

TITLE:

subtitle

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Abstract

Aspirational abstract goes here!

^{*}Contact: ray_huang@brown.edu. I thank Peter Hull at Brown University for serving as my advisor and for providing me with fantastic feedback.

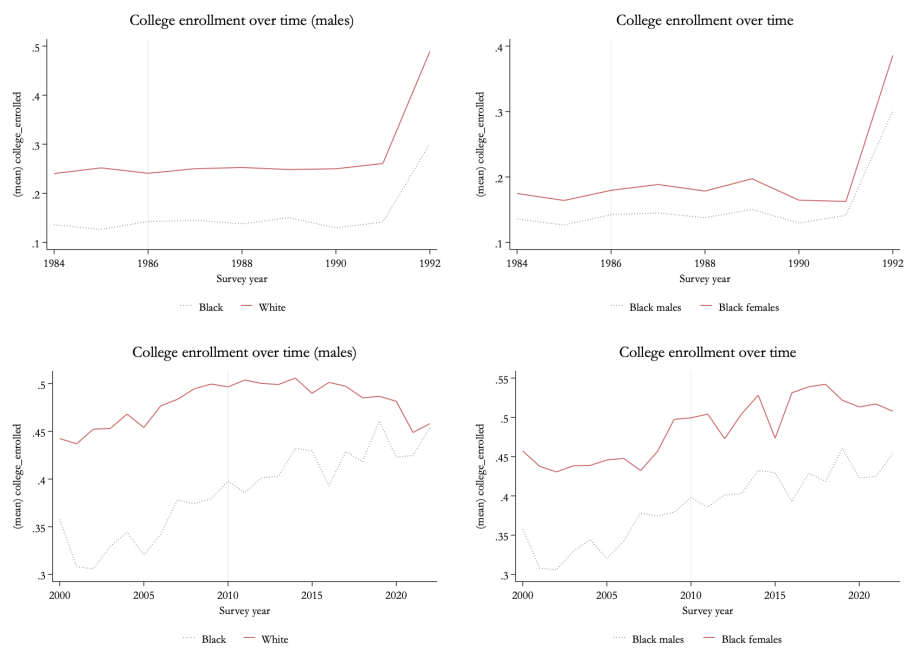
Introduction

Motivation and Background

Data Description

Empirical/Econometric Methods, Hypotheses tested

Figures



Tables

Table 1: Summary Statistics

	(1) Pre-period	(2) Post-period
Male	0.49 (0.500)	0.49 (0.500)
Black	0.14 (0.346)	0.14 (0.347)
HS Graduate	0.82 (0.385)	0.81 (0.389)
Enrolled in college	0.24 (0.426)	0.29 (0.453)
Enrolled in college (Black males)	0.02 (0.146)	0.03 (0.162)
Enrolled in college (Non-Black males)	0.22 (0.411)	0.26 (0.439)
Enrolled in 2-year coll.	0.00 (0)	0.01 (0.0889)
Enrolled in 4-year coll.	0.24 (0.426)	0.28 (0.449)
Observations	47595	79894

mean coefficients; sd in parentheses

Table 2: Britton Table 2

	(1)	(2)	(3)
after1986	.04427*** (.006001)	.04037*** (.005414)	0 (.)
Black	-.1021*** (.01272)	-.06456*** (.0105)	-.07368*** (.01246)
interaction	-.01133 (.01378)	-.01234 (.01137)	-.006629 (.01187)
Constant	.2446*** (.008332)	-8.086*** (.4056)	-7.946*** (.4216)
Observations	61403	61403	61403
Adjusted R^2	0.009	0.120	0.146
State_yr_FE	N	N	Y
Demographic_controls	N	Y	Y

Standard errors in parentheses

Weights used. Males only. SEs clustered at state level. Still missing some demographic controls.

* $p < 0.10$, ** $p < 0.05$, *** $p < 0.01$

Table 3: Britton Table 3

	(1)	(2)	(3)
after1986	.03936*** (.01306)	.0282** (.01233)	0 (.)
male	-.02641** (.01192)	-.03954*** (.01108)	-.04253*** (.01135)
sex_interaction	-.006419 (.01575)	-.004532 (.0159)	-.002536 (.0165)
Constant	.1689*** (.0097)	-4.677*** (.4739)	-4.53*** (.5066)
Observations	14991	14991	14991
Adjusted R^2	0.003	0.103	0.126
State_yr_FE	N	N	Y
Demographic_controls	N	Y	Y

Standard errors in parentheses

Weights used. SEs clustered at state level. Still missing some demographic controls.

* $p < 0.10$, ** $p < 0.05$, *** $p < 0.01$

Table 4: DiD: Fair Sentencing Act, blacks vs whites

	(1)	(2)	(3)
after2010	.03072*** (.007178)	.02859*** (.007088)	0 (.)
Black	-.1172*** (.01419)	-.1061*** (.01206)	-.1098*** (.01426)
interaction	.04387*** (.01025)	.03536*** (.01012)	.03728*** (.01105)
Constant	.4786*** (.008984)	-9.838*** (.254)	-9.764*** (.2498)
Observations	114090	114090	114090
Adjusted R^2	0.006	0.085	0.096
State_yr_FE	N	N	Y
Demographic_controls	N	Y	Y

Standard errors in parentheses

Weights used. Males only. SEs clustered at state level. Still missing some demographic controls.

* $p < 0.10$, ** $p < 0.05$, *** $p < 0.01$

Table 5: DiD Fair Sentencing Act, black males vs females

	(1)	(2)	(3)
after2010	.05706*** (.01186)	.03615*** (.01219)	0 (.)
male	-.1006*** (.01081)	-.1106*** (.01056)	-.1129*** (.01082)
sex_interaction	.01753 (.01408)	.02144 (.01505)	.02335 (.01479)
Constant	.462*** (.01192)	-8.207*** (.5089)	-8.022*** (.5651)
Observations	26198	26198	26198
Adjusted R^2	0.012	0.103	0.111
State_yr_FE	N	N	Y
Demographic_controls	N	Y	Y

Standard errors in parentheses

Weights used. SEs clustered at state level. Still missing some demographic controls.

* $p < 0.10$, ** $p < 0.05$, *** $p < 0.01$

References

Britton, Tolani. 2022. “Does locked up mean locked out? The effects of the anti-drug abuse act of 1986 on black male students’ college enrollment.” *Journal of Economics, Race, and Policy* 5 (1):54–71.