**Q1. Describe three applications for exception processing.**

**Q2. What happens if you don&#39;t do something extra to treat an exception?**

**Q3. What are your options for recovering from an exception in your script?**

**Q4. Describe two methods for triggering exceptions in your script.**

**Q5. Identify two methods for specifying actions to be executed at termination time, regardless of**

**whether or not an exception exists.**

***SOLUTIONS***

*1. Three applications for exception processing are error handling, program flow control, and resource cleanup.*

*2. If you don't do something extra to treat an exception, it will propagate up the call stack until it is caught by an exception handler or the program terminates.*

*3. Your options for recovering from an exception in your script are to handle the exception using a try-except block, raise a new exception, or terminate the program.*

*4. Two methods for triggering exceptions in your script are raising an exception using the raise statement and calling a function that raises an exception.*

*5. Two methods for specifying actions to be executed at termination time, regardless of whether or not an exception exists, are using a try-finally block and registering an atexit function.*