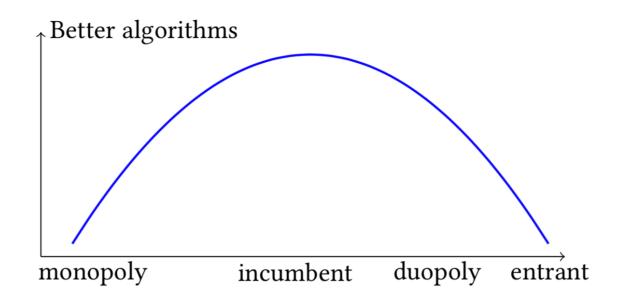
The Perils of Exploration Under Competition: A Computational Modeling Approach Guy Aridor, Kevin Liu, Alex Slivkins, Steven Wu

- Online platforms compete for users and learn from the data generated by them
 - Need to explore to gain information to make better decisions tomorrow
 - Need to incentivize consumers to pick me over competitors today

• Our model:

- Two firms face the same K-armed multi-armed bandit instance.
- Sequence of users choose firm to visit based on *reputation score*
- Reputation score = sliding window average of rewards from previous users
- What bandit algorithms are incentivized under competition?
 - Greedy pick what seems best based on the current information.
 - Epsilon-Greedy random choice with epsilon probability, greedy otherwise
 - Adaptive gradually zoom in on the best arm



- Our method: Study our model via numerical simulations
- Equilibrium algorithm selection depends on timing of entry
- Simultaneous entry duopoly induces greedy algorithms in equilibrium
 - Exploration-focused algorithms fall into a *death spiral* vs greedy algorithms
 - Exploration -> Lower Reputation -> Fewer Users -> Lower Relative Reputation
 - Low consumer welfare
- · Giving one firm a small *first-mover* advantage has two effects:
 - Incumbent incentivized to commit to best algorithm
 - Higher consumer welfare