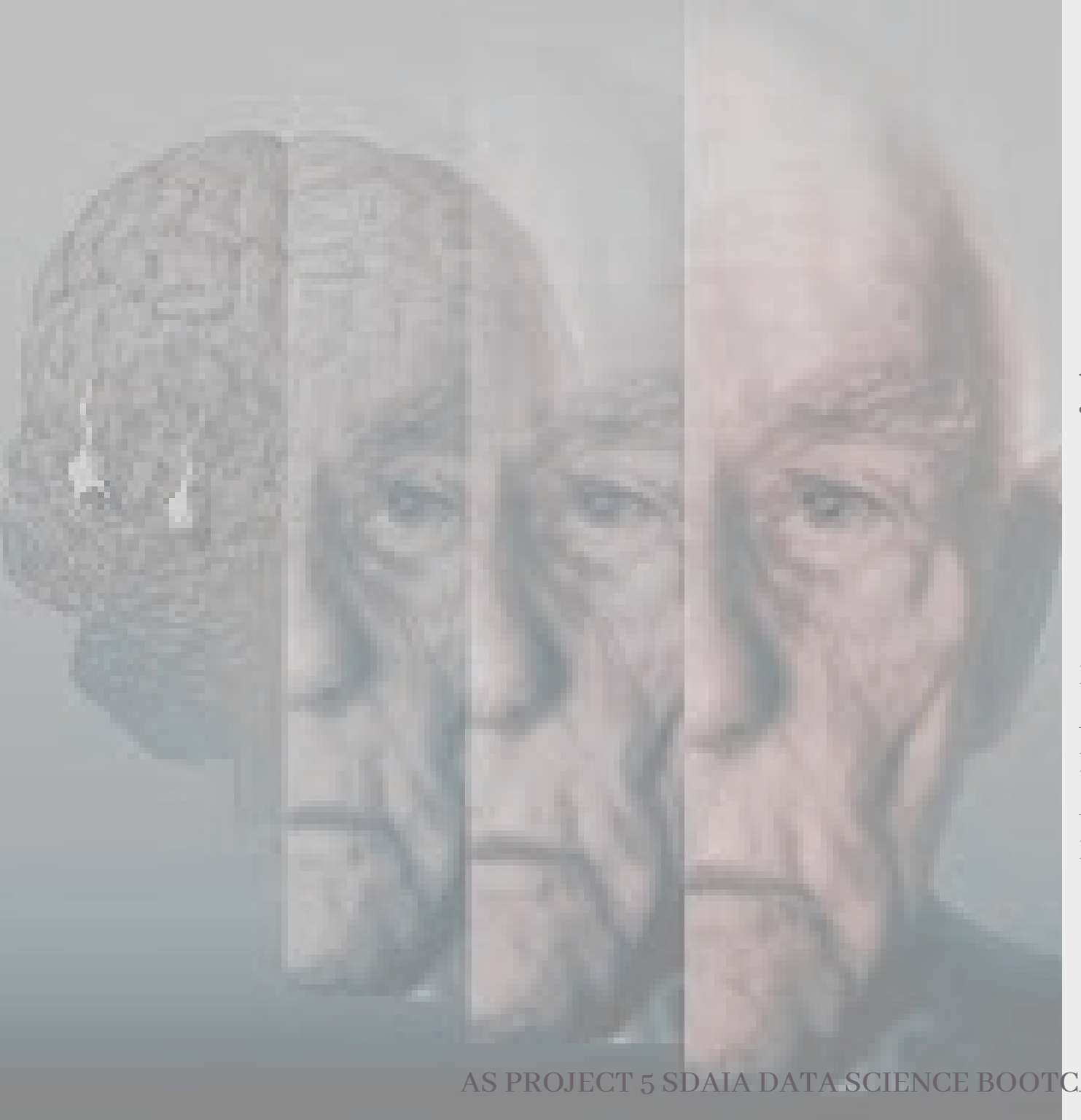

أكاديمية سدايا
SDAIA Academy

ALZHEIMER

BY:
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BAYAN ALSHEHRI

AS PROJECT 5 SDAIA DATA SCIENCE BOOTCAMP(T5)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

