



GOVERNMENT OF PAKISTAN
NATIONAL VOCATIONAL & TECHNICAL TRAINING
COMMISSION

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Select the most appropriate answer as given in the options.

Part- I

1. Which of the following is a supervised learning technique?
 - A) K-means clustering
 - B) Decision tree classification
 - C) Principal Component Analysis (PCA)
 - D) Apriori algorithm
2. What does overfitting mean in the context of machine learning?
 - A) The model performs well on unseen data.
 - B) The model memorizes the training data and performs poorly on new data.
 - C) The model is too simple to capture the underlying patterns in the data.
 - D) The model converges slowly during training.
3. Which evaluation metric is commonly used for classification tasks when dealing with imbalanced datasets?
 - A) Accuracy
 - B) Precision
 - C) F1-score
 - D) Mean squared error
4. What is the purpose of regularization techniques in machine learning?
 - A) To increase model complexity
 - B) To reduce bias in the model
 - C) To prevent overfitting
 - D) To speed up training time
5. Which machine learning algorithm is used for anomaly detection?
 - A) Support Vector Machines (SVM)
 - B) K-means clustering
 - C) Random Forest
 - D) Gradient Descent
6. What is the primary purpose of pooling layers in a CNN?
 - A) To flatten the input data
 - B) To reduce the spatial dimensions of the feature map
 - C) To add non-linearity to the network
 - D) To apply element-wise activation functions

7. Which activation function is commonly used at the output layer of a binary classification CNN?
- A) ReLU (Rectified Linear Unit)
 - B) Sigmoid
 - C) Tanh (Hyperbolic tangent)
 - D) Softmax
8. What is the purpose of dropout regularization in deep learning?
- A) To add noise to the input data
 - B) To randomly drop neurons during training to prevent overfitting
 - C) To increase the learning rate of the model
 - D) To remove outliers from the training dataset
9. What is backpropagation in the context of neural networks?
- A) The process of updating model parameters to minimize prediction errors
 - B) The process of randomly initializing model weights
 - C) The process of generating synthetic data for model training
 - D) The process of forward pass through the network
10. Which deep learning architecture is commonly used for sequence modeling tasks?
- A) Autoencoders
 - B) Long Short-Term Memory (LSTM) networks
 - C) Generative Adversarial Networks (GANs)
 - D) Reinforcement Learning (RL)
11. Which NLP technique is used to extract important words or phrases from a text?
- A) Stemming
 - B) Lemmatization
 - C) Named Entity Recognition (NER)
 - D) Term Frequency-Inverse Document Frequency (TF-IDF)
12. What does POS tagging stand for in NLP?
- A) Part-of-Speech tagging
 - B) Phrase-Optimization Syntax
 - C) Primary Objective of Syntax
 - D) Probability of Semantic
13. Which NLP task involves predicting the next word in a sequence based on context?
- A) Named Entity Recognition (NER)
 - B) Part-of-Speech Tagging (POS)
 - C) Language Modeling
 - D) Sentiment Analysis
14. What is the purpose of word embeddings in NLP?
- A) To transform words into fixed-length vectors
 - B) To remove stop words from text
 - C) To tokenize sentences into words
 - D) To perform sentiment analysis

15. Which algorithm is commonly used for text classification tasks in NLP?
- A) K-means clustering
 - B) Support Vector Machines (SVM)
 - C) Apriori algorithm
 - D) Hierarchical clustering
16. What does the `__init__` method do in a Python class?
- A) Initializes the class object
 - B) Defines class attributes and methods
 - C) Executes when an object is created
 - D) Cleans up resources when an object is destroyed
17. What is the output of `print(len([1, 2, 3, 4]))` in Python?
- A) 4
 - B) 3
 - C) [1, 2, 3, 4]
 - D) None
18. Which keyword is used to define a function in Python?
- A) def
 - B) function
 - C) define
 - D) func
19. What will `x = "hello"` and `y = "world"` result in when `print(x + " " + y)` is executed?
- A) helloworld
 - B) hello world
 - C) SyntaxError
 - D) None of the above
20. What does the `super()` function do in Python?
- A) Calls the superclass constructor
 - B) Returns the current instance of the class
 - C) Defines a subclass of a superclass
 - D) Initializes a child class

