

Integer types

In C size of int, char, unsigned is generally not set and is adjusted according to the processor. Int can be 8 bit, 16 bit or above based on targeted processor running the C code.

Thus to define standards in variable type sizes, we use `#include <stdint.h>` header file.

Code :

```
#include "tm4c123gh6pm.h"
#include <stdint.h>
```

```
int8_t s8a;
int16_t s16a;
int32_t s32a;
uint8_t u8a;
```

```
int main()
{
```

```
    // Checking sizeof types
```

```
    u8a = sizeof(uint8_t);
    s8a = sizeof(int8_t);
    s32a = sizeof(int32_t);
```

```
    // Assigning values to variables
```

```
    u8a = 0xfcU;
    s16a = 0xbff5;
    s32a = 0xcacacaca;
```

```
    s32a = s8a;
    s8a = u8a;
```

```
    return 0;
}
```

The variables are assigned the values using MOVs/MOVSW

The variables of different sizes are also stored using slightly different instructions. STRB for 8 bit variables, STRH for 16 bits and, STR for 32 bit variables.

u8a = 0xfcU;			
0x54: 0x23fc	MOVS	R3, #252	
0x56: 0x7003	STRB	R3, [R0]	
s16a = 0xbff5;			
0x58: 0x4b0a	LDR.N	R3, [PC, #0x28]	
0x5a: 0x4c0b	LDR.N	R4, [PC, #0x2c]	
0x5c: 0x8023	STRH	R3, [R4]	
s32a = 0xcacacaca;			
0x5e: 0xf05f 0x33ca	MOVS.W	R3, #-892679478	
0x62: 0x6013	STR	R3, [R2]	
s32a = s8a;			
0x64: 0xf991 0x3000	LDRSB.W	R3, [R1]	
0x68: 0x6013	STR	R3, [R2]	
s8a = u8a;			

