USN:"1BM20CS097",Sem:5,Dept_name:"ME",CGPA:7.95,Hobbies:["Collecting Coins"]});
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
> db.Student.find();
{ "_id" : 1, "Name" : "Ravi", "USN" : "1BM19CS127", "Sem" : 6, "Dept_name" : "CSE", "CGPA" : 8.34, "Hobbies" : [ "Skating" ] }
{ "_id" : 2, "Name" : "Balaji", "USN" : "1BM19CS134", "Sem" : 6, "Dept_name" : "CSE", "CGPA" : 8.5, "Hobbies" : [ "Watching Documentaries" ] }
{ "_id" : 3, "Name" : "Skanda", "USN" : "1BM19CS137", "Sem" : 6, "Dept_name" : "CSE", "CGPA" : 8.85, "Hobbies" : [ "Solving Puzzles" ] }
{ "_id" : 4, "Name" : "Nagraj", "USN" : "1BM20CS097", "Sem" : 5, "Dept_name" : "CSE", "CGPA" : 9.25, "Hobbies" : [ "Stamp Collection" ] }
{ "_id" : 5, "Name" : "Sagar", "USN" : "1BM20CS097", "Sem" : 5, "Dept_name" : "CGPA" : 7.95, "Hobbies" : [ "Collecting Coins" ] }
```

iii) First Filter on "Dept_Name:CSE" and then group it on "Semester" and compute the Average CPGA for that semester and filter those documents where the "Avg_CPGA" is greater than 7.5.

db.Student.aggregate({\$match:{Dept_name:"CSE"}},{\$group:{_id:"\$Sem",Avg_CGPA:{\$avg:"\$CGPA"}}},{\$match:{Avg_CGPA:{\$gt:7.5}}}).pretty();

```
b db.Student.aggregate({$match:{Dept_name:"CSE"}}
{ "_id" : 5, "Avg_CGPA" : 9.25 }
{ "_id" : 6, "Avg_CGPA" : 8.563333333333333 }
}
```

iv) Command used to export MongoDB JSON documents from "Student" Collection into the "Students" database into a CSV file "Output.txt".

mongoexport --db myDB --collection Student --type=csv --out C:\Users\skand\Desktop\Output.csv -f "_id,Name,USN,Sem,Dept_name,CGPA"

```
C:\Users\skand>mongoexport --db myDB --collection Student
2022-06-06T17:24:46.101+0530 connected to: localhost
2022-06-06T17:24:46.109+0530 exported 5 records
```

2. To drop a collection by the name "Student".

db.Student.drop();

```
> db.Student.drop();
true
```

3. Insert the document for "AryanDavid" in to the Students collection only if it does not already exist in the collection. However, if it is already present in the collection, then update the document with new values. (Update his Hobbies from "Skating" to "Chess".) Use "Update else insert" (if there is an existing document, it will attempt to update it, if there is no existing document then it will insert it).

db.Student.update({_id:3,StudName:"AryanDavid",Grade:"VII"},{\$set:{Hobbies:"Skating"}},{upsert:true});

```
> db.Student.insert({_id:1,StudName:"MichelleJacintha",Grade:"VII",Hobbies:"InternetSurfing"});
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
> db.Student.update({_id:3,StudName:"AryanDavid",Grade:"VII"},{$set:{Hobbies:"Skating"}},{upsert:true});
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 0, "nUpserted" : 1, "nModified" : 0, "_id" : 3 })
> _
```

4.FIND METHOD

A. To search for documents from the "Students" collection based on certain search criteria.

db.Student.find({StudName:"Aryan David"});

```
> db.Student.find({StudName:"AryanDavid"});
{ "_id" : 3, "Grade" : "VII", "StudName" : "AryanDavid", "Hobbies" : "Skating" }
>
```

B. To display only the StudName and Grade from all the documents of the Students collection. The identifier_id should be suppressed and NOT displayed.

db.Student.find({},{StudName:1,Grade:1,_id:0});

