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CS 143
Homework 1 Part 2
1
a) See part 1
b) " " "
c) " " "
d)
       \Pi hour, trips/100 (\sigma x (hourly ridership))
              where x = (((hour > 7) \land (hour < 10)) \lor hour = 7) \lor (((hour > 17) \land (hour < 19))
V hour = 17
e)
       \Pi x (\sigma y (occupancy \bowtiez weather))
              x = occupancy.station, occupancy.datetime, condition, riders
              y = condition = 'sunny' V condition = 'rainy'
              z = occupancy.station = weather.station ^ occupancy.datetime = weather.datetime
2.
a)
       CREATE TABLE scooter
       (
              scooter_id
                                           serial,
              flag
                                                                        NOT NULL,
                                           integer
              home
                                           varchar(30)
                                                                        NOT NULL,
                                           point,
              location
              PRIMARY KEY(scooter_id)
       );
       CREATE TABLE user
       (
              user id
                                           serial,
              credit_card
                                           integer,
              exp_date
                                           timestamp,
              email
                                           varchar(30)
                                                                        NOT NULL,
              PRIMARY KEY(user id)
       );
```

```
b)
       CREATE TABLE trip
       (
              trip id
                                    serial.
              user id
                                    serial,
                                    serial,
              scooter id
              start pos
                                    point
                                                                        NOT NULL,
                                                                               NOT NULL,
              end pos
                                           point
                                    timestamp
              start time
                                                                        NOT NULL,
              end time
                                    timestamp
                                                                        NOT NULL,
              PRIMARY KEY(trip id),
              FOREIGN KEY(scooter id) REFERENCES scooter(scooter id),
              FOREIGN KEY(user id) REFERENCES user(user id)
       );
c)
       Method 1: insert row to database and modify row in database
              Pros
              -no loss of data - reliable
              Cons
              -frequently accessing database - slower operations
              -increases database traffic
              -increases user's cell phone data usage
       Method 2: cache ride data locally and then insert row in database
              Pros
              -reduces database traffic
              -saves resources needed to push new data to database
              -faster operations because part of inserting a new entry is done locally
              Cons
              -possible loss of data if user's cell phone loses power during ride
       -would prefer method 2 as there are more pros, and the cons are rare cases
       Method 3: cache ride data on scooter and insert row in database
              Pros
              -same as all pros in both of above methods
              -don't have to worry about it losing power during a ride, as it already stops users
from riding it when on low battery
```

Cons

-more costly to implement an embedded system in all scooter units