

# Talking to Electronic Health Records: A Large Language Model Approach For Healthcare Data Analytics

Duke DEPARTMENT of  
COMPUTER SCIENCE

Carl Dong\*, Raymond Xiong\*, Danyang Zhuo, Anru Zhang

\*Indicates Equal Contribution

CS +

## Problem and Motivation

Healthcare researchers rely on **Electronic Health Records (EHR)** to conduct various data analytics. Yet, many healthcare researchers lack enough **background in database systems** to handle **writing complex SQL queries** and visualization code, which hinders efficient data utilization and scientific discovery.

## Solution

We built an **end-to-end AI application** that serves as a **natural language interface for EHR** by

- leveraging **large language model (LLM)** for text-to-SQL, text-to-visual, and cohort-selection flowchart generation; and
- implementing state-of-the-art **prompt engineering methods** to improve LLM performance.

## Ablation Study

We removed one prompt component per trial to understand their contribution to model performance.

Execution accuracy (EX) formula

$$EX = \frac{S_{row} + S_{col}}{2},$$

$$S_i = \frac{|pred_i \wedge truth_i|}{|pred_i \vee truth_i|},$$

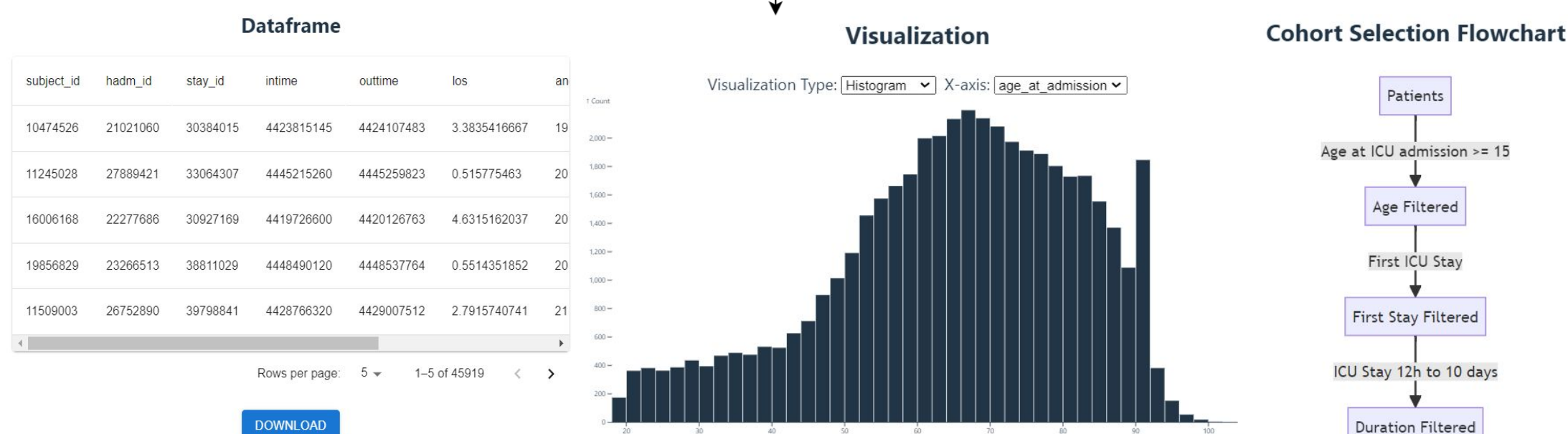
$pred_i$ : elements in a predicted row/col

