

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

“JnanaSangama”, Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



DATA BASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM LAB REPORT PHASE 1

(19CS4PCDBM)

Submitted by

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Under the Guidance of

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in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of

BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING

in

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

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Department of Computer Science and Engineering



CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Lab Assignment work entitled “**Database Management System**” carried out by **RAVI SAJJANAR (1BM19CS127)** who is the bonafide students of **B. M. S. College of Engineering**. It is in partial fulfillment for the award of **Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering** of the Visveswararajah Technological University, Belgaum during the year 2021-2022. The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of **Database Management System (19CS4PCDBM) LAB** work prescribed for the said degree.

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PROGRAM 1: INSURANCE DATABASE

Consider the Insurance database given below. The data types are specified.

PERSON (driver_id: String, name: String, address: String)

CAR (reg_num: String, model: String, year: int)

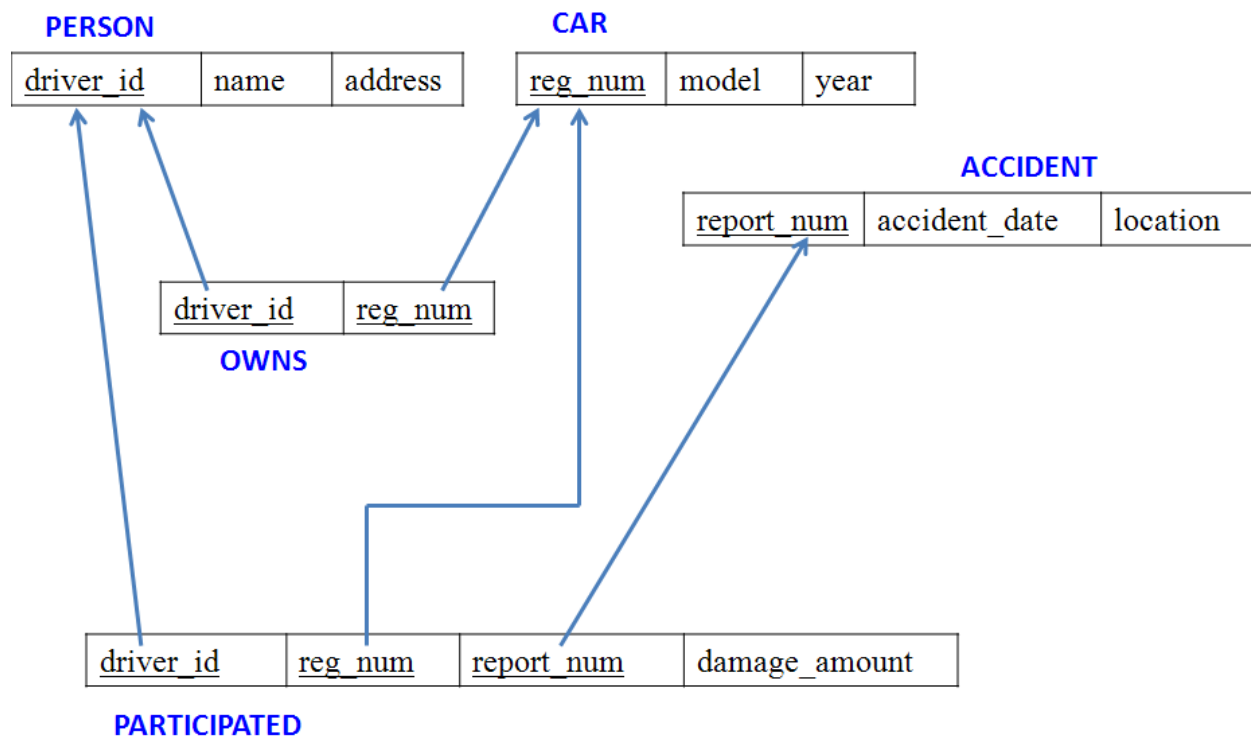
ACCIDENT (report_num: int, accident_date: date, location: String)

OWNS (driver_id: String, reg_num: String)

PARTICIPATED (driver_id: String, reg_num: String, report_num: int, damage_amount: int)

- i) Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys.
- ii) Enter at least five tuples for each relation.
- iii) Demonstrate how you
 - a. Update the damage amount to 25000 for the car with a specific reg-num(example 'K A053408') for which the accident report number was 12.
 - b. Add a new accident to the database.
- iv) Find the total number of people who owned cars that involved in accidents in 2008.
- v) Find the number of accidents in which cars belonging to a specific model (example)were involved.

Schema Diagram:



-- Creating the database and the tables

```
create database insurance;  
use insurance;
```

```
create table person(  
    driver_id varchar(10),  
    name varchar(20),  
    address varchar(30),  
    primary key(driver_id)  
);
```

```
desc person;
```

Result Grid Filter Rows: Export: Wrap Cell Content:						
	Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
▶	driver_id	varchar(10)	NO	PRI	NULL	
	name	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
	address	varchar(30)	YES		NULL	

```
create table car(
    reg_num varchar(10),
    model varchar(10),
    year int,
    primary key(reg_num)
);
```

```
desc car;
```

Result Grid Filter Rows: Export: Wrap Cell Content:						
	Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
▶	reg_num	varchar(10)	NO	PRI	NULL	
	model	varchar(10)	YES		NULL	
	year	int	YES		NULL	

```
create table accident(
    report_num int,
    accident_date date,
    location varchar(20),
    primary key(report_num)
);
```

Result Grid Filter Rows: <input type="text"/> Export: Wrap Cell Content:						
	Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
▶	report_num	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
	accident_date	date	YES		NULL	
	location	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	

```
create table owns(
    driver_id varchar(10),
    reg_num varchar(10),
    primary key(driver_id,reg_num),
    foreign key(driver_id) references person(driver_id),
    foreign key(reg_num) references car(reg_num)
);
```

```
desc owns;
```

Result Grid Filter Rows: <input type="text"/> Export: Wrap Cell Content:						
	Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
▶	driver_id	varchar(10)	NO	PRI	NULL	
	reg_num	varchar(10)	NO	PRI	NULL	

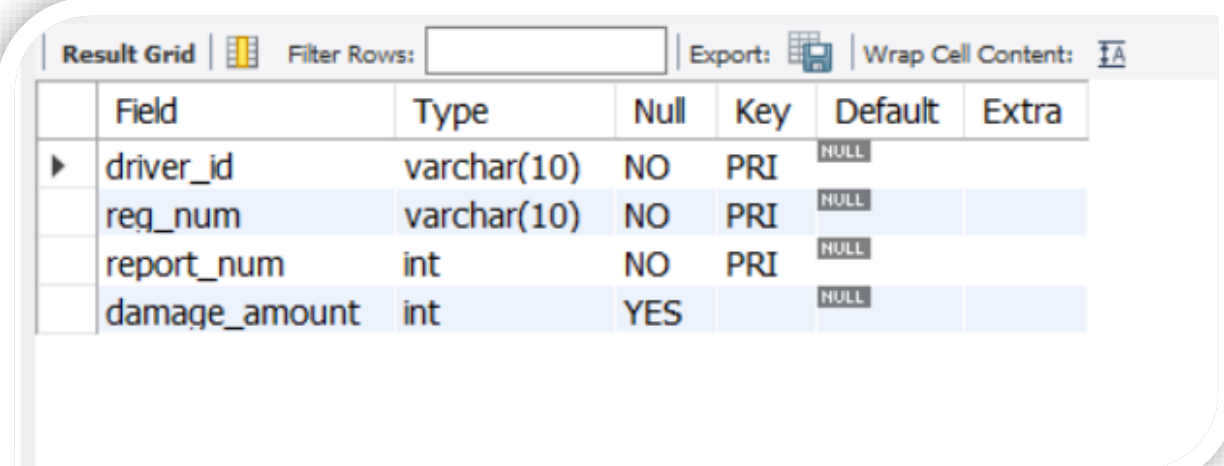
```
create table participated(
    driver_id varchar(10),
    reg_num varchar(10),
    report_num int,
    damage_amount int,
```

```

primary key(driver_id,reg_num,report_num),
foreign key(driver_id) references person(driver_id),
foreign key(reg_num) references car(reg_num),
foreign key(report_num) references accident(report_num)
);

desc participated;

```



	Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
▶	driver_id	varchar(10)	NO	PRI	NULL	
	reg_num	varchar(10)	NO	PRI	NULL	
	report_num	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
	damage_amount	int	YES		NULL	

```

insert into person values('A01','Richard',' Srinivas Nagar');
insert into person values('A02','Pradeep','Rajajinagar');
insert into person values('A03','Smith','Ashoknagar');
insert into person values('A04','Venu','N.R.Colony');
insert into person values('A05','John','Hanumanth Nagar');

commit;

select * from person;

```


Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Edit:	Export/Import
driver_id	name	address	
A01	Richard	Srinivas Nagar	
A02	Pradeep	Rajajinagar	
A03	Smith	Ashoknagar	
A04	Venu	N.R.Colony	
A05	John	Hanumanth Nagar	
NULL	NULL	NULL	*

```

insert into car values('KA031181','Lancer',1957);
insert into car values('KA041702','Audi',2005);
insert into car values('KA043408','Honda',2008);
insert into car values('KA052250','Indica',1990);
insert into car values('KA095477','Toyota',1998);

```

```

commit;
select * from car;

```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Edit:	Export/Import:	Wrap Cell Co
reg_num	model	year		
KA031181	Lancer	1957		
KA041702	Audi	2005		
KA043408	Honda	2008		
KA052250	Indica	1990		
KA095477	Toyota	1998		
NULL	NULL	NULL		*

```

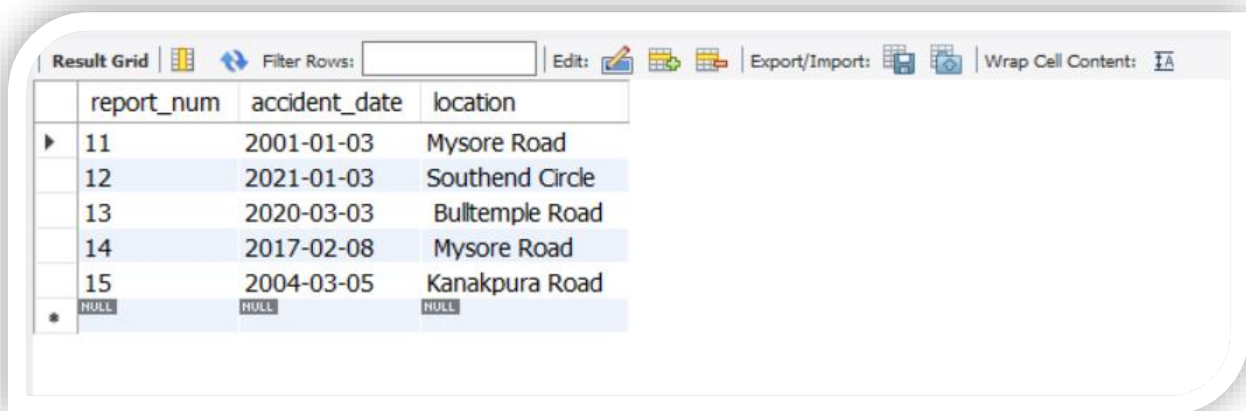
insert into accident values(11,'2001-01-03','Mysore Road');
insert into accident values(12,'2021-01-03','Southend Circle');
insert into accident values(13,'2020-03-03',' Bulltemple Road');
insert into accident values(14,' 2017-02-08',' Mysore Road');
insert into accident values(15,'2004-03-05','Kanakpura Road');
commit;