Part-II

1. Which of the following is NOT a type of machine learning?
- A) Supervised Learning
 - B) Unsupervised Learning
 - C) Reinforcement Learning
 - D) Static Learning
2. What is the purpose of feature scaling in machine learning?
- A) To convert categorical features into numerical values
 - B) To standardize or normalize the range of features
 - C) To add new features to the dataset
 - D) To reduce the number of features in the dataset

3. Which algorithm is used for clustering in unsupervised learning?
 - A) Linear Regression
 - B) K-nearest Neighbors (KNN)
 - C) K-means Clustering
 - D) Decision Trees
4. What is cross-validation used for in machine learning?
 - A) To train the model on multiple datasets simultaneously
 - B) To select the best model based on performance metrics
 - C) To test the model on unseen data during training
 - D) To evaluate the model's performance using different subsets of the data
5. Which evaluation metric is suitable for regression tasks?
 - A) Accuracy
 - B) Precision
 - C) Mean Absolute Error (MAE)
 - D) F1-score
6. What is the purpose of an activation function in a neural network?
 - A) To initialize the weights of the network
 - B) To control the output range of neurons
 - C) To add more layers to the network
 - D) To define the learning rate of the network
7. Which layer is typically used for reducing the dimensionality of data in a neural network?
 - A) Convolutional Layer
 - B) Dropout Layer
 - C) Pooling Layer
 - D) Batch Normalization Layer
8. Which optimizer is commonly used for training deep learning models?
 - A) Gradient Descent
 - B) AdaBoost
 - C) Adam
 - D) Random Forest
9. What does the term "vanishing gradient problem" refer to in deep learning?
 - A) The gradient of the loss function becomes too large during training
 - B) The weights of the neural network become too small to update effectively
 - C) The gradient of the loss function becomes too small to propagate back through the network
 - D) The neural network fails to converge during training
10. Which deep learning architecture is used for generating new data samples?
 - A) Autoencoders
 - B) Variational Autoencoders (VAEs)
 - C) Long Short-Term Memory (LSTM) networks
 - D) Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs)

11. What is the purpose of tokenization in NLP?
- A) To translate text into multiple languages
 - B) To remove stopwords from text data
 - C) To split text into individual words or tokens
 - D) To identify named entities in text data
12. Which task involves determining the sentiment (positive, negative, neutral) of text data?
- A) Named Entity Recognition (NER)
 - B) Part-of-Speech Tagging (POS)
 - C) Sentiment Analysis
 - D) Word Embedding
13. What is the purpose of stemming in NLP?
- A) To extract important keywords from text
 - B) To identify named entities in text data
 - C) To reduce words to their base or root form
 - D) To tokenize sentences into words
14. Which algorithm is commonly used for text classification in NLP?
- A) K-means Clustering
 - B) Support Vector Machines (SVM)
 - C) Decision Trees
 - D) Linear Regression
15. What does TF-IDF stand for in the context of text analysis?
- A) Text Frequency-Inverse Document Format
 - B) Term Frequency-Inverse Document Frequency
 - C) Token Frequency-Inverse Document Feature
 - D) Text Feature-Inverse Data Frequency
16. What does the `len()` function do in Python?
- A) Returns the length of a string or list
 - B) Converts a string to lowercase
 - C) Checks if a value exists in a list
 - D) Rounds a floating-point number to the nearest integer
17. What is the output of `print("Hello" + "World")` in Python?
- A) Hello World
 - B) HelloWorld
 - C) Hello + World
 - D) SyntaxError
18. What is the correct way to define a Python function named `add` that takes two arguments `a` and `b`?
- A) `def add(a, b):`
 - B) `function add(a, b):`
 - C) `define add(a, b):`
 - D) `func add(a, b):`

19. How do you access the value associated with the key 'name' in a dictionary named 'person'?

- A) `person['name']`
- B) `person(name)`
- C) `person.get('name')`
- D) `person.name`

20. Which keyword is used to inherit properties and methods from a parent class in Python?

- A) `extends`
- B) `inherits`
- C) `superclass`
- D) `class`

Part-III (Practical)

Question 2: Build a CNN Based Classifier for Classifying the Objects using CIFAR10 Dataset.

Requirements:

- Five Number of Convolutional 2D Layers starting with 1024 filters.
- Kernel size 3 x 3
- Two Average Pooling Layers, in the 3rd and Fifth Convolutional Layer.
- Stride 2
- Padding '0'
- Optimizer Adam
- Loss function catagorical_crossentropy

The End 😊