

PHYS 304 Formula Sheet

Introduction

Schrödinger $i\hbar \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial t} = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{\partial^2 \Psi}{\partial x^2} + V\Psi$

Probability $P(a \leq x \leq b) = \int_a^b |\Psi(x, t)|^2 dx$

Expectation $\langle x \rangle = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x |\Psi(x, t)|^2 dx$

Momentum $\vec{p} = -i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial x}$
 $\langle p \rangle = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \Psi^* (-i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial x}) \Psi dx$

Observable $\langle Q(x, p) \rangle = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \Psi^*(Q(x, p)) \Psi dx$

1-D Schrödinger Equation

SOV $\Psi(x, t) = \psi(x) \varphi(t)$

$$\varphi(t) = e^{-iEt/\hbar}$$

TISE $-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{d^2 \psi}{dx^2} + V\psi = E\psi$

Hamiltonian $H(x, p) = \frac{p^2}{2m} + V(x)$

$$H\psi = E\psi \quad \langle H \rangle = E$$

Wavefunction $\Psi(x, t) = \sum_n c_n \psi_n(x) e^{-iE_n t/\hbar}$

Probability $P(E_n) = |c_n|^2$

Infinite Square Well ($V = \infty$ for $x < 0, x > a$)

Wavefunction $\psi_n(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{a}} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{a}x\right)$

Energy $E_n = \frac{n^2 \pi^2 \hbar^2}{2ma^2}$

Harmonic Oscillator ($V = \frac{1}{2}kx^2$)

Ladder $\hat{a}_{\pm} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\hbar m\omega}} (\mp ip + m\omega x)$

Wavefunction $\psi_0(x) = \left(\frac{m\omega}{\pi\hbar}\right)^{1/4} e^{-\frac{m\omega}{2\hbar}x^2}$

$$\psi_n(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{n!}} (\hat{a}_+)^n \psi_0(x)$$

Energy $E_n = \left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right)\hbar\omega$

Step Potential ($V = V_0$ for $x > 0$)

Wavefunction $\psi(x) = \begin{cases} e^{ikx} + Ae^{-ikx} & x < 0 \\ Be^{ilx} & x > 0 \end{cases}$

Wavenumbers $k = \frac{\sqrt{2mE}}{\hbar} \quad l = \frac{\sqrt{2m(E-V_0)}}{\hbar}$

Energy $E = \frac{\hbar^2 k^2}{2m}$

Coefficients $A = \frac{k-l}{k+l} \quad B = \frac{2k}{k+l}$

$$R = \frac{k-l}{k+l} \quad T = B\sqrt{\frac{l}{k}} = \frac{2\sqrt{kl}}{k+l}$$

$$|R|^2 + |T|^2 = 1$$

Free Particle

Wavefunction $\Psi(x, t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \phi(k) e^{i\left(kx - \frac{\hbar k^2}{2m}t\right)} dk$

$$\phi(k) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \Psi(x, 0) e^{-ikx} dx$$

Finite Well ($V = -V_0$ for $-a \leq x \leq a$)

Bound $\psi(x) = \begin{cases} Fe^{\kappa x} & x < -a \\ C \sin(lx) + D \cos(lx) & -a \leq x \leq a \\ Fe^{-\kappa x} & x > a \end{cases}$

$$\kappa = \frac{\sqrt{-2mE}}{\hbar} \quad l = \frac{\sqrt{2m(V_0+E)}}{\hbar}$$

$$E_n + V_0 \approx \frac{n^2 \pi^2 \hbar^2}{2m(2a)^2} \quad (n = 1, 3, 5, \dots)$$

