

Spring Boot Security JWT

Rawlabs Academy

JSON Web Token (JWT)

JWT is an open standard (RFC 7519) that defines a compact and self-contained way for securely transmitting information between parties as a JSON object.

This information can be verified and trusted because it is digitally signed.

JWTs can be signed using a secret (with the **HMAC** algorithm) or a public/private key pair using **RSA** or **ECDSA**.

More detail information please read the official documentation at <u>JWT.io</u>.

Before Implement JWT

m_user	
id	serial
created_date	datetime
modified_date	datetime
is_deleted	boolean
username	varchar(255)
password	varchar(255)

Dependency

```
spring-boot-
```

- starter-security
- jjwt-api
- jjwt-impl
- jjwt-jackson

```
<groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
      <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-security</artifactId>
      <groupId>io.jsonwebtoken</groupId>
      <artifactId>jjwt-api</artifactId>
      <version>0.11.5
 9 </dependency>
10 <dependency>
      <groupId>io.jsonwebtoken</groupId>
      <artifactId>jjwt-impl</artifactId>
      <version>0.11.5
      <scope>runtime</scope>
15 </dependency>
16 <dependency>
      <groupId>io.jsonwebtoken</groupId>
      <artifactId>jjwt-jackson</artifactId>
      <version>0.11.5
      <scope>runtime</scope>
21 </dependency>
```

Project Structure

```
com.rawlabs.demospringboot/
           component/
                              # Component class like a service but not for business logic
          config/
                              # Configuration
            __ ...
          constant/
                              # Constant class
           └─ ...
                              # Presentation layer
           controller/
10
11
           domain/
                              # Representation of Table
12
             - dao/
13
14
            — dto/
                              # POJO Class
15
16
           repository/
                              # Data access layer -> to database
17
                              # Business logic layer
18
           service/
19
20
          DemoSpringbootApplication.java
```

Spring Boot Properties

```
1 jwt.token.validity=600000
2 jwt.signing.key=lLz0wjFXoLhdj4xfGX4gc192029JBRkcSF9DmPkyYV0n6gCAUa
3
4 spring.main.allow-bean-definition-overriding=true
5 spring.main.allow-circular-references=true
```

- jwt.token.validity value in miliseconds
- jwt.signing.key is random string value that should be >= 256 bit. At least **50 characters**
- Generate random string at <u>Random string generator</u>

Data Transfer Object (DTO)

```
1 @Data
 2 @Builder
 3 @NoArgsConstructor
 4 @AllArgsConstructor
 5 public class LoginRequestDto {
       @Schema(
               requiredMode = Schema.RequiredMode.REQUIRED,
               example = "user"
11
       private String username;
12
13
       @Schema(
14
               requiredMode = Schema.RequiredMode.REQUIRED,
15
               example = "password"
17
       private String password;
19 }
```

```
1 @Data
 2 @Builder
 3 @NoArgsConstructor
 4 @AllArgsConstructor
 5 public class LoginResponseDto {
       @Schema(
               requiredMode = Schema.RequiredMode.REQUIRED,
               example = "anyToken"
11
       private String accessToken;
12
13
       @Schema(
14
               requiredMode = Schema.RequiredMode.REQUIRED
15
       private LocalDateTime expiresIn;
17
18 }
```

User DAO

User class will implement methods of UserDetails class like:

- getAuthorities() set return to **null**
- isAccountNonExpired() set return to **true**
- isAccountNonLocked() set return to true
- isCredentialsNonExpired() set return to **true**
- isEnabled() set return to **true**

```
1 @Data
 2 @Builder
 3 @NoArgsConstructor
 4 @AllArgsConstructor
 5 @Entity
 6 @Table(name = "m_user")
 7 @SQLDelete(sql = "update m user set is deleted = true where id = ?")
 8 @Where(clause = "is deleted = false")
 9 public class User implements UserDetails {
11
       @Id
12
       @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
13
       private Long id;
       @Column(name = "created_date", nullable = false)
       private LocalDateTime createdDate;
17
       @Column(name = "modified date")
       private LocalDateTime modifiedDate;
21
       @Column(name = "isDeleted", nullable = false)
       private Boolean isDeleted;
23
       @Column(name = "username", nullable = false)
       private String username;
       @Column(name = "password", nullable = false)
       private String password;
32 }
```

User Repository

```
1 @Repository
2 public interface UserRepository extends JpaRepository<User, Long> {
3
4   User findUserByUsername(String username);
5
6 }
```

