



### Research Introduction

Yifan Yang

Spatial Sciences Institute









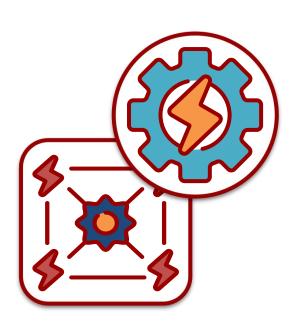






### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**





Self Introduction 01

Introduction to current research 02

Past research experience 03

Questions and Answers 04

### **Self Introduction**



University of Southern California Master of Science, Spatial Data Science

Expected May 2024

Hainan University
Bachelor of Engineering, Software Engineering

September 2018 - June 2022



#### research interests

- 1. Spatial Science and Data Science based on people, place, health, public opinion, etc.
- 2. Ecosystem services, environmental health, urban science
- 3. LLMs and LMMs on geography, GeoAI, Machine learning and deep learning

Applications: Esri ArcGIS Pro, Microsoft Office Suite, MS Access, MS SQL Server, SQL Server Management Studio, PgAdmin, PostgreSQL & PostGIS, Visual Studio Code, Google Colaboratory

Programming: ArcGIS API (JavaScript, Python), JavaScript, C, C++, JAVA, Python, SQL



### Introduction to current research



Attention: Large Multimodal Model is Watching your Geo-privacy

(https://arxiv.org/abs/2311.13018)

First author: Yang Yifan, Advisor: Prof. Siqin Wang

American Association of Geographers Annual Meeting, April 16 - 20, 2024, Honolulu, Hawai'i

Background: Geographic privacy (geo-privacy) concerns keeping one's location private, especially from personal electronic devices. This aspect of security is often overlooked.

Challenge: With the rise of Large Multimodal Models (LMM) like GPT-4 in Open Source Intelligence (OSINT), risks of geo-privacy breaches have increased.

Study: Developed "GeoLocator," a GPT-4 based model, to detect locational information in images and social media content.



Findings: GeoLocator can accurately infer specific geographic details, posing a risk of unintentional public exposure of geospatial information.



Implications: Highlights the threats of online data sharing and advanced AI technologies to geo-privacy. Emphasizes the need for increased awareness and protective measures against geo-privacy leakage.

Images	Address Category	Search Engine	GPT-4	Dr. Watson	Distances*
	Country	✓.	✓.	✓.	17.73 ft
	State	✓	√	<b>√</b>	
	City/ Town	X	✓	✓	
	Street	X	X	✓	
	Country	√.	Х	✓	10 miles
	State	✓	X	✓	
	City/ Town	✓	X	✓	
	Street	X	X	X	
h)e	Country	√.	χ	√	32.49 miles
	State	✓	X	X	
	City/ Town	X	X	X	
	Street	X	X	X	
	Country	✓	Х	✓	126.42 miles
	State	X	X	X	
	City/ Town	X	X	X	
	Street	X	X	X	
	Country	✓	Х	✓	23 ft
	State	✓	X	✓	
	City/ Town	✓	X	✓	
	Street	✓	X	✓	



#### **Urban Tree Initiative--urban tree shade model**

Instructor: Prof. John Wilson, Prof.Yi Qi, Beau MacDonald GIS Project Specialist



Platform: shade analysis tools and 3D models in ArcGIS Pro

### 1. Construct DEM and DSM Using LiDAR Data

Employ LiDAR data to create Digital Elevation Models (DEM) and Digital Surface Models (DSM), accurately mapping terrain and surface features

### 2. Build 3D Models for Buildings and Trees

Combine surface features and elevation data to develop 3D models

### 3. Calculate Shadow Area Using Sun Shadow Frequency

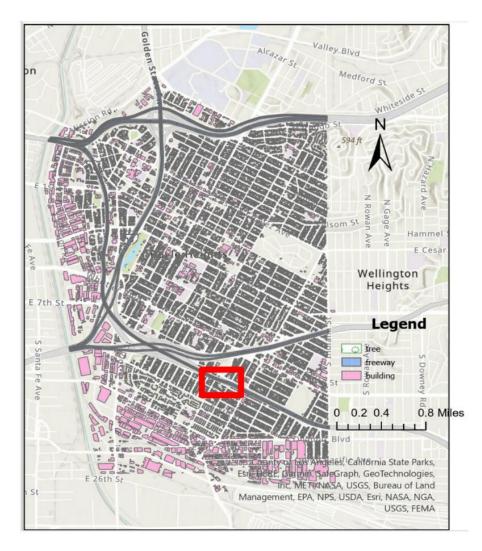
Apply sun shadow frequency analysis to quantify the shadow areas of freeways, buildings, and trees accurately