Scattering $\psi(x) = \begin{cases} Ae^{ikx} + Be^{-ikx} & x < -a \\ C \sin(lx) + D \cos(lx) & -a \leq x \leq a \\ Fe^{ikx} & x > a \end{cases}$

$$k = \frac{\sqrt{2mE}}{\hbar} \quad l = \frac{\sqrt{2m(V_0+E)}}{\hbar}$$

$$B = i \frac{\sin(2la)}{2kl} (l^2 - k^2) F$$

$$F = \frac{e^{-2ika} A}{\cos(2la) - i \frac{k^2 + l^2}{2kl} \sin(2la)} \quad T = \frac{|F|^2}{|A|^2}$$

$$T^{-1} = 1 + \frac{V_0^2}{4E(E+V_0)} \sin^2\left(\frac{2a}{\hbar} \sqrt{2m(E+V_0)}\right)$$

Perfect transmission: $E_n + V_0 = \frac{n^2 \pi^2 \hbar^2}{2m(2a)^2}$

Formalism

ket $|a\rangle = [\vec{a}] \quad \langle a|b\rangle = a_1^* b_1 + \dots + a_n^* b_n$

$$\langle f|g\rangle = \int_a^b f(x)^* g(x) dx \quad \langle f|g\rangle = \langle g|f\rangle^*$$

ONB $\langle i|j\rangle = \delta_{ij} \quad c_n = \langle f_n|f\rangle$

Hermitian $\int_V \varphi_1^* (O^\dagger \varphi_2) dV = \int_V (O \varphi_1)^* \varphi_2 dV$

$$O^\dagger = O \quad O_{ab}^\dagger = O_{ba}^*$$

Uncertainty $\sigma_A^2 \sigma_B^2 \geq \left(\frac{1}{2i} \langle [\hat{A}, \hat{B}] \rangle\right)^2$

$$\sigma_x \sigma_p \geq \frac{\hbar}{2}$$

Dirac $\langle f| = \int f^*[\dots] dx \quad \langle b| = [b_1^* \dots b_n^*]$

Hermitian $M^\dagger = \sum_{ij}^d [M]_{ji}^* |i\rangle \langle j|$

$$\langle u|M^\dagger|v\rangle = (M|u\rangle)^\dagger|v\rangle$$

3-D Schrödinger Equation

Schrödinger $i\hbar \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial t} = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2 \Psi + V\Psi$

TISE $-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2 \psi + V\psi = E\psi$

$$\nabla^2 = \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial r}\right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta}\right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \phi^2}$$

SOV $\Psi(r, \theta, \phi) = R(r) Y(\theta, \phi)$

Angular $\sin \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial Y}{\partial \theta}\right) + \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial \phi^2} = -l(l+1) \sin^2 \theta Y$

Radial $u = rR, -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{d^2 u}{dr^2} + \left[V + \frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{l(l+1)}{r^2}\right] u = Eu$

Spherical Well ($V = \infty$ for $r > a$)

Bessel Solutions $u(r) = Ar j_l(kr) + Br n_l(kr)$

Hydrogen ($V = -\frac{e^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{1}{r}$)

$$\psi_{nlm} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{2}{na}\right)^3 \frac{(n-l-1)!}{2n(n+l)!}} e^{-r/na} \left(\frac{2r}{na}\right)^l L_{n-l-1}^{2l+1} \left(\frac{2r}{na}\right) Y_l^m(\theta, \phi)$$

Radius $a_0 = \frac{4\pi\epsilon_0 \hbar^2}{me^2} \approx 52.9 \text{ pm}$

Energy $E_n = \frac{E_1}{n^2} \quad E_1 = -\frac{m_e}{2\hbar^2} \left(\frac{e^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0}\right)^2 = -13.6 \text{ eV}$

Photon $E_\gamma = E_i - E_f = -13.6 \left(\frac{1}{n_i^2} - \frac{1}{n_f^2}\right) = h\nu$

Rydberg $\frac{1}{\lambda} = R \left(\frac{1}{n_f^2} - \frac{1}{n_i^2}\right) \quad R = 1.097 \times 10^7 \text{ m}^{-1}$