```

```

select * from accident;

```



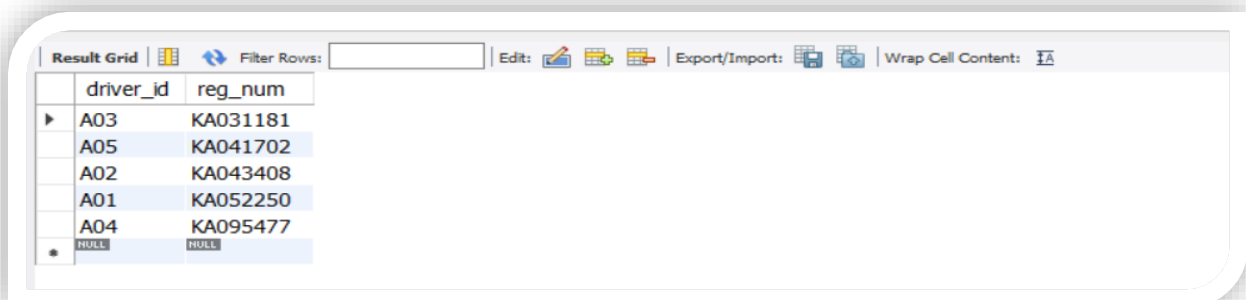
The screenshot shows a database result grid with the following data:

	report_num	accident_date	location
▶	11	2001-01-03	Mysore Road
	12	2021-01-03	Southend Circle
	13	2020-03-03	Bulltemple Road
	14	2017-02-08	Mysore Road
	15	2004-03-05	Kanakpura Road
*	HULL	HULL	HULL

```

insert into owns values ('A01','KA052250');
insert into owns values ('A02','KA043408');
insert into owns values ('A03','KA031181');
insert into owns values ('A04','KA095477');
insert into owns values ('A05','KA041702');
commit;
select * from owns;

```



The screenshot shows a database result grid with the following data:

	driver_id	reg_num
▶	A03	KA031181
	A05	KA041702
	A02	KA043408
	A01	KA052250
	A04	KA095477
*	HULL	HULL

```

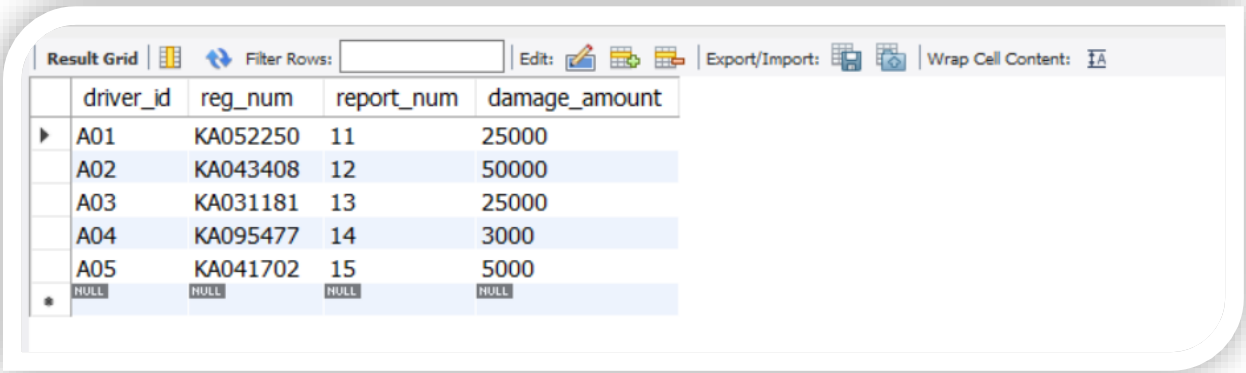
insert into participated values ('A01','KA052250',11, 25000);
insert into participated values ('A02','KA043408',12, 50000);
insert into participated values ('A03','KA031181',13, 25000);
insert into participated values ('A04','KA095477',14, 3000);
insert into participated values ('A05','KA041702',15, 5000);
commit;

```

```

select * from participated;

```



	driver_id	reg_num	report_num	damage_amount
▶	A01	KA052250	11	25000
	A02	KA043408	12	50000
	A03	KA031181	13	25000
	A04	KA095477	14	3000
	A05	KA041702	15	5000
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

```

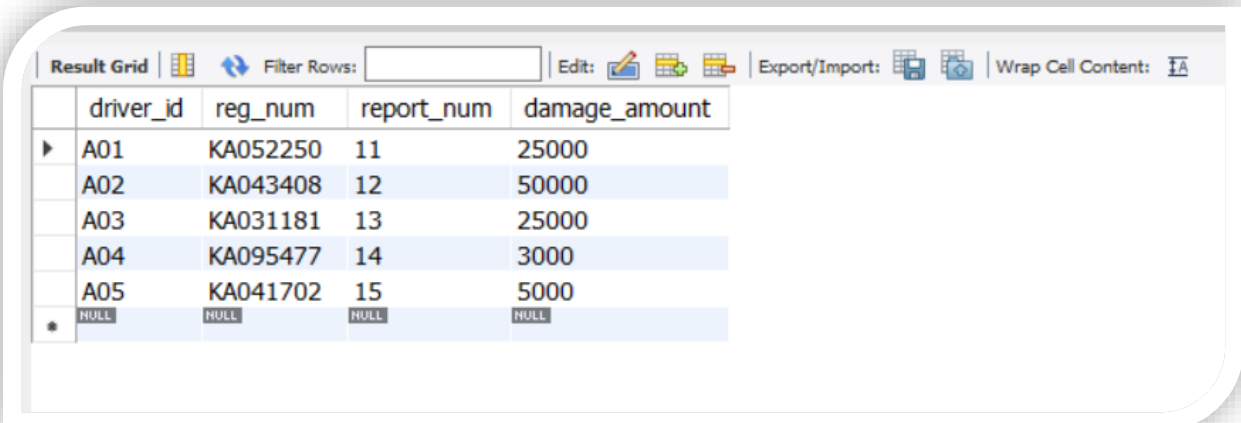
update participated
set damage_amount = 2500
where reg_num='KA031111';

```

```

select * from participated;

```



	driver_id	reg_num	report_num	damage_amount
▶	A01	KA052250	11	25000
	A02	KA043408	12	50000
	A03	KA031181	13	25000
	A04	KA095477	14	3000
	A05	KA041702	15	5000
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

```

insert into accident values(101,'2020-12-01','Xavier Road');
insert into participated values('A01','KA031111',101, 1001);
commit;
select * from accident;

```

	report_num	accident_date	location
▶	11	2001-01-03	Mysore Road
	12	2021-01-03	Southend Circle
	13	2020-03-03	Bultemple Road
	14	2017-02-08	Mysore Road
	15	2004-03-05	Kanakpura Road
	101	2020-12-01	Xavier Road
•	NULL	NULL	NULL

```

select * from participated;

```

	driver_id	reg_num	report_num	damage_amount
▶	A01	KA052250	11	25000
	A02	KA043408	12	50000
	A03	KA031181	13	25000
	A04	KA095477	14	3000
	A05	KA041702	15	5000
•	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

```







insert into car values('KA01010', 'Accord', 2002);
insert into owns values('A02', 'KA01010');
insert into accident values(200, '2008-12-01', 'Pinto Road');
insert into participated values('A02', 'KA01010', 200, 500);
commit;

```







```

select * from car;







```

Result Grid			
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>			
Edit:   			
Export/Import:  			
Wrap Cell Content: 			
	reg_num	model	year
▶	KA01010	Accord	2002
	KA031181	Lancer	1957
	KA041702	Audi	2005
	KA043408	Honda	2008
	KA052250	Indica	1990
	KA095477	Toyota	1998
*	NULL	NULL	NULL







select * from owns;

Result Grid		
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
Edit:   		
Export/Import:  		
Wrap Cell Content: 		
	driver_id	reg_num
▶	A02	KA01010
	A03	KA031181
	A05	KA041702
	A02	KA043408
	A01	KA052250
	A04	KA095477
*	NULL	NULL



select * from accident;

Result Grid			
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>			
Edit:   			
Export/Import:  			
Wrap Cell Content: 			
	report_num	accident_date	location
▶	11	2001-01-03	Mysore Road
	12	2021-01-03	Southend Circle
	13	2020-03-03	Bulltemple Road
	14	2017-02-08	Mysore Road
	15	2004-03-05	Kanakpura Road
	101	2020-12-01	Xavier Road
	200	2008-12-01	Pinto Road
*	NULL	NULL	NULL



select * from participated;

Result Grid				
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>				
Edit:   				
Export/Import:  				
Wrap Cell Content: 				
	driver_id	reg_num	report_num	damage_amount
▶	A01	KA052250	11	25000
	A02	KA01010	200	500
	A02	KA043408	12	50000
	A03	KA031181	13	25000
	A04	KA095477	14	3000
	A05	KA041702	15	5000
•	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

select count(*) from accident where year(accident_date)=2008;

Result Grid	
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>	
Export: 	
Wrap Cell Content: 	
	count(*)
▶	1

select count(*) from participated where reg_num in (select reg_num from car where model="Accord");

Result Grid	
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>	
Export: 	
Wrap Cell Content: 	
	count(*)
▶	1

PROGRAM 2: BANKING ENTERPRISE DATABASE

Consider the following database for a banking enterprise.

