

# INTRODUCTION TO PIZZA SALES DATA ANALYSIS PROJECT

The Pizza Sales Data Analysis Project is a comprehensive exploration of transactional data from a fictional pizza shop. This project focuses on utilizing Structured Query Language (SQL) to derive meaningful insights from sales data, enabling data-driven decision-making for the business.



## QUESTIONS

#### Basic:

- Retrieve the total number of orders placed.
- Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.
- Identify the highest-priced pizza.
- Identify the most common pizza size ordered.
- List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

#### Intermediate:

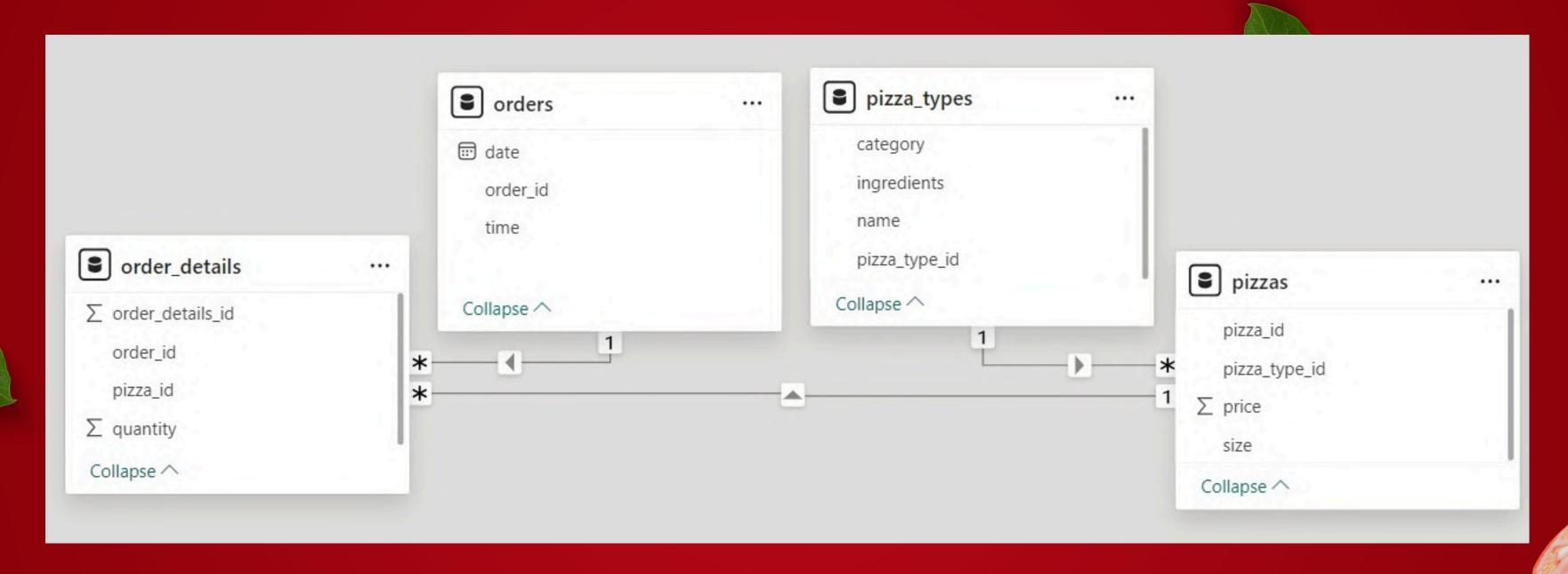
- Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.
- Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.
- Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.
- Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.
- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

#### Advanced:

- Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.
- Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.
- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

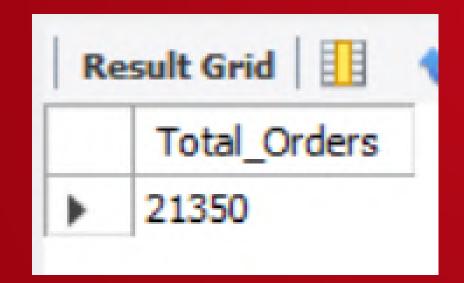


#### TABLES: THE DATASET CONSISTS OF TABLES SUCH AS ORDERS, ORDER\_DETAILS, PIZZAS, AND PIZZA\_TYPES.



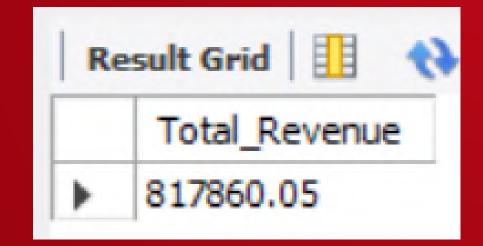


## RETRIEVE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ORDERS PLACED.





CALCULATE THE TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED FROM PIZZA SALES.