```
> db.Student.find({},{StudName:1,Grade:1,_id:0});
{ "StudName" : "MichelleJacintha", "Grade" : "VII" }
{ "Grade" : "VII", "StudName" : "AryanDavid" }
```

C. To find those documents where the Grade is set to 'VII'

db.Student.find({Grade:{\$eq:'VII'}}).pretty();

```
> db.Student.find({Grade:{$eq:'VII'}}).pretty();
{
        "_id" : 1,
        "StudName" : "MichelleJacintha",
        "Grade" : "VII",
        "Hobbies" : "InternetSurfing"
}
{
        "_id" : 3,
        "Grade" : "VII",
        "StudName" : "AryanDavid",
        "Hobbies" : "Skating"
}
> _
```

D. To find those documents from the Students collection where the Hobbies is set to either 'Chess' or is set to 'Skating'.

db.Student.find({Hobbies :{ \$in: ['Chess', 'Skating']}}).pretty ();

```
> db.Student.find({Hobbies :{ $in: ['Chess','Skating']}}).pretty ();
{
    "_id" : 3,
    "Grade" : "VII",
    "StudName" : "AryanDavid",
    "Hobbies" : "Skating"
}
```

E. To find documents from the Students collection where the StudName begins with "M".

db.Student.find({StudName:/^M/}).pretty();

```
> db.Student.find({StudName:/^M/}).pretty();
{
        "_id" : 1,
        "StudName" : "MichelleJacintha",
        "Grade" : "VII",
        "Hobbies" : "InternetSurfing"
}
```

F. To find documents from the Students collection where the StudName has an "e" in any position.

db.Student.find({StudName:/e/}).pretty();

G. To find the number of documents in the Students collection.

db.Student.count();

H. To sort the documents from the Students collection in the descending order of StudName.

db.Student.find().sort({StudName:-1}).pretty();

```
> db.Student.count();
2
> db.Student.find().sort({StudName:-1}).pretty();
{
        "_id" : 1,
        "StudName" : "MichelleJacintha",
        "Grade" : "VII",
        "Hobbies" : "InternetSurfing"
}
{
        "_id" : 3,
        "Grade" : "VII",
        "StudName" : "AryanDavid",
        "Hobbies" : "Skating"
}
```

I. Save Method:

Save() method will insert a new document, if the document with the _id does not exist. If it exists it will replace the exisiting document.

```
db.Students.save({StudName:"Vamsi", Grade:"VI"})
> db.Students.save({StudName:'Vamsi', Grade:'VI'});
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
```

I. Add a new field to existing Document:

db.Students.update({_id:3},{\$set:{Location:"Network"}})

II. Remove the field in an existing Document

db.Students.update({_id:3},{\$unset:{Location:"Network"}})

```
> db.Student.update({_id:3},{$set:{Location:'Network'}})
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
> db.Student.find();
{ "_id" : 1, "StudName" : "MichelleJacintha", "Grade" : "VII", "Hobbies" : "InternetSurfing" }
{ "_id" : 3, "Grade" : "VII", "StudName" : "AryanDavid", "Hobbies" : "Skating", "Location" : "Network" }
> db.Student.update({_id:3},{$unset:{Location:'Network'}})
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
> db.Student.find();
{ "_id" : 1, "StudName" : "MichelleJacintha", "Grade" : "VII", "Hobbies" : "InternetSurfing" }
{ "_id" : 3, "Grade" : "VII", "StudName" : "AryanDavid", "Hobbies" : "Skating" }
>
```

To set a particular field value to NULL db.Students.update({_id:3},{\$set:{Location:null}})

```
> db.Student.update({_id:3},{$set:{Location:null}})
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
> db.Student.find();
{ "_id" : 1, "StudName" : "MichelleJacintha", "Grade" : "VII", "Hobbies" : "InternetSurfing" }
{ "_id" : 3, "Grade" : "VII", "StudName" : "AryanDavid", "Hobbies" : "Skating", "Location" : null }
> _
```

Sort the document in Ascending order

db.Students.find().sort({StudName:1}).pretty();

