

# Database Design

We decided to create the database with **MySQL** as there are quite a few easy-to-use plug-and-play open-sourced tools out there that help with the development.

This is the draft of the schema, and we believe that as the project goes on, there will be more table that may be added for the project.

For the ERD diagram we use a tool called dbdiagram.io. This tools allows us to generate the ERD diagram based on the database schema.

Reference : <https://dbdiagram.io/>

-- Users Table

```
CREATE TABLE Users (  
  user_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,  
  email VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL UNIQUE,  
  password VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,  
  role ENUM('JOBSEEKER', 'EMPLOYER', 'ADMIN') NOT NULL,  
  created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,  
  last_login TIMESTAMP NULL  
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4 COLLATE=utf8mb4_unicode_ci;
```

-- Jobseekers Table

```
CREATE TABLE Jobseekers (  
  jobseeker_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,  
  user_id INT UNIQUE,  
  full_name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,  
  contact_number VARCHAR(20),  
  location VARCHAR(255),  
  education_level VARCHAR(100),  
  skills TEXT,  
  work_experience TEXT,  
  resume_path VARCHAR(500),  
  skill_completion_score FLOAT,
```

```
FOREIGN KEY (user_id) REFERENCES Users(user_id) ON DELETE CASCADE  
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4 COLLATE=utf8mb4_unicode_ci;
```

-- Employers Table

```
CREATE TABLE Employers (  
    employer_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,  
    user_id INT UNIQUE,  
    company_name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,  
    contact_person VARCHAR(255),  
    company_industry VARCHAR(255),  
    contact_number VARCHAR(20),  
    company_location VARCHAR(255),  
    FOREIGN KEY (user_id) REFERENCES Users(user_id) ON DELETE CASCADE  
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4 COLLATE=utf8mb4_unicode_ci;
```

-- Job Postings Table

```
CREATE TABLE JobPostings (  
    job_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,  
    employer_id INT,  
    job_title VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,  
    job_description TEXT NOT NULL,  
    required_skills TEXT,  
    location VARCHAR(255),  
    salary_range VARCHAR(100),  
    employment_type ENUM('FULL_TIME', 'PART_TIME', 'CONTRACT', 'FREELANC'),  
    posted_date TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,  
    job_status ENUM('OPEN', 'CLOSED', 'IN_REVIEW'),  
    FOREIGN KEY (employer_id) REFERENCES Employers(employer_id) ON DELETE  
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4 COLLATE=utf8mb4_unicode_ci;
```

-- Job Applications Table

```
CREATE TABLE JobApplications (  
    application_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,  
    jobseeker_id INT,  
    job_id INT,  
    status ENUM('APPLIED', 'SCREENING', 'INTERVIEW', 'OFFER', 'REJECTED'),
```

```

application_date TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
match_score FLOAT,
FOREIGN KEY (jobseeker_id) REFERENCES Jobseekers(jobseeker_id) ON DEL
FOREIGN KEY (job_id) REFERENCES JobPostings(job_id) ON DELETE CASCADE
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4 COLLATE=utf8mb4_unicode_ci;

```

-- Skills Table

```

CREATE TABLE Skills (
    skill_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
    skill_name VARCHAR(255) UNIQUE NOT NULL,
    category VARCHAR(100)
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4 COLLATE=utf8mb4_unicode_ci;

```

-- Jobseeker Skills (Many-to-Many Relationship)

```

CREATE TABLE JobseekerSkills (
    jobseeker_id INT,
    skill_id INT,
    PRIMARY KEY (jobseeker_id, skill_id),
    FOREIGN KEY (jobseeker_id) REFERENCES Jobseekers(jobseeker_id) ON DEL
    FOREIGN KEY (skill_id) REFERENCES Skills(skill_id) ON DELETE CASCADE
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4 COLLATE=utf8mb4_unicode_ci;