BACKGROUND

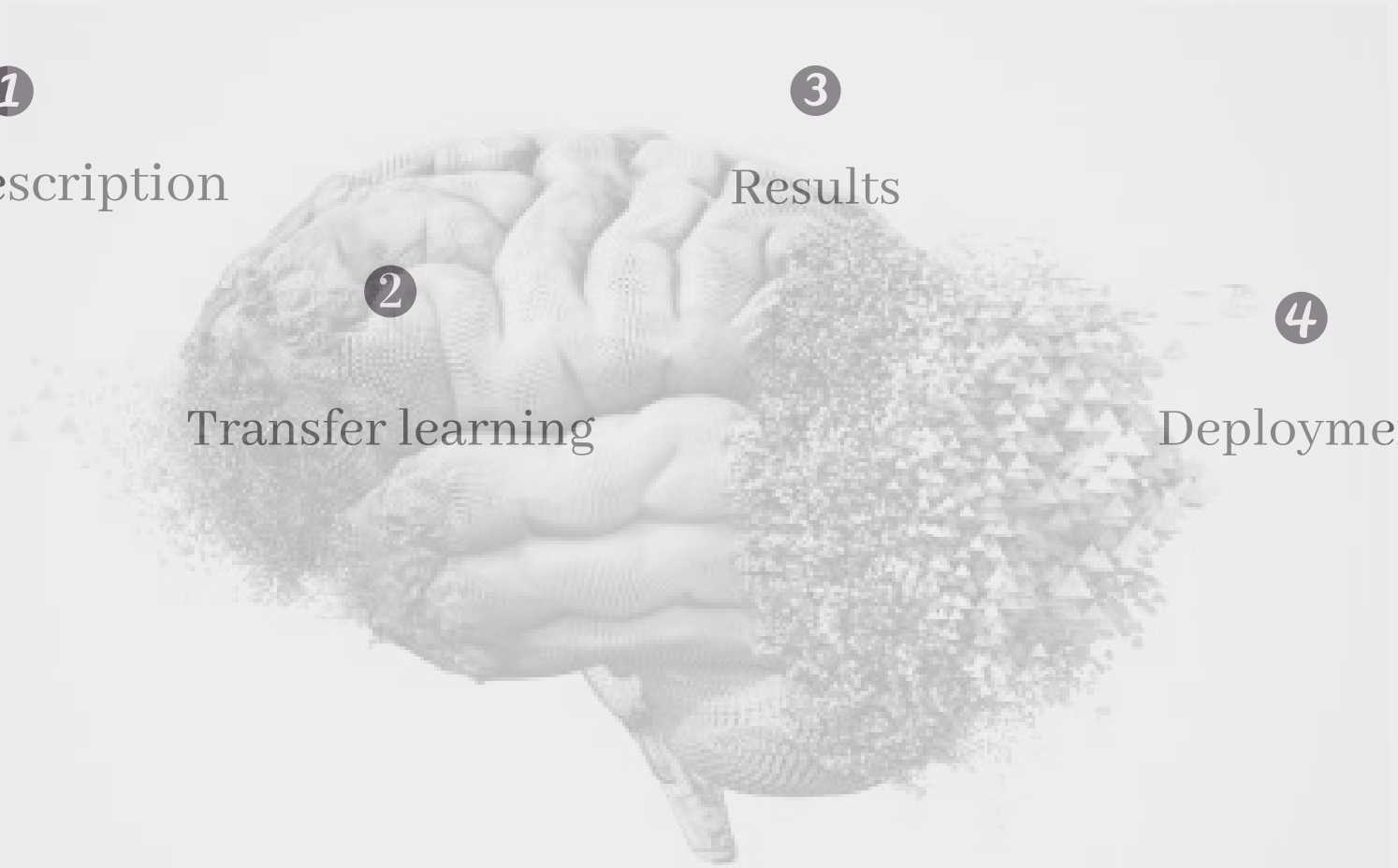
Alzheimer's is a progressive disease, where dementia symptoms gradually worsen over a number of years.Image Processing plays an important role in the early detection of Alzheimer's disease so that patients can be prevented before irreversible changes occur in the brain.

