Design Pattern - Transfer Object Pattern

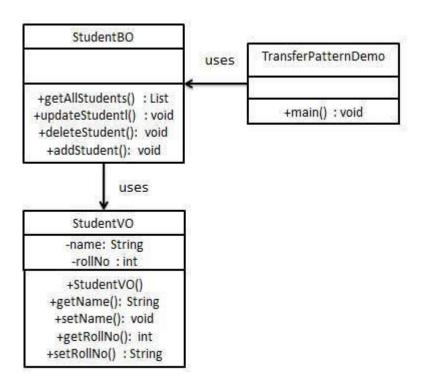
The Transfer Object pattern is used when we want to pass data with multiple attributes in one shot from client to server. Transfer object is also known as Value Object. Transfer Object is a simple POJO class having getter/setter methods and is serializable so that it can be transferred over the network. It does not have any behavior. Server Side business class normally fetches data from the database and fills the POJO and send it to the client or pass it by value. For client, transfer object is read-only. Client can create its own transfer object and pass it to server to update values in database in one shot. Following are the entities of this type of design pattern.

- Business Object Business Service fills the Transfer Object with data.
- Transfer Object Simple POJO having methods to set/get attributes only.
- Client Client either requests or sends the Transfer Object to Business Object.

Implementation

We are going to create a *StudentBO* as Business Object, *Student* as Transfer Object representing our entities.

TransferObjectPatternDemo, our demo class, is acting as a client here and will use *StudentBO* and *Student* to demonstrate Transfer Object Design Pattern.



Step 1

Create Transfer Object.

StudentVO.java

```
public class StudentVO {
   private String name;
   private int rollNo;
   StudentVO(String name, int rollNo){
      this.name = name;
      this.rollNo = rollNo;
   }
   public String getName() {
      return name;
   }
   public void setName(String name) {
      this.name = name;
   }
   public int getRollNo() {
      return rollNo;
   }
   public void setRollNo(int rollNo) {
      this.rollNo = rollNo;
   }
}
```

Step 2

Create Business Object.

StudentBO.java

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;

public class StudentBO {

    //list is working as a database
    List<StudentVO> students;

public StudentBO(){
    students = new ArrayList<StudentVO>():
```

```
StudentVO student1 = new StudentVO("Robert",0);
      StudentV0 student2 = new StudentV0("John",1);
      students.add(student1);
      students.add(student2);
   public void deleteStudent(StudentVO student) {
      students.remove(student.getRollNo());
      System.out.println("Student: Roll No " + student.getRollNo() + ", delet
   }
   //retrive list of students from the database
   public List<StudentVO> getAllStudents() {
      return students;
   }
   public StudentVO getStudent(int rollNo) {
      return students.get(rollNo);
   }
   public void updateStudent(StudentVO student) {
      students.get(student.getRollNo()).setName(student.getName());
      System.out.println("Student: Roll No " + student.getRollNo() +", update
   }
}
```

Step 3

Use the StudentBO to demonstrate Transfer Object Design Pattern.

TransferObjectPatternDemo.java

```
public class TransferObjectPatternDemo {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      StudentBO studentBusinessObject = new StudentBO();

      //print all students
      for (StudentVO student : studentBusinessObject.getAllStudents()) {
            System.out.println("Student: [RollNo : " + student.getRollNo() + ",
      }

      //update student
      StudentVO student = studentBusinessObject.getAllStudents().get(0);
      student.setName("Michael");
      studentBusinessObject.updateStudent(student);

//get the student
```

```
student = studentBusinessObject.getStudent(0);
System.out.println("Student: [RollNo : " + student.getRollNo() + ", Nar
}
}
```

Step 4

Verify the output.

```
Student: [RollNo : 0, Name : Robert ]
Student: [RollNo : 1, Name : John ]
Student: Roll No 0, updated in the database
Student: [RollNo : 0, Name : Michael ]
```