## IDENTIFY THE HIGHEST-PRICED PIZZA.

Result Grid			
	name	price	
-	The Greek Pizza	35.95	



### IDENTIFY THE MOST COMMON PIZZA SIZE ORDERED.

Re	sult Grid		43	Filter
	size	Order	Cour	nt
•	L	18526		



#### LIST THE TOP 5 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES ALONG WITH THEIR QUANTITIES.

```
-- List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.
       SELECT
 2 •
           pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
       FROM
           pizza_types
               JOIN
           pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
               JOIN
           order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
       GROUP BY pizza_types.name
10
       ORDER BY Quantity DESC
11
       LIMIT 5;
```

	name	quantity	
•	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453	
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432	
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422	
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418	
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371	



JOIN THE NECESSARY TABLES TO FIND THE TOTAL QUANTITY OF EACH PIZZA CATEGORY ORDERED.

```
-- Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordere

SELECT

pizza_types.category,

SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity

FROM

pizza_types

JOIN

pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id

JOIN

order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id

GROUP BY pizza_types.category

ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```

Result Grid			
	category	quantity	
•	Classic	14888	
	Supreme	11987	
	Veggie	11649	
	Chicken	11050	

#### DETERMINE THE DISTRIBUTION OF ORDERS BY HOUR OF THE DAY.

```
1   -- Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.
2   select * from orders;
3   SELECT
4   HOUR(order_time) AS hours, COUNT(order_id) AS orders
5   FROM
6   orders
7   GROUP BY hours
8   ORDER BY orders DESC;
```

Re	Result Grid			
	hours	orders		
<b>&gt;</b>	12	2520		
	13	2455		
	18	2399		
	17	2336		
	19	2009		
	16	1920		
	20	1642		
	14	1472		
	15	1468		
	11	1231		
	21	1198		
	22	663		
	23	28		
	10	8		
	9	1		



JOIN RELEVANT TABLES TO FIND THE CATEGORY-WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PIZZAS.

Result Grid		
	category	count
<b>&gt;</b>	Chicken	6
	Classic	8
	Supreme	9
	Veggie	9



GROUP THE ORDERS BY DATE AND CALCULATE THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF PIZZAS ORDERED PER DAY.

```
-- Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of
-- pizzas ordered per day.

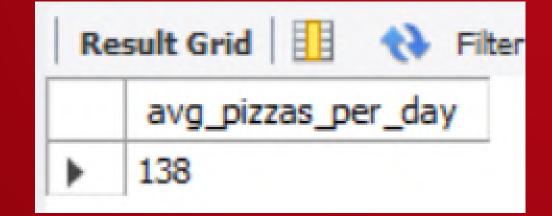
SELECT
ROUND(AVG(total_order), 0) AS avg_pizzas_per_day

FROM

(SELECT
orders.order_date AS order_date,
SUM(order_details.quantity) AS total_order

