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```
function s = sum_arise(start_val,com_diff,N) % Calculates the sum of the first N  
terms of an arithmetic sequence
```

```
    s = (N / 2) * (2 * start_val + (N - 1) * com_diff); % Sum formula for  
arithmetic sequence
```

```
end
```

```
N_1 = sum_arise(3,3,333) % Calculates the sum of the sequence {3, 6, 9, ..., 999}
```

```
N_1 =  
166833
```

```
N_2 = sum_arise(20,20,50) % Calculates the sum of the sequence {20, 40, 60, ...,  
1000}
```

```
N_2 =  
25500
```

%Today, we implemented a MATLAB function to calculate the sum of an arithmetic sequence.

% The function uses a formula that takes the first term, common difference, and the number of terms to calculate the sum efficiently.

% We tested the function with two different sequences,

% and the results confirmed that the function works correctly,

% showing how programming can help solve mathematical problems quickly and accurately.