Branch (branch-name: String, branch-city: String, assets: real)

BankAccount(accno: int, branch-name: String, balance: real)

BankCustomer (customer-name: String, customer-street: String, customer-city: String)

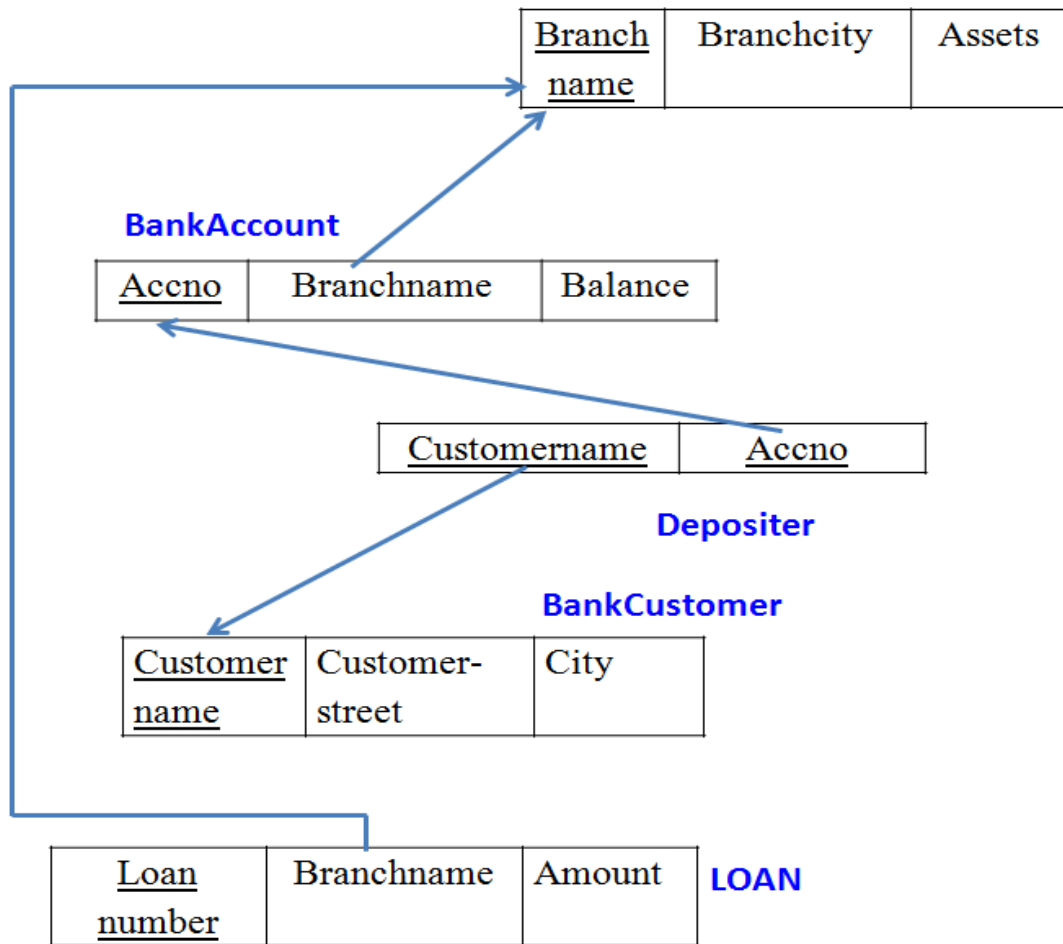
Depositer(customer-name: String, accno: int)

Loan (loan-number: int, branch-name: String, amount: real)

- i. Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys.
- ii. Enter at least five tuples for each relation.
- iii. Find all the customers who have at least two accounts at the *Main* branch (ex. SBI_ResidencyRoad).
- iv. Find all the customers who have an account at *all* the branches located in a specific city (Ex. Delhi).
- v. Demonstrate how you delete all account tuples at every branch located in a specific city (Ex. Bombay).

INTRODUCTION: This database is developed for supporting banking facilities. Details of the branch along with the accounts and loans handled by them are recorded. Also details of the depositors of the corresponding branches are maintained.

Schema Diagram



-- Creating the Database and the tables

```
create database bank;
use bank;
```

```
create table branch (
    branch_name varchar(25),
    branch_city varchar(15),
    assets int,
    primary key (branch_name)
);
```



```
create table bank_account (  
    accno int,  
    branch_name varchar(25),  
    balance int,  
    primary key (accno),  
    foreign key (branch_name) references branch(branch_name)  
);
```

```
create table bank_customer (  
    customer_name varchar(10),  
    customer_street varchar(25),  
    customer_city varchar(15),  
    primary key (customer_name)  
);
```

```
create table depositer (  
    customer_name varchar(10),  
    accno int,  
    primary key(customer_name, accno),  
    foreign key (customer_name) references bank_customer(customer_name),  
    foreign key (accno) references bank_account(accno)  
);
```

```
create table loan (  
    loan_number int,  
    branch_name varchar(25),  
    amount int,  
    primary key (loan_number),  
    foreign key (branch_name) references branch(branch_name)  
);
```

```
insert into branch values('SBI_Chamrajpet', 'Bangalore', 50000);  
insert into branch values('SBI_ResidencyRoad', 'Bangalore', 10000);  
insert into branch values('SBI_ShivajiRoad', 'Bombay', 20000);  
insert into branch values('SBI_ParliamentRoad', 'Delhi', 10000);  
insert into branch values('SBI_Jantarmantra', 'Delhi', 20000);
```

commit;

```
insert into bank_account values(1, 'SBI_Chamrajpet', 2000);
insert into bank_account values(2, 'SBI_ResidencyRoad', 5000);
insert into bank_account values(3, 'SBI_ShivajiRoad', 6000);
insert into bank_account values(4, 'SBI_ParliamentRoad', 9000);
insert into bank_account values(5, 'SBI_Jantarmanatar', 8000);
insert into bank_account values(6, 'SBI_ShivajiRoad', 4000);
insert into bank_account values(8, 'SBI_ResidencyRoad', 4000);
insert into bank_account values(9, 'SBI_ParliamentRoad', 3000);
insert into bank_account values(10, 'SBI_ResidencyRoad', 5000);
insert into bank_account values(11, 'SBI_Jantarmanatar', 2000);
commit;
```

```
insert into bank_customer values ('Avinash', 'Bull_Temple_Road',
'Bangalore');
insert into bank_customer values ('Dinesh', 'Bannerghatta_Road', 'Bangalore');
insert into bank_customer values ('Mohan', 'National_College_Road',
'Bangalore');
insert into bank_customer values ('Nikhil', 'Akbar_Road', 'Delhi');
insert into bank_customer values ('Ravi', 'Prithviraj_Road', 'Delhi');
commit;
```

```
insert into depositor values('Avinash', 1);
insert into depositor values('Dinesh', 2);
insert into depositor values('Nikhil', 4);
insert into depositor values('Ravi', 5);
insert into depositor values('Avinash', 8);
insert into depositor values('Nikhil', 9);
insert into depositor values('Dinesh', 10);
insert into depositor values('Nikhil', 11);
commit;
```

```
insert into loan values(1, 'SBI_Chamrajpet', 1000);
insert into loan values(2, 'SBI_ResidencyRoad', 2000);
insert into loan values(3, 'SBI_ShivajiRoad', 3000);
```

```
insert into loan values(4, 'SBI_ParliamentRoad', 4000);
insert into loan values(5, 'SBI_Jantarmanatar', 5000);
commit;
```

```
select * from branch;
```

	branch_name	branch_city	assets
▶	SBI_Chamrajpet	Bangalore	50000
	SBI_Jantarmanatar	Delhi	20000
	SBI_ParliamentRoad	Delhi	10000
	SBI_ResidencyRoad	Bangalore	10000
	SBI_ShivajiRoad	Bombay	20000
•	NULL	NULL	NULL

```
select * from bank_account;
```

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Edit:

Export/Import:

Wrap Cell Content:

	accno	branch_name	balance
▶	1	SBI_Chamrajpet	2000
	2	SBI_ResidencyRoad	5000
	3	SBI_ShivajiRoad	6000
	4	SBI_ParliamentRoad	9000
	5	SBI_Jantarmanatar	8000
	6	SBI_ShivajiRoad	4000
	8	SBI_ResidencyRoad	4000
	9	SBI_ParliamentRoad	3000
	10	SBI_ResidencyRoad	5000
	11	SBI_Jantarmanatar	2000
*	NULL	NULL	NULL

```
select * from bank_customer;
```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Edit:	Export/Import:	Wrap Cell Content:
customer_name	customer_street	customer_city		
Avinash	Bull Temple Road	Bangalore		
Dinesh	Bannerghatta Road	Bangalore		
Mohan	National College Road	Bangalore		
Nikhil	Akbar Road	Delhi		
Ravi	Prithviraj Road	Delhi		
NULL	NULL	NULL		

select * from depositer;

Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Edit:
customer_name	accno	
Avinash	1	
Dinesh	2	
Nikhil	4	
Ravi	5	
Avinash	8	
Nikhil	9	
Dinesh	10	
Nikhil	11	
NULL	NULL	

select * from loan;

Result Grid			
Filter Rows:			
	loan_number	branch_name	amount
▶	1	SBI_Chamrajpet	1000
	2	SBI_ResidencyRoad	2000
	3	SBI_ShivajiRoad	3000
	4	SBI_ParliamentRoad	4000
	5	SBI_Jantarmanatar	5000
*	HULL	HULL	HULL

-- Query 3

```
select distinct c.customer_name from bank_customer c, bank_account b where
exists(select d.customer_name, count(d.customer_name) from depositer
d, bank_account ba where ba.accno = d.accno and
c.customer_name = d.customer_name and ba.branch_name =
'SBI_ResidencyRoad' group by d.customer_name having
count(d.customer_name) >= 2);
```

Result Grid	
Filter Rows:	
	customer_name
▶	Dinesh

-- Query 4

```
select d.customer_name from depositer d, branch b, bank_account a
where b.branch_name = a.branch_name
AND a.accno = d.accno
and branch_city = 'Delhi'
group by d.customer_name
```

```
HAVING COUNT(distinct b.branch_name)=(
    SELECT COUNT(branch_name)
    FROM branch
    WHERE branch_city='Delhi');
```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
customer_name			
Nikhil			

