

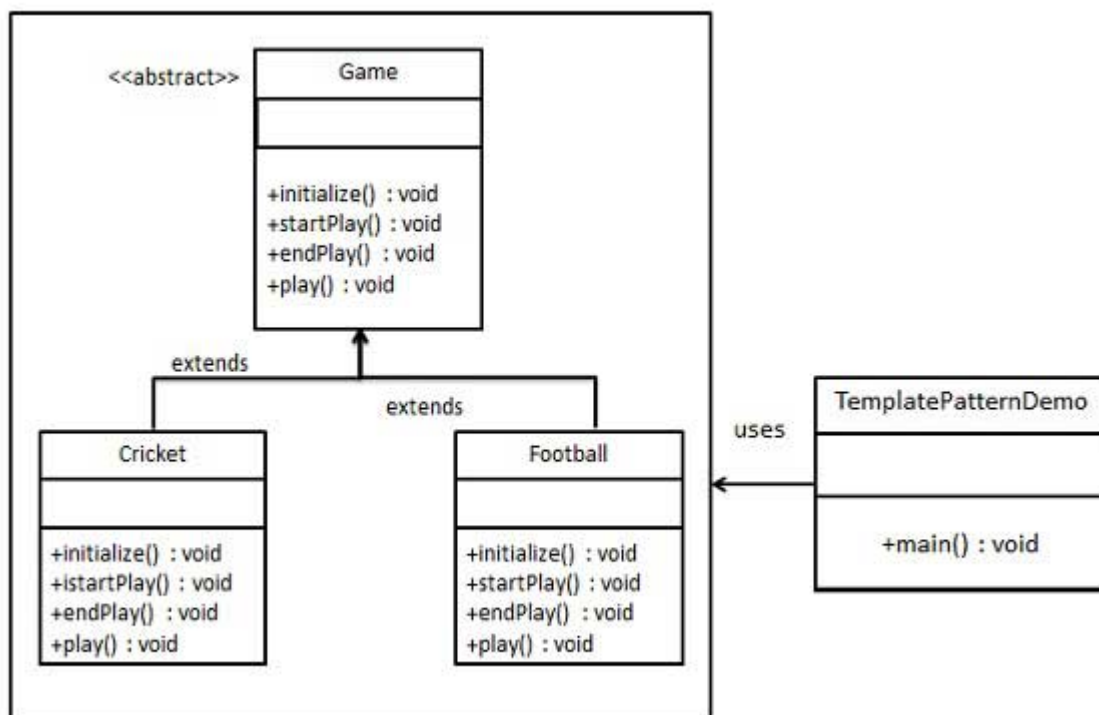
Design Patterns - Template Pattern

In Template pattern, an abstract class exposes defined way(s)/template(s) to execute its methods. Its subclasses can override the method implementation as per need but the invocation is to be in the same way as defined by an abstract class. This pattern comes under behavior pattern category.

Implementation

We are going to create a *Game* abstract class defining operations with a template method set to be final so that it cannot be overridden. *Cricket* and *Football* are concrete classes that extend *Game* and override its methods.

TemplatePatternDemo, our demo class, will use *Game* to demonstrate use of template pattern.



Step 1

Create an abstract class with a template method being final.

Game.java

```
public abstract class Game {
    abstract void initialize();
    abstract void startPlay();
    abstract void endPlay();
}
```

```
//template method
public final void play(){

    //initialize the game
    initialize();

    //start game
    startPlay();

    //end game
    endPlay();
}
}
```

Step 2

Create concrete classes extending the above class.

Cricket.java

```
public class Cricket extends Game {

    @Override
    void endPlay() {
        System.out.println("Cricket Game Finished!");
    }

    @Override
    void initialize() {
        System.out.println("Cricket Game Initialized! Start playing.");
    }

    @Override
    void startPlay() {
        System.out.println("Cricket Game Started. Enjoy the game!");
    }
}
```

Football.java

```
public class Football extends Game {

    @Override
    void endPlay() {
        System.out.println("Football Game Finished!");
    }
}
```

```
}

@Override
void initialize() {
    System.out.println("Football Game Initialized! Start playing.");
}

@Override
void startPlay() {
    System.out.println("Football Game Started. Enjoy the game!");
}
}
```

Step 3

Use the *Game*'s template method `play()` to demonstrate a defined way of playing game.

TemplatePatternDemo.java

```
public class TemplatePatternDemo {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        Game game = new Cricket();
        game.play();
        System.out.println();
        game = new Football();
        game.play();
    }
}
```

Step 4

Verify the output.

```
Cricket Game Initialized! Start playing.
Cricket Game Started. Enjoy the game!
Cricket Game Finished!

Football Game Initialized! Start playing.
Football Game Started. Enjoy the game!
Football Game Finished!
```