$truth_i$ : elements in ground truth row/col

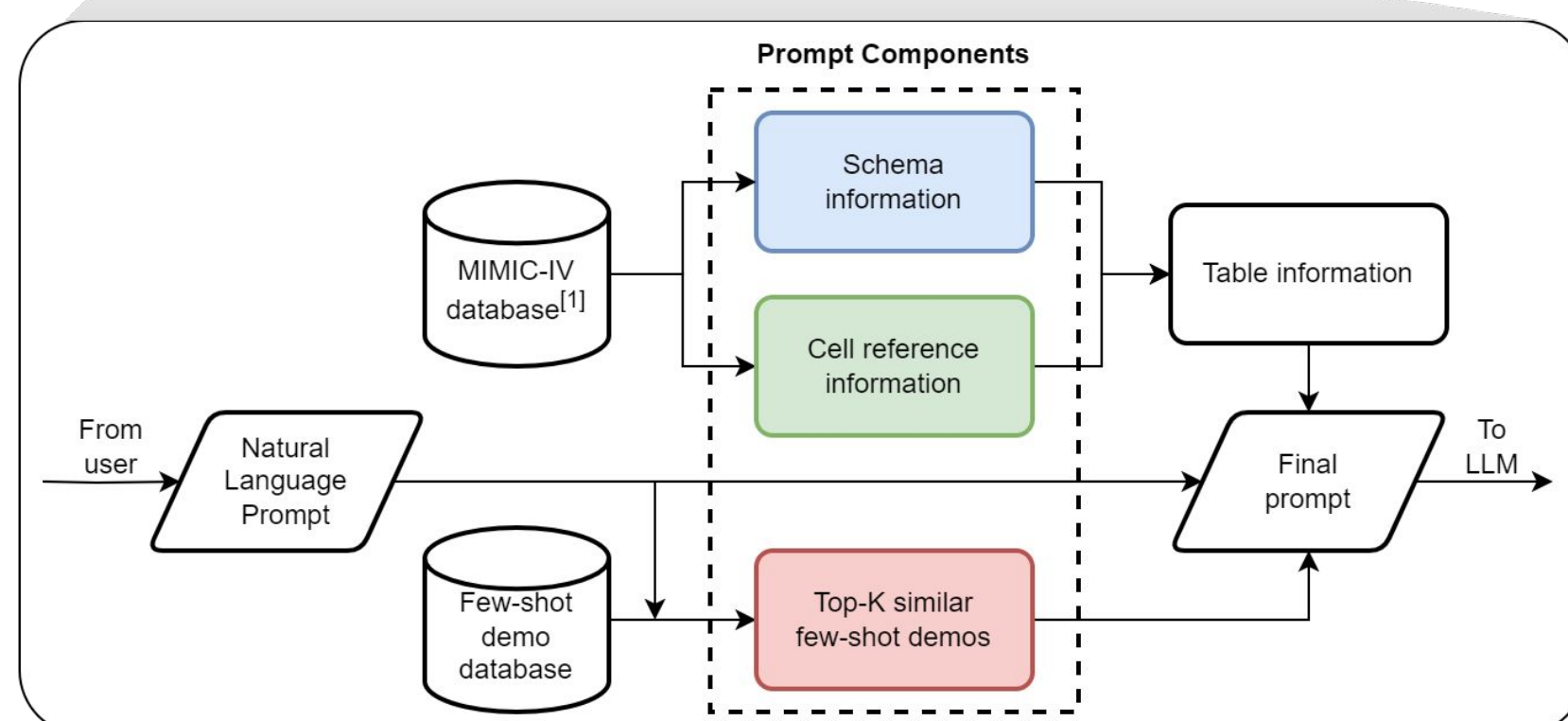
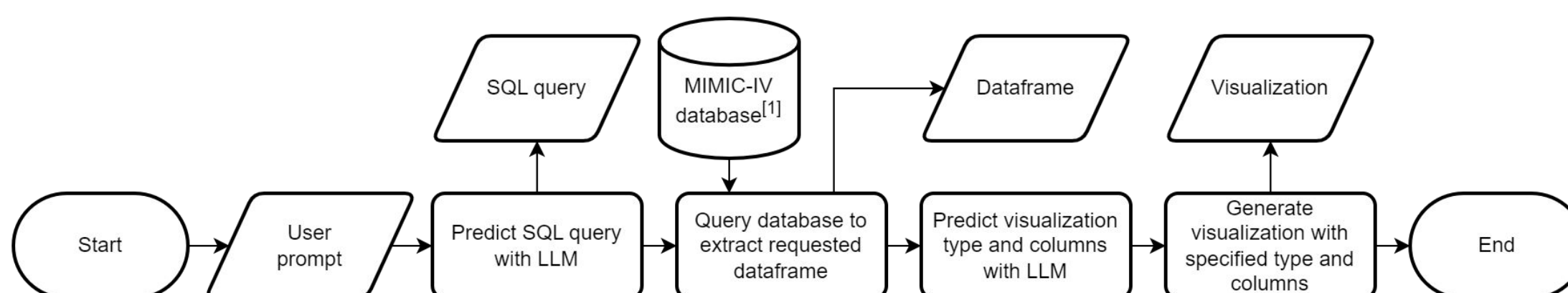
$S_i$ : similarity score of row i or col i

## Use Case Example

Prompt: "Select all patients that satisfy the following criterias: (1) the patient is at least 15 years old at the time of ICU admission; (2) the ICU stay is the first known ICU stay of the patient; (3) the total duration of ICU stay is between 12 h and 10 days. Generate the distribution of patients' age at admission."



## How does our system work?



**Conclusion:** All prompt components are essential to ensuring performance. Our current LLM is better at selecting columns than selecting rows.

## Future work

**Phase 1:** Internal testing within the Duke Bioinformatics Department; and  
**Phase 2:** Public release.

## References

- Johnson, A., Bulgarelli, L., Pollard, T., Horng, S., Celi, L. A., & Mark, R. (2023). MIMIC-IV (version 2.2). *PhysioNet*. <https://doi.org/10.13026/6mm1-ek67>.
- Li, Z., Wang, X., Zhao, J., Yang, S., Du, G., Hu, X., & Zhang, B. "PET-SQL: A Prompt-Enhanced Two-Round Refinement of Text-to-SQL with Cross-consistency." arXiv preprint arXiv:2403.09732. 2024. <https://arxiv.org/abs/2403.09732>

