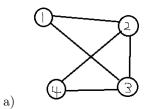
1.



L(G)=A(G)-D(G)=

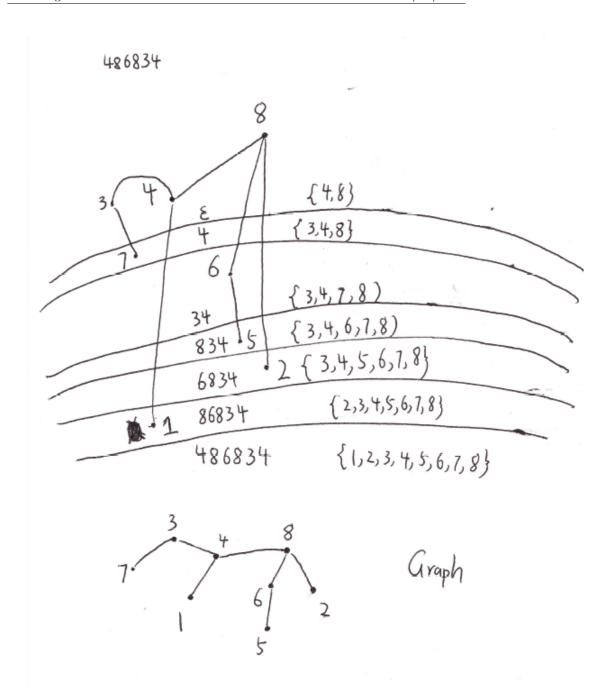
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc}
2 & -1 & -1 & 0 \\
-1 & 3 & -1 & -1 \\
-1 & -1 & 3 & -1 \\
0 & -1 & -1 & 2
\end{array}\right]$$

c) According to (Kirchoff's Matrix Tree Theorem), number of labeled spanning trees of G is det L':

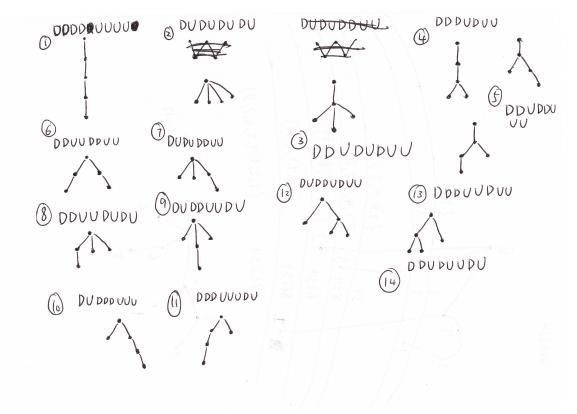
$$\det \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 3 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = 8$$

So there are 8 labelled different spanning tree.

2.



3. Draw all these trees:



According to formula:

$$C(n) = \frac{1}{n+1} * C(2n,n) = \frac{1}{5} * C(8,4) = 14$$

and we know that each traversal is unique for one tree. So this means we have successfully draw all 4-edges tree.