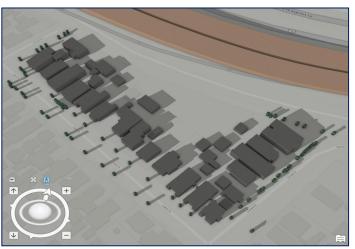
### 4. Determine the Urban Tree Shade Coverage

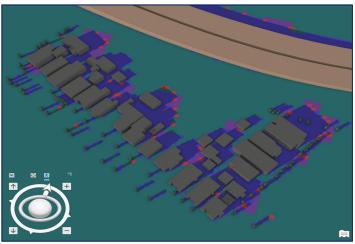
Calculate the shade area contributed by urban trees to determine the urban tree shade coverage









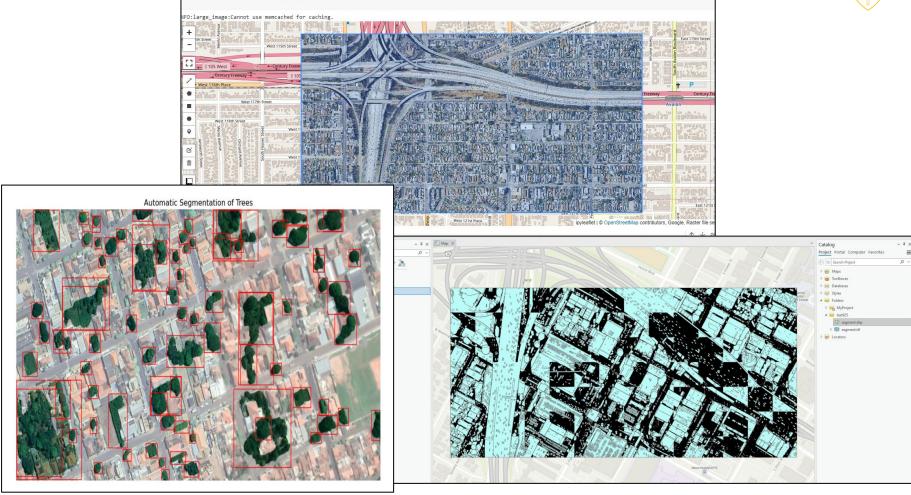


### **USC**Dornsife

### Segment Anything Model (SAM) vs CNN vs GPT-4

.add\_raster(image, layer\_name="Image")







## Seeing from reading: How well does GPT comprehend remote sensing images?



Background: Remote sensing technology plays an important role in multiple fields by capturing earth data (mainly aerial or satellite images) over long distances. Traditionally, remote sensing image interpretation requires extensive manual input and expertise.

New trends: The current trend is to develop models that can demonstrate stronger generalization capabilities, such as large pre-trained models. For example, GPT-4 introduced image understanding capabilities in November 2023, bringing significant progress to multi-modal generative AI.

Research Methods This study adopts dual methods of qualitative (such as instance-related experiments) and quantitative (such as image captioning experiments) to evaluate GPT-4's ability to parse remote sensing images.

Research purpose: Mainly explore the ability of the GPT-4 model in parsing remote sensing images, including tasks such as instance presence, counting, coverage estimation, relative positioning estimation, direction identification, and change detection.



#### **Prompt template**



Please tell me the direction of the xxx in the image. The top of the image is north.

Please tell me which direction the xxx is facing in the image. The top of the image is north. Try to tell me the answer through the eight cardinal directions and try to answer the biased angle.

Please tell me the direction of xxx in the picture. The top of the image is north. Establish a plane Cartesian coordinate system from the center of this picture. First tell where the xxx is located in the picture.



Please tell me which direction the long side of the swimming pool faces in the image. The top of the image is north

#### ChatGPT

In the image provided, with the top being north, the long side of the swimming pool is aligned with the vertical axis of the image. This means that one long side of the swimming pool is facing north and the other is facing south.



