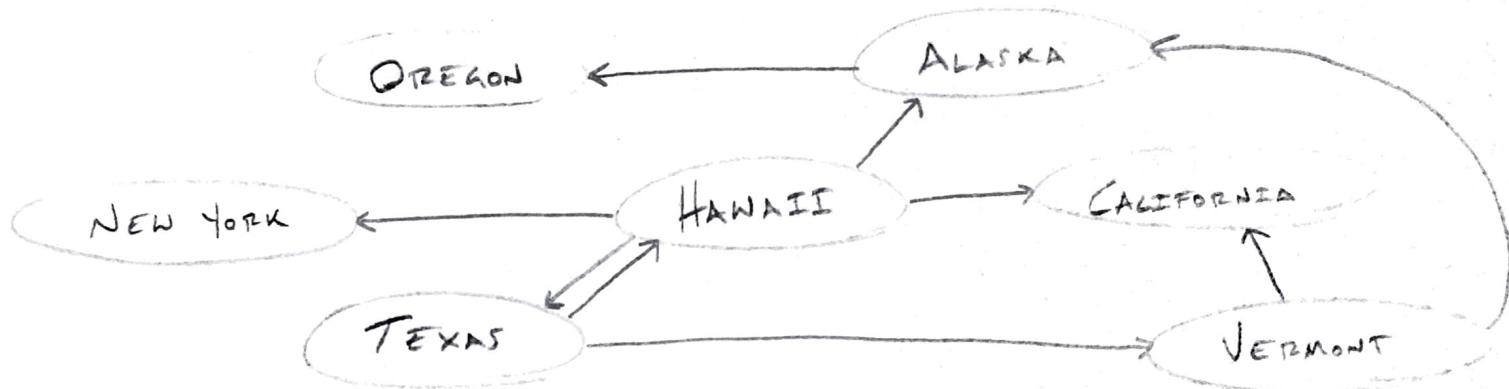


CMSC204

$V(\text{StateGraph}) = \{\text{Oregon, Alaska, Texas, Hawaii, Vermont, New York, California}\}$

$E(\text{StateGraph}) = \{(\text{Alaska, Oregon}), (\text{Hawaii, Alaska}), (\text{Hawaii, Texas}), (\text{Texas, Hawaii}), (\text{Hawaii, California}), (\text{Hawaii, New York}), (\text{Texas, Vermont}), (\text{Vermont, California}), (\text{Vermont, Alaska})\}$

1. Draw the StateGraph



1. Describe the graph pictured above, using the formal graph notation.

$V(\text{StateGraph}) = \{\text{Oregon, Alaska, Texas, Hawaii, Vermont, New York, California}\}$

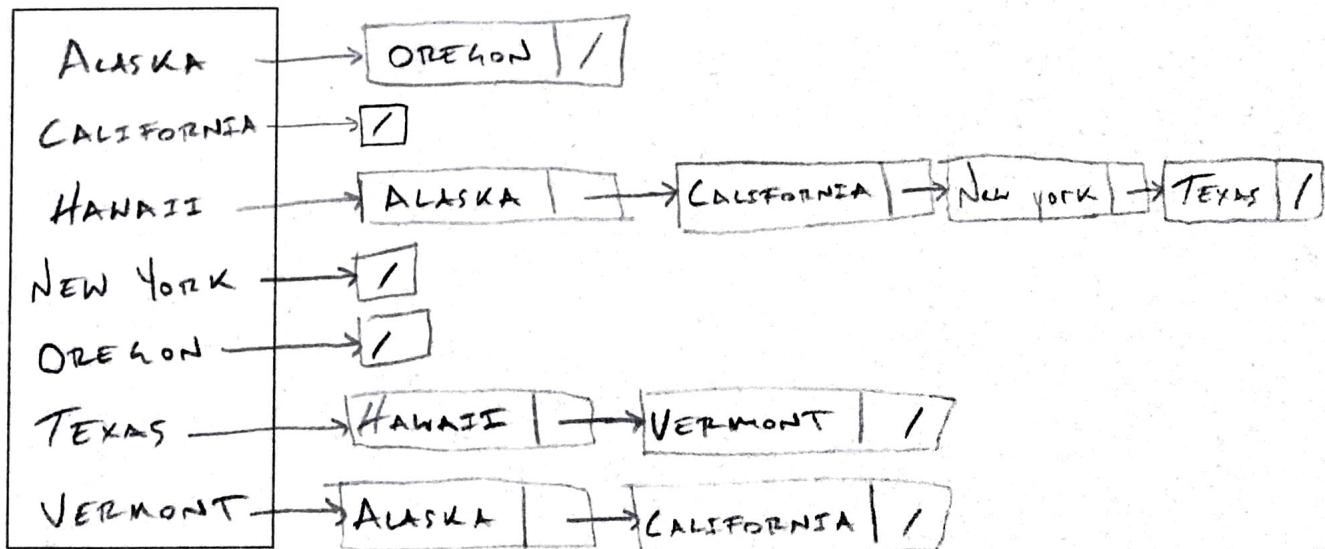
$E(\text{StateGraph}) = \{(\text{Alaska, Oregon}), (\text{Hawaii, Alaska}), (\text{Hawaii, Texas}), (\text{Texas, Hawaii}), (\text{Hawaii, California}), (\text{Hawaii, New York}), (\text{Texas, Vermont}), (\text{Vermont, California}), (\text{Vermont, Alaska})\}$

