

## MCQ

1 What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
def func(a, b):  
    return b if a == 0 else func(b % a, a)  
print(func(30, 75))
```

a) 10

b) 20

**c) 15**

d) 0

Ans :- 15

```
2 numbers = (4, 7, 19, 2, 89, 45, 72, 22)  
sorted_numbers = sorted(numbers)  
even = lambda a: a % 2 == 0  
even_numbers = filter(even, sorted_numbers)  
print(type(even_numbers))
```

a) Int

**b) Filter**

c) List

d) Tuple

Ans :- Filter

3) As what datatype are the \*args stored, when passed into

**a) Tuple**

b) List

c) Dictionary

d) none

Ans :- Tuple

4) set1 = {14, 3, 55}

set2 = {82, 49, 62}

set3={99,22,17}

```
print(len(set1 + set2 + set3))
```

- a) 105
- b) 270
- c) 0

d) Error

Ans :- Error (because set1,set2,set2 should be in colon “.”)

5) What keyword is used in Python to raise exceptions?

- a) raise
- b) try
- c) goto
- d) except

Ans :- except

6) Which of the following modules need to be imported to handle date time computations in Python?

- a) timedata
- b) date
- c) datetime
- d) time

Ans :- datetime

7) What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
print(4**3 + (7 + 5)**(1 + 1))
```

- a) 248
- b) 169
- c) 208
- d) 233

Ans :- 208

8) Which of the following functions converts date to corresponding time in Python?

- a) strptime
- b) strftime
- c) both a) and b)
- d) None

Ans :- Strptime

9) The python tuple is \_\_\_\_\_ in nature.

a) mutable

**b) immutable**

c) unchangeable

d) none

Ans :- Immutable

10)

The \_\_\_\_ is a built-in function that returns a range object that consists series of integer numbers, which

we can iterate using a for loop.

**A. range()**

B. set()

C. dictionary{}

D. None of the mentioned above

Ans :- range()

Question 11

Amongst which of the following is a function which does not have any name?

A. Del function

B. Show function

**C. Lambda function**

D. None of the mentioned above

Ans :- Lambda function

Question 12

The module Pickle is used to \_\_\_\_.

A. Serializing Python object structure

B. De-serializing Python object structure

**C. Both A and B**

D. None of the mentioned above

Ans :- Both A and B

Question 13

Amongst which of the following is / are the method of convert Python objects for writing data in

a binary file?

A. set() method

B. dump() method

C. load() method

D. None of the mentioned above

Ans :- dump()method

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Amongst which of the following is / are the method used to unpickling data from a binary file?

A. load()

B. set() method

C. dump() method

D. None of the mentioned above

Ans :- load()

15.

A text file contains only textual information consisting of \_\_\_\_.

A. Alphabets

B. Numbers

C. Special symbols

D. All of the mentioned above

Ans :- Alphabets

16

Which Python code could replace the ellipsis (...) below to get the following output? (Select all that

apply.)

```
captains = {
```

```
    "Enterprise": "Picard",
```

```
    "Voyager": "Janeway",
```

```
    "Defiant": "Sisko",
```

```
}
```

Enterprise Picard,

Voyager Janeway

Defiant Sisko

a) for ship, captain in captains.items():

```
print(ship, captain)
```

b) for ship in captains:

```
print(ship, captains[ship])
```

c) for ship in captains:

```
print(ship, captains)
```

**d) both a and b**

Ans :- both a and b

17)

Which of the following lines of code will create an empty dictionary named captains?

a) captains = {dict}

b) type(captains)

c) captains.dict()

**d) captains = {}**

Ans :- captains={}

18) Now you have your empty dictionary named captains. It's time to add some data!

Specifically, you want to add the key-value pairs "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", and "Defiant": "Sisko".

Which of the following code snippets will successfully add these key-value pairs to the existing captains dictionary?

a) captains{"Enterprise" = "Picard"}

```
captains{"Voyager" = "Janeway"}
```

```
captains{"Defiant" = "Sisko"}
```

**b) captains["Enterprise"] = "Picard"**

**captains["Voyager"] = "Janeway"**

**captains["Defiant"] = "Sisko"**

c) captains = {

```
"Enterprise": "Picard",
```

```
"Voyager": "Janeway",
```

```
"Defiant": "Sisko",
```

```
}
```

d) None of the above

Ans :- “B”

19 ) You’re really building out the Federation Starfleet now! Here’s what you have:

```
captains = {
```

```
    "Enterprise": "Picard",
```

```
    "Voyager": "Janeway",
```

```
    "Defiant": "Sisko",
```

```
    "Discovery": "unknown",
```

```
}Now, say you want to display the ship and captain names contained in the dictionary, but you also
```

want to provide some additional context. How could you do it?

a) for item in captains.items():

```
    print(f"The [ship] is captained by [captain].")
```

b) for ship, captain in captains.items():

```
    print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
```

c) for captain, ship in captains.items():

```
    print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
```

d) All are correct

Ans :- “B”

20 )

You’ve created a dictionary, added data, checked for the existence of keys, and iterated over it with

a for loop. Now you’re ready to delete a key from this dictionary:

```
captains = {
```

```
    "Enterprise": "Picard",
```

```
    "Voyager": "Janeway",
```

```
    "Defiant": "Sisko",
```

```
    "Discovery": "unknown",
```

```
}
```

What statement will remove the entry for the key "Discovery"?

a) del captains

b) captains.remove()

c) del captains["Discovery"]

d) captains["Discovery"].pop()

Ans :- “C”