User Service

UserService implemented the

UserDetailService

interface to **override** the method

loadUserByUsername()

to be used for login validation.

```
1 @Service
2 public class UserService implements UserDetailsService {
      private final UserRepository userRepository;
      @Autowired
      public UserService(UserRepository userRepository) {
          this.userRepository = userRepository;
      @Override
      public UserDetails loadUserByUsername(String username) throws UsernameNotFoundException {
13
          User user = userRepository.findUserByUsername(username);
          if (user == null) {
              throw new UsernameNotFoundException("invalid username or password");
          return user;
21 }
```

Component Package

Token Provider

TokenProvider is a utility class as component which can be used to generate token, validate token and get token claims

Annotation @Value is used to get application.properties value

```
2 public class TokenProvider {
    @Value("${jwt.token.validity}")
    private long tokenExpiresIn;
    @Value("${jwt.signing.key}")
    private String jwtSigningKey;
    private Key key;
     public void init() {
         final byte[] jwtSigningKeyBytes = Base64.getDecoder().decode(jwtSigningKey);
         key = new SecretKeySpec(jwtSigningKeyBytes, 0, jwtSigningKeyBytes.length,
 SignatureAlgorithm.HS256.getJcaName());
     public String getUsername(String token) {
         return getClaimFromToken(token, Claims::getSubject);
     public LocalDateTime getExpirationDate(String token) {
         return expiresIn.toInstant().atZone(ZoneId.systemDefault()).toLocalDateTime();
     private <T> T getClaimFromToken(String token, Function<Claims, T> claimResolver) {
         final Claims claims = getAllClaimsFromToken(token);
     private Claims getAllClaimsFromToken(String token) {
                 .setSigningKey(key)
                 .getBody();
     private boolean isExpired(String token) {
         final LocalDateTime expirationDate = getExpirationDate(token);
         return expirationDate.isBefore(LocalDateTime.now());
     public String generateToken(Authentication authentication) {
                 .setSubject(authentication.getName())
                 .setIssuedAt(new Date())
                 .setExpiration(new Date(System.currentTimeMillis() + tokenExpiresIn))
     public boolean isTokenValid(String token, UserDetails userDetails) {
         final String username = getUsername(token);
         return (username.equals(userDetails.getUsername()) && !isExpired(token));
    public Authentication getAuthenticationToken(final UserDetails userDetails) {
         List<GrantedAuthority> authorities = new ArrayList<>();
         authorities.add(new SimpleGrantedAuthority("USER"));
         return new UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken(userDetails, "", authorities);
```

Unauthorized Entry Point

```
1 @Component
2 public class UnauthorizedEntryPoint implements AuthenticationEntryPoint {
3
4    @Override
5    public void commence(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response, AuthenticationException authException) throws IOException, ServletException {
6         response.sendError(HttpServletResponse.SC_UNAUTHORIZED, "Unauthorized");
7    }
8
9 }
```

UnauthorizationEntryPoint is used for error handling when get unauthorized client.