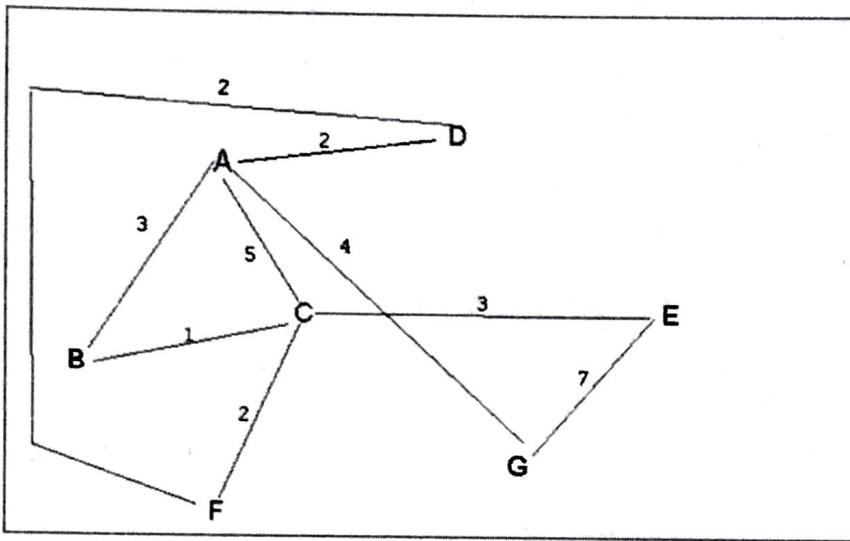
2. a. Is there a path from Oregon to any other state in the graph? No
- b. Is there a path from Hawaii to every other state in the graph? Yes
- c. From which state(s) in the graph is there a path to Hawaii? TEXAS

3. a. Show the adjacency matrix that would describe the edges in the graph.
 Store the vertices in alphabetical order

States	AK	CA	HI	NY	OR	TX	VT
ALASKA	○	○	○	○	1	○	○
CALIFORNIA	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
HAWAII	1	1	○	1	○	1	○
NEW YORK	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
OREGON	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
TEXAS	○	○	1	○	○	○	1
VERMONT	1	1	○	○	○	○	○

