

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 8-K

**CURRENT REPORT
PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported):
August 15, 2019

Walmart Inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter)

Delaware
(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation)

001-06991
(Commission File Number)

71-0415188
(IRS Employer Identification No.)

702 S.W. 8th Street
Bentonville, Arkansas 72716-0215
(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code:
(479) 273-4000

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
 Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
 Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
 Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.10 per share		New York Stock Exchange
1.900% Notes Due 2022	WMT	New York Stock Exchange
2.550% Notes Due 2026		New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act

Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

In accordance with Item 2.02 of Form 8-K of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), Walmart Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), is furnishing to the SEC a press release that the Company will issue on August 15, 2019 (the "Press Release") and a financial presentation that will be first posted by the Company on the Company's website at <http://stock.walmart.com> on August 15, 2019 (the "Financial Presentation"). The Press Release and the Financial Presentation will disclose information regarding the Company's results of operations for the three and six months ended July 31, 2019, and the Company's financial condition as of July 31, 2019.

In accordance with General Instruction B.2 of Form 8-K, the information in this Item 2.02 of this Current Report on Form 8-K, including Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2 hereto, which are furnished herewith pursuant to and relate to this Item 2.02, shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise be subject to the liabilities of Section 18 of the Exchange Act. The information in this Item 2.02 of this Current Report on Form 8-K and Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2 hereto shall not be incorporated by reference into any filing or other document filed by the Company with the SEC pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the rules and regulations of the SEC thereunder, the Exchange Act, or the rules and regulations of the SEC thereunder except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing or document.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits

The following documents are furnished as exhibits to this Current Report on Form 8-K:

99.1 [Press Release](#)

99.2 [Financial Presentation](#)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Dated: August 15, 2019

WALMART INC.

By:
Name:
Title:

/s/ M. Brett Biggs
M. Brett Biggs
Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer



**Walmart U.S. Q2 comp sales ¹ grew 2.8% and Walmart U.S. eCommerce sales grew 37%,
Company reports Q2 FY20 GAAP EPS of \$1.26; Adjusted EPS ² of \$1.27, led by strength at Walmart U.S.,
Walmart raises expectations for fiscal 2020 U.S. comp sales, operating income and EPS ³**

- ☒ Total revenue was \$130.4 billion, an increase of \$2.3 billion, or 1.8%. Excluding currency ², total revenue was \$131.7 billion, an increase of \$3.7 billion, or 2.9%.
- ☒ Walmart U.S. comp sales increased on a two-year stacked basis by 7.3%, which is the strongest growth in more than 10 years. Segment operating income increased 4%, marking the fifth consecutive quarter of growth.
- ☒ Walmart U.S. eCommerce sales growth of 37% includes strong growth in online grocery.
- ☒ Sam's Club comp sales ¹ increased 1.2%, and eCommerce sales grew 35%. Reduced tobacco sales negatively affected comp sales by 300 basis points.
- ☒ Net sales at Walmart International were \$29.1 billion, a decrease of 1.1%. Excluding currency ², net sales were \$30.4 billion, an increase of 3.3%. Strength in Walmex and China were offset by softness in the U.K. and Canada.
- ☒ Operating income declined 2.9%, or 2.4% in constant currency ², which was better than planned with strong results in the U.S. businesses. As expected, the inclusion of Flipkart this quarter negatively affected profit results.
- ☒ Adjusted EPS ² excludes an unrealized loss, net of tax, of \$0.01 on the company's equity investment in JD.com for the second quarter of FY20.
- ☒ FY20 adjusted EPS ⁴ is now expected to range between a slight decrease and a slight increase compared with FY19 adjusted EPS ².
- ☒ Walmart U.S. surpassed 1,100 grocery delivery locations and has more than 2,700 pickup locations.
- ☒ The company's NextDay delivery service from Walmart.com now covers about 75% of the U.S. population.

Key results

(Amounts in billions, except as noted. Dollar and percentage changes may not recalculate due to rounding.)

Walmart		Q2 FY20		Q2 FY19		Change	
Revenue		\$130.4		\$128.0	\$2.3	1.8%	
Revenue (constant currency) ²		\$131.7		\$128.0	\$3.7	2.9%	
Operating income		\$5.6		\$5.8	-\$0.2	-2.9%	
Operating income (constant currency) ²		\$5.6		\$5.8	-\$0.1	-2.4%	

¹ 13-week period ended July 26, 2019 compared to 13-week period ended July 27, 2018, and excludes fuel. See Supplemental Financial Information for additional information.

² See additional information at the end of this release regarding non-GAAP financial measures.

³ Includes GAAP EPS and adjusted EPS.

⁴ FY20 GAAP EPS to increase significantly compared to FY19. For FY20, adjusted EPS guidance excludes an unrealized gain of \$0.19, net of tax, related to the company's investment in JD.com recorded through the six months ended July 31, 2019.

NYSE: WMT

August 15, 2019

stock.walmart.com

"Our hearts continue to be with our associates in El Paso and Southaven, and we are focused on the safety of our associates and customers in all our stores and clubs.

"From a performance point of view, we're pleased with the strength we see in the business. Customers are responding to the improvements we're making, the productivity loop is working, and we're gaining market share. We're on track to exceed our original earnings expectations for the year, and that's possible because of the work our associates do every day."

Doug McMillon
President and CEO, Walmart

Free Cash Flow ¹	YTD FY20	\$ Change	Returns to Shareholders	Q2 FY20	% Change
Operating cash flow	\$11.2	\$0.1	Dividends	\$1.5	-1.2%
Capital expenditures	\$4.9	\$0.6	Share repurchases ²	\$1.6	20.5%
Free cash flow ¹	\$6.3	-\$0.5	Total	\$3.1	8.8%

Guidance

The following guidance reflects the company's expectations for fiscal year 2020. Assumptions in the guidance include that economic conditions, currency rates and the tax and regulatory landscape in our largest markets remain generally consistent. Additionally, the guidance assumes no further change in fair value of the Company's equity investment in JD.com.

Metric	Updated FY20 Guidance	Original FY20 Guidance
Consolidated net sales growth	Around 3% in constant currency	At least 3% in constant currency
Comp sales growth	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Walmart U.S.: towards the upper-end of +2.5% to +3%, excluding fuel Sam's Club: no change 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Walmart U.S.: +2.5 % to +3%, excluding fuel Sam's Club: around +1%, excluding fuel; around +3%, excluding fuel and tobacco
Walmart U.S. eCommerce net sales growth	No change	Around 35%
Walmart International net sales growth	Between 3% and 4% in constant currency	Around 5% in constant currency
Consolidated Operating Income	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Slight decrease to slight increase, including Flipkart Increase by a low to mid single-digit percentage range, excluding Flipkart 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Decline by a low single-digit percentage range, including Flipkart Increase by a low single-digit percentage range, excluding Flipkart
Adjusted EPS ³	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Slight decrease to slight increase compared with FY19 adjusted EPS, including Flipkart Increase by a mid to high single-digit percentage range compared with FY19 adjusted EPS, excluding Flipkart Expectations for the dilution from Flipkart remain unchanged 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Decline by a low single-digit percentage range compared with FY19 adjusted EPS, including Flipkart Increase by a low to mid single-digit percentage range compared with FY19 adjusted EPS, excluding Flipkart
Effective tax rate	Approximately 26% to 27%	Approximately 26.5% to 27.5%
Expense leverage	At least 20 bps	Approximately 20 bps
Capital expenditures	No change	Approximately \$11 billion

¹ See additional information at the end of this release regarding non-GAAP financial measures.

² \$7.7 billion remaining of \$20 billion authorization approved in October 2017. The company repurchased approximately 15 million shares in the second quarter of fiscal 2020.

³ FY20 GAAP EPS to increase significantly compared to FY19. For FY20, adjusted EPS guidance excludes an unrealized gain of \$0.19, net of tax, related to the company's investment in JD.com recorded through the six months ended July 31, 2019.

Segment results

(Amounts in billions, except as noted. Dollar and percentage changes may not recalculate due to rounding.)

