

@LeetCode

Write a class `RecentCounter` to count recent requests.

It has only one method: `ping(int t)`, where  $t$  represents some time in milliseconds.

Return the number of `pings` that have been made from 3000 milliseconds ago until now.

Any ping with time in  $[t - 3000, t]$  will count, including the current ping.

It is guaranteed that every call to `ping` uses a strictly larger value of  $t$  than before.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** `inputs = ["RecentCounter","ping","ping","ping","ping"], inputs = [[],[1],[100],[3001],[3002]]`

**Output:** `[null,1,2,3,3]`

**Note:**

1. Each test case will have at most 10000 calls to `ping`.
2. Each test case will call `ping` with strictly increasing values of  $t$ .
3. Each call to `ping` will have  $1 \leq t \leq 10^9$ .