-- Query 5

```
delete from bank_account where branch_name in (select branch_name from
branch where branch_city = 'Bombay');
select * from bank_account;
```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Edit:	Export/Import:	Wrap Cell Content:
accno	branch_name	balance		
1	SBI_Chamrajpet	2000		
2	SBI_ResidencyRoad	5000		
4	SBI_ParliamentRoad	9000		
5	SBI_Jantarmanatar	8000		
8	SBI_ResidencyRoad	4000		
9	SBI_ParliamentRoad	3000		
10	SBI_ResidencyRoad	5000		
11	SBI_Jantarmanatar	2000		
*	NULL	NULL		

PROGRAM 3: SUPPLIER DATABASE

Consider the following schema:

SUPPLIERS(sid: integer, sname: string, address: string)

PARTS(pid: integer, pname: string, color: string)

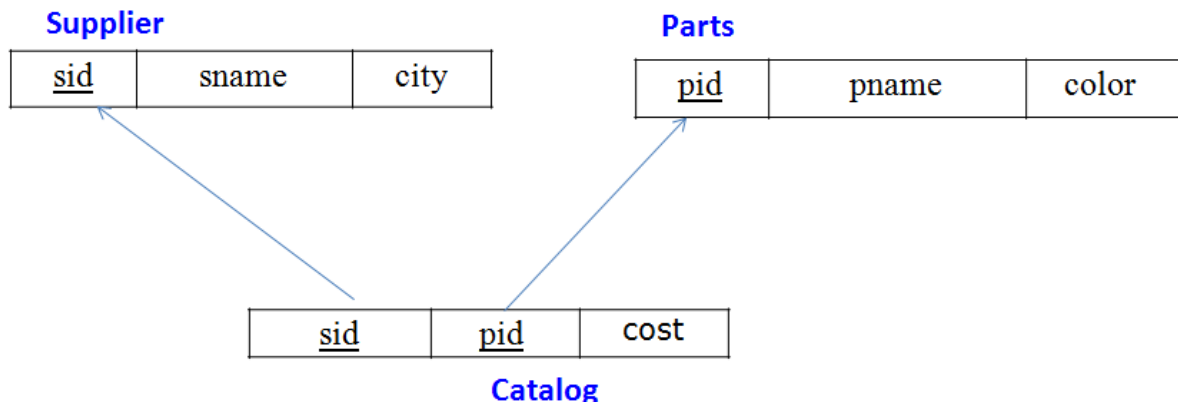
CATALOG(sid: integer, pid: integer, cost: real)

The Catalog relation lists the prices charged for parts by Suppliers.

Write the following queries in SQL:

- i) Find the pnames of parts for which there is some supplier.
- ii) Find the snames of suppliers who supply every part.
- iii) Find the snames of suppliers who supply every red part.
- iv) Find the pnames of parts supplied by Acme Widget Suppliers and by no one else.
- v) Find the sids of suppliers who charge more for some part than the average cost of that part (averaged over all the suppliers who supply that part).
- vi) For each part, find the sname of the supplier who charges the most for that part.

Schema Diagram



-- Creating databases and tables

Create database supplier;

use supplier;

create table SUPPLIERS(sid integer,sname varchar(20),address
varchar(40),primary key(sid));

INSERT INTO `supplier`.`suppliers` (`sid`, `sname`, `address`)
VALUES ('10001', 'Acme Widget', 'Bangalore');

INSERT INTO `supplier`.`suppliers` (`sid`, `sname`, `address`)
VALUES ('10002', 'Johns', 'Kolkata');

INSERT INTO `supplier`.`suppliers` (`sid`, `sname`, `address`)
VALUES ('10003', 'Vimal', 'Mumbai');

INSERT INTO `supplier`.`suppliers` (`sid`, `sname`, `address`)
VALUES ('10004', 'Reliance', 'Delhi');

commit;

select* from SUPPLIERS;

Result Grid				Filter Rows:		Edit:			Export
	sid	sname	address						
▶	10001	Acme Widget	Bangalore						
	10002	Johns	Kolkata						
	10003	Vimal	Mumbai						
	10004	Reliance	Delhi						
•	NULL	NULL	NULL						

```
create table PARTS(pid integer,pname varchar(20),color
varchar(30),primary key(pid));
```

```
INSERT INTO `supplier`.`parts` (`pid`, `pname`, `color`) VALUES
('20001', 'Book', 'Red');
```

```
INSERT INTO `supplier`.`parts` (`pid`, `pname`, `color`) VALUES
('20002', 'Pen', 'Red');
```


```
INSERT INTO `supplier`.`parts` (`pid`, `pname`, `color`) VALUES
('20003', 'Pencil', 'Green');
```

```
INSERT INTO `supplier`.`parts` (`pid`, `pname`, `color`) VALUES
('20004', 'Mobile', 'Green');
```

```
INSERT INTO `supplier`.`parts` (`pid`, `pname`, `color`) VALUES
('20005', 'Charger', 'Black');
```

```
commit;
```

```
select* from PART;
```

Result Grid			
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>			
Edit: 			
	pid	pname	color
▶	20001	Book	Red
	20002	Pen	Red
	20003	Pencil	Green
	20004	Mobile	Green
	20005	Charger	Black
★	NULL	NULL	NULL

```
create table CATALOG(sid integer,pid integer,foreign key(sid)
references SUPPLIERS(sid),foreign key(pid) references PARTS(pid),
cost integer,primary key(sid,pid));
```

```
INSERT INTO `supplier`.`catalog` (`sid`, `pid`, `cost`) VALUES
('10001', '20001', '10');
```

```
INSERT INTO `supplier`.`catalog` (`sid`, `pid`, `cost`) VALUES
('10001', '20002', '10');
```

```
INSERT INTO `supplier`.`catalog` (`sid`, `pid`, `cost`) VALUES
('10001', '20003', '30');
```

```
INSERT INTO `supplier`.`catalog` (`sid`, `pid`, `cost`) VALUES
('10001', '20004', '10');
```

```
INSERT INTO `supplier`.`catalog` (`sid`, `pid`, `cost`) VALUES
('10001', '20005', '10');
```

```
INSERT INTO `supplier`.`catalog` (`sid`, `pid`, `cost`) VALUES  
('10002', '20001', '10');
```

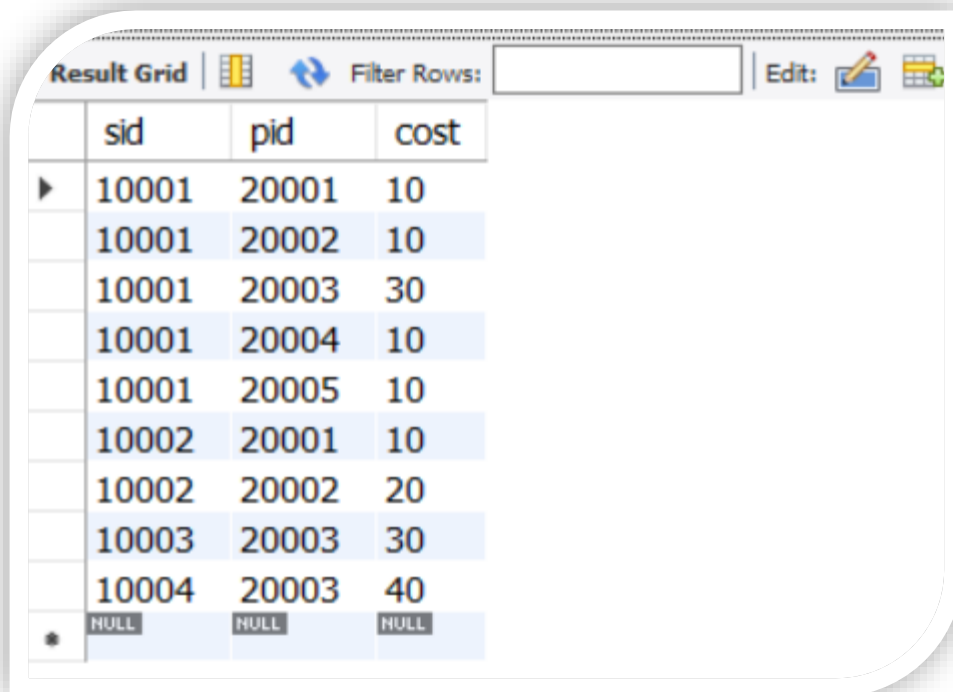
```
INSERT INTO `supplier`.`catalog` (`sid`, `pid`, `cost`) VALUES  
('10002', '20002', '20');
```

```
INSERT INTO `supplier`.`catalog` (`sid`, `pid`, `cost`) VALUES  
('10003', '20003', '30');
```

```
INSERT INTO `supplier`.`catalog` (`sid`, `pid`, `cost`) VALUES  
('10004', '20003', '40');
```

```
commit;
```

```
select* from CATALOG;
```

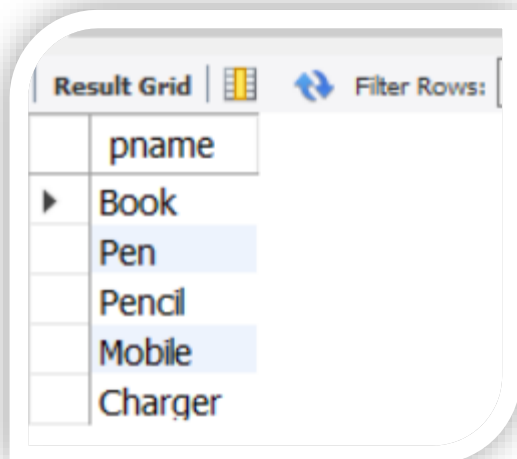


The screenshot shows a database result grid with the following data:

	sid	pid	cost
▶	10001	20001	10
	10001	20002	10
	10001	20003	30
	10001	20004	10
	10001	20005	10
	10002	20001	10
	10002	20002	20
	10003	20003	30
	10004	20003	40
•	NULL	NULL	NULL

-- Query 1

```
SELECT DISTINCT P.pname  
FROM Parts P, Catalog C  
WHERE P.pid = C.pid;
```



The screenshot shows a database query result grid. At the top, there is a header bar with the text "Result Grid" and a "Filter Rows:" button. Below the header, the first column is labeled "pname". The data rows are: "Book", "Pen", "Pencil", "Mobile", and "Charger". The "Pen", "Mobile", and "Charger" rows are highlighted with a light blue background.

	pname
▶	Book
	Pen
	Pencil
	Mobile
	Charger

-- Query 2

```
select S.sname from SUPPLIERS S where not exists  
(select P.pid from PARTS P where not exists  
(select C.sid from CATALOG C where C.sid = S.sid and C.pid =  
P.pid));
```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
sname			
▶ Acme Widget			