Walmart U.S.		Q2 FY20	Q2 FY19	Change	
Net sales		\$85.2	\$82.8	\$2.4	2.9%
Comp sales (ex. fuel) ¹		2.8%	4.5%	-170 bps	N/A
Transactions ²		0.6%	2.7%	-210 bps	N/A
Ticket ²		2.2%	1.8%	40 bps	N/A
eCommerce		~140 bps	~100 bps	~40 bps	N/A
Operating income		\$4.7	\$4.5	\$0.2	4.0%

Walmart International		Q2 FY20	Q2 FY19	Change	
Net sales		\$29.1	\$29.5	-\$0.3	-1.1%
Net sales (constant currency) ³		\$30.4	\$29.5	\$1.0	3.3%
Operating income		\$0.9	\$1.3	-\$0.4	-29.6%
Operating income (constant currency) ³		\$0.9	\$1.3	-\$0.3	-27.3%

Sams Club		Q2 FY20	Q2 FY19	Change	
Net sales		\$15.0	\$14.8	\$0.2	1.8%
Comp sales (ex. fuel) ¹		1.2%	5.0%	-380 bps	N/A
Transactions		5.0%	6.7%	-170 bps	N/A
Ticket		-3.8%	-1.7%	-210 bps	N/A
eCommerce		~180 bps	~110 bps	~70 bps	N/A
Operating income		\$0.5	\$0.4	\$0.1	19.4%

¹ 13 week period ended July 26, 2019 compared to 13 week period ended July 27, 2018, and excludes fuel. See Supplemental Financial Information for additional information.

² Beginning with the first quarter of FY20, we updated our definition of traffic as a component of comparable sales to be all sales transactions in our stores as well as for eCommerce. Traffic will now be called transactions. For comparability, we revised this metric for FY19 and have provided a quarterly summary on our website at <http://www.stock.walmart.com>.

³ See additional information at the end of this release regarding non-GAAP financial measures.

NYSE: WMT

August 15, 2019

stock.walmart.com

Additional highlights for the second quarter

- Announced the appointment of Suresh Kumar as new Chief Technology Officer and Chief Development Officer.
- Walmart U.S. ended the quarter with more than 2,700 grocery pickup locations and more than 1,100 delivery locations in the U.S.
- Announced Walmart InHome Delivery to help customers save time by having their fresh groceries and everyday essentials delivered directly into their homes.
- The company's NextDay delivery service from Walmart.com now covers about 75% of the U.S. population.
- Announced new wireless experience online and in stores making it easier for customers to upgrade their mobile device.
- Launched new Sam's Garage app nationwide at Sam's Club.
- Launched same-day pickup nationwide at Sam's Club.
- Launched new ordering service through WhatsApp for Superama customers in Mexico.
- Opened two new eCommerce fulfillment centers in Mexico.
- Launched new Walmart Daojia delivery app in China.
- Announced plans to invest \$1.2 billion to upgrade logistics network in China.
- Launched blockchain traceability platform for Walmart China.
- Added 14 tech degrees and certificates to Live Better U college offering.
- Expanded debt-free college to high schoolers and created graduation bonuses.
- Announced new collaboration with other major companies as part of the FDA's program to evaluate the use of blockchain to protect pharmaceutical product integrity.
- Walmart and U.S. Solar announce agreement for 36 community solar gardens.
- Electrify America and Walmart announce completion of more than 120 car charging stations at Walmart stores nationwide with plans for expansion.
- Walmart Transportation received 2019 SMARTWAY Excellence Award from EPA for environmental performance and leadership.

About Walmart

Walmart Inc. (NYSE: WMT) helps people around the world save money and live better - anytime and anywhere - in retail stores, online, and through their mobile devices. Each week, nearly 275 million customers and members visit our more than 11,300 stores under 58 banners in 27 countries and eCommerce websites. With fiscal year 2019 revenue of \$514.4 billion, Walmart employs over 2.2 million associates worldwide. Walmart continues to be a leader in sustainability, corporate philanthropy and employment opportunity. Additional information about Walmart can be found by visiting <http://corporate.walmart.com>, on Facebook at <http://facebook.com/walmart> and on Twitter at <http://twitter.com/walmart>.

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Forward-Looking Statements

This release contains statements as to Walmart management's guidance regarding earnings per share, adjusted earnings per share, consolidated net sales growth, Walmart U.S. eCommerce net sales growth, Walmart International net sales growth, consolidated operating income, capital expenditures, expense leverage, Walmart's effective tax rate for the fiscal year ending January 31, 2020, and comparable sales (excluding fuel) for Walmart U.S. and Sam's Club for the 53 weeks ending January 31, 2020. Walmart believes such statements are "forward-looking statements" as defined in, and are intended to enjoy the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Assumptions on which such forward-looking statements are based are also forward-looking statements. Walmart's actual results may differ materially from the guidance provided as a result of changes in circumstances, assumptions not being realized or other risks, uncertainties and factors including:

- economic, geo-political, capital markets and business conditions, trends and events around the world and in the markets in which Walmart operates;
- currency exchange rate fluctuations, changes in market interest rates and commodity prices;
- unemployment levels; competitive pressures; inflation or deflation, generally and in particular product categories;
- consumer confidence, disposable income, credit availability, spending levels, shopping patterns, debt levels and demand for certain merchandise;
- consumer enrollment in health and drug insurance programs and such programs' reimbursement rates;
- the amount of Walmart's net sales denominated in the U.S. dollar and various foreign currencies;
- the impact of acquisitions, investments, divestitures, store or club closures, and other strategic decisions;
- Walmart's ability to successfully integrate acquired businesses, including within the eCommerce space;
- Walmart's effective tax rate and the factors affecting Walmart's effective tax rate, including assessments of certain tax contingencies, valuation allowances, changes in law, administrative audit outcomes, impact of discrete items and the mix of earnings between the U.S. and Walmart's international operations;
- changes in existing tax, labor and other laws and regulations and changes in tax rates, trade agreements, trade restrictions and tariff rates;
- customer transaction and average ticket in Walmart's stores and clubs and on its eCommerce platforms;
- the mix of merchandise Walmart sells, the cost of goods it sells and the shrinkage it experiences;
- the amount of Walmart's total sales and operating expenses in the various markets in which it operates;
- transportation, energy and utility costs and the selling prices of gasoline and diesel fuel;
- supply chain disruptions and disruptions in seasonal buying patterns;
- consumer acceptance of and response to Walmart's stores, clubs, digital platforms, programs, merchandise offerings and delivery methods;
- cyber security events affecting Walmart and related costs;
- developments in, outcomes of, and costs incurred in legal or regulatory proceedings to which Walmart is a party;
- casualty and accident-related costs and insurance costs;
- the turnover in Walmart's workforce and labor costs, including healthcare and other benefit costs;
- changes in accounting estimates or judgments;
- the level of public assistance payments; and
- natural disasters, public health emergencies, civil disturbances, and terrorist attacks.

Such risks, uncertainties and factors also include the risks relating to Walmart's strategy, operations and performance and the financial, legal, tax, regulatory, compliance, reputational and other risks discussed in Walmart's most recent annual report on Form 10-K and subsequent quarterly reports on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC. Walmart urges you to consider all of the risks, uncertainties and factors identified above or discussed in such reports carefully in evaluating the forward-looking statements in this release. Walmart cannot assure you that the results reflected or implied by any forward-looking statement will be realized or, even if substantially realized, that those results will have the forecasted or expected consequences and effects for or on Walmart's operations or financial performance. The forward-looking statements made in this release are as of the date of this release. Walmart undertakes no obligation to update these forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances.

Walmart Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income
(Uaudited)

(Amounts in millions, except per share data)	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended		
	July 31,			July 31,		
	2019	2018	Percent Change	2019	2018	Percent Change
Revenues:						
Net sales	\$ 129,388	\$ 127,059	1.8 %	\$ 252,337	\$ 248,689	1.5 %
Membership and other income	989	969	2.1 %	1,965	2,029	(3.2)%
Total revenues	<u>130,377</u>	<u>128,028</u>	<u>1.8 %</u>	<u>254,302</u>	<u>250,718</u>	<u>1.4 %</u>
Costs and expenses:						
Cost of sales	97,923	95,571	2.5 %	190,957	187,278	2.0 %
Operating, selling, general and administrative expenses	26,871	26,707	0.6 %	52,817	52,536	0.5 %
Operating income	<u>5,583</u>	<u>5,750</u>	<u>(2.9)%</u>	<u>10,528</u>	<u>10,904</u>	<u>(3.4)%</u>
Interest:						
Debt	558	460	21.3 %	1,146	897	27.8 %
Finance, capital lease and financing obligations	83	94	(11.7)%	168	187	(10.2)%
Interest income	(56)	(51)	9.8 %	(104)	(94)	10.6 %
Interest, net	<u>585</u>	<u>503</u>	<u>16.3 %</u>	<u>1,210</u>	<u>990</u>	<u>22.2 %</u>
Other (gains) and losses	85	4,849	(98.2)%	(752)	6,694	NM
Income before income taxes	<u>4,913</u>	<u>398</u>	<u>1,134.4 %</u>	<u>10,070</u>	<u>3,220</u>	<u>212.7 %</u>
Provision for income taxes	<u>1,233</u>	<u>1,125</u>	<u>9.6 %</u>	<u>2,484</u>	<u>1,671</u>	<u>48.7 %</u>
Consolidated net income (loss)	<u>3,680</u>	<u>(727)</u>	<u>NM</u>	<u>7,586</u>	<u>1,549</u>	<u>NM</u>
Consolidated net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	(70)	(134)	(47.8)%	(134)	(276)	(51.4)%
Consolidated net income (loss) attributable to Walmart	<u>\$ 3,610</u>	<u>\$ (861)</u>	<u>NM</u>	<u>\$ 7,452</u>	<u>\$ 1,273</u>	<u>NM</u>
Net income (loss) per common share:						
Basic net income (loss) per common share attributable to Walmart	\$ 1.27	\$ (0.29)		\$ 2.60	\$ 0.43	
Diluted net income (loss) per common share attributable to Walmart	\$ 1.26	\$ (0.29)		\$ 2.59	\$ 0.43	
Weighted-average common shares outstanding:						
Basic	2,853	2,946		2,861	2,948	
Diluted	2,869	2,946		2,878	2,963	
Dividends declared per common share	\$ —	\$ —		\$ 2.12	\$ 2.08	