FROM
orders
JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id

GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS a;
```





DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE.

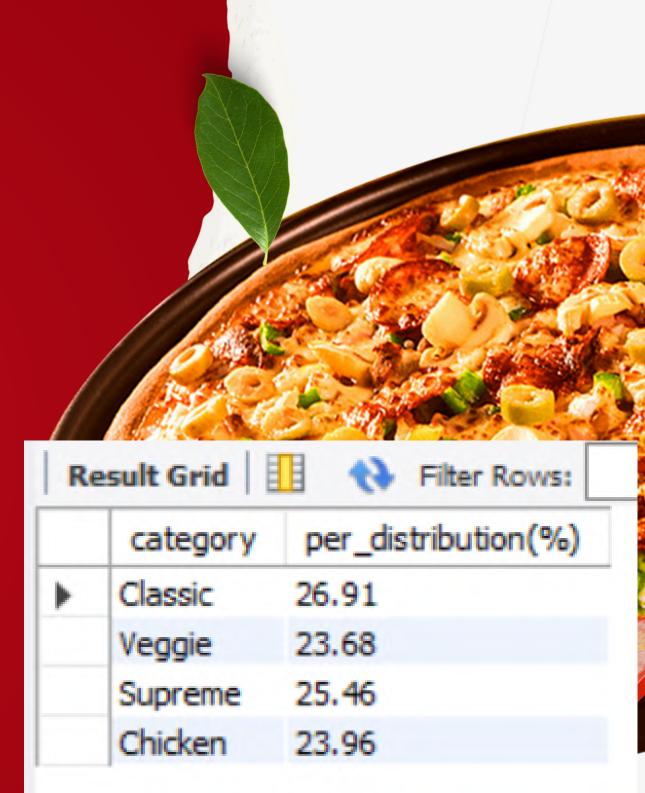
```
-- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.
       SELECT
           pizza_types.name,
           ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
                   2) AS revenue
       FROM
           pizza_types
               JOIN
           pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
               JOIN
10
           order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
11
       GROUP BY pizza_types.name
12
13
       ORDER BY revenue DESC
       LIMIT 3;
14
```

Result Grid			
	name	revenue	
•	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25	
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768	
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5	



## CALCULATE THE PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF EACH PIZZA TYPE TO TOTAL REVENUE.

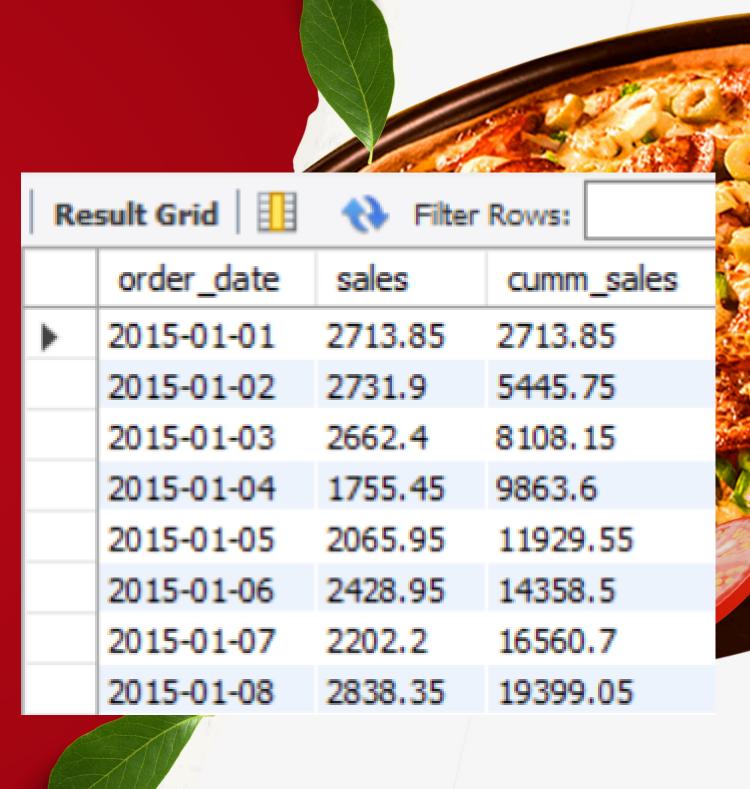
```
-- Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.
 1
       SELECT
 2 •
           pizza_types.category,
 3
           ROUND((SUM(pizzas.price * order_details.quantity) / (SELECT
                           SUM(pizzas.price * order_details.quantity)
 5
                       FROM
 6
                           pizzas
 7
                                JOIN
 8
                           order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id) * 100),
                   2) AS 'per_distribution(%)'
10
       FROM
11
           pizza_types
12
13
               JOIN
           pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
14
15
               JOIN
           order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
16
       GROUP BY pizza_types.category;
17
```



#### ANALYZE THE CUMULATIVE REVENUE GENERATED OVER TIME.

```
-- Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.
2 •
       SELECT
           order date, sales,
           SUM(sales) OVER (ORDER BY order_date) AS cumm_sales

⊖ FROM (
           SELECT
 6
               orders.order date,
               ROUND(SUM(pizzas.price * order_details.quantity), 2) AS sales
           FROM
 9
               pizzas
10
           JOIN
11
               order_details
12
               ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
13
14
           JOIN
               orders
15
               ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
16
           GROUP BY
17
               orders.order_date
18
           ORDER BY
19
               orders.order_date ASC
20
       ) AS sales;
21
```



DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE FOR EACH PIZZA CATEGORY.

```
-- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.
       SELECT name, revenue

→ FROM ( SELECT category, name, revenue,
               RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY category ORDER BY revenue DESC) AS rn
           FROM ( SELECT pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name,
                   SUM(pizzas.price * order_details.quantity) AS revenue
               FROM
                   pizza types
9
               JOIN
10
                   pizzas
                   ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
11
               JOIN
12
13
                   order_details
                   ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
14
15
               GROUP BY
                   pizza_types.category,
16
17
                   pizza_types.name
18
               ORDER BY
                   pizza_types.category ASC
19
           ) AS a
20
       ) AS b
21
22
       WHERE
23
           rn <= 3;
```