```
> db.Student.find().sort({StudName:1}).pretty();
{
        "_id" : 3,
        "Grade" : "VII",
        "StudName" : "AryanDavid",
        "Hobbies" : "Skating",
        "Location" : null
}
{
        "_id" : 1,
        "StudName" : "MichelleJacintha",
        "Grade" : "VII",
        "Hobbies" : "InternetSurfing"
}
>
```

Note:

for desending order : db.Students.find().sort({StudName:-1}).pretty();

2. Perform the following DB operations using Cassandra. (Employee DB)

1. Create a keyspace by name Employee

create keyspace employee with replication = { 'class':'SimpleStrategy' ,
'replication_factor' :1};

2. Create a column family by name Employee-Info with attributes Emp_Id Primary Key, Emp_Name, Designation, Date_of_Joining, Salary, Dept_Name

create table employee_info(emp_id int,emp_name text, designation text, doj timestamp, salary double, dept_name text, primary key(emp_id,salary));

```
cqlsh:employee> DESCRIBE TABLE employee_info;
CREATE TABLE employee.employee_info (
   emp_id int,
   salary double,
   dept name text,
   designation text,
   doj timestamp,
   emp_name text,
   PRIMARY KEY (emp_id, salary)
 WITH CLUSTERING ORDER BY (salary ASC)
   AND bloom_filter_fp_chance = 0.01
   AND caching = {'keys': 'ALL', 'rows_per_partition': 'NONE'}
   AND compaction = {'class': 'org.apache.cassandra.db.compaction
   AND compression = {'chunk_length_in_kb': '64', 'class': 'org.a
   AND crc_check_chance = 1.0
   AND dclocal read repair chance = 0.1
   AND default_time_to_live = 0
   AND gc_grace_seconds = 864000
   AND max index interval = 2048
   AND memtable_flush_period_in_ms = 0
   AND min_index_interval = 128
   AND read_repair_chance = 0.0
   AND speculative_retry = '99PERCENTILE';
```

3. Insert the values into the table in batch

BEGIN BATCH

INSERT INTO employee_info(emp_id, emp_name, designation, doj, salary, dept_name) VALUES (121, 'Ravi', 'Manager', '2012-03-29', 200000, 'RD')
INSERT INTO employee_info(emp_id, emp_name, designation, doj, salary, dept_name) VALUES(122, 'David', 'Worker', '2013-02-27', 20000, 'Transport')
APPLY BATCH:

```
cqlsh:employee> SELECT * FROM employee_info;
                                 | designation | doj
emp id | salary | dept name
                                                                                  emp_name
           20000
                                                 2017-05-06 18:30:00.000000+0000
                                                                                       Kiran
    122
                   Maintainance
                                      Employee |
    121
           2e+05
                             RD
                                      Manager
                                                 2012-03-28 18:30:00.000000+0000
                                                                                        Ravi
    142
           10000
                             RD
                                                 2022-02-26 18:30:00.000000+0000
                                                                                      Sanket
                                       Intern
    142
           20000
                      Transport
                                       Worker
                                                 2013-02-26 18:30:00.0000000+0000
                                                                                       David
```

4. Update Employee name and Department of Emp-Id 121 update employee_info set emp_name='Ravi S', dept_name='Research' where emp_id=121 AND salary=200000;

```
qlsh:employee> update employee info set emp name='Ravi S', dept name='Research' where emp id=121 AND salary=200000;
cqlsh:employee> SELECT * FROM employee_info;
emp_id | salary | dept_name
                               | designation | doj
                                                                               emp_name
   122
          20000
                  Maintainance
                                               2017-05-06 18:30:00.0000000+0000
                                                                                    Kiran
                                    Employee |
          2e+05
                      Research
                                     Manager
                                               2012-03-28 18:30:00.000000+0000
                                                                                   Ravi S
   142
          10000
                                      Intern
                                               2022-02-26 18:30:00.000000+0000
                                                                                   Sanket
          20000
   142
                     Transport
                                      Worker | 2013-02-26 18:30:00.000000+0000
                                                                                    David
4 rows)
```

5. Sort the details of Employee records based on salary

