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Unravelling the Role of Long Noncoding RNAs in the Context of Cell-growth and Regeneration

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Abstract

Long noncoding RNAs (lncRNAs) have proven biological roles in plethora cellular contexts. Nonetheless, only a handful have been clearly characterized, leaving thousands of newly discovered lncRNAs without an associated function, and sometimes considered as transcriptional by-products. To this end, this thesis work had focused on exploring lncRNA functionality in two scenarios. First, in order to discern between lncRNAs affecting cell-growth rate (lncRNA-hits) and lncRNA-nothits, we built a tree-based classifier based on high-throughput CRISPRi functional screen data in seven human cell lines, as well as, cell-specific ENCODE transcription factor ChIP-seq data; finding that the genomic features used in our study showed small effects and tend to be transcript-specific. Our classifier outperformed previous algorithms, displayed balanced sensitivity and specificity values, and uncovered a lncRNA (LINC00879) involved in cell-growth. Additionally, we unveiled a list of 40 lncRNAs as candidates for experimental validation. Second, we characterized the lncRNA profile during regeneration, using Drosophila wing imaginal disc as a regeneration-model. We selected a candidate lncRNA (CR40469) and evaluated its role in regeneration at the early stage of cell-damage. Subsequently, using RNAseq data, we observed significant transcriptomic alterations in consequence of the CR40469 genetic deletion, suggesting its role in regeneration. In this study we have generated a list of lncRNAs whose possible biological role in cell-growth and in regeneration can be further studied.

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List of Abbreviations

bp - basepair

cDNA - complementary DNA

CRISPR - Clustered Regularly Interspaced Short Palindromic Repeats

CRISPRi - CRISPR interference

Ctrl - Control

DE - Differentially expressed

DEG - Differentially expressed genes

DNA - Deoxyribonucleic Acid

Down - Downregulated

ENCODE - ENCyclopedia Of DNA Elements

FC - Fold change

FPKM - Fragments per kilobase million

GEO - Gene expression omnibus

GTEx - Genotype-Tissue Expression

Gtf - Gene transfer format

H3K4me1 - monomethylation of histone H3 at lysine 4

H3K4me2 - dimethylation of histone H3 at lysine 4

H3K4me3 - trimethylation of histone H3 at lysine 4

H3K9ac - acetylation of histone H3 at lysine 9

H3K9me3 - trimethylation of histone H3 at lysine 9

H3K27ac - acetylation of histone H3 at lysine 27

H3K27me3 - trimethylation of histone H3 at lysine 27

H3K36me3 - trimethylation of histone H3 at lysine 36

H3K56ac - acetylation of histone H3 at lysine 56

KO - KnockOut

lincRNA - long intervening (sometimes intergenic) noncoding RNA

IncRNA - long noncoding RNA

ML - Machine Learning

modENCODE - model organisms ENCODE

 $mRNA - \underline{m} essenger \ RNA \ (protein-coding)$

ncRNA - noncoding RNA

NDE - Not differentially expressed

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

- nt <u>n</u>ucleo<u>t</u>ide
- $\pmb{\text{PCG}} \cdot \underline{P} \text{rotein} \ \underline{c} \text{oding} \ \underline{g} \text{ene}$
- $\pmb{PCR} \textbf{-} \underline{P}olymerase \underline{C}hain \ \underline{R}eaction$
- $\mbox{\bf Reg}$ $\underline{\mbox{\bf Reg}}\mbox{\rm e}{\mbox{\rm e}}{\mbox{\rm e}}{\mbox{\rm e}}{\mbox{\rm ration}}$
- **RFE** \underline{R} ecursive \underline{F} eature \underline{E} limination
- RNA Ribonucleic Acid
- TPM $\underline{T}ranscripts$ per kilobase $\underline{m}illion$
- $\textbf{TSS} \underline{T} ranscription \, \underline{S} tart \, \underline{S} ite$
- Up Upregulated
- UTR <u>Unt</u>ranslated <u>Region</u>
- Wt Wild-type