-- Query 3

```
select S.sname from SUPPLIERS S where not exists
(select P.pid from PARTS P where P.color = 'Red' and
(not exists (select C.sid from CATALOG C where C.sid = S.sid and
C.pid = P.pid))));
```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
sname			
▶ Acme Widget			
Johns			

-- Query 4

```
select P.pname from PARTS P, CATALOG C, SUPPLIERS S
where P.pid = C.pid and C.sid = S.sid and S.sname = 'Acme Widget'
and not exists (select * from CATALOG C1, SUPPLIERS S1
where P.pid = C1.pid and C1.sid = S1.sid and S1.sname <> 'Acme
Widget');
```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
pname			
Mobile			
Charger			

-- Query 5

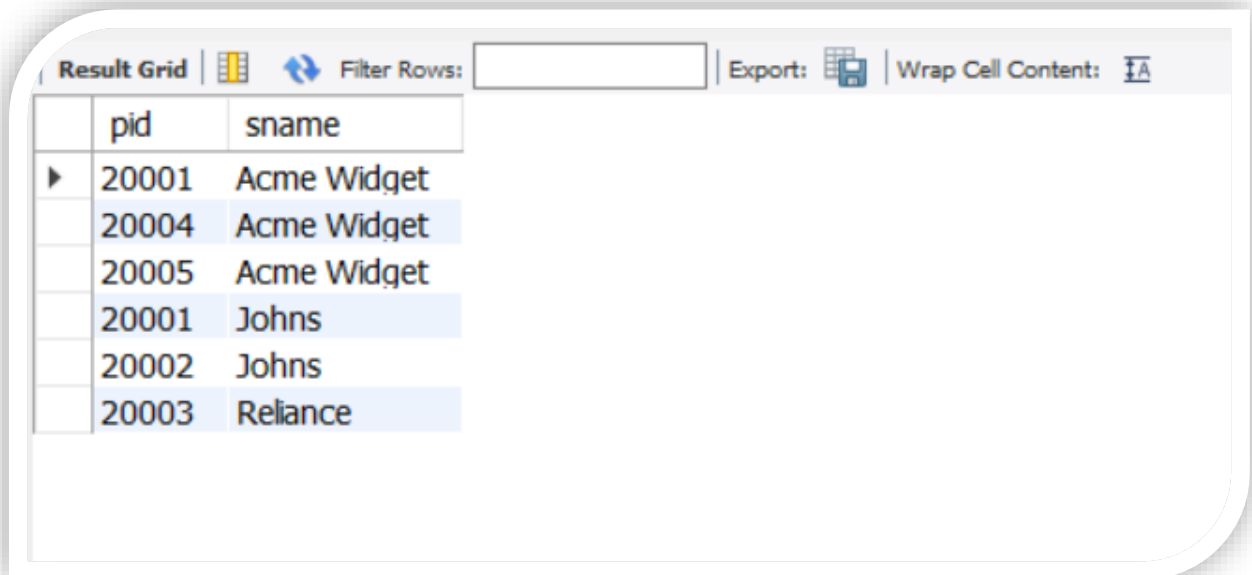
```
SELECT DISTINCT C.sid FROM Catalog C
WHERE C.cost > ( SELECT AVG (C1.cost)
FROM Catalog C1
WHERE C1.pid = C.pid );
```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Export:
sid		
10002		
10004		

-- Query 6

```
SELECT P.pid, S.sname
FROM Parts P, Suppliers S, Catalog C
WHERE C.pid = P.pid
```

```
AND C.sid = S.sid
AND C.cost = (SELECT MAX(C1.cost)
FROM Catalog C1
WHERE C1.pid = P.pid);
```



The screenshot shows a database application window titled "Result Grid". It features a toolbar with icons for "Filter Rows", "Export", and "Wrap Cell Content". Below the toolbar is a table with two columns: "pid" and "sname". The table contains the following data:

pid	sname
20001	Acme Widget
20004	Acme Widget
20005	Acme Widget
20001	Johns
20002	Johns
20003	Reliance

PROGRAM 4: STUDENT FACULTY DATABASE

Consider the following database for student enrollment for course :

STUDENT(snum: integer, sname: string, major: string, lvl: string, age: integer)

CLASS(cname: string, meets at: time, room: string, fid: integer)

ENROLLED(snum: integer, cname: string)

FACULTY(fid: integer, fname: string, deptid: integer)

The meaning of these relations is straightforward; for example, Enrolled has one record per student-class pair such that the student is enrolled in the class. Level(lvl) is a two character code with 4 different values (example: Junior: JR etc)

Write the following queries in SQL. No duplicates should be printed in any of the answers.

- i. Find the names of all Juniors (level = JR) who are enrolled in a class taught by
- ii. Find the names of all classes that either meet in room R128 or have five or more Students enrolled.
- iii. Find the names of all students who are enrolled in two classes that meet at the same time.
- iv. Find the names of faculty members who teach in every room in which some class is taught.
- v. Find the names of faculty members for whom the combined enrollment of the courses that they teach is less than five.
- vi. Find the names of students who are not enrolled in any class.
- vii. For each age value that appears in Students, find the level value that appears most often. For example, if there are more FR level students aged 18 than SR, JR, or SO students aged 18, you should print the pair (18, FR).

-- Creating database and tables

```
CREATE DATABASE student_faculty;
```

```
USE student_faculty;
```

```
CREATE TABLE student(  
    snum INT,  
    sname VARCHAR(10),  
    major VARCHAR(2),  
    lvl VARCHAR(2),  
    age INT, primary key(snum));
```

```
CREATE TABLE faculty(  
    fid INT,fname VARCHAR(20),  
    deptid INT,  
    PRIMARY KEY(fid));
```

```
CREATE TABLE class(  
    cname VARCHAR(20),  
    metts_at TIMESTAMP,  
    room VARCHAR(10),  
    fid INT,  
    PRIMARY KEY(cname),  
    FOREIGN KEY(fid) REFERENCES faculty(fid));
```

```
CREATE TABLE enrolled(  
    snum INT,  
    cname VARCHAR(20),  
    PRIMARY KEY(snum,cname),  
    FOREIGN KEY(snum) REFERENCES student(snum),  
    FOREIGN KEY(cname) REFERENCES class(cname));
```

```
INSERT INTO STUDENT VALUES(1, 'jhon', 'CS', 'Sr', 19);  
INSERT INTO STUDENT VALUES(2, 'Smith', 'CS', 'Jr', 20);  
INSERT INTO STUDENT VALUES(3 , 'Jacob', 'CV', 'Sr', 20);  
INSERT INTO STUDENT VALUES(4, 'Tom ', 'CS', 'Jr', 20);  
INSERT INTO STUDENT VALUES(5, 'Rahul', 'CS', 'Jr', 20);  
INSERT INTO STUDENT VALUES(6, 'Rita', 'CS', 'Sr', 21);
```

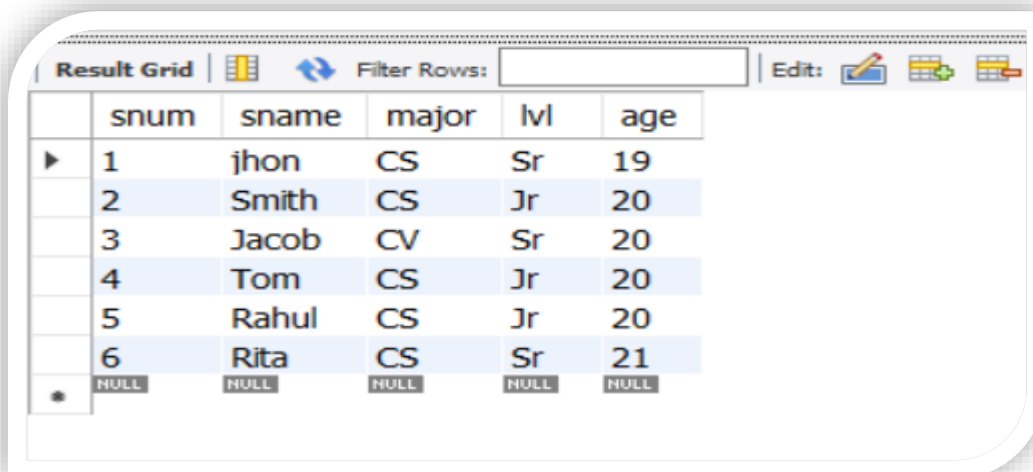
```
INSERT INTO FACULTY VALUES(11, 'Harish', 1000);  
INSERT INTO FACULTY VALUES(12, 'MV', 1000);  
INSERT INTO FACULTY VALUES(13 , 'Mira', 1001);  
INSERT INTO FACULTY VALUES(14, 'Shiva', 1002);  
INSERT INTO FACULTY VALUES(15, 'Nupur', 1000);
```

```
insert into class values('class1', '12/11/15 10:15:16', 'R1', 14);  
insert into class values('class10', '12/11/15 10:15:16', 'R128', 14);  
insert into class values('class2', '12/11/15 10:15:20', 'R2', 12);  
insert into class values('class3', '12/11/15 10:15:25', 'R3', 11);
```

```
insert into class values('class4', '12/11/15 20:15:20', 'R4', 14);
insert into class values('class5', '12/11/15 20:15:20', 'R3', 15);
insert into class values('class6', '12/11/15 13:20:20', 'R2', 14);
insert into class values('class7', '12/11/15 10:10:10', 'R3', 14);
```

```
insert into enrolled values(1, 'class1');
insert into enrolled values(2, 'class1');
insert into enrolled values(3, 'class3');
insert into enrolled values(4, 'class3');
insert into enrolled values(5, 'class4');
insert into enrolled values(1, 'class5');
insert into enrolled values(2, 'class5');
insert into enrolled values(3, 'class5');
insert into enrolled values(4, 'class5');
insert into enrolled values(5, 'class5');
```

Student table



The screenshot shows a database interface with a 'Result Grid' tab. The grid displays a table with 6 columns: snum, sname, major, lvl, and age. The data is as follows:

	snum	sname	major	lvl	age
▶	1	jhon	CS	Sr	19
	2	Smith	CS	Jr	20
	3	Jacob	CV	Sr	20
	4	Tom	CS	Jr	20
	5	Rahul	CS	Jr	20
	6	Rita	CS	Sr	21
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Faculty table