Problem statement

In this study, we have the problem of Alzheimer's disease. We built a model that detects Alzheimer's disease and its progression by inserting an x-ray.

METHODOLOGY

1. Data Description
2. Transfer learning
3. Results
4. Deployment



Data Description

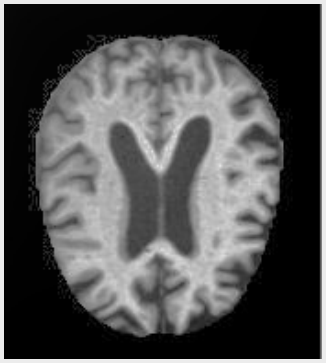
Resource

Kaggle with a total of 6400 images

Split dataset

Train = 4897 , Validation = 864 , Test = 639

4 class of Images



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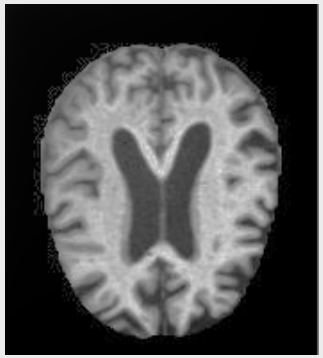

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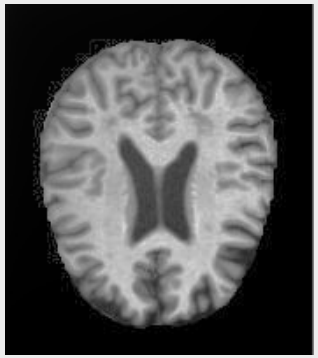

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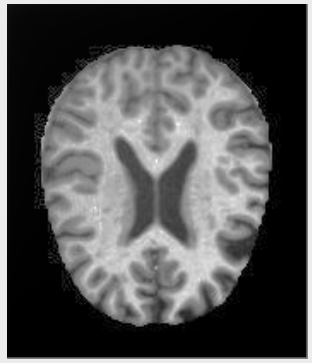


VERYMILDDEMENTED

Transfer learning

- mobilenet_v2
- VGG19
- VGG16
- InceptionV3

Results

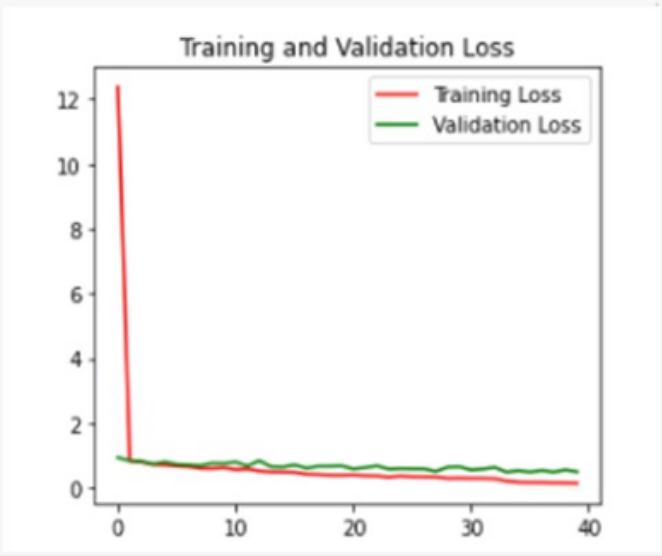
	Train	Validation
Mobilenet_v2	0.95	0.82
VGG19	0.81	0.77
VGG16	0.89	0.84
InceptionV3	0.86	0.76

