

Sabemos que:

$$\vec{a}^L = f(z) = f(\vec{b} + \vec{W} \cdot \vec{X})$$

$$C = \frac{1}{2} (a^L - y_i)^2$$

Además:

$$\delta^L = \frac{\partial C}{\partial b^L} = (\text{Utilizando regla de la cadena}) = \frac{\partial C}{\partial a^L} \frac{\partial a^L}{\partial z^L} \frac{\partial z^L}{\partial b^L}$$

$$\delta^L = \frac{\partial C}{\partial a^L} \frac{\partial a^L}{\partial z^L} \cdot 1 = \frac{\partial C}{\partial a^L} \frac{\partial a^L}{\partial z^L} = \frac{\partial C}{\partial z^L}$$

Ahora demostremos la segunda parte:

$$\delta^{l-1} = \frac{\partial C}{\partial z^{l-1}} = \frac{\partial C}{\partial z^l} \frac{\partial z^l}{\partial z^{l-1}} = \delta^l \frac{\partial z^l}{\partial z^{l-1}}$$

Pero sabemos que

$$z^l = b^l + W^l \cdot X^l = b^l + W^l a^{l-1} \text{ (X es la función de activación de la capa anterior)}$$

Derivamos:

$$\frac{\partial z^l}{\partial z^{l-1}} = \frac{\partial}{\partial z^{l-1}} (b^l + W^l a^{l-1}) = W^l \frac{\partial a^{l-1}}{\partial z^{l-1}}$$

$$\delta^{l-1} = \delta^l W^l \frac{\partial a^{l-1}}{\partial z^{l-1}}$$