NM = not meaningful

Walmart Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions)	July 31, 2019	January 31, 2019	July 31, 2018
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,283	\$ 7,722	\$ 15,840
Receivables, net	5,382	6,283	5,002
Inventories	44,134	44,269	41,985
Prepaid expenses and other	2,572	3,623	3,543
Total current assets	<u>61,371</u>	<u>61,897</u>	<u>66,370</u>
Property and equipment, net	104,674	104,317	104,019
Operating lease right of use assets, net	17,239	—	—
Finance lease right of use assets, net	3,949	—	—
Property under capital lease and financing obligations, net	—	7,078	6,998
Goodwill	31,454	31,181	17,840
Other long-term assets	16,174	14,822	10,835
Total assets	\$ 234,861	\$ 219,295	\$ 206,062
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Current liabilities:			
Short-term borrowings	\$ 3,681	\$ 5,225	\$ 444
Accounts payable	45,871	47,060	43,128
Dividends payable	3,023	—	3,057
Accrued liabilities	20,691	22,159	22,846
Accrued income taxes	387	428	424
Long-term debt due within one year	4,396	1,876	1,090
Operating lease obligations due within one year	1,795	—	—
Finance lease obligations due within one year	439	—	—
Capital leases and financing obligations due within one year	—	729	694
Total current liabilities	<u>80,283</u>	<u>77,477</u>	<u>71,683</u>
Long-term debt	44,404	43,520	44,958
Long-term operating lease obligations	16,079	—	—
Long-term finance lease obligations	3,915	—	—
Long-term capital lease and financing obligations	—	6,683	6,610
Deferred income taxes and other	13,049	11,981	8,999
Commitments and contingencies			
Equity:			
Common stock	285	288	294
Capital in excess of par value	2,880	2,965	2,710
Retained earnings	78,432	80,785	80,810
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(11,270)	(11,542)	(12,629)
Total Walmart shareholders' equity	<u>70,327</u>	<u>72,496</u>	<u>71,185</u>
Noncontrolling interest	6,804	7,138	2,627
Total equity	<u>77,131</u>	<u>79,634</u>	<u>73,812</u>
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 234,861	\$ 219,295	\$ 206,062

The Company adopted ASU 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*, and related amendments as of February 1, 2019 under the modified retrospective approach and, therefore, has not revised comparative periods.

Walmart Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions)	Six Months Ended July 31,	
	2019	2018
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Consolidated net income	\$ 7,586	\$ 1,549
Adjustments to reconcile consolidated net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	5,436	5,332
Unrealized (gains) and losses	(731)	1,939
(Gains) and losses for disposal of business operations	—	4,755
Deferred income taxes	241	(117)
Other operating activities	348	469
Changes in certain assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions:		
Receivables, net	978	257
Inventories	220	441
Accounts payable	(1,242)	(1,588)
Accrued liabilities	(1,657)	(1,702)
Accrued income taxes	6	(240)
Net cash provided by operating activities	11,185	11,095
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Payments for property and equipment	(4,871)	(4,282)
Proceeds from the disposal of property and equipment	128	205
Proceeds from disposal of certain operations	833	—
Payments for business acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(56)	—
Other investing activities	142	(351)
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,824)	(4,428)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net change in short-term borrowings	(1,564)	(4,761)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	4,020	15,851
Repayments of long-term debt	(407)	(3,050)
Dividends paid	(3,036)	(3,067)
Purchase of Company stock	(3,707)	(1,844)
Dividends paid to noncontrolling interest	(259)	(171)
Other financing activities	(578)	(478)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(5,531)	2,480
Effect of exchange rates on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(266)	(299)
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	1,564	8,848
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of year	7,756	7,014
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 9,320	\$ 15,862

Walmart Inc.
Supplemental Financial Information
(Unaudited)

Net sales and operating income

(dollars in millions)	Net Sales			Operating Income		
	Three Months Ended			Three Months Ended		
	2019	July 31, 2018	Percent Change	2019	July 31, 2018	Percent Change
Walmart U.S.	\$ 85,200	\$ 82,815	2.9 %	\$ 4,659	\$ 4,479	4.0 %
Walmart International	29,139	29,454	-1.1 %	893	1,269	-29.6 %
Sam's Club	15,049	14,790	1.8 %	480	402	19.4 %
Corporate and support	—	—	N/A	(449)	(400)	12.3 %
Consolidated	\$ 129,388	\$ 127,059	1.8 %	\$ 5,583	\$ 5,750	-2.9 %

U.S. comparable sales results

	With Fuel		Without Fuel		Fuel Impact	
	13 Weeks Ended	7/26/2019	13 Weeks Ended	7/27/2018	13 Weeks Ended	7/26/2019
Walmart U.S.	2.8%	4.7%	2.8%	4.5%	0.0%	0.2%
Sam's Club	1.8%	7.7%	1.2%	5.0%	0.6%	2.7%
Total U.S.	2.6%	5.2%	2.6%	4.6%	0.0%	0.6%

Comparable sales is a metric that indicates the performance of our existing stores and clubs and it is important to review in conjunction with the Company's financial results reported in accordance with GAAP. Comparable sales excluding fuel is also an important, separate metric that indicates the performance of our existing stores and clubs without considering fuel, which is volatile and unpredictable. Other companies in our industry may calculate comparable sales differently, limiting the comparability of the metric.

Walmart Inc.
Reconciliations of and Other Information Regarding Non-GAAP Financial Measures
(Unaudited)

The following information provides reconciliations of certain non-GAAP financial measures presented in the press release to which this reconciliation is attached to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The company has provided the non-GAAP financial information presented in the press release, which is not calculated or presented in accordance with GAAP, as information supplemental and in addition to the financial measures presented in the press release that are calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP. Such non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered superior to, as a substitute for or alternative to, and should be considered in conjunction with, the GAAP financial measures presented in the press release. The non-GAAP financial measures in the press release may differ from similar measures used by other companies.

Constant Currency

In discussing our operating results, the term currency exchange rates refers to the currency exchange rates we use to convert the operating results for countries where the functional currency is not the U.S. dollar into U.S. dollars or for countries experiencing hyperinflation. We calculate the effect of changes in currency exchange rates as the difference between current period activity translated using the current period's currency exchange rates and the comparable prior year period's currency exchange rates. Additionally, no currency exchange rate fluctuations are calculated for non-USD acquisitions until owned for 12 months.

Throughout our discussion, we refer to the results of this calculation as the impact of currency exchange rate fluctuations. When we refer to constant currency operating results, this means operating results without the impact of the currency exchange rate fluctuations. The disclosure of constant currency amounts or results permits investors to better understand Walmart's underlying performance without the effects of currency exchange rate fluctuations.

The table below reflects the calculation of constant currency for total revenues, net sales and operating income for the three and six months ended July 31, 2019.

(Dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended July 31,				Six Months Ended July 31,			
	Walmart International		Consolidated		Walmart International		Consolidated	
	2019	Percent Change ¹	2019	Percent Change ¹	2019	Percent Change ¹	2019	Percent Change ¹
Total revenues:								
As reported	\$ 29,445	-1.1 %	\$ 130,377	1.8 %	\$ 58,518	-3.1 %	\$ 254,302	1.4 %
Currency exchange rate fluctuations	1,311	N/A	1,311	N/A	3,164	N/A	3,164	N/A
Constant currency total revenues	\$ 30,756	3.3 %	\$ 131,688	2.9 %	\$ 61,682	2.1 %	\$ 257,466	2.7 %
Net sales:								
As reported	\$ 29,139	-1.1 %	\$ 129,388	1.8 %	\$ 57,914	-3.0 %	\$ 252,337	1.5 %
Currency exchange rate fluctuations	1,301	N/A	1,301	N/A	3,139	N/A	3,139	N/A
Constant currency net sales	\$ 30,440	3.3 %	\$ 130,689	2.9 %	\$ 61,053	2.2 %	\$ 255,476	2.7 %
Operating income:								
As reported	\$ 893	-29.6 %	\$ 5,583	-2.9 %	\$ 1,631	-35.6 %	\$ 10,528	-3.4 %
Currency exchange rate fluctuations	29	N/A	29	N/A	81	N/A	81	N/A
Constant currency operating income	\$ 922	-27.3 %	\$ 5,612	-2.4 %	\$ 1,712	-32.4 %	\$ 10,609	-2.7 %

¹Change versus prior year comparable period.

Free Cash Flow

We define free cash flow as net cash provided by operating activities in a period minus payments for property and equipment made in that period. We had net cash provided by operating activities of \$11.2 billion for the six months ended July 31, 2019 , which was relatively flat when compared to \$11.1 billion for the six months ended July 31, 2018 . We generated free cash flow of \$6.3 billion for the six months ended July 31, 2019 , which declined when compared to \$6.6 billion for the six months ended July 31, 2018 due primarily to \$0.6 billion in increased capital expenditures .

Free cash flow is considered a non-GAAP financial measure. Management believes, however, that free cash flow, which measures our ability to generate additional cash from our business operations, is an important financial measure for use in evaluating the company's financial performance. Free cash flow should be considered in addition to, rather than as a substitute for, consolidated net income as a measure of our performance and net cash provided by operating activities as a measure of our liquidity.

Additionally, Walmart's definition of free cash flow is limited, in that it does not represent residual cash flows available for discretionary expenditures, due to the fact that the measure does not deduct the payments required for debt service and other contractual obligations or payments made for business acquisitions. Therefore, we believe it is important to view free cash flow as a measure that provides supplemental information to our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

Although other companies report their free cash flow, numerous methods may exist for calculating a company's free cash flow. As a result, the method used by Walmart's management to calculate our free cash flow may differ from the methods used by other companies to calculate their free cash flow.

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of free cash flow, a non-GAAP financial measure, to net cash provided by operating activities, which we believe to be the GAAP financial measure most directly comparable to free cash flow, as well as information regarding net cash used in investing activities and net cash used in financing activities.

(Dollars in millions)	Six Months Ended July 31,	
	2019	2018
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 11,185	\$ 11,095
Payments for property and equipment (capital expenditures)	(4,871)	(4,282)
Free cash flow	\$ 6,314	\$ 6,813
Net cash used in investing activities ¹	\$ (3,824)	\$ (4,428)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(5,531)	2,480

¹"Net cash used in investing activities" includes payments for property and equipment, which is also included in our computation of free cash flow.

Adjusted EPS

Adjusted diluted earnings per share attributable to Walmart (Adjusted EPS) is considered a non-GAAP financial measure under the SEC's rules because it excludes certain amounts not excluded in the diluted earnings per share attributable to Walmart calculated in accordance with GAAP (EPS), the most directly comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with GAAP. Management believes that Adjusted EPS is a meaningful measure to share with investors because it best allows comparison of the performance for the comparable period. In addition, Adjusted EPS affords investors a view of what management considers Walmart's core earnings performance and the ability to make a more informed assessment of such core earnings performance.

We have calculated Adjusted EPS for the three months by adjusting EPS for the unrealized gains and losses on the company's equity investment in JD.com. We adjust for these unrealized gains and losses because although the Company's investment in JD.com was a strategic decision for the company's retail operations in China, management's measurement of that strategy is primarily focused on the Walmart China financial results rather than the investment value of JD.com. Additionally, management does not forecast changes in fair value of its equity investments. Accordingly, management adjusts EPS for the unrealized JD.com investment gains and losses.

Three Months Ended July 31, 2019			
Diluted earnings per share:			
Reported EPS		\$	1.26
Adjustments:		Pre-Tax Impact	Tax Impact 1
Unrealized (gains) and losses on JD.com investment	\$ 0.02	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.01
Adjusted EPS		\$	1.27

¹ Calculated based on nature of item, including any realizable deductions, and statutory rate in effect for relevant jurisdictions.

As previously disclosed in our second quarter ended July 31, 2018 press release, we have calculated Adjusted EPS for the three months ended July 31, 2018 by adjusting EPS for the following: (1) the loss on sale of the majority stake in Walmart Brazil, (2) an adjustment to the provisional amount recorded in the second quarter of fiscal 2019 related to Tax Reform and (3) unrealized gains and losses on our JD.com investment. The provisional measurement period related to Tax Reform ended in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2019. The most directly comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with GAAP is EPS for the three months ended July 31, 2018.

Three Months Ended July 31, 2018			
Diluted earnings per share:			
Reported EPS		\$	(0.29)
Adjustments:		Pre-Tax Impact	Tax Impact 1
Loss on sale of majority stake in Walmart Brazil	\$ 1.61	\$ (0.10)	\$ 1.51
Adjustment to provisional amount for Tax Reform	—	0.04	0.04
Unrealized (gains) and losses on JD.com investment	0.03	—	0.03
Net adjustments		\$	1.58
Adjusted EPS		\$	1.29

¹ Calculated based on nature of item and statutory rate in effect for relevant jurisdictions.

Financial presentation to accompany management transcript

Q2 FY20



Safe harbor and non-GAAP measures

This presentation contains statements as to Walmart management's guidance regarding earnings per share, adjusted earnings per share, consolidated net sales growth, Walmart U.S. eCommerce net sales growth, Walmart International net sales growth, consolidated operating income, capital expenditures, expense leverage, Walmart's effective tax rate for the fiscal year ending January 31, 2020, and comparable sales (excluding fuel) for Walmart U.S. and Sam's Club for the 53 weeks ending January 31, 2020. Walmart believes such statements are "forward-looking statements" as defined in, and are intended to enjoy the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Assumptions on which such forward-looking statements are based are also forward-looking statements. Walmart's actual results may differ materially from the guidance provided as a result of changes in circumstances, assumptions not being realized or other risks, uncertainties and factors including:

- economic, geo-political, capital markets and business conditions, trends and events around the world and in the markets in which Walmart operates;
- currency exchange rate fluctuations, changes in market interest rates and commodity prices;
- unemployment levels; competitive pressures; inflation or deflation, generally and in particular product categories;
- consumer confidence, disposable income, credit availability, spending levels, shopping patterns, debt levels and demand for certain merchandise;
- consumer enrollment in health and drug insurance programs and such programs' reimbursement rates;
- the amount of Walmart's net sales denominated in the U.S. dollar and various foreign currencies;
- the impact of acquisitions, investments, divestitures, store or club closures, and other strategic decisions;
- Walmart's ability to successfully integrate acquired businesses, including within the eCommerce space;
- Walmart's effective tax rate and the factors affecting Walmart's effective tax rate, including assessments of certain tax contingencies, valuation allowances, changes in law, administrative audit outcomes, impact of discrete items and the mix of earnings between the U.S. and Walmart's international operations;
- changes in existing tax, labor and other laws and regulations and changes in tax rates, trade agreements, trade restrictions and tariff rates;
- customer transaction and average ticket in Walmart's stores and clubs and on its eCommerce platforms;
- the mix of merchandise Walmart sells, the cost of goods it sells and the shrinkage it experiences;
- the amount of Walmart's total sales and operating expenses in the various markets in which it operates;
- transportation, energy and utility costs and the selling prices of gasoline and diesel fuel;
- supply chain disruptions and disruptions in seasonal buying patterns;
- consumer acceptance of and response to Walmart's stores, clubs, digital platforms, programs, merchandise offerings and delivery methods;
- cyber security events affecting Walmart and related costs;
- developments in, outcomes of, and costs incurred in legal or regulatory proceedings to which Walmart is a party;
- casualty and accident-related costs and insurance costs;
- the turnover in Walmart's workforce and labor costs, including healthcare and other benefit costs;
- changes in accounting estimates or judgments;
- the level of public assistance payments; and
- natural disasters, public health emergencies, civil disturbances, and terrorist attacks.