3. b. Show the adjacency lists
 that would describe the edges in the graph



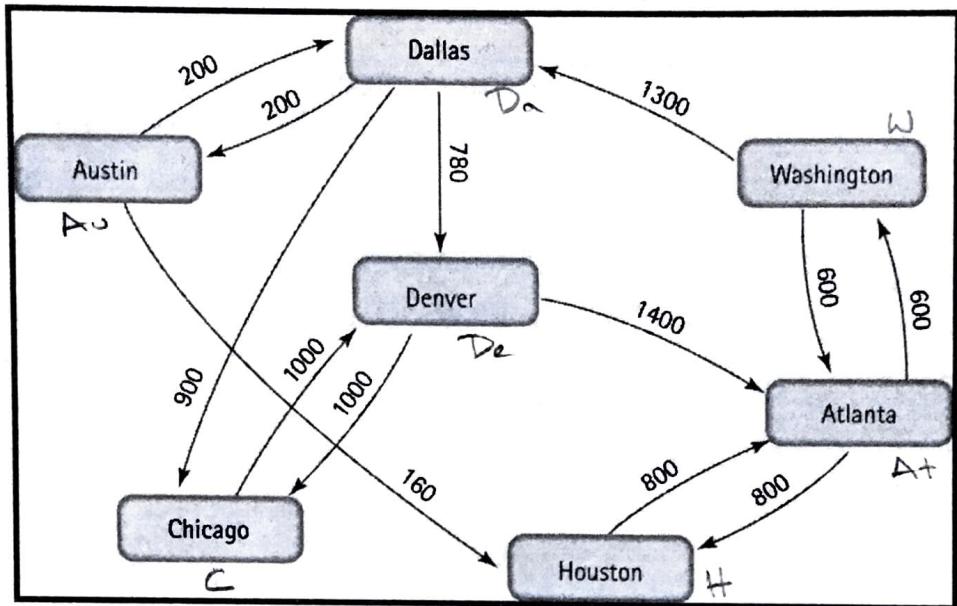


4 a. Which of the following lists the graph nodes in depth first order beginning with E?

- A) E, G, F, C, D, B, A
- B) G, A, E, C, B, F, D
- C) E, G, A, D, F, C, B
- D) E, C, F, B, A, D, G

4 b. Which of the following lists the graph nodes in breadth first order beginning at F?

- A) F, C, D, A, B, E, G
- B) F, D, C, A, B, C, G
- C) F, C, D, B, G, A, E
- D) a, b, and c are all breadth first traversals



5. Find the shortest distance from Atlanta to every other city

Iteration	Unsettled	Settled	EvaluationNode	At	Au	C	Da	De	H	W
1	At	—	At	0	∞	∞	∞	∞	900	600
2	H, W	At	H	0	∞	∞	∞	∞	300	600
3	W	At, H	W	0	∞	∞	1900	∞	800	600
4	Da	At, A, W	Da	0	2100	2800	1900	2680	900	600
5	Au, C, Da	At, A, W, Da	Au	"	Da	Da	W	Da	At	At
6	C, De	At, A, W, Da, Au	C	"	Da	Da	W	Da	At	At
7	De	At, H, W, Da, Au, C	De	"	Da	Da	W	Da	At	At
8	—	ALL	—	0	2100	2800	1900	2680	800	600

Atlanta \rightarrow Austin: 2100 (At \rightarrow W \rightarrow Da \rightarrow Au)

Atlanta \rightarrow Chicago: 2800 (At \rightarrow W \rightarrow Da \rightarrow C)

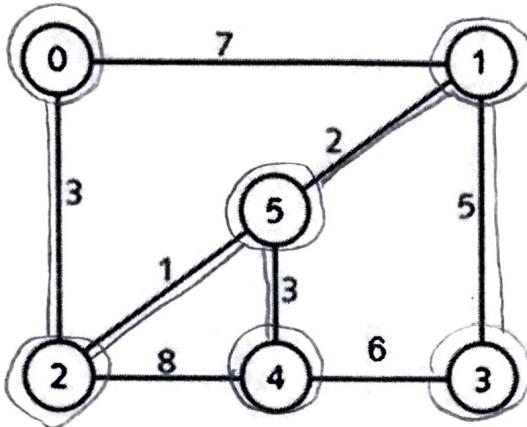
Atlanta \rightarrow Dallas: 1900 (At \rightarrow W \rightarrow Da)

Atlanta \rightarrow Denver: 2680 (At \rightarrow W \rightarrow Da \rightarrow De)

Atlanta \rightarrow Houston: 800 (Direct)

Atlanta \rightarrow Washington: 600 (Direct)

