Preliminary Experiment

March 16, 2018

Simulation Details

N = 200 simulations were run.

The Bandit priors that were considered:

- Needle-in-haystack
 - 1. High (with three arms) 2 arms with mean 0.50, 1 arm with mean 0.7 (+0.2)
 - 2. High (with twenty arms) 19 arms with mean 0.50, 1 arm with mean 0.70 (+ 0.20)
 - 3. Medium-High (with twenty arms) 18 arms with mean 0.50, 1 arm with 0.60, 1 arm $0.80\,$

Algorithms considered:

- 1. ThompsonSampling with priors of Beta(1,1) for every arm.
- 2. DynamicGreedy with priors of Beta(1,1) for every arm
- 3. Bayesian Dynamic ϵ -greedy with priors of Beta(1,1) for every arm and $\epsilon = 0.05$
- 4. Non-Bayesian ϵ -greedy the greedy decision was made based on empirical mean. When there were zero observations, assumed that the empirical mean was 0 (this seems questionable), $\epsilon = 0.05$
- 5. UCB1 (with constant 1)

Simulation Procedure

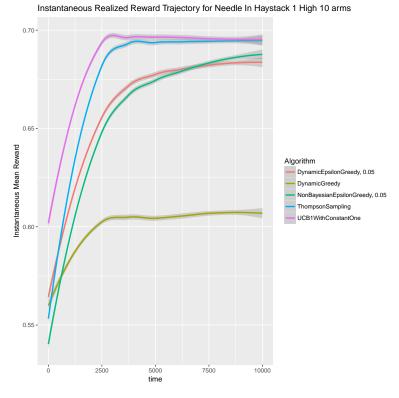
```
for Each prior p do
for Each experiment i do
Use p as the true distribution of the arms
Generate realizations for each arm and round t and instantiate bandit instance
for Each algorithm alg do
Run simulation for T periods
end for
end for
end for
```

Results

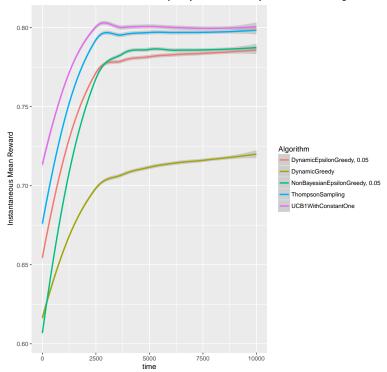
The confidence bands come from the standard error of the loess regression used to generate the curves. The actual datapoints, when plotted, are incredibly volatile but this volatility decreases as we increase N. Part of this comes from the fact that what is plotted is the actual realized reward and not the mean reward.

Instantaneous Realized Reward Plots

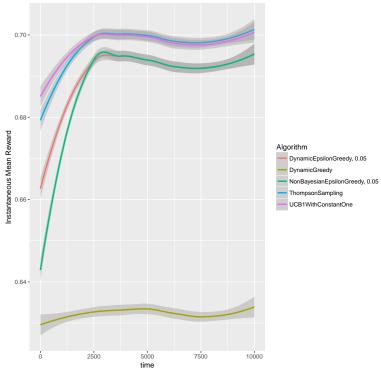
These plots contain the fitted lines for the instantaneous realized reward.



Instantaneous Realized Reward Trajectory for Needle In Haystack 1 Medium 1 High 10 arms

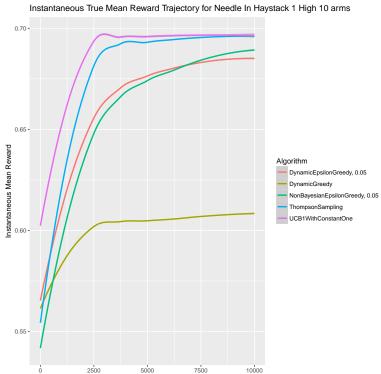


Instantaneous Realized Reward Trajectory for Needle In Haystack 1 High 3 arms

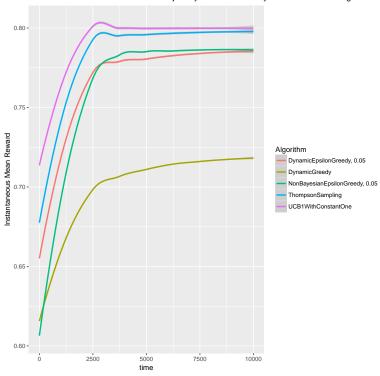


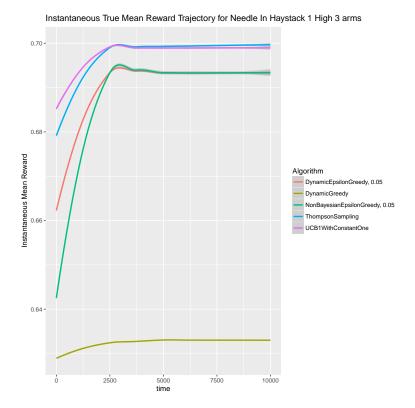
Instantaneous True Mean Reward Plots

These plots contain the fitted lines for the TRUE mean reward for the selected arms.



Instantaneous True Mean Reward Trajectory for Needle In Haystack 1 Medium 1 High 10 arm





Comments: It does appear that using 20 arms instead of 3 in this case does not appear too different. It appears that Thompson Sampling and UCB learn quickly (roughly seem to flatline at t=2000) and DynamicGreedy slowly improves but does not seem to get to convergence even by t=10000. However, the difference between the TS and DG trajectories is not vastly different between the 3 arm and 20 arm case. One difference to note is that it seems like one thing that does change between the two is that Dynamic ϵ -greedy seems to take longer to learn (doesn't even appear to converge by t=10000) in the more complex cases but seems to converge as quickly as TS and UCB in the 3 arm case.