Such risks, uncertainties and factors also include the risks relating to Walmart's strategy, operations and performance and the financial, legal, tax, regulatory, compliance, reputational and other risks discussed in Walmart's most recent annual report on Form 10-K and subsequent quarterly reports on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC. Walmart urges you to consider all of the risks, uncertainties and factors identified above or discussed in such reports carefully in evaluating the forward-looking statements in this presentation. Walmart cannot assure you that the results reflected or implied by any forward-looking statement will be realized or, even if substantially realized, that those results will have the forecasted or expected consequences and effects for or on Walmart's operations or financial performance. The forward-looking statements made in this presentation are as of the date of this presentation. Walmart undertakes no obligation to update these forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances.

This presentation includes certain non-GAAP measures as defined under SEC rules, including net sales, revenue, and operating income on a constant currency basis, adjusted EPS, free cash flow and return on investment. Refer to information about the non-GAAP measures contained in this presentation. Additional information as required by Regulation G and Item 10(e) of Regulation S-K regarding non-GAAP measures can be found in our most recent Form 10-K and our Form 8-K furnished as of the date of this presentation with the SEC, which are available at www.stock.walmart.com.



Fiscal Year 2020 Guidance

The following guidance reflects the company's expectations for fiscal year 2020. Assumptions in the guidance include that economic conditions, currency rates and the tax and regulatory landscape in our largest markets remain generally consistent. Additionally, the guidance assumes no further change in fair value of the Company's equity investment in JD.com.

Metric	Updated FY20 Guidance	Original FY20 Guidance
Consolidated net sales growth	Around 3% in constant currency	At least 3% in constant currency
Comp sales growth	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Walmart U.S.: towards the upper-end of +2.5% to +3%, excluding fuel Sam's Club: no change 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Walmart U.S.: +2.5 % to +3%, excluding fuel Sam's Club: around +1%, excluding fuel; around +3%, excluding fuel and tobacco
Walmart U.S. eCommerce net sales growth	No change	Around 35%
Walmart International net sales growth	Between 3% and 4% in constant currency	Around 5% in constant currency
Consolidated Operating Income	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Slight decrease to slight increase, including Flipkart Increase by a low to mid single-digit percentage range, excluding Flipkart 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Decline by a low single-digit percentage range, including Flipkart Increase by a low single-digit percentage range, excluding Flipkart
Adjusted EPS ¹	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Slight decrease to slight increase compared with FY19 adjusted EPS, including Flipkart Increase by a mid to high single-digit percentage range compared with FY19 adjusted EPS, excluding Flipkart Expectations for the dilution from Flipkart remain unchanged 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Decline by a low single-digit percentage range compared with FY19 adjusted EPS, including Flipkart Increase by a low to mid single-digit percentage range compared with FY19 adjusted EPS, excluding Flipkart
Effective tax rate	Approximately 26% to 27%	Approximately 26.5% to 27.5%
Expense leverage	At least 20 bps	Approximately 20 bps
Capital expenditures	No change	Approximately \$11 billion



¹ FY20 GAAP EPS to increase significantly compared to FY19. For FY20, adjusted EPS guidance excludes an unrealized gain of \$0.19, net of tax, related to the company's investment in JD.com recorded through the six months ended July 31, 2019.

Walmart Inc.

(Amounts in millions, except per share data)

	Q2	\$ Δ ¹	% Δ ¹	YTD	\$ Δ ¹	% Δ ¹
Total revenue	\$ 130,377	\$ 2,349	1.8 %	\$ 254,302	\$ 3,584	1.4 %
Total revenue, constant currency ²	131,688	3,660	2.9 %	257,466	6,748	2.7 %
Net sales	129,388	2,329	1.8 %	252,337	3,648	1.5 %
Net sales, constant currency ²	130,689	3,630	2.9 %	255,476	6,787	2.7 %
Membership & other income	989	20	2.1 %	1,965	(64)	(3.2)%
Operating income	5,583	(167)	(2.9)%	10,528	(376)	(3.4)%
Operating income, constant currency ²	5,612	(138)	(2.4)%	10,609	(295)	(2.7)%
Interest expense, net	585	82	16.3 %	1,210	220	22.2 %
Other (gains) and losses	85	(4,764)	(98.2)%	(752)	(7,446)	NM
Consolidated net income attributable to Walmart	3,610	4,471	NM	7,452	6,179	NM
EPS	1.26	1.55	NM	2.59	2.16	NM
Adjusted EPS ²	1.27	(0.02)	(1.6)%	2.40	(0.03)	(1.2)%



¹ Change versus prior year comparable period.

² See press release located at www.stock.walmart.com and reconciliations at the end of presentation regarding non-GAAP financial measures.

NM = Not meaningful

Walmart Inc.

	Q2	bps Δ ¹	YTD	bps Δ ¹
Gross profit rate	24.3%	-46 bps	24.3%	-37 bps
Operating expenses as a percentage of net sales	20.8%	-25 bps	20.9%	-20 bps
Effective tax rate ²	25.1%	NM	24.7%	NM
Debt to total capitalization ³	NP	NP	44.7%	170 bps
Return on assets ⁴	NP	NP	6.0%	310 bps
Return on investment ⁴	NP	NP	14.3%	50 bps

¹ Basis points change versus prior year comparable period.

² The effective tax rate decreased compared to the prior year comparable period. The decrease in the effective tax rate was primarily due to the loss on sale of a majority stake in Walmart Brazil and an adjustment in the provisional amount recorded related to Tax Reform recorded in Q2 of fiscal 2019. The provisional measurement period related to Tax Reform ended in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2019.

³ Debt to total capitalization calculated as of July 31, 2019. Increase versus prior comparable period primarily due the issuance of long-term debt in April 2019 for general business operations. Debt includes short-term borrowings, long-term debt due within one year, finance lease obligations due within one year, long-term debt and long-term finance lease obligations. Total capitalization includes debt and total Walmart shareholders' equity.

⁴ Calculated for the trailing 12 months ended July 31, 2019. For ROI, see press release located at www.stock.walmart.com and reconciliations at the end of presentation regarding non-GAAP financial measures.

NP = not provided NM = not meaningful



Walmart Inc.

(Amounts in millions)	Q2	\$ Δ ¹	% Δ ¹
Receivables, net	\$ 5,382	\$ 380	7.6%
Inventories	44,134	2,149	5.1%
Accounts payable	45,871	2,743	6.4%



¹ Change versus prior year comparable period.



Walmart Inc.

(Amounts in millions)	YTD	\$ Δ ¹
Operating cash flow	\$ 11,185	\$ 90
Capital expenditures	4,871	589
Free cash flow²	\$ 6,314	(499)



(Amounts in millions)	Q2	% Δ ¹	YTD	% Δ ¹
Dividends	\$ 1,516	(1.2)%	\$ 3,036	-1.0%
Share repurchases ³	1,572	20.5%	3,707	101.0%
Total	\$ 3,088	8.8%	\$ 6,743	37.3%

¹ Change versus prior year comparable period.

² See press release located at www.stock.walmart.com and reconciliations at the end of this presentation regarding non-GAAP financial measures.

³ \$7.7 billion remaining of \$20 billion authorization approved in October 2017. The company repurchased approximately 15 million shares in the second quarter of fiscal 2020.



Walmart U.S.

(Amounts in millions)	Q2	Δ^1	YTD	Δ^1
Net sales	\$85,200	2.9%	\$165,544	3.1%
Comparable sales ^{2,3}	2.8%	-170 bps	3.1%	-20 bps
• Comp transactions ⁴	0.6%	-210 bps	NP	NP
• Comp ticket ⁴	2.2%	40 bps	NP	NP
eCommerce impact ³	~140 bps	~40 bps	NP	NP
Gross profit rate	Decrease	-22 bps	Decrease	-9 bps
Operating expense rate	Decrease	-29 bps	Decrease	-19 bps
Operating income	\$4,659	4.0%	\$8,801	4.7%

¹ Change versus prior year comparable period.

² Comp sales for the 13-week ended July 26, 2019, excluding fuel.

³ The results of new acquisitions are included in our comp sales metrics in the 13th month after acquisition.

⁴ Beginning with the first quarter of FY20, we updated our definition of traffic as a component of comparable sales to be all sales transactions in our stores as well as for eCommerce. Traffic will now be called transactions. For comparability, we revised this metric for FY19 and have provided a quarterly summary on our website at <http://www.stock.walmart.com>.