Configuration Package

```
1 @Slf4j
2 public class JwtAuthenticationFilter extends GenericFilterBean {
      private final UserDetailsService userDetailsService;
      private final TokenProvider tokenProvider;
      public JwtAuthenticationFilter(UserDetailsService userDetailsService, TokenProvider tokenProvider) {
          this.userDetailsService = userDetailsService;
          this.tokenProvider = tokenProvider;
      public void doFilter(ServletRequest servletRequest, ServletResponse servletResponse, FilterChain
   filterChain) throws IOException, ServletException {
          HttpServletRequest httpServletRequest = (HttpServletRequest) servletRequest;
          String authorization = httpServletRequest.getHeader(HttpHeaders.AUTHORIZATION);
          String token = null;
          String username = null;
          Authentication authentication = SecurityContextHolder.getContext().getAuthentication();
          final String BEARER = "Bearer";
          if (authorization != null && authorization.startsWith(BEARER)) {
              token = authorization.replace(BEARER, "");
              try {
                  username = tokenProvider.getUsername(token);
              } catch (IllegalArgumentException e) {
                  log.error("An error occured during getting username from token", e);
              } catch (ExpiredJwtException e) {
                  log.error("Token is expired", e);
              } catch (SignatureException e) {
                  log.error("Authentication Failed. Username or Password not valid.");
          if (username != null && authentication == null) {
              User user = (User) userDetailsService.loadUserByUsername(username);
              if (tokenProvider.isTokenValid(token, user)) {
                  Authentication authenticationToken = tokenProvider.getAuthenticationToken(user);
                  log.debug("Authenticated user: {}, setting security context", username);
                  SecurityContextHolder.getContext().setAuthentication(authenticationToken);
          filterChain.doFilter(servletRequest, servletResponse);
49 }
```

```
• • •
 3 public class WebSecurityConfig extends WebSecurityConfiguration {
      private final UnauthorizedEntryPoint unauthorizedEntryPoint;
      public WebSecurityConfig(UnauthorizedEntryPoint unauthorizedEntryPoint) {
           this.unauthorizedEntryPoint = unauthorizedEntryPoint;
      public SecurityFilterChain filterChain(HttpSecurity http, TokenProvider tokenProvider, UserRepository
   userRepository) throws Exception {
          http.httpBasic().and().cors().and().csrf().disable()
                   .authorizeHttpRequests()
                  .requestMatchers("/auth/**").permitAll()
                   .anyRequest().authenticated().and()
                   .exceptionHandling().authenticationEntryPoint(unauthorizedEntryPoint).and()
          http.addFilterBefore(new JwtAuthenticationFilter(userDetailsService(userRepository), tokenProvider),
   UsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter.class);
      public AuthenticationManager authenticationManager() {
          return authentication -> {
               String username = authentication.getPrincipal().toString();
               return new UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken(username, "", authentication.getAuthorities());
      public WebMvcConfigurer corsConfigurer() {
          return new WebMvcConfigurer() {
               public void addCorsMappings(CorsRegistry registry) {
                  registry.addMapping("/**")
                           .allowedMethods("*");
      public UserDetailsService userDetailsService(UserRepository userRepository) {
           return new UserService(userRepository);
      public WebSecurityCustomizer webSecurityCustomizer() {
           return (web) -> web.ignoring()
                   .requestMatchers("/swagger-ui/**")
                   .requestMatchers("/api-docs/**");
```

Login Service

The flow is user will be login and call method doLogin() and check if password has mathced from database user.

It will returning error when password does not match.

```
1 @Service
 2 public class LoginService {
       private final AuthenticationManager authenticationManager;
       private final UserService userService;
       private final TokenProvider tokenProvider;
       @Autowired
       public LoginService(AuthenticationManager authenticationManager, UserService userService,
                           TokenProvider tokenProvider) {
           this.authenticationManager = authenticationManager;
           this.userService = userService;
           this.tokenProvider = tokenProvider;
       public LoginResponseDto doLogin(LoginRequestDto request) {
           User user = (User) userService.loadUserByUsername(request.getUsername());
           if (!user.getPassword().equals(request.getPassword())) {
               throw new RuntimeException("Invalid username or password!");
           final Authentication authentication = authenticationManager.authenticate(
                  new UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken(request.getUsername(), request.getPassword())
           SecurityContextHolder.getContext().setAuthentication(authentication);
           final String token = tokenProvider.generateToken(authentication);
           return LoginResponseDto.builder()
                   .accessToken(token)
                   .expiresIn(tokenProvider.getExpirationDate(token))
                   .build();
```

Update API Docs Configuration

```
1 @Configuration
 2 public class OpenAPIConfiguration {
       @Bean
       public OpenAPI openAPI() {
           return new OpenAPI()
                   .components(
                           new Components().addSecuritySchemes("bearer",
   SecurityScheme().type(SecurityScheme.Type.HTTP).scheme("bearer").bearerFormat("JWT"))
11
                   .info(
12
                           new Info()
13
                                   .title("Rawlabs.ID")
                                   .description("Learn OpenAPI Documentation")
                                   .version("1.0.0")
                                   .contact(
                                           new Contact()
                                                   .name("Maverick")
                                                   .email("maverick@mail.com")
                                                   .url("https://piinalpin.com/")
21
23
25 }
```

Login Controller

```
• • •
 1 @RestController
 2 @RequestMapping(value = "/auth")
 3 public class LoginController {
       private final LoginService loginService;
       @Autowired
       public LoginController(LoginService loginService) {
           this.loginService = loginService;
11
12
       @PostMapping(value = "/login", produces = MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON_VALUE)
       @Operation(summary = "Login")
13
14
       @ApiResponses(value = {
15
               @ApiResponse(responseCode = "200", description = "Success")
       })
       public LoginResponseDto login(@RequestBody LoginRequestDto request) {
17
           return loginService.doLogin(request);
18
19
20
21 }
```

Update Authenticated Controller

```
1 @RestController
2 @RequestMapping(value = "/book")
3 @SecurityRequirement(name = "bearer")
4 public class BookController {
```

Testing

When everything is done, do testing with inject data to database username and password and then hit endpoint using authorization.