6. Find the minimal spanning tree using Prim's algorithm. Use 0 as the source vertex . Show the steps.



$$V(T) = \emptyset$$

$$E(T) = \emptyset$$

$$N = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$$

$$V(T) = \{0\}$$

$$E(T) = \emptyset$$

$$N = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$$

$$V(T) = \{0, 2\}$$

$$E(T) = \{(0, 2)\}$$

$$N = \{1, 3, 4, 5\}$$

$$V(T) = \{0, 2, 5\}$$

$$E(T) = \{(0, 2), (2, 5)\}$$

$$N = \{1, 3, 4\}$$

$$V(T) = \{0, 2, 5, 1\}$$

$$E(T) = \{(0, 2), (2, 1), (5, 1)\}$$

$$N = \{3, 4\}$$

$$V(T) = \{0, 2, 5, 1, 4\}$$

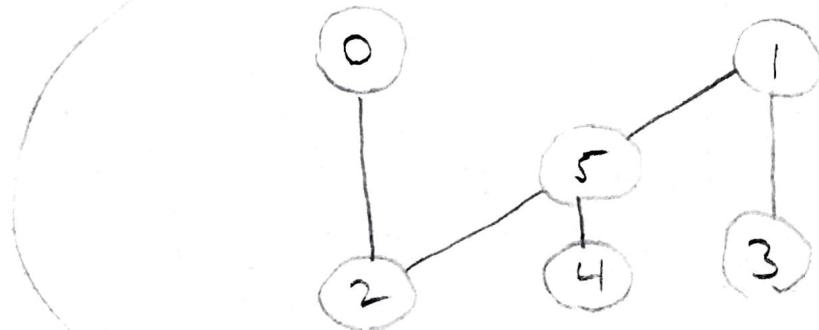
$$E(T) = \{(0, 2), (2, 5), (5, 1), (5, 4)\}$$