```
qlsh:employee> paging off;
Disabled Query paging.
cqlsh:employee> SELECT * FROM employee.employee info WHERE emp id in (121,122,151,152) ORDER BY salary DESC ;
 emp_id | salary | dept_name | designation | doj
                                                                             emp_name
          2e+05
                                            2012-03-28 18:30:00.000000+0000
                                                                                  Ravi
                                  Manager
                                   Worker
          20000 | Transport
                                            2013-02-26 18:30:00.000000+0000
                                                                                 David
   152
           20000 | Packaging
                                   Worker
                                            2019-05-22 18:30:00.000000+0000
                                                                                 Rahul
          10000
                         RD |
                                            2022-03-28 18:30:00.000000+0000
                                   Intern
                                                                                Sanket
 4 rows)
```

6. Alter the schema of the table Employee_Info to add a column Projects which stores a set of Projects done by the corresponding Employee.

```
cqlsh:employee> alter table employee_info add projects set<text>;
cqlsh:employee> DESCRIBE TABLE employee_info;
CREATE TABLE employee.employee_info (
    emp id int,
    salary double,
    dept_name text,
    designation text,
    doj timestamp,
    emp_name text,
    projects set<text>,
    PRIMARY KEY (emp_id, salary)
  WITH CLUSTERING ORDER BY (salary ASC)
    AND caching = { keys': 'ALL', 'rows_per_partition': 'NONE'}
    AND comment =
    AND compaction = {'class': 'org.apache.cassandra.db.compaction.
AND compression = {'chunk_length_in_kb': '64', 'class': 'org.ap
    AND crc_check_chance = 1.0
    AND dclocal_read_repair_chance = 0.1
    AND default_time_to_live = 0
    AND gc_grace_seconds = 864000
    AND max_index_interval = 2048
    AND memtable_flush_period_in_ms = 0
    AND min_index_interval = 128
    AND read_repair_chance = 0.0
    AND speculative_retry = '99PERCENTILE';
```

7. Update the altered table to add project names.

update employee_info set projects=projects+{"VGST"} where emp_id=121 AND salary=200000;

8.Create a TTL of 15 seconds to display the values of Employee cqlsh:employee> INSERT INTO employee_info(emp_id, emp_name, designation, doj, salary, dept_name) VALUES(149, 'Saket', 'Developer', '2021-02-20', 100000, 'RD') USING TTL 15; cqlsh:employee> select ttl(emp_name) from employee_info Where emp_id=149;

```
cqlsh:employee> select ttl(emp_name) from employee_info Where emp_id=149;

ttl(emp_name)

13

(1 rows)
cqlsh:employee>
```

3. Perform the following DB operations using Cassandra. (Library DB)

1.Create a keyspace by name Library CREATE KEYSPACE Library WITH REPLICATION={'class':'SimpleStrategy','replication_factor':1};

```
cqlsh> CREATE KEYSPACE Library WITH REPLICATION={'class':'SimpleStrategy','replication_factor':1};
cqlsh> describe keyspaces;
system_schema system system_distributed system_traces
system_auth library employee
cqlsh>
```

2. Create a column family by name Library-Info with attributes

Stud_Id Primary Key,

Counter_value of type Counter,

Stud Name, Book-Name, Book-Id,

Date of issue

create table library_details(stud_id int,counter_value counter,stud_name text,book_name text,date_of_issue timestamp,book_id int,primary key(stud_id,stud_name,book_name,date_of_issue,book_id));