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Edit: | Export

	fid	fname	deptid
▶	11	Harish	1000
	12	MV	1000
	13	Mira	1001
	14	Shiva	1002
	15	Nupur	1000
•	NULL	NULL	NULL

Class table

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Edit: | Export

	cname	metts_at	room	fid
▶	class1	2012-11-15 10:15:16	R1	14
	class10	2012-11-15 10:15:16	R128	14
	class2	2012-11-15 10:15:20	R2	12
	class3	2012-11-15 10:15:25	R3	11
	class4	2012-11-15 20:15:20	R4	14
	class5	2012-11-15 20:15:20	R3	15
	class6	2012-11-15 13:20:20	R2	14
	class7	2012-11-15 10:10:10	R3	14
•	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Enrolled table

	snum	cname
▶	1	class1
	2	class1
	3	class3
	4	class3
	5	class4
	1	class5
	2	class5
	3	class5
	4	class5
	5	class5
•	NULL	NULL

-- Query 1

SELECT DISTINCT S.Sname

FROM Student S, Class C, Enrolled E, Faculty F

WHERE S.snum = E.snum AND E.cname = C.cname AND C.fid = F.fid

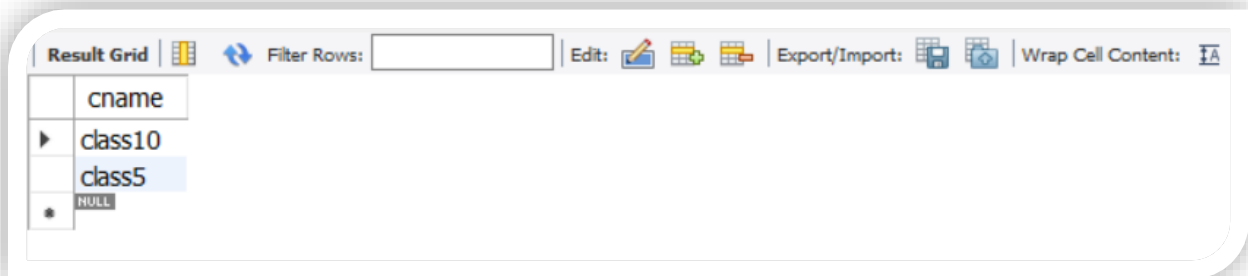
AND

F.fname = 'Harish' AND S.lvl = 'Jr';

Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
Sname			
▶ Tom			

-- Query 2

```
SELECT DISTINCT cname
FROM class
WHERE room='R128'
OR
cname IN (SELECT e.cname FROM enrolled e GROUP BY e.cname
HAVING COUNT(*)>=5);
```



The screenshot shows a database query result grid. The grid has a single column labeled 'cname'. The first row is 'class10', the second row is 'class5', and the third row is 'NULL'. The grid is displayed in a window with a toolbar at the top containing icons for 'Result Grid', 'Filter Rows', 'Edit', 'Export/Import', and 'Wrap Cell Content'.

cname
class10
class5
NULL

-- Query 3

```
SELECT DISTINCT S.sname
FROM Student S
WHERE S.snum IN (SELECT E1.snum
FROM Enrolled E1, Enrolled E2, Class C1, Class C2
WHERE E1.snum = E2.snum AND E1.cname <> E2.cname
AND E1.cname = C1.cname
AND E2.cname = C2.cname AND C1.metts_at =
C2.metts_at);
```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
sname			
Rahul			

-- Query 4

```

SELECT f.fname,f.fid
      FROM faculty f
    WHERE f.fid in ( SELECT fid FROM class
                    GROUP BY fid HAVING COUNT(*)=(SELECT
COUNT(DISTINCT room) FROM class) );

```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Edit:	Export/Import:	Wrap Cell Content:
fname	fid			
Shiva	14			
NULL	NULL			

-- Query 5

```

SELECT DISTINCT F.fname
FROM Faculty F
WHERE 5 > (SELECT COUNT(E.snum)
FROM Class C, Enrolled E
WHERE C.cname = E.cname
AND C.fid = F.fid);

```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
	fname			
▶	Harish			
	MV			
	Mira			
	Shiva			

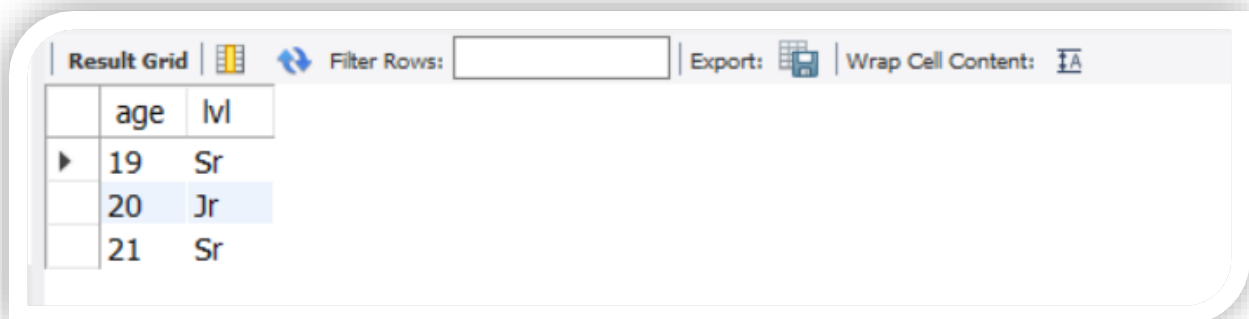
-- Query 6

```
SELECT DISTINCT S.sname
FROM Student S
WHERE S.snum NOT IN (SELECT E.snum
FROM Enrolled E );
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
	sname			
▶	Rita			

-- Query 7

```
SELECT S.age, S.lvl
FROM STUDENT S
GROUP BY S.age, S.lvl
HAVING S.lvl IN(SELECT S1.lvl
    FROM STUDENT S1
    WHERE S1.age=S.age
    GROUP BY S1.age, S1.lvl
    HAVING COUNT(*) >= ALL (SELECT COUNT(*)
        FROM STUDENT S2
        WHERE S1.age=S2.age
        GROUP BY S2.lvl, S2.age))
ORDER BY S.age;
```



	age	lvl
▶	19	Sr
	20	Jr
	21	Sr

PROGRAM 5: AIRLINE FLIGHT DATABASE

Consider the following database that keeps track of airline flight information:

FLIGHTS(flno: integer, from: string, to: string, distance: integer, departs: time, arrives: time, price: integer)

AIRCRAFT(aid: integer, aname: string, cruisingrange: integer)

CERTIFIED(eid: integer, aid: integer)

EMPLOYEES(eid: integer, ename: string, salary: integer)

Note that the Employees relation describes pilots and other kinds of employees as well; Every pilot is certified for some aircraft, and only pilots are certified to fly.

Write each of the following queries in SQL.

- i. Find the names of aircraft such that all pilots certified to operate them have salaries more than Rs.80,000.
- ii. For each pilot who is certified for more than three aircrafts, find the eid and the maximum cruisingrange of the aircraft for which she or he is certified.
- iii. Find the names of pilots whose salary is less than the price of the cheapest route from Bengaluru to Frankfurt.
- iv. For all aircraft with cruisingrange over 1000 Kms, find the name of the aircraft and the average salary of all pilots certified for this aircraft.
- v. Find the names of pilots certified for some Boeing aircraft.
- vi. Find the aids of all aircraft that can be used on routes from Bengaluru to New Delhi.
- vii. A customer wants to travel from Madison to New York with no more than two changes of flight. List the choice of departure times from Madison if the customer wants to arrive in New York by 6 p.m.

-- Creating database and tables

```
create database flightdb;
```

```
use flightdb;
```

```
create table flights(
```

```
    flno int,
```

```
    fromplace varchar(15),
```

```
    toplace varchar(15),
```

```
    distance int,
```

```
    departs datetime,
```

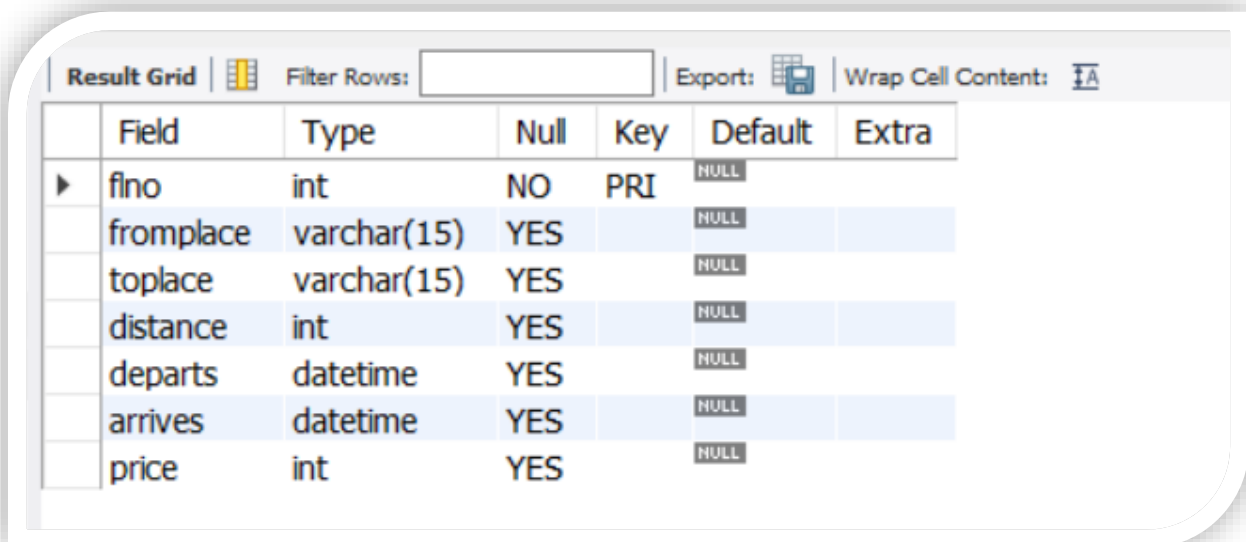
```
    arrives datetime,
```