$$N = \{3\}$$

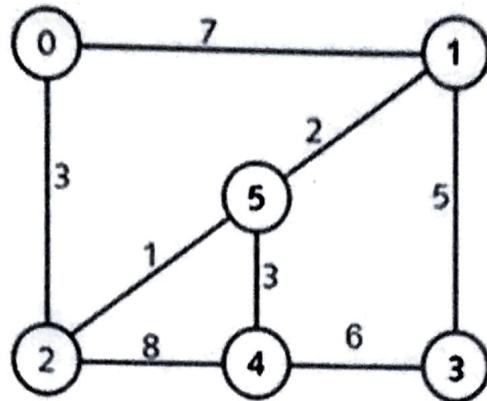
$$V(T) = \{0, 2, 5, 1, 4, 3\}$$

$$E(T) = \{(0, 2), (2, 5), (5, 1), (5, 4), (1, 3)\}$$

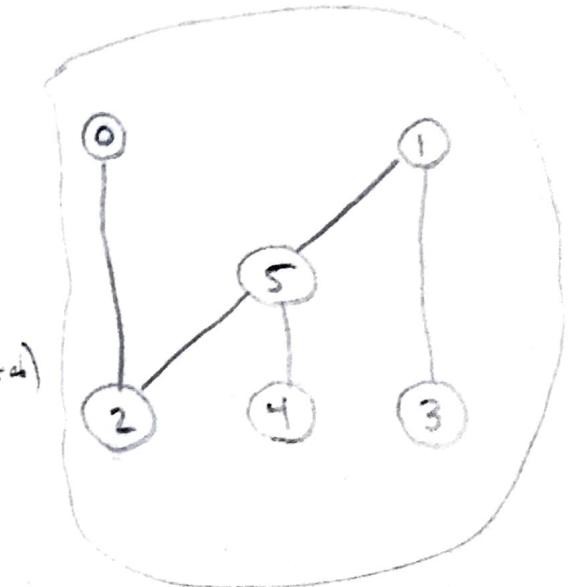
$$N = \emptyset$$



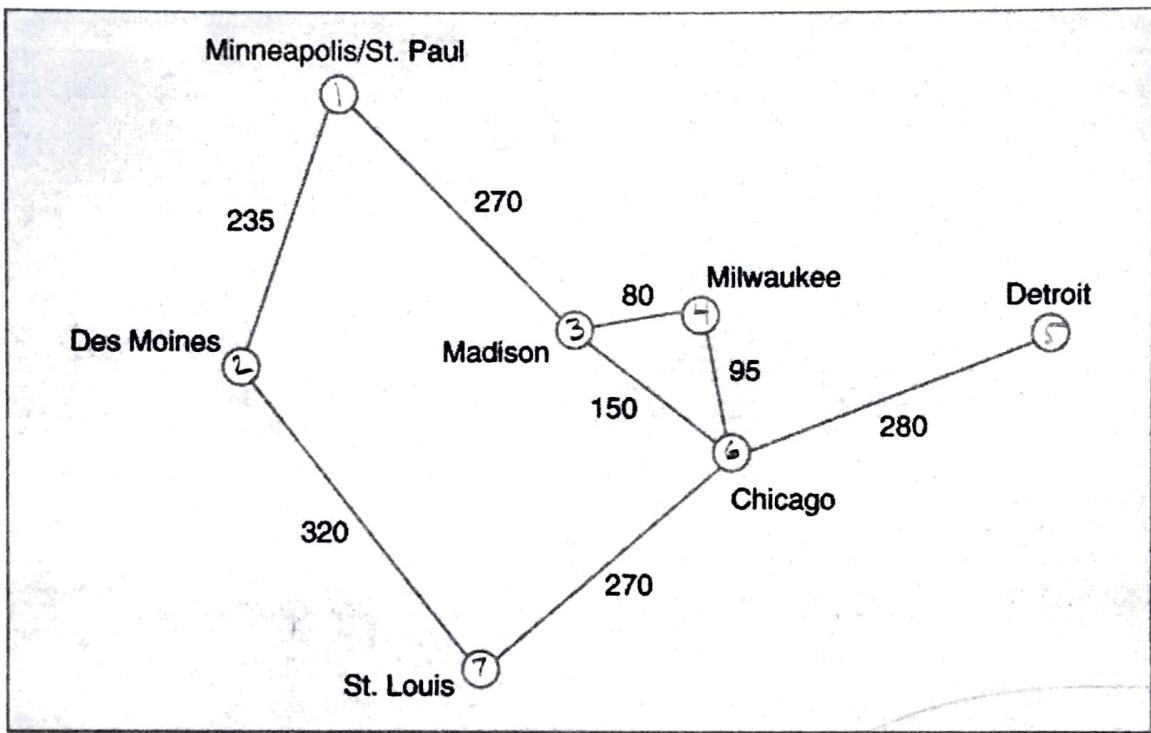
7. Find the minimal spanning tree using Kruskal's algorithm.
Show the weights in order and the steps.



<u>Edge</u>	<u>Weight</u>	<u>Edge</u>	<u>Weight</u>
0-1	7	2-5	1
0-2	3	5-1	✓
2-5	1	0-2	✓
2-4	8	5-4	✓
5-4	3	1-3	✓
5-1	2	4-3	✓
4-3	6	0-1	✓
3-1	5	2-4	✓



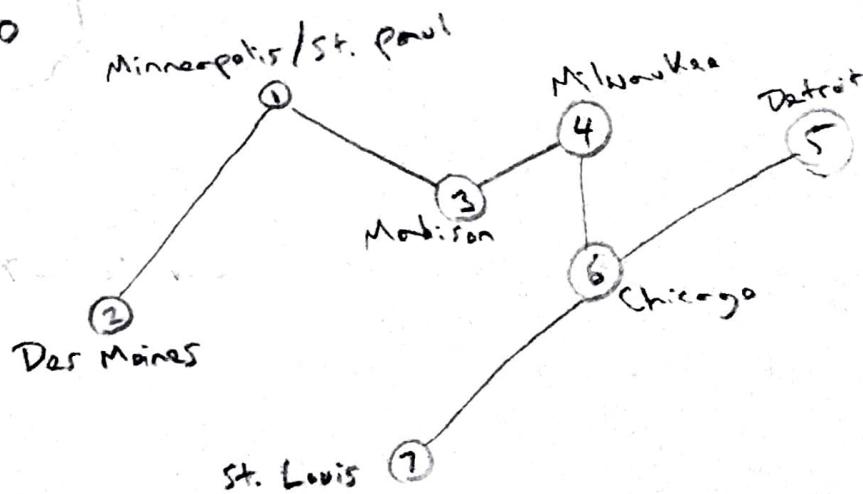
8. Find the minimal spanning tree using the algorithm you prefer. Use Minneapolis/St. Paul as the source vertex