Walmart U.S. - quarterly financial highlights

Sales

- Comp sales¹ increased 2.8%, the 20th consecutive quarter of positive comps. Comp ticket increased 2.2% and comp transactions grew 0.6%. eCommerce sales grew 37% and contributed approximately 140 basis points to segment comp sales growth. Online grocery was a meaningful contributor to eCommerce growth.
- On a two-year stacked basis, comp sales were up 7.3%, the strongest growth in more than 10 years.
- Sales trends were strong despite weather-related challenges in certain general merchandise categories.

Gross profit rate

- Gross profit rate was better than expected despite a decline of 22 basis points. Continued price investments, increased seasonal markdowns and the growing mix of eCommerce pressured gross profit but were partially offset by favorable merchandise mix, including strength in private brands, and lower transportation costs. The eCommerce team delivered gross profit rate improvement year over year.

Expenses

- Operating expenses leveraged 29 basis points. Both the stores and eCommerce teams delivered expense leverage. Physical stores leveraged expenses for the 10th consecutive quarter due to strong productivity improvements, partially offset by growth of eCommerce in the segment.

Inventory

- Comp store inventory was up 2.5% and total inventory increased 4.0%. This was due in part to increased in-transit inventory, strategic investments in certain categories and increased mirroring of inventory in our eCommerce fulfillment centers. We feel good about the quality of our inventory position.

Format growth

- We had a net opening of 1 Supercenter and closed 1 Neighborhood Market. We also remodeled over 150 stores.
- As of Q2, we had more than 2,700 grocery pickup locations, more than 1,100 stores with same-day grocery delivery and nearly 1,200 pickup towers.



¹ Comp sales for the 13-week period ended July 26, 2019, excluding fuel.

Walmart U.S. - quarterly merchandise highlights

Category	Comp	Comments
Grocery ¹	+ mid single-digit	Momentum continued in food and consumables with the strongest two-year stacked comp in nearly 10 years. Snack & beverages, fresh foods, pets and paper goods were particularly strong. Customers are responding favorably to our pricing strategy, omni-channel offer and enhanced private brands. Comp ticket was affected by slight deflation in food for the quarter and modest inflation in consumables.
Health & wellness	+ mid single-digit	Pharmacy comp sales increased primarily due to branded drug inflation and an increase in 90-day script counts.
General merchandise ²	+ low single-digit	Home, toys and wireless delivered strong results but were partially offset by softness in weather-sensitive categories like lawn & garden and apparel.



¹ Includes food and consumables.

² General merchandise includes entertainment, toys, hardlines, apparel, home and seasonal.

Walmart International

(Amounts in millions)	Reported		Constant currency ¹		Reported		Constant currency ¹	
	Q2	Δ ²	Q2	Δ ²	YTD	Δ ²	YTD	Δ ²
Net sales	\$29,139	(1.1)%	\$30,440	3.3%	\$57,914	(3.0)%	\$61,053	2.2%
Gross profit rate	Decrease	(157) bps	NP	NP	Decrease	(164) bps	NP	NP
Operating expense rate	Decrease	(36) bps	NP	NP	Decrease	(32) bps	NP	NP
Operating income	\$893	(29.6)%	\$922	(27.3)%	\$1,631	(35.6)%	\$1,712	(32.4)%



¹ See press release located at www.stock.walmart.com and reconciliations at the end of presentation regarding non-GAAP financial measures.

² Change versus prior year comparable period.

NP - Not provided

Walmart International - quarterly financial highlights

Sales

- Positive comp sales in nine of 10 markets, including the four largest markets - Mexico, U.K., Canada and China. The later timing of Easter this year benefited comp sales in Mexico and resulted in positive comp sales in the U.K.
- The deconsolidation of Brazil was a headwind for the quarter but was offset by sales from Flipkart.
- Currency negatively affected net sales by \$1.3 billion.

Gross profit

- Gross profit rate declined 157 basis points on a reported basis, primarily due to Flipkart. A change in mix towards lower margin categories and price investments were also contributing factors in certain other markets.

Expenses

- Operating expenses leveraged 36 basis points on a reported basis and 24 basis points in constant currency. Lapping certain store closure charges from the prior year, positive comp sales and cost discipline across multiple markets contributed to the performance.

Operating income

- Operating income declined 29.6% on a reported basis and declined 27.3% in constant currency, primarily due to Flipkart.
 - Timing of the Easter holiday positively affected operating income in certain markets.
- Changes in currency rates resulted in a \$29 million headwind to operating income.

Inventory

- During the quarter, inventory growth outpaced the sales decline on a reported basis.



Walmart International - key market quarterly results

Country ^{1,2}	Comp ³			Net sales ³	Gross profit rate ³	Operating income ³
	Sales	Transactions	Ticket			
Walmex ⁴	4.8%	1.7%	3.1%	6.3%	Decrease	Increase
China	3.0%	0.7%	2.3%	4.7%	Decrease	Increase
Canada	1.2%	(1.7)%	2.9%	0.4%	Increase	Decrease
United Kingdom ⁵	0.5%	(0.2)%	0.7%	1.3%	Decrease	Decrease

¹ Results are presented on a constant currency basis here and for all key market highlights. Net sales and comp sales are presented on a nominal, calendar basis.

² eCommerce results are included for each of the markets listed in the table.

³ Change versus prior year comparable period.

⁴ Walmex includes the consolidated results of Mexico and Central America.

⁵ Comp sales for the United Kingdom are presented excluding fuel.



Walmart International - key market highlights

Walmex

- Net sales increased 6.3% and comp sales increased 4.8%, led by strength in Mexico.
 - In Mexico, comp sales increased 5.5% or 12.0% on a two-year stacked basis.
 - Opened 32 new stores across Mexico and Central America.
- Comp sales growth continued to outpace ANTAD¹ self-service and clubs; Walmex has now outperformed the market for 18 consecutive quarters.
 - Increased eCommerce sales in Mexico by 50%.
- Gross profit rate declined primarily as a result of margin softness in general merchandise categories and headwinds from logistics.
- Operating expense deleveraged under US GAAP, primarily as a result of lapping an economic benefit related to last year's derivative gains. Excluding this item, operating expenses would have leveraged.
- Operating income increased slightly as lower gross margins pressured results.

China

- Net sales increased 4.7% and comp sales increased 3.0%.
- Sam's Club delivered double-digit comp sales growth.
- Gross profit rate declined as a result of a greater mix of lower margin Sam's Club sales as well as additional price investment in fresh categories.
- Operating expense leverage is primarily due to higher sales growth and store cost savings resulting from our "operate for less" program.
- Operating income increased primarily as a result of higher sales growth and operating expense leverage.



¹ ANTAD - Asociación Nacional de Tiendas de Autoservicio y Departamentales; The National Association of Supermarkets and Department Stores

Walmart International - key market highlights

Canada

- Net sales increased 0.4% and comp sales increased 1.2%.
 - Comp sales growth benefited from strength in grocery and fresh offset by softer sales in general merchandise and apparel.
 - The company finalized the sale of Walmart Canada Bank on April 1, 2019, which resulted in a headwind to sales for the quarter of 95 basis points.
- Gross profit rate increased primarily as a result of improved margins in weekly shop categories, including food, consumables, and health and wellness, partially offset by the divestiture of Walmart Canada Bank.
- Operating expenses grew at a faster rate than net sales for the quarter. Legislative changes to minimum wage requirements pressured operating expenses.
- Operating income declined primarily as a result of legislative changes to minimum wage requirements and the sale of Walmart Canada Bank on April 1, 2019.

U.K.

- Net sales increased 1.3% and comp sales increased 0.5%.
 - The later timing of Easter this year resulted in positive comp sales.
 - The uncertainty surrounding Brexit continues to affect customers in this market.
 - Lapping difficult comparisons from last year, primarily warmer weather.
 - Sales for online grocery outpaced the market for the quarter, according to Kantar.
- Gross profit rate declined primarily as a result of increased fuel sales with lower margins, softness in higher-margin general merchandise and price investments.
- Operating expense leverage is primarily the result of cost savings programs.
- Operating income declined primarily as a result of the decline in gross profit.
- Continue to make progress on strategic priorities with better price competitiveness and shelf availability.



