

@LeetCode

A *self-dividing number* is a number that is divisible by every digit it contains.

For example, 128 is a self-dividing number because  $128 \% 1 == 0$ ,  $128 \% 2 == 0$ , and  $128 \% 8 == 0$ .

Also, a self-dividing number is not allowed to contain the digit zero.

Given a lower and upper number bound, output a list of every possible self dividing number, including the bounds if possible.

**Example 1:**

**Input:**

left = 1, right = 22

**Output:** [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 15, 22]

**Note:**

- The boundaries of each input argument are  $1 \leq \text{left} \leq \text{right} \leq 10000$ .