```

-- Course Recommendations Table

```

CREATE TABLE CourseRecommendations (
    recommendation_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
    jobseeker_id INT,
    course_name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
    skill_gap TEXT,
    recommendation_reason TEXT,
    course_link VARCHAR(500),
    recommended_date TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
    FOREIGN KEY (jobseeker_id) REFERENCES Jobseekers(jobseeker_id) ON DEL
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4 COLLATE=utf8mb4_unicode_ci;

```

-- Interviews Table

```

CREATE TABLE Interviews (

```

```

interview_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
job_application_id INT,
interview_date TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
interview_type ENUM('PHONE', 'VIDEO', 'IN_PERSON'),
interview_status ENUM('SCHEDULED', 'COMPLETED', 'CANCELLED'),
meeting_link VARCHAR(500),
FOREIGN KEY (job_application_id) REFERENCES JobApplications(application_id)
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4 COLLATE=utf8mb4_unicode_ci;

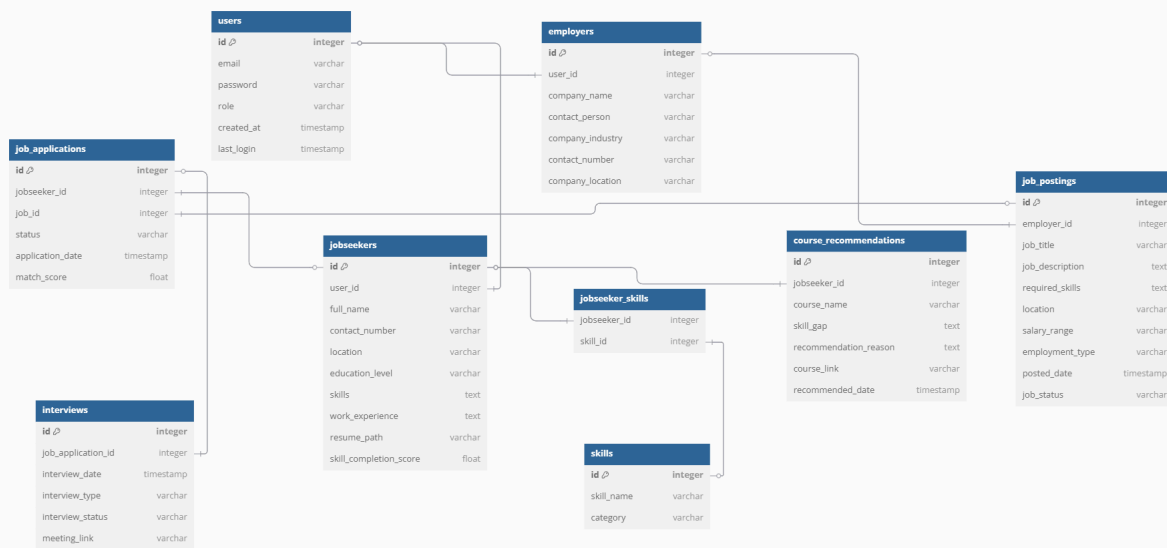
```

