

Design Patterns - Iterator Pattern

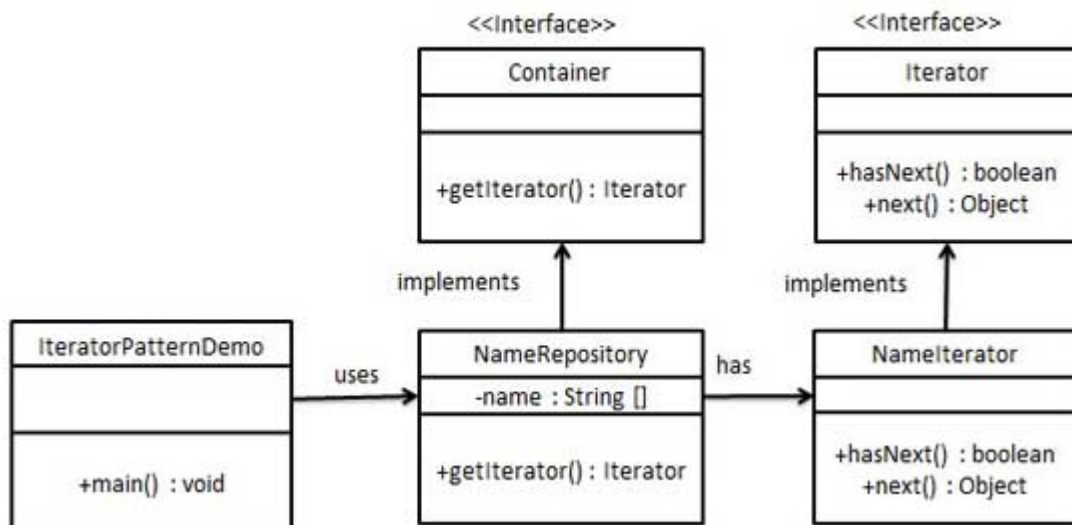
Iterator pattern is very commonly used design pattern in Java and .Net programming environment. This pattern is used to get a way to access the elements of a collection object in sequential manner without any need to know its underlying representation.

Iterator pattern falls under behavioral pattern category.

Implementation

We're going to create a *Iterator* interface which narrates navigation method and a *Container* interface which retruns the iterator . Concrete classes implementing the *Container* interface will be responsible to implement *Iterator* interface and use it

IteratorPatternDemo, our demo class will use *NamesRepository*, a concrete class implementation to print a *Names* stored as a collection in *NamesRepository*.



Step 1

Create interfaces.

Iterator.java

```

public interface Iterator {
    public boolean hasNext();
    public Object next();
}
  
```

Container.java

```
public interface Container {  
    public Iterator getIterator();  
}
```

Step 2

Create concrete class implementing the *Container* interface. This class has inner class *NameIterator* implementing the *Iterator* interface.

NameRepository.java

```
public class NameRepository implements Container {  
    public String names[] = {"Robert" , "John" ,"Julie" , "Lora"};  
  
    @Override  
    public Iterator getIterator() {  
        return new NameIterator();  
    }  
  
    private class NameIterator implements Iterator {  
  
        int index;  
  
        @Override  
        public boolean hasNext() {  
  
            if(index < names.length){  
                return true;  
            }  
            return false;  
        }  
  
        @Override  
        public Object next() {  
  
            if(this.hasNext()){  
                return names[index++];  
            }  
            return null;  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Step 3

Use the *NameRepository* to get iterator and print names.

IteratorPatternDemo.java

```
public class IteratorPatternDemo {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        NameRepository namesRepository = new NameRepository();  
  
        for(Iterator iter = namesRepository.getIterator(); iter.hasNext();) {  
            String name = (String) iter.next();  
            System.out.println("Name : " + name);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Step 4

Verify the output.

```
Name : Robert  
Name : John  
Name : Julie  
Name : Lora
```