Sam's Club

(Amounts in millions)	With fuel		Without fuel ¹		With fuel		Without fuel ¹	
	Q2	Δ ²	Q2	Δ ²	YTD	Δ ²	YTD	Δ ²
Net sales	\$15,049	1.8%	\$13,451	1.2%	\$28,879	1.6%	\$25,904	0.9%
Comparable sales ³	1.8%	(590) bps	1.2%	(380) bps	1.5%	(500) bps	0.7%	(370) bps
• Comp transactions	NP	NP	5.0%	(170) bps	NP	NP	NP	NP
• Comp ticket	NP	NP	(3.8)%	(210) bps	NP	NP	NP	NP
eCommerce impact	NP	NP	~180 bps	~70 bps	NP	NP	NP	NP
Gross profit rate	Increase	11 bps	Increase	5 bps	Increase	28 bps	Increase	36 bps
Membership income	NP	NP	NP	2.8%	NP	NP	NP	1.9%
Operating expense rate	Decrease	(21) bps	Decrease	(14) bps	Decrease	(27) bps	Decrease	(19) bps
Operating income	\$480	19.4%	\$424	14.9%	\$931	28.1%	\$867	27.1%

¹ Represents financial information of all non-fuel operations. For the three and six months ended July 31, 2019, fuel sales were \$1.6 billion and \$3.0 billion and fuel operating income was \$56 million and \$64 million, respectively.

² Change versus prior year comparable period.

³ Comp sales for the 13-week ended July 26, 2019. Tobacco sales negatively affected comparable sales by 300 basis points for Q2.

NP - Not provided



Sam's Club - quarterly financial highlights

Sales

- Comp sales¹ increased 1.2% and comp transactions grew 5.0%. Tobacco negatively affected comp sales by approximately 300 basis points.
- eCommerce sales increased approximately 35%.

Gross profit

- Gross profit rate increased 11 basis points and 5 basis points, with and without fuel, respectively. Higher margins on fuel positively affected gross profit. Without fuel, gross profit rate benefited from a reduction in sales of tobacco and higher co-branded credit card income. These benefits were partially offset by investments in price.

Operating expenses

- Operating expenses as a percentage of net sales decreased 21 and 14 basis points, with and without fuel, respectively. Operating expense leverage is primarily the result of lower labor-related costs, partially offset by a reduction in sales of tobacco.

Membership income

- Membership income increased 2.8%. Trends in membership continue to improve. Compared to last year, the total number of members, overall renewal rates and renewal rates for Plus members all increased for the quarter.

Inventory

- Inventory increased 2.5% primarily due to accelerated buying in certain categories, as well as additional eCommerce fulfillment centers.



¹ Comp sales for the 13-week period ended July 26, 2019, excluding fuel.

Sam's Club - quarterly category highlights

Category	Comp	Comments
Fresh / Freezer / Cooler	+ mid single-digit	Produce and floral, deli and frozen performed well.
Grocery and beverage	+ mid single-digit	Snacks, soda, coffee, chips, and candy performed well.
Consumables	+ high single-digit	Experienced broad-based strength, including paper goods, laundry & home care and pet supplies.
Home and apparel	+ low single-digit	Outdoor living, kitchen electrics, and nursery & gardening performed well.
Technology, office and entertainment	- low single-digit	Soft sales of consumer electronics and office supplies were partially offset by improved sales of mobile phones.
Health and wellness	+ mid single-digit	OTC performed well.



Non-GAAP measures - ROI

We include Return on Assets ("ROA"), which is calculated in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as well as Return on Investment ("ROI") as measures to assess returns on assets. Management believes ROI is a meaningful measure to share with investors because it helps investors assess how effectively Walmart is deploying its assets. Trends in ROI can fluctuate over time as management balances long-term strategic initiatives with possible short-term impacts. We consider ROA to be the financial measure computed in accordance with GAAP that is the most directly comparable financial measure to our calculation of ROI.

ROA was 6.0 percent and 2.9 percent for the trailing twelve months ended July 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The increase in ROA was primarily due to the increase in consolidated net income over the trailing twelve months, primarily resulting from lapping the \$4.5 billion net loss in fiscal 2019 related to the sale of the majority stake in Walmart Brazil and the restructuring and impairment charges in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2018. ROI was 14.3 percent and 13.8 percent for the trailing twelve months ended July 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The increase in ROI was due to the increase in operating income over the trailing twelve months primarily as a result of lapping the restructuring and impairment charges in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2018. The denominator remained relatively flat as the \$11.6 billion increase in average total assets due to the Flipkart Acquisition was offset by the decrease in average invested capital resulting from the removal of the eight times rent factor upon adoption of ASU 2016-02, *Leases* ("ASU 2016-02") since operating lease right of use assets are now included in total assets.

We define ROI as adjusted operating income (operating income plus interest income, depreciation and amortization, and rent expense) for the trailing 12 months divided by average invested capital during that period. We consider average invested capital to be the average of our beginning and ending total assets, plus average accumulated depreciation and average amortization, less average accounts payable and average accrued liabilities for that period. Upon adoption of ASU 2016-02, rent for the trailing 12 months multiplied by a factor of 8 is no longer included in the calculation of ROI on a prospective basis as operating lease assets are now capitalized. For fiscal 2020, lease related assets and associated accumulated amortization are included in the denominator at their carrying amount as of the current balance sheet date, rather than averaged, because they are no longer directly comparable to the prior year calculation which included rent for the trailing 12 months multiplied by a factor of 8. A two-point average will be used for leased assets beginning in fiscal 2021, after one full year from the date of adoption of the new lease standard. Further, beginning prospectively in fiscal 2020, rent expense in the numerator excludes short-term and variable lease costs as these costs are not included in the operating lease right of use asset balance.



Non-GAAP measures - ROI cont.

Prior to adoption of ASU 2016-02, we defined ROI as adjusted operating income (operating income plus interest income, depreciation and amortization, and rent expense) for the trailing 12 months divided by average invested capital during that period. We considered average invested capital to be the average of our beginning and ending total assets, plus average accumulated depreciation and average amortization, less average accounts payable and average accrued liabilities for that period, plus a rent factor equal to the rent for the fiscal year or trailing 12 months multiplied by a factor of 8, which estimated the hypothetical capitalization of our operating leases. Because the new lease standard was adopted prospectively as of February 1, 2019, our calculation of ROI for the comparable fiscal 2019 period was not recast.

Our calculation of ROI is considered a non-GAAP financial measure because we calculate ROI using financial measures that exclude and include amounts that are included and excluded in the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure. For example, we exclude the impact of depreciation and amortization from our reported operating income in calculating the numerator of our calculation of ROI. As mentioned above, we consider ROA to be the financial measure computed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles most directly comparable to our calculation of ROI. ROI differs from ROA (which is consolidated net income for the period divided by average total assets for the period) because ROI: adjusts operating income to exclude certain expense items and adds interest income; adjusts total assets for the impact of accumulated depreciation and amortization, accounts payable and accrued liabilities to arrive at total invested capital. Because of the adjustments mentioned above, we believe ROI more accurately measures how we are deploying our key assets and is more meaningful to investors than ROA. Although ROI is a standard financial measure, numerous methods exist for calculating a company's ROI. As a result, the method used by management to calculate our ROI may differ from the methods used by other companies to calculate their ROI.



Non-GAAP measures - ROI cont.

The calculation of ROA and ROI, along with a reconciliation of ROI to the calculation of ROA, is as follows:

CALCULATION OF RETURN ON ASSETS			CALCULATION OF RETURN ON INVESTMENT		
	Trailing Twelve Months			Trailing Twelve Months	
	Ended July 31,			Ended July 31,	
(Dollars in millions)	2019	2018	(Dollars in millions)	2019	2018
Numerator			Numerator		
Consolidated net income	\$ 13,216	\$ 5,816	Operating income	\$ 21,581	\$ 20,135
Denominator			+ Interest income	227	173
Average total assets ¹	\$ 220,462	\$ 203,814	+ Depreciation and amortization	10,782	10,692
Return on assets (ROA)	6.0%	2.9%	+ Rent	2,809	3,064
			Adjusted operating income	\$ 35,399	\$ 34,064
Certain Balance Sheet Data					
	July 31,			July 31,	
	2019	2018		2019	2018
Total assets	\$ 234,861	\$ 206,062	Average total assets ^{1,2}	\$ 227,557	\$ 203,814
Leased assets, net	21,188	6,998	+ Average accumulated depreciation and amortization ^{1,2}	86,003	82,413
Total assets without leased assets, net	213,673	199,064	- Average accounts payable ¹	44,500	42,759
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	89,813	84,052	- Average accrued liabilities ¹	21,769	21,266
Accumulated amortization on leased assets	3,686	5,547	+ Rent x 8	N/A	24,512
Accumulated depreciation and amortization, without leased assets	86,127	78,505	Average invested capital	\$ 247,290	\$ 246,714
Accounts payable	45,871	43,128	Return on investment (ROI)	14.3%	13.8%
Accrued liabilities	20,691	22,846			

¹The average is based on the addition of the account balance at the end of the current period to the account balance at the end of the prior period and dividing by 2. Average total assets as used in ROA includes the average impact of the adoption of ASU 2016-02.