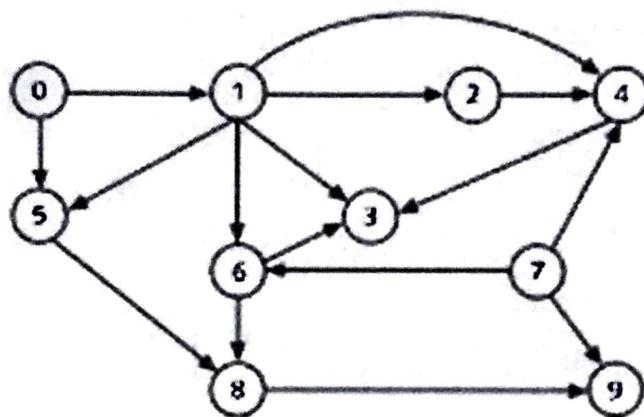
<u>Edge</u>	<u>Weight</u>
1-2	235.
1-3	270-
2-7	320-
7-6	270-
3-6	150-
3-4	80-
4-6	95-
5-6	280.

<u>Edge</u>	<u>Weight</u>
3-4	80 ✓
4-6	95 ✓
3-6	150 X (cycle)
1-2	235 ✓
1-3	270 ✓
7-6	270 ✓
6-5	280
2-7	320

KRUSKAL'S ALGORITHM



9. List the nodes of the graph in a breadth first topological ordering. Show the steps using arrays predCount, topologicalOrder and a queue



Topological Order

0	7	1	2	5	6	4	8	3	9
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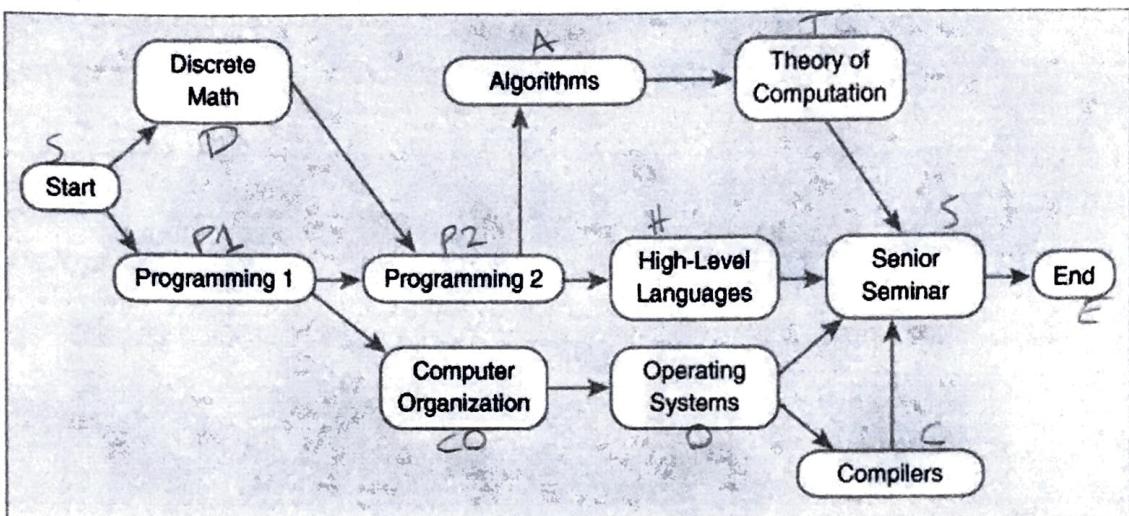
Queue

∅, 7, 1, 2, 5, 6, 4, 8, 3, 9

Pred Count

node pred	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	0	1	1	3	3	2	2	0	2	2
1	0	0	1	3	3	1	2	0	2	2
2	0	0	1	3	2	1	1	0	2	1
3	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	2	1
4	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1
5	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	1
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

10. List the nodes of the graph in a breadth first topological ordering.



Topological Order

S	D	P1	P2	CO	A	H	O	T	C	S	E
---	---	----	----	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Queue

S, D, P1, P2, S0, A, H, O, T, C, S, E