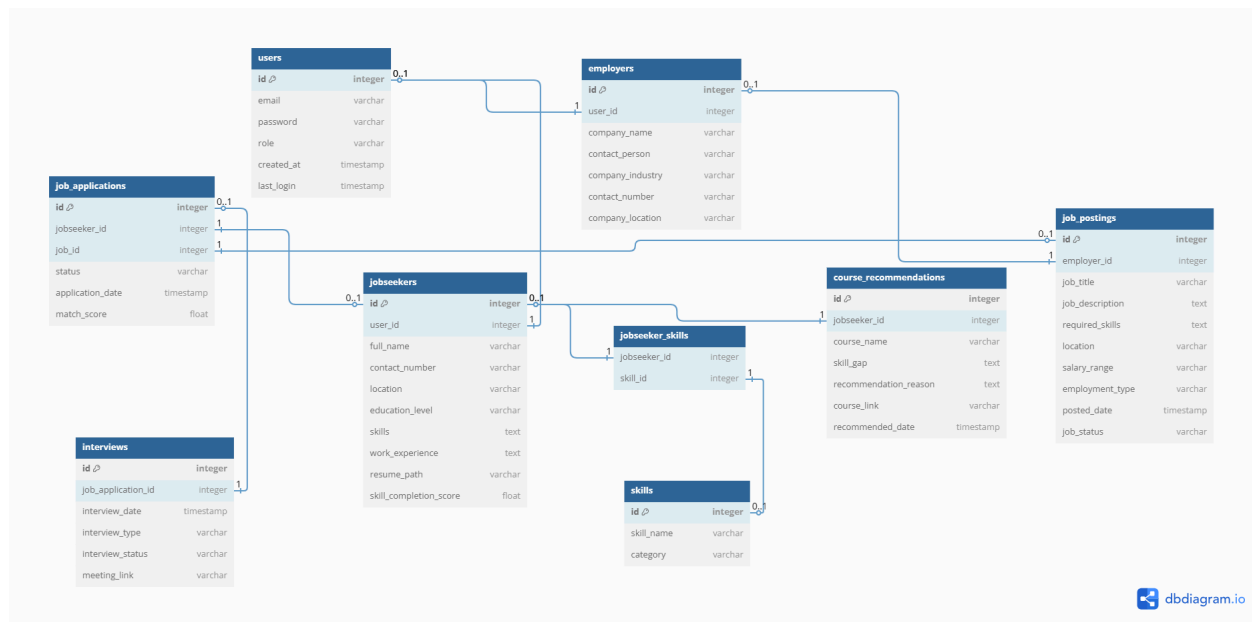
-- Indexes for Performance Optimization

```

CREATE INDEX idx_job_postings_employer ON JobPostings(employer_id);
CREATE INDEX idx_job_applications_jobseeker ON JobApplications(jobseeker_id);
CREATE INDEX idx_job_applications_job ON JobApplications(job_id);
CREATE INDEX idx_interviews_job_application ON Interviews(job_application_id);

```





The second diagram highlights the relationships among the tables.

A little bit about each table and the Key Design Considerations:

### 1. Users Table

- Central authentication table for all users
- **role** ENUM limits user types to Jobseeker, Employer, or Admin
- **created\_at** tracks account creation
- **last\_login** monitors user activity
- **email** is unique to prevent duplicate registrations

### 2. Jobseekers Table

- Stores comprehensive professional profile information
- **skills** and **work\_experience** as TEXT for flexible storage
- **resume\_path** stores file location
- Links to Users table via **user\_id**
- **skill\_completion\_score** enables AI-powered skill matching

### 3. Employers Table

- Captures company and contact details

- Links to Users table
- Supports multiple company information fields

#### 4. JobPostings Table

- Detailed job listing information
- ENUM for `employment_type` standardizes job types
- `job_status` tracks posting state
- Linked to Employers table

#### 5. JobApplications Table

- Tracks job application lifecycle
- ENUM `status` reflects application progression
- `match_score` enables AI-powered candidate matching

#### 6. Skills Table

- Centralized skills repository
- `category` allows skill classification

#### 7. Jobseeker Skills Table

- Enables many-to-many relationships between Jobseekers and Skills
- Allows multiple skills per job seeker

#### 8. Course Recommendations Table

- Stores AI-generated course suggestions
- Linked to specific job seekers
- Captures skill gaps and recommendation details

#### 9. Interviews Table

- Manages interview scheduling and tracking
- ENUM for `interview_type` and `interview_status`
- Stores meeting links

Performance and Security Enhancements:

- InnoDB engine for transactional support
- UTF-8 character set for international support
- Cascade delete for maintaining referential integrity
- Indexes on frequently queried columns

References : <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/database-design-in-dbms/>