²For the twelve months ended July 31, 2019, as a result of adopting ASU 2016-02, average total assets is based on the average of total assets without leased assets, net plus leased assets, net as of July 31, 2019. Average accumulated depreciation and amortization is based on the average of accumulated depreciation and amortization, without leased assets plus accumulated amortization on leased assets as of July 31, 2019.

21



Non-GAAP measures - free cash flow

We define free cash flow as net cash provided by operating activities in a period minus payments for property and equipment made in that period. We had net cash provided by operating activities of \$11.2 billion for the six months ended July 31, 2019, which was relatively flat when compared to \$11.1 billion for the six months ended July 31, 2018. We generated free cash flow of \$6.3 billion for the six months ended July 31, 2019, which declined when compared to \$6.8 billion for the twelve months ended July 31, 2018 due primarily to \$0.6 billion in increased capital expenditures.

Free cash flow is considered a non-GAAP financial measure. Management believes, however, that free cash flow, which measures our ability to generate additional cash from our business operations, is an important financial measure for use in evaluating the company's financial performance. Free cash flow should be considered in addition to, rather than as a substitute for, consolidated net income as a measure of our performance and net cash provided by operating activities as a measure of our liquidity. Additionally, Walmart's definition of free cash flow is limited, in that it does not represent residual cash flows available for discretionary expenditures, due to the fact that the measure does not deduct the payments required for debt service and other contractual obligations or payments made for business acquisitions. Therefore, we believe it is important to view free cash flow as a measure that provides supplemental information to our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. Although other companies report their free cash flow, numerous methods may exist for calculating a company's free cash flow. As a result, the method used by Walmart's management to calculate our free cash flow may differ from the methods used by other companies to calculate their free cash flow.

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of free cash flow, a non-GAAP financial measure, to net cash provided by operating activities, which we believe to be the GAAP financial measure most directly comparable to free cash flow, as well as information regarding net cash used in investing activities and net cash used in financing activities.

(Dollars in millions)	Six Months Ended July 31,	
	2019	2018
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 11,185	\$ 11,095
Payments for property and equipment (capital expenditures)	(4,871)	(4,282)
Free cash flow	\$ 6,314	\$ 6,813
Net cash used in investing activities ¹	\$ (3,824)	\$ (4,428)
Net cash used in financing activities	(5,531)	2,480

¹ "Net cash used in investing activities" includes payments for property and equipment, which is also included in our computation of free cash flow.



Non-GAAP measures - constant currency

In discussing our operating results, the term currency exchange rates refers to the currency exchange rates we use to convert the operating results for countries where the functional currency is not the U.S. dollar into U.S. dollars or for countries experiencing hyperinflation. We calculate the effect of changes in currency exchange rates as the difference between current period activity translated using the current period's currency exchange rates and the comparable prior year period's currency exchange rates. Additionally, no currency exchange rate fluctuations are calculated for non-USD acquisitions until owned for 12 months.

Throughout our discussion, we refer to the results of this calculation as the impact of currency exchange rate fluctuations. When we refer to constant currency operating results, this means operating results without the impact of the currency exchange rate fluctuations. The disclosure of constant currency amounts or results permits investors to better understand Walmart's underlying performance without the effects of currency exchange rate fluctuations. The table below reflects the calculation of constant currency for total revenues, net sales and operating income for the three and six months ended July 31, 2019.

(Dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended July 31,			Six Months Ended July 31,		
	Walmart International		Consolidated	Walmart International		Consolidated
	2019	Percent Change ¹	2019	Percent Change ¹	2019	Percent Change ¹
Total revenues:						
As reported	\$ 29,445	-1.1%	\$ 130,377	1.8%	\$ 58,518	-3.1%
Currency exchange rate fluctuations	1,311	N/A	1,311	N/A	3,164	N/A
Constant currency total revenues	\$ 30,756	3.3%	\$ 131,688	2.9%	\$ 61,682	2.1%
Net sales:						
As reported	\$ 29,139	-1.1%	\$ 129,388	1.8%	\$ 57,914	-3.0%
Currency exchange rate fluctuations	1,301	N/A	1,301	N/A	3,139	N/A
Constant currency net sales	\$ 30,440	3.3%	\$ 130,689	2.9%	\$ 61,053	2.2%
Operating income:						
As reported	\$ 893	-29.6%	\$ 5,583	-2.9%	\$ 1,631	-35.6%
Currency exchange rate fluctuations	29	N/A	29	N/A	81	N/A
Constant currency operating income	\$ 922	-27.3%	\$ 5,612	-2.4%	\$ 1,712	-32.4%

¹Change versus prior year comparable period.



Non-GAAP measures - adjusted EPS

Adjusted diluted earnings per share attributable to Walmart (Adjusted EPS) is considered a non-GAAP financial measure under the SEC's rules because it excludes certain amounts not excluded in the diluted earnings per share attributable to Walmart calculated in accordance with GAAP (EPS), the most directly comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with GAAP. Management believes that Adjusted EPS is a meaningful measure to share with investors because it best allows comparison of the performance for the comparable period. In addition, Adjusted EPS affords investors a view of what management considers Walmart's core earnings performance and the ability to make a more informed assessment of such core earnings performance.

We have calculated Adjusted EPS for the three months by adjusting EPS for the unrealized gains and losses on the company's equity investment in JD.com. We adjust for these unrealized gains and losses because although the Company's investment in JD.com was a strategic decision for the company's retail operations in China, management's measurement of that strategy is primarily focused on the Walmart China financial results rather than the investment value of JD.com. Additionally, management does not forecast changes in fair value of its equity investments. Accordingly, management adjusts EPS for the unrealized JD.com investment gains and losses.

	Three Months Ended July 31, 2019			Percent Change ¹	Six Months Ended July 31, 2019			Percent Change ¹
Diluted earnings per share:								
Reported EPS ²		\$ 1.26	NM		\$ 2.59	NM		
Adjustments:	Pre-Tax Impact	Tax Impact³	Net Impact		Pre-Tax Impact	Tax Impact³	Net Impact	
Unrealized (gains) and losses on JD.com investment	\$ 0.02	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.01		\$ -0.25	\$ 0.06	\$ -0.19	
Adjusted EPS ²		\$ 1.27	(1.6)%		\$ 2.40	(1.2)%		



¹Change versus prior year comparable period.

²The reported effective tax rate was 25.1% for the three months ended July 31, 2019. When adjusted for the above items, the effective tax rate was 25.3% for the three months ended July 31, 2019.

24

³Calculated based on nature of item, including any realizable deductions, and statutory rate in effect for relevant jurisdictions.

NM = Not meaningful

Non-GAAP measures - adjusted EPS

As previously disclosed in our second quarter ended July 31, 2018 press release, we have calculated Adjusted EPS for the three months ended July 31, 2018 by adjusting EPS for the following: (1) the loss on sale of the majority stake in Walmart Brazil, (2) an adjustment to the provisional amount recorded in the second quarter of fiscal 2019 related to Tax Reform and (3) unrealized gains and losses on our JD.com investment. The provisional measurement period related to Tax Reform ended in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2019. The most directly comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with GAAP is EPS for the three months ended July 31, 2018.

	Three Months Ended July 31, 2018			Six Months Ended July 31, 2018		
Diluted earnings per share:						
Reported net loss per share		\$ (0.29)		\$ 0.43		
Adjustments:						
Loss on sale of majority stake in Walmart Brazil	\$ 1.61	\$ (0.10)	\$ 1.51	\$ 1.61	\$ (0.10)	\$ 1.51
Adjustment to provisional amount for Tax Reform	—	0.04	0.04	—	(0.01)	(0.01)
Unrealized (gains) and losses on JD.com investment	0.03	—	\$ 0.03	0.65	(0.15)	\$ 0.50
Net adjustments			\$ 1.58			\$ 2.00
Adjusted EPS		\$ 1.29		\$ 2.43		

¹ Calculated based on nature of item and statutory rate in effect for relevant jurisdiction.



Additional resources at stock.walmart.com

- Unit counts & square footage
- Comparable store sales, including and excluding fuel
- Revised fiscal 2019 quarterly comp transactions
- Terminology



