Build a CNN Based Classifier for Classifying the Objects using CIFAR100 Dataset.

Requirements:

- Seven Number of Convolutional 2D Layers starting with 1024 filters.
- Kernel size 3 x 3
- · Two Average Pooling Layers, in the sixth and seventh Convolutional Layer.
- Stride 2
- · Padding '0'
- · Optimizer Adam
- · Loss function catagorical_crossentropy

```
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.datasets import cifar100
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, AveragePooling2D, Flatten, Dense
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, classification_report
from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Load CIFAR-100 dataset
(train_images, train_labels), (test_images, test_labels) = cifar100.load_data()
    Downloading data from <a href="https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~kriz/cifar-100-python.tar.gz">https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~kriz/cifar-100-python.tar.gz</a>
     # Data Preprocessing (Normalization)
train_images = train_images.astype('float32')
test_images = test_images.astype('float32')
train_images /= 255.0
test_images /= 255.0
# One-hot encode labels
train_labels = to_categorical(train_labels)
test_labels = to_categorical(test_labels)
print(train_images.shape[1:])
→ (32, 32, 3)
# Create a Sequential model
model = Sequential()
# First convolutional layer
model.add(Conv2D(1024, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu', input_shape=(32, 32, 3)))
# Second convolutional layer
model.add(Conv2D(512, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu'))
# Third convolutional layer
model.add(Conv2D(256, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu'))
# Fourth convolutional laver
model.add(Conv2D(128, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu'))
# Fifth convolutional laver
model.add(Conv2D(64, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu'))
# Sixth convolutional layer
model.add(Conv2D(32, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu'))
# First pooling layer
model.add(AveragePooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2), strides=2, padding='same'))
# Seventh convolutional layer
model.add(Conv2D(16, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu'))
# Second pooling layer
model.add(AveragePooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2), strides=2, padding='same'))
# Flatten the output of the convolutional layers
model.add(Flatten())
# Dense layer with 100 output units and softmax activation
model.add(Dense(100, activation='softmax'))
```

plt.grid(True) plt.show()

```
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                                        CNN Based Classifier using CIFAR100.ipynb - Colab
                                          # Compile the model
  model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])
  # Train the model
  history=model.fit(train_images, train_labels, epochs=5, batch_size=32, validation_data=(test_images, test_labels))

→ Epoch 1/5

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             Epoch 3/5
     Epoch 4/5
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                 Epoch 5/5
     # Evaluate the model on the test set
  test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(test_images, test_labels)
  print('Test accuracy:', test_acc)
  Test accuracy: 0.2662000060081482
  # Make predictions on the test set
  predictions = model.predict(test_images)
  → 313/313 [===========] - 8s 26ms/step
  # Calculate confusion matrix
  cm = confusion_matrix(test_labels.argmax(axis=1), predictions.argmax(axis=1))
  print('Confusion Matrix:\n', cm)
  → Confusion Matrix:
      [[42 1 2 ... 0 0 0]
[ 1 27 1 ... 0 1 1]
      [ 1 1 16 ... 3 2 1]
      [000...4500]
      [ 2 0 5 ... 1 6 1]
[ 1 0 1 ... 3 0 6]]
  # Generate classification report
  print('Classification Report:\n', classification_report(test_labels.argmax(axis=1), predictions.argmax(axis=1)))
     Show hidden output
  # Plot accuracy and loss curves
  plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Accuracy')
  plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
  plt.title('Model Accuracy')
  plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
  plt.xlabel('Epoch')
  plt.legend(loc='lower right')
  plt.grid(True)
  plt.show()
  plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Loss')
  plt.plot(history.history['val loss'], label='Validation Loss')
  plt.title('Model Loss')
  plt.ylabel('Loss')
  plt.xlabel('Epoch')
  plt.legend(loc='lower right')
```