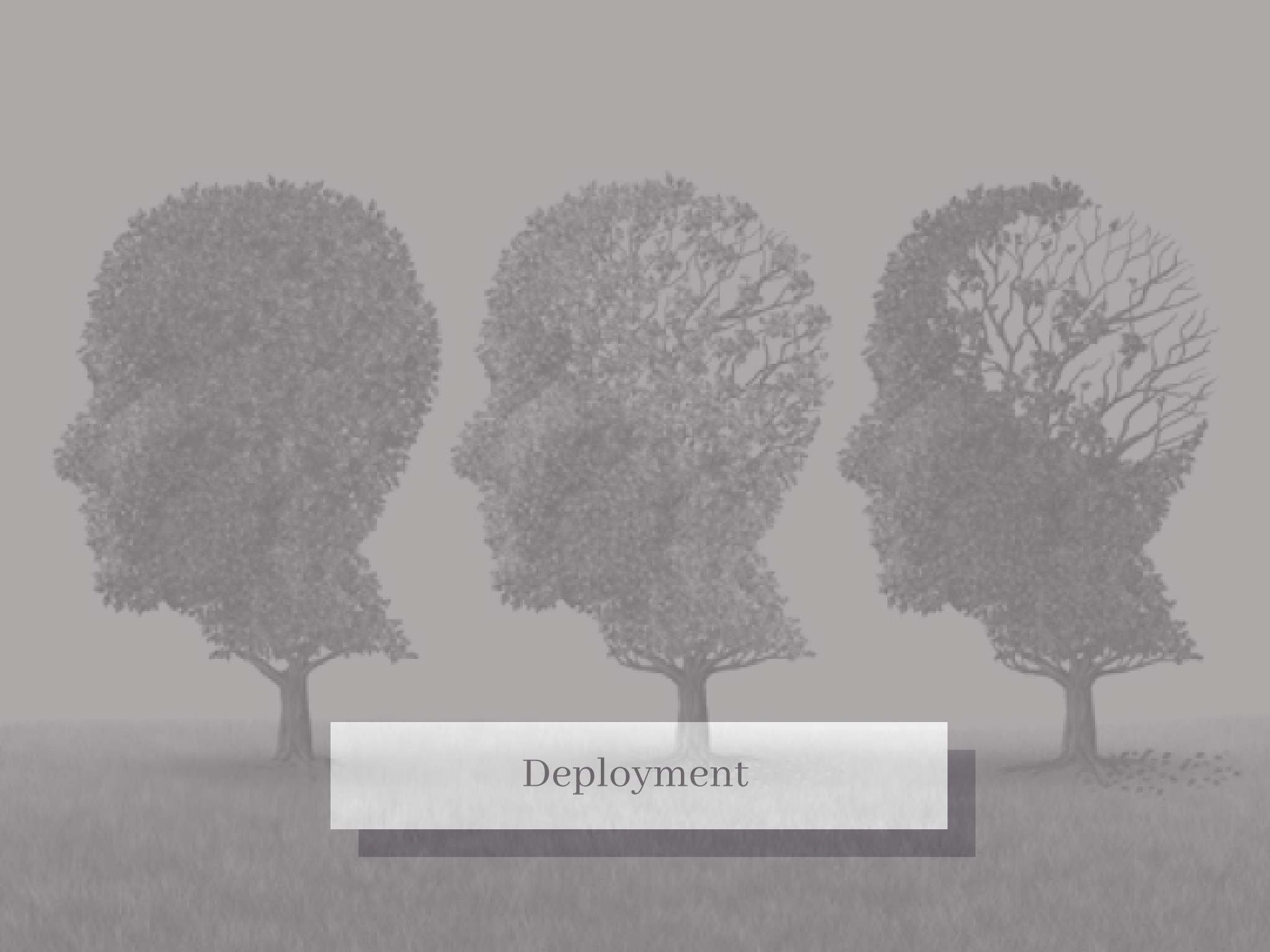
The best model

Mobilenet_v2

Accuracy score :

- Training : 0.95
- Validation : 0.82
- Test : 0.83




Deployment

Tools

Future work

- Improve the model and website.
- present a the project proposal the model for saudi alzheimer's disease association.

CONCLUSION

Applications of automated classification techniques using machine learning (ML) and artificial intelligence (AI) are constantly becoming more accurate than manual classification.

So we proposed a system that detects and classifies alzheimer's using deep learning algorithms.

THANKS..