```
    price int,
```

```
    primary key (flno)
```

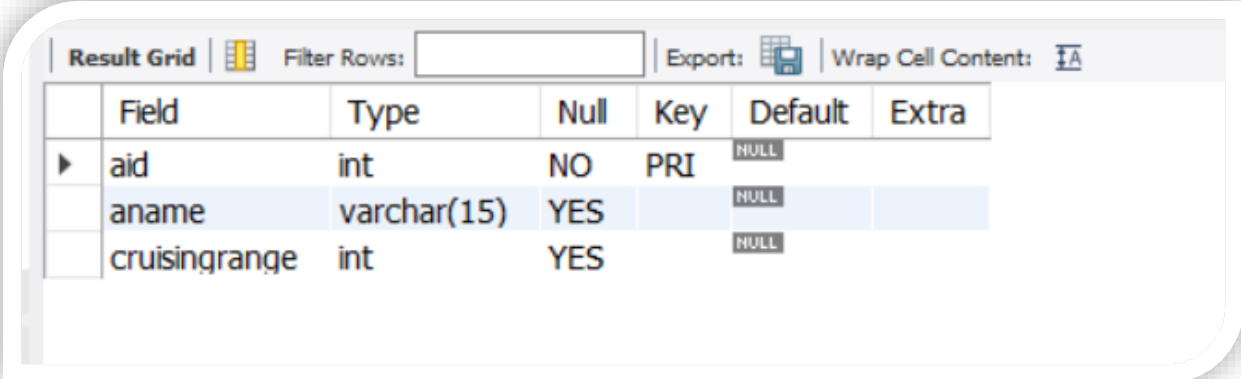
```
);
```

```
desc flights;
```



	Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
►	flno	int	NO	PRI	<small>NULL</small>	
	fromplace	varchar(15)	YES		<small>NULL</small>	
	toplace	varchar(15)	YES		<small>NULL</small>	
	distance	int	YES		<small>NULL</small>	
	departs	datetime	YES		<small>NULL</small>	
	arrives	datetime	YES		<small>NULL</small>	
	price	int	YES		<small>NULL</small>	

```
create table aircraft(  
    aid int,  
    aname varchar(15),  
    cruisingrange int,  
    primary key (aid)  
);  
desc aircraft;
```



	Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
▶	aid	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
	aname	varchar(15)	YES		NULL	
	cruisingrange	int	YES		NULL	

```
create table employees (  
    eid int,  
    ename varchar(15),  
    salary int,  
    primary key (eid)  
);  
desc employees;
```

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Export:

Wrap Cell Content:

	Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
▶	eid	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
	ename	varchar(15)	YES		NULL	
	salary	int	YES		NULL	

```

create table certified (
    eid int,
    aid int,
    foreign key (eid) references employees(eid),
    foreign key (aid) references aircraft(aid)
);
desc certified;

```

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Export:

Wrap Cell Content:

	Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
▶	eid	int	YES	MUL	NULL	
	aid	int	YES	MUL	NULL	

```
insert into flights values(101, 'Bangalore', 'Delhi', 2500, '2005-05-13
07:15:31', '2005-05-13 18:15:31', 5000);
insert into flights values(102, 'Bangalore', 'Lucknow', 3000, '2013-05-05
07:15:31', '2013-05-05 11:15:31', 6000);
insert into flights values(103, 'Lucknow', 'Delhi', 500, '2013-05-05 12:15:31',
'2013-05-05 17:15:31', 3000);
insert into flights values(107, 'Bangalore', 'Frankfurt', 8000, '2013-05-05
07:15:31', '2013-05-05 22:15:31', 60000);
insert into flights values(104, 'Bangalore', 'Frankfurt', 8500, '2013-05-05
07:15:31', '2013-05-05 23:15:31', 75000);
insert into flights values(105, 'Kolkata', 'Delhi', 3400, '2013-05-05 07:15:31',
'2013-05-05 09:15:31', 7000);
insert into flights values(106, 'Bangalore', 'Kolkata', 1000, '2013-05-05
01:15:30', '2013-05-05 09:20:30', 10000);
insert into flights values(108, 'Lucknow', 'Kolkata', 1000, '2013-05-05
11:30:30', '2013-05-05 15:20:30', 10000);

commit;

select * from flights;
```





Result Grid							
		Filter Rows:		Edit:		Export/Import:	
	fino	fromplace	toplace	distance	departs	arrives	price
▶	101	Bangalore	Delhi	2500	2005-05-13 07:15:31	2005-05-13 18:15:31	5000
	102	Bangalore	Lucknow	3000	2013-05-05 07:15:31	2013-05-05 11:15:31	6000
	103	Lucknow	Delhi	500	2013-05-05 12:15:31	2013-05-05 17:15:31	3000
	104	Bangalore	Frankfurt	8500	2013-05-05 07:15:31	2013-05-05 23:15:31	75000
	105	Kolkata	Delhi	3400	2013-05-05 07:15:31	2013-05-05 09:15:31	7000
	106	Bangalore	Kolkata	1000	2013-05-05 01:15:30	2013-05-05 09:20:30	10000
	107	Bangalore	Frankfurt	8000	2013-05-05 07:15:31	2013-05-05 22:15:31	60000
	108	Lucknow	Kolkata	1000	2013-05-05 11:30:30	2013-05-05 15:20:30	10000
*	HULL	HULL	HULL	HULL	HULL	HULL	HULL

```

insert into aircraft values(101, '747', 3000);
insert into aircraft values(102, 'Boeing', 900);
insert into aircraft values(103, '647', 800);
insert into aircraft values(104, 'Dreamliner', 10000);
insert into aircraft values(105, 'Boeing', 3500);
insert into aircraft values(106, '707', 1500);
insert into aircraft values(107, 'Dream', 120000);
insert into aircraft values(108, '707', 760);
insert into aircraft values(109, '747', 1000);
commit;

select * from aircraft;

```

Result Grid			
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>			
Edit:   			
Export/Import: 			
	aid	aname	cruisingrange
▶	101	747	3000
	102	Boeing	900
	103	647	800
	104	Dreamliner	10000
	105	Boeing	3500
	106	707	1500
	107	Dream	120000
	108	707	760
	109	747	1000
★	NULL	NULL	NULL

```

insert into employees values(701, 'A', 50000);
insert into employees values(702, 'B', 100000);
insert into employees values(703, 'C', 150000);
insert into employees values(704, 'D', 90000);
insert into employees values(705, 'E', 40000);
insert into employees values(706, 'F', 60000);
insert into employees values(707, 'G', 90000);
commit;

```

```

select * from employees;

```


Result Grid				Filter Rows:		Edit:			Export/Import:		
	eid	ename	salary								
▶	701	A	50000								
	702	B	100000								
	703	C	150000								
	704	D	90000								
	705	E	40000								
	706	F	60000								
	707	G	90000								
★	NULL	NULL	NULL								

insert into certified values(701, 101);

insert into certified values(701, 102);

insert into certified values(701, 106);

insert into certified values(701, 105);

insert into certified values(702, 104);

insert into certified values(703, 104);

insert into certified values(704, 104);

insert into certified values(702, 107);

insert into certified values(703, 107);

insert into certified values(704, 107);

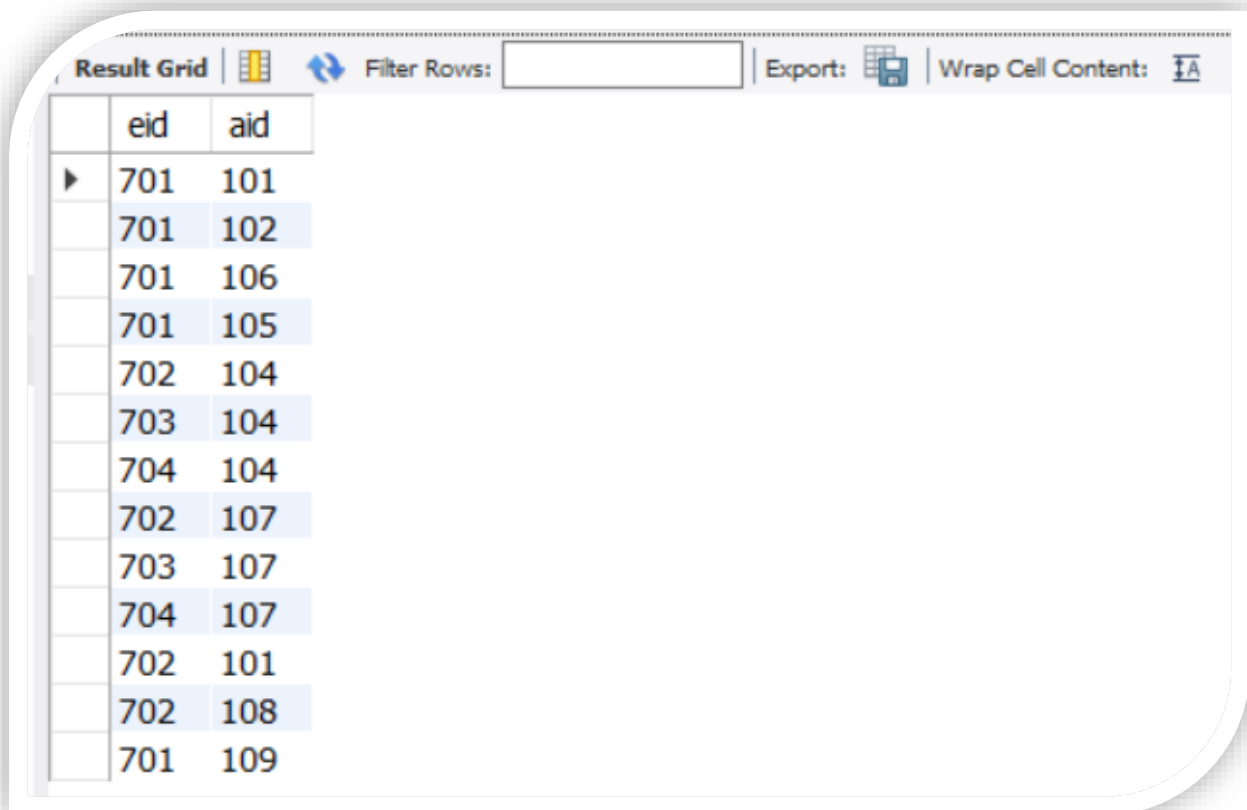
insert into certified values(702, 101);

insert into certified values(702, 108);

insert into certified values(701, 109);

commit;

select * from certified;

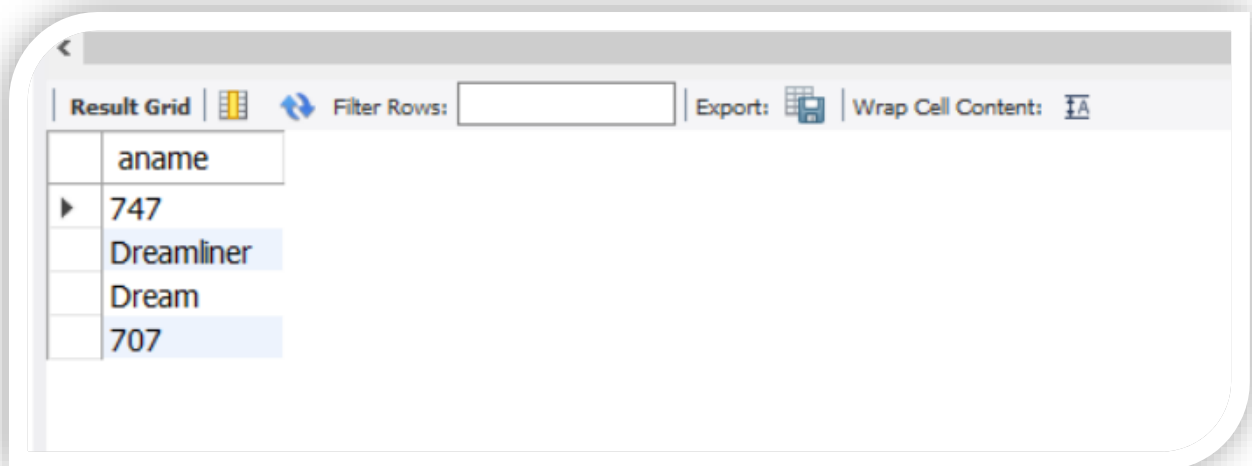


The screenshot shows a database application window with a 'Result Grid' tab. The grid displays the results of a SQL query, showing a table with two columns: 'eid' and 'aid'. The data is as follows:

	eid	aid
▶	701	101
	701	102
	701	106
	701	105
	702	104
	703	104
	704	104
	702	107
	703	107
	704	107
	702	101
	702	108
	701	109

-- Query 1