### Past research experience









image-016



image-017



image-018



image-019



image-026



image-027





image-029



image-025

image-035



image-036























image-049



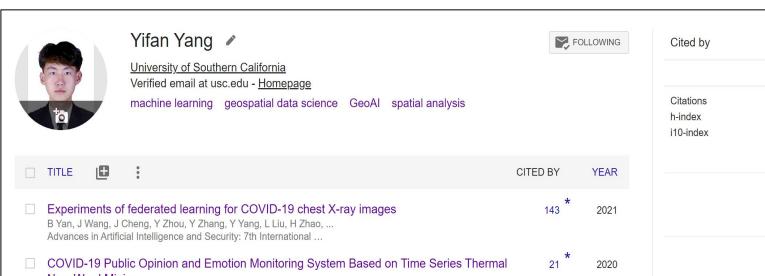


Internship experience Generative AI, large model fine-tuning. Fine-tune Stable diffusion models using user-supplied datasets, using dreambooth, lora, etc.

Dataset pre-processing Large model fine-tuning Training and testing various configurations and parameters in ML applications Experience working in the cloud (AWS)

### Past research experience

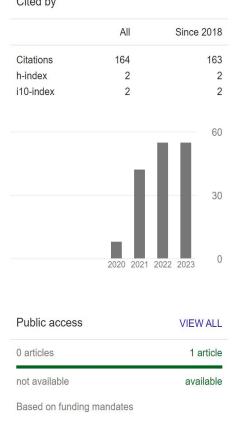




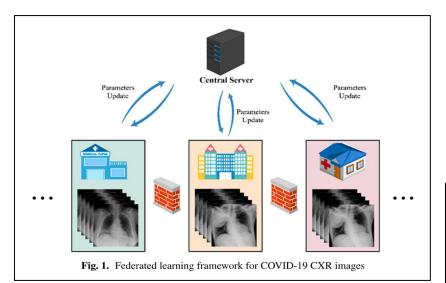
TITLE .	CITED BY	YEAR
Experiments of federated learning for COVID-19 chest X-ray images B Yan, J Wang, J Cheng, Y Zhou, Y Zhang, Y Yang, L Liu, H Zhao, Advances in Artificial Intelligence and Security: 7th International	143 *	2021
COVID-19 Public Opinion and Emotion Monitoring System Based on Time Series Thermal New Word Mining NX Yixian Zhang, Jieren Cheng, Yifan Yang, Haocheng Li, Xinyi Zheng, Xi Chen Computers, Materials & Continua 64 (3)	21 *	2020
Attention: Large Multimodal Model is Watching your Geo-privacy Y Yang, Y Zhang, D Li, S Sun, J Duan, J He, Q Wu, H Liu arXiv preprint arXiv:2311.13018		2023
Different Loss Functions Used in the Low-rank Approximation C Shi, G Mou, H Wang, T Liu, Y Yang, Z Li International Core Journal of Engineering 6 (11), 360-368		2020

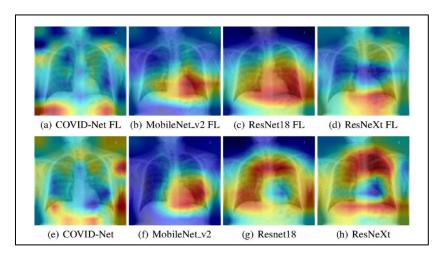
Articles 1-4

✓ SHOW MORE

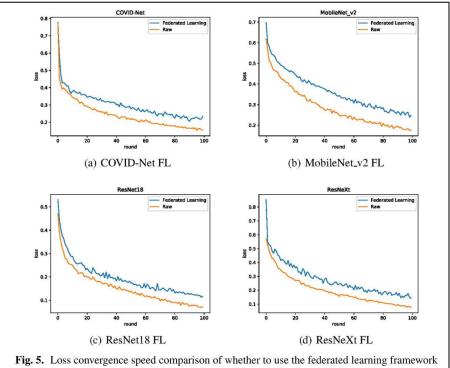








### Research Name: Experiments of Federated Learning for COVID-19 Chest X-ray Images.





#### Research:

# **COVID-19 Public Opinion and Emotion Monitoring System Based on Time Series**

**Thermal New Word Mining** 