```
cqlsh:library> describe table library_details;
CREATE TABLE library.library_details (
   stud_id_int,
   stud name text,
   book name text,
   date of issue timestamp,
   book id int,
   counter value counter,
   PRIMARY KEY (stud id, stud name, book name, date of issue, book id)
 WITH CLUSTERING ORDER BY (stud name ASC, book name ASC, date of issue
   AND bloom_filter_fp_chance = 0.01
   AND caching = {'keys': 'ALL', 'rows per partition': 'NONE'}
   AND comment = ''
   AND compaction = {'class': 'org.apache.cassandra.db.compaction.SizeT
   AND compression = {'chunk_length_in_kb': '64', 'class': 'org.apache.
   AND crc check chance = 1.0
   AND dclocal_read_repair_chance = 0.1
   AND default_time_to_live = 0
   AND gc grace seconds = 864000
   AND max index interval = 2048
   AND memtable_flush_period_in_ms = 0
   AND min_index_interval = 128
   AND read repair chance = 0.0
   AND speculative_retry = '99PERCENTILE';
```

3. Insert the values into the table in batch update library_details set counter_value=counter_value+1 where stud_id=111 and stud_name='Ramesh' and book_name='ML' and date_of_issue='2021-11-09' and book_id=200; update library_details set counter_value=counter_value+1 where stud_id=112 and stud_name='Prabhakar' and book_name='BDA' and date_of_issue='2022-01-01' and book_id=300; update library_details set counter_value=counter_value+1 where stud_id=113 and stud_name='Gopinath' and book_name='OOMD' and date_of_issue='2021-06-01' and book_id=400;

```
cqlsh:library> update library_details set counter_value=counter_value+1
                            where stud id=111 and stud name='Ramesh' and book name='ML' and
                             date_of_issue='2021-11-09' and book_id=200;
cqlsh:library> update library_details set counter_value=counter_value+1
          ... where stud_id=112 and stud_name='Prabhakar' and book_name='BDA' and
                          date_of_issue='2022-01-01' and book_id=300;
cqlsh:library> update library_details set counter_value=counter_value+1
                             where stud_id=113 and stud_name='Gopinath' and book_name='OOMD' and
                             date of issue='2021-06-01' and book id=400;
cqlsh:library> SELECT * FROM library_details;
stud id | stud name | book name | date of issue
                                                                | book id | counter value
                          ML | 2021-11-08 18:30:00.000000+0000 |
    111
             Ramesh
                                                                      200
                          OOMD | 2021-05-31 18:30:00.000000+0000 |
    113
                                                                      400
          Gopinath
    112 | Prabhakar |
                           BDA | 2021-12-31 18:30:00.000000+0000 |
                                                                      300
```

4. Display the details of the table created and increase the value of the counter update library_details set counter_value=counter_value+1 where stud_id=112 and stud_name='Prabhakar' and book_name='BDA' and date_of_issue='2021-12-31' and book_id=300;

5. Write a query to show that a student with id 112 has taken a book "BDA" 2 times. select * from library_details where stud_id=112;

6. Export the created column to a csv file

copy library_details(stud_id,stud_name,book_name,book_id,date_of_issue,counter_value) to 'library.csv';

```
cqlsh:library> copy library_details(stud_id,stud_name,book_name,book_id,date_of_issue,counter_value) to 'library.csv';
Using 11 child processes

Starting copy of library.library_details with columns [stud_id, stud_name, book_name, book_id, date_of_issue, counter_value].

Processed: 3 rows; Rate: 3 rows/s; Avg. rate: 1 rows/s

3 rows exported to 1 files in 3.065 seconds.

cqlsh:library>
```

7. Import a given csv dataset from local file system into Cassandra column family copy library_details(stud_id,stud_name,book_name,book_id,date_of_issue,counter_value) from 'library.csv';

cqlsh:library> SELECT * FROM library_details;					
stud_id stud_name book_name date_of_issue	book_id	counter_value			
111 Ramesh ML 2021-11-08 18:30:00.000000+0000 113 Gopinath OOMD 2021-05-31 18:30:00.000000+0000	200 400	2			
112 Prabhakar BDA 2021-12-31 18:30:00.000000+0000	300	4			
(3 rows)					