```
select distinct a.aname from aircraft a where a.aid in (  
    select c.aid from certified c, employees e where  
        c.eid = e.eid and not exists(  
            select * from employees e1 where e1.eid=e.eid and  
            e1.salary<80000  
        )  
    );
```



The screenshot shows a database query result window. The window has a title bar with a back arrow. Below the title bar is a toolbar with icons for 'Result Grid', 'Filter Rows', 'Export', and 'Wrap Cell Content'. The main area displays a table with two columns: 'aname' and an unnamed column. The table contains four rows of data: '747', 'Dreamliner', 'Dream', and '707'. The first row is highlighted with a blue background.

aname	
747	
Dreamliner	
Dream	
707	

-- Query 2

```
select max(a.cruisingrange), c.eid from certified c, aircraft a where c.aid =  
a.aid group by c.eid having count(c.eid)>3;
```

Result Grid Filter Rows: <input type="text"/> Export: Wrap Cell Content:		
	max(a.cruisingrange)	eid
▶	3500	701
	120000	702

-- Query 3

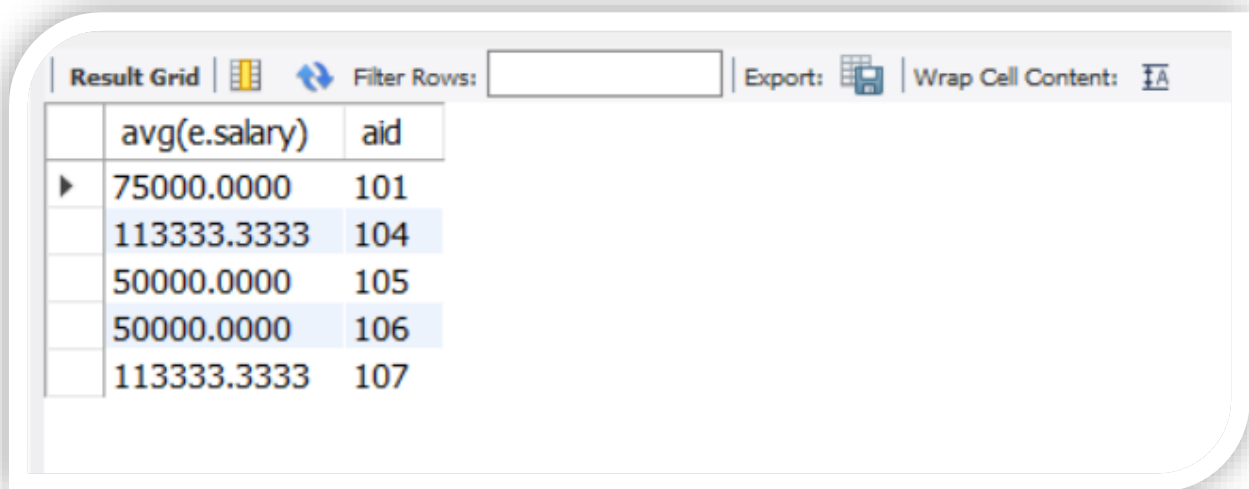
select ename from employees where salary <(

select min(price) from flights where fromplace='Bangalore' and
toplace='Frankfurt');

Result Grid Filter Rows: <input type="text"/> Export: Wrap Cell Content:	
	ename
▶	A
	E

-- Query 4

```
select avg(e.salary), c.aid from certified c, employees e where c.aid in(
select aid from aircraft where cruisingrange>1000) and e.eid = c.eid group by
c.aid;
```

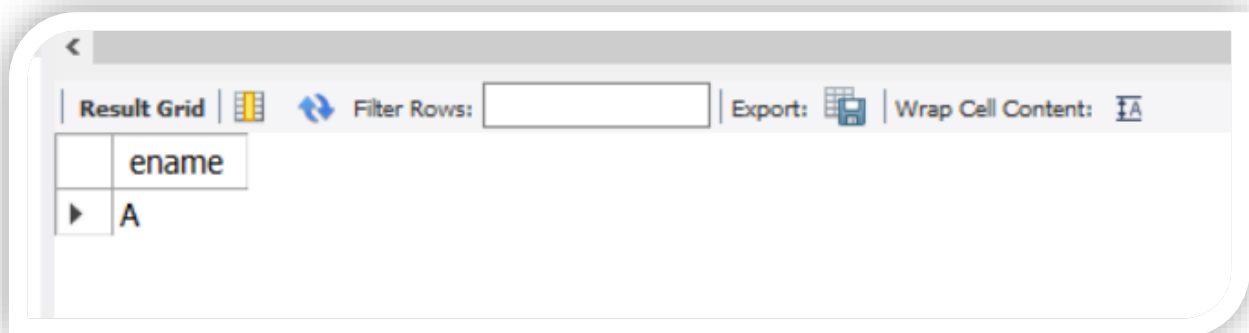


The screenshot shows a database query result grid. The grid has two columns: 'avg(e.salary)' and 'aid'. The results are as follows:

	avg(e.salary)	aid
▶	75000.0000	101
	113333.3333	104
	50000.0000	105
	50000.0000	106
	113333.3333	107

-- Query 5

```
select ename from employees where eid in(
select eid from certified where aid in(
select aid from aircraft where aname = 'Boeing'));
```

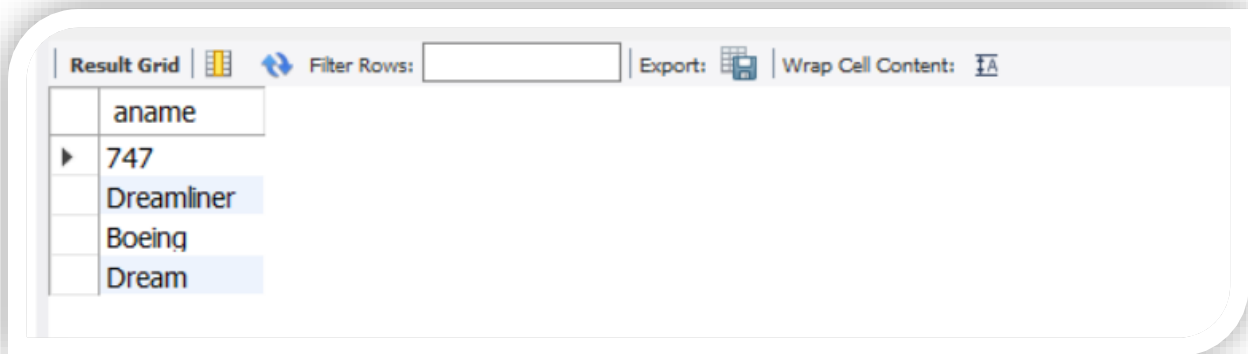


The screenshot shows a database query result grid. The grid has one column: 'ename'. The results are as follows:

	ename
▶	A

-- Query 6

select aname from aircraft where cruisingrange > any (select distance from flights where fromplace='Bangalore' and toplace='Delhi');



The screenshot shows a database query result grid. The grid has a header row with the column name 'aname'. Below the header, there are four rows of data: '747', 'Dreamliner', 'Boeing', and 'Dream'. The '747' row is highlighted with a blue background. The grid is part of a larger window with a toolbar at the top containing icons for 'Result Grid', 'Filter Rows', 'Export', and 'Wrap Cell Content'.

aname
747
Dreamliner
Boeing
Dream

-- Query 7

```
SELECT F.flno, F.departs
FROM flights F
WHERE F.flno IN ( ( SELECT F0.flno
FROM flights F0
WHERE F0.fromplace = 'Bangalore' AND F0.toplace = 'Kolkata'
AND extract(hour from F0.arrives) < 18 )
UNION
( SELECT F0.flno
FROM flights F0, flights F1
WHERE F0.fromplace = 'Bangalore' AND F0.toplace <> 'Kolkata'
AND F0.toplace = F1.fromplace AND F1.toplace = 'Kolkata'
AND F1.departs > F0.arrives
```

```

AND extract(hour from F1.arrives) < 18)
UNION
( SELECT F0.flno
FROM flights F0, flights F1, flights F2
WHERE F0.fromplace = 'Bangalore'
AND F0.toplace = F1.fromplace
AND F1.toplace = F2.fromplace
AND F2.toplace = 'Kolkata'
AND F0.toplace <> 'Kolkata'
AND F1.toplace <> 'Kolkata'
AND F1.departs > F0.arrives
AND F2.departs > F1.arrives
AND extract(hour from F2.arrives) < 18));

```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
fno	departs			
102	2013-05-05 07:15:31			
106	2013-05-05 01:15:30			