

Write example programs to demonstrate each of the following directive and/or method :-

Parallel pragma, Parallel for, get-num-threads(), get-thread-number(), num-threads()

```
#include <omp.h>
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
```

```
    #pragma omp parallel
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("Hello from thread = %d of %d \n",
```

```
            omp-get-thread-num(), omp-get-num-threads());
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <omp.h>
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int i, sum = 0;
```

```
    int thread-sum[4];
```

```
    omp-set-num-threads(4);
```

```
    #pragma omp parallel
```

```
    {
```

```
        int ID = omp-get-thread-num();
```

```
        thread-sum[ID] = 0;
```

```
        #pragma omp for
```

Experiment No. :

Date :

```
for (i = 1; i <= 100; i++)  
    {  
        thread - sum[ID] += i;  
    }  
for (i = 0; i < 4; i++)  
    sum += thread - sum[i];  
printf ("Sum = %.d", sum);  
}
```

Write an OPENMP program to find prime numbers

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <omp.h>
```

```
main() {
```

```
    int prime[1000], i, j, n;
```

```
    printf("\n In order to find prime numbers from 1 to n,  
           enter the value of n:");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
    for(i=1; i<=n; i++) {
```

```
        prime[i] = 1; }
```

```
    prime[1] = 0;
```

```
    for(i=2; i*i<=n; i++) {
```

```
        #pragma omp parallel for
```

```
        for(j=i*i; j<=n; j=j+i) {
```

```
            if(prime[j] == 1)
```

```
                prime[j] = 0; }
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("\n Prime numbers from 1 to %d are\n", n);
```

```
    for(i=2; i<=n; i++) {
```

```
        if(prime[i] == 1) {
```

```
            printf("%d\t", i);
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("\n");
```

```
}
```

Write an OPENMP program for merge sort.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <omp.h>
```

```
void merge (int array[], int low, int mid, int high) {
```

```
    int temp[30], i, j, k, m;
```

```
    j = low;
```

```
    m = mid + 1;
```

```
    for (i = low; j <= mid && m <= high; i++) {
```

```
        if (array[j] <= array[m]) {
```

```
            temp[i] = array[j];
```

```
            j++; }
```

```
        else {
```

```
            temp[i] = array[m];
```

```
            m++; }
```

```
    }
```

```
    if (j > mid) {
```

```
        for (k = m; k <= high; k++) {
```

```
            temp[i] = array[k];
```

```
            i++; }
```

```
    }
```

```
    else {
```

```
        for (k = j; k <= mid; k++) {
```

```
            temp[i] = array[k];
```

```
            i++; }
```

```
    }
```

```
    for (k = low; k <= high; k++)
```

```
        array[k] = temp[k];
```

```
}
```



```
void mergesort(int array[], int low, int high) {  
    int mid;  
    if (low < high) {  
        mid = (low + high) / 2;  
        #pragma omp parallel sections num-threads(2)  
        {  
            #pragma omp section  
            {  
                mergesort(array, low, mid);  
            }  
            #pragma omp section  
            {  
                mergesort(array, mid + 1, high);  
            }  
        }  
        merge(array, low, mid, high);  
    }  
}
```

```
int main() {  
    int array[50], size;  
    printf("Enter total number of elements : \n");  
    scanf("%d", &size);  
    printf("Enter %d elements : \n", size);  
    for (i = 0; i < size; i++) {  
        scanf("%d", &array[i]);  
    }  
    mergesort(array, 0, size - 1);  
}
```

```
printf("Sorted elements are as follows:\n");
for (i=0; i<size; i++)
    printf("%d", array[i]);
printf("\n");
return 0;
}
```

Critical directive for sum of n numbers

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <omp.h>
```

```
int main (int argc, char** argv) {
```

```
    int partial-sum, total-sum;
```

```
    #pragma omp parallel private(partial-sum) shared(total-sum)
    {
```

```
        partial-sum = 0;
```

```
        total-sum = 0;
```

```
        #pragma omp for
        {
```

```
            for (int i=1; i<=1000; i++) {
```

```
                partial-sum += i;
            }
```

```
        }
```

```
        #pragma omp critical
```

```
        {
```

```
            total-sum += partial-sum;
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("Total Sum: %d\n", total-sum);
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

Reduction clause for sum of n numbers

```
#include <omp.h>
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    int i;
```

```
    const int N = 1000;
```

```
    int sum = 0;
```

```
    #pragma omp parallel for private(i) reduction(+: sum)
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < N; i++) {
```

```
        sum += i;
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("Reduction sum = %.d (expected %.d)\n",
```

```
        sum, ((N-1)*N)/2);
```

```
}
```

Area under the curve using trapezoidal rule

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <omp.h>
```

```
void Trap(double a, double b, int n, double* global-result-p);
```

```
double f(double x);
```

```
int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
```

```
    double global-result = 0.0;
```

```
    double a, b;
```

```
    int n;
```

```
    int thread-count;
```

```
    thread-count = atoi(argv[1], NULL, 10);
```

```
    printf("Enter a, b, and n\n");
```

```
    scanf("%.1f %.1f %.d", &a, &b, &n);
```

```
#pragma omp parallel num-threads (thread-count)
Trap(a,b,n, &global-result);
printf("Thread number is %d.\n", thread-count);
printf("With n = %d trapezoids, our estimate\n", n);
printf("of the integral from %f to %f = %f.\n",
a,b, global-result);
return 0;
}

void Trap(double a, double b, int n, double* global-result-p) {
double h, x, my-result;
double local-a, local-b;
int i, local-n;
int my-rank = omp-get-thread-num();
int thread-count = omp-get-num-threads();
h = (b-a)/n;
local-n = n/thread-count;
local-a = a + my-rank * local-n * h;
local-b = local-a + local-n * h;
my-result = (f(local-a) + f(local-b))/2.0;
for(i=1; i<= local-n-1; i++) {
x = local-a + i * h;
my-result += f(x);
}
my-result = my-result * h;
#pragma omp critical
*global-result-p += my-result;
}

double f(double x) {
return x*x*x + 2*x + 5;
}
```


Experiment No. :

Date :

```
if (n % thread-count != 0) {  
    fprintf(stderr, "n must be evenly divisible by  
        thread-count\n");  
    exit(0);  
}
```

OPENMP program to find value of pi

```
#include <omp.h>  
#include <stdio.h>  
#include <stdlib.h>  
#include <time.h>  
void monteCarlo(int N, int K) {  
    double x, y;  
    double d;  
    int pCircle = 0;  
    int pSquare = 0;  
    int i = 0;  
    #pragma omp parallel firstprivate(x, y, d, i)  
        reduction(+: pCircle, pSquare) num_threads(K)  
    {  
        srand48((int)time(NULL));  
        for (i = 0; i < N; i++) {  
            x = (double) drand48();  
            y = (double) drand48();  
            d = ((x * x) + (y * y));  
            if (d <= 1) {  
                pCircle++;  
            }  
            pSquare++;  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
double pi = 4.0 * ((double) pCircle / (double) (pSquare));  
printf("Final estimation of Pi = %f \n", pi);  
}
```

```
int main() {  
    int N = 100000;  
    int K = 8;  
    monteCarlo(N, K);  
}
```

Write an OPENMP program to implement sections directive

```
int main() {  
    #pragma omp parallel  
    {  
        #pragma omp section  
        printf("This is from thread %d \n",  
            omp_get_thread_num());  
        #pragma omp section  
        printf("This is from thread %d \n",  
            omp_get_thread_num());  
    }  
}
```

Experiment No. :

Date :

Demonstrate schedule with various parameters/
combinations.