Angular Momentum

$$L_x = yp_z - zp_y \quad L_y = zp_x - xp_z \quad L_z = xp_y - yp_x$$

$$[L_x, L_y] = i\hbar L_z \quad [L_y, L_z] = i\hbar L_x \quad [L_z, L_x] = i\hbar L_y$$

$$L^2 = L_x^2 + L_y^2 + L_z^2 \quad [L^2, \vec{L}] = 0$$

$$L_\pm = L_x \pm iL_y \quad [L_z, L_\pm] = \pm \hbar L_\pm \quad [L^2, L_\pm] = 0$$

$$L^2 f_l^m = \hbar^2 l(l+1) f_l^m \quad L_z f_l^m = \hbar m f_l^m$$

$$L^2 = L_\pm L_\mp + L_z^2 \mp \hbar L_z$$

$$L_z (L_+^k f_l^m) = \hbar(m+k)(L_+^k f_l^m)$$

$$L_z (L_-^k f_l^m) = \hbar(m-k)(L_-^k f_l^m)$$

Spin

$$[S_x, S_y] = i\hbar S_z \quad [S_y, S_z] = i\hbar S_x \quad [S_z, S_x] = i\hbar S_y$$

$$S^2 |sm\rangle = \hbar^2 s(s+1) |sm\rangle \quad S_z |sm\rangle = \hbar m |sm\rangle$$

$$S_\pm = S_x \pm iS_y$$

$$S_\pm |sm\rangle = \hbar \sqrt{s(s+1) - m(m \pm 1)} |s, m \pm 1\rangle$$

Spin $\frac{1}{2}$

$$\vec{S} = \frac{\hbar}{2} \vec{\sigma} \quad \sigma_x = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \sigma_y = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \sigma_z = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Magnetic $H = -\frac{g_s \mu_B}{\hbar} \vec{S} \cdot \vec{B} = -\frac{g_s \mu_B}{2\hbar} B_z \sigma_z$

$$e^{i \frac{g_s \mu_B}{2\hbar} B_z \sigma_z T} = \cos\left(\frac{g_s \mu_B}{2\hbar} B_z T\right) \mathcal{I} + i \sin\left(\frac{g_s \mu_B}{2\hbar} B_z T\right) \sigma_z$$

Eigenstates $S_z |1\rangle = \frac{\hbar}{2} |1\rangle \quad S_z |0\rangle = -\frac{\hbar}{2} |0\rangle$

NOT $X = |1\rangle \langle 0| + |0\rangle \langle 1|$

Z $Z = |1\rangle \langle 1| - |0\rangle \langle 0|$

iY $iY = |1\rangle \langle 0| - |0\rangle \langle 1|$

Hadamard $h = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|1\rangle \langle 1| - |0\rangle \langle 0| + |0\rangle \langle 1| + |1\rangle \langle 0|)$

Two Qubit

Tensor Product	$ \psi\rangle_A \otimes \psi\rangle_B$
Spin	$\vec{S} = \vec{S}_A \otimes \mathcal{I}_B + \mathcal{I}_A \otimes \vec{S}_B$
	$\vec{S}^2 = \vec{S}_A^2 \otimes \mathcal{I}_B + \mathcal{I}_A \otimes \vec{S}_B^2 + 2\vec{S}_A \otimes \vec{S}_B$
CNOT	$ 1\rangle_{AA}\langle 1 \otimes \mathcal{I}_B + 0\rangle_{AA}\langle 0 \otimes X_B$
	flips B if $ 0\rangle_A$
Density	$\rho = \psi\rangle\langle\psi $
Pure State	$\text{Tr}(\rho) = 1 \quad \rho^2 = \rho$
Reduced	$\rho^{(B)} = {}_A\langle 1 \rho 1\rangle_A + {}_A\langle 0 \rho 0\rangle_A$
Entropy	$S = -\text{Tr}(\rho^{(B)}) \ln(\rho^{(B)})$
	$S = -\sum_i r_i \ln(r_i)$