

Treat With Technologies

Standard Operating Procedure (Employee Handbook)

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1 Introduction

1.1 Welcome

As s an employee of ScaleLot, you will receive a written Statement of Terms and Conditions of Employment also referred to as a Contract of Employment. This document outlines the general Terms and Conditions of Employment and is confidential between you and ScaleLot (The Company). Please read this Statement carefully and sign it. This signifies your acceptance of the Terms and Conditions under which you are employed.

1.2 Purpose of this Handbook

This handbook contains company information and a summary of The Company policies which are correct at the date of print. You should note that all policies are subject to change and variation from time to time; you are advised to check with your manager to ensure that you have access to the most up-to-date information.

The handbook is designed to give employees clear advice and create a culture where issues are dealt with fairly and consistently. This is a guide to your terms and conditions of employment and should be read in conjunction with your statement of employment. The handbook provides important information about The Company's policies, procedures, and rules.

The information contained in this handbook applies to all our employees. Following the policies described in this handbook is considered a condition of continued employment. Failure to do so may result in the Disciplinary Procedures being invoked. The contents of this handbook shall not constitute nor be construed as a promise of employment or as a contract between The Company and any of its employees.

You are responsible for reading, understanding, and complying with this handbook's provisions and should sign and return the confirmation of receipt and understanding.

The Company reserves the right to make reasonable changes to any of your terms and conditions of employment. The Company will notify you in writing of such changes at the earliest opportunity or at any event no more than one month after such change has taken place. Any changes will be deemed to have been accepted unless written notification of any objection has been received before the end of any notification period.

Whilst this handbook aims to provide a comprehensive guide to The Company's terms and conditions of employment, your offer of employment letter, statement of employment, and/or other company's policies and procedures may provide more authoritative details.

1.3 Company Background and Mission Statement

The Company is committed to the long-term development of The Company by meeting customer needs. We value all our employees and will endeavour to create a safe and positive working environment where all employees are treated with dignity and respect. We recognize the need for the flexibility of operations dictated by rapidly changing economic and other conditions. We believe that our employees are honest and trustworthy and should be treated with respect and confidence.

1.4 Employment Records

Your Employment Record is very important. It contains all relevant information about your employment including address, telephone number, emergency contact details, educational attachments, etc. It is most important that these records are kept up to date. Please notify The Company of any changes that might affect your Employment Record.

1.5 Data Protection

The Company will hold and collect data about you in your employment. This is for administration and management and is also in compliance with applicable laws and regulations. All data will be treated with the utmost confidentially.

The Company is committed to:

Keeping all personal information confidential and secure.

Make sure the information is accurate, up-to-date, and as complete as possible.

Removing irrelevant information as necessary.

All personal information regarding your employment may be held on your computer and also in your personnel file. Copies of any letters memos or emails relating to changes in your terms and conditions of employment may also be stored electronically or on your personnel file.

information will not be disclosed to any external third party without your consent, except where it is necessary to comply with statutory requirements or where an organization is acting on behalf of The Company. Internally, the information may be made available to your manager and/or senior management team members, as circumstances dictate. You may, at any time, request access to the information held about you; such requests should be made to your manager and access will be provided within a reasonable period.

2 Company Policies and Procedure

2.1 Disciplinary Procedures

2.1.1 Purpose of Policy

The Company is committed to treating all staff fairly and equitably and to helping employees perform effectively. However, there may be occasions when it will be necessary to invoke Disciplinary Procedures which are designed to protect the interests of both The Company and its employees. Each employee's right to natural justice and fair procedures will be upheld at all times.

2.1.2 Scope

This policy applies to all employees, whether full-time, part-time, Fixed-term, temporary, or permanent. The progressive steps provided for in the policy may be skipped when applied to employees during their probationary period or in circumstances where it is deemed necessary by The Company to do so.

2.1.3 Policy

The Company aims to avoid situations requiring disciplinary action to be taken. An informal procedure is included in this policy to ensure that where company standards and rules are not being adhered to, an employee's manager/ supervisor may raise these issues with the employee concerned informally, to address the situation and resolve it without initiating disciplinary action.

Where there is a persistent failure on the part of an employee to adhere to the expected rules and standards of behaviour, or where a serious breach of this policy occurs, disciplinary action may become necessary. Where this situation arises, each case will be treated consistently and reasonably. The employee will be allowed to provide his/ her version of events, with mitigating circumstances to be taken into account.

Managers/supervisors will use their best effort to:

- Ensure that all cases are thoroughly investigated
- Avoid any discrimination
- o Prepare carefully and be consistent
- o Adhere to this procedure

2.1.4 Offences

2.1.4.1 Misconduct

Normally, the following list of offences of misconduct will be considered as appropriate reasons for initiating disciplinary action

- Unauthorised use of The Company's assets and equipment.
- Failing to follow the procedures in respect of absence due to sickness or injury.
- A minor breach of the written statement of terms and conditions of employment.
- Minor damage to The Company property.
- A minor breach of company rules.

- Minor failure to observe company policies or procedures.
- Regular unreasonable and/or unexplained absences.
- Poor timekeeping.
- Poor job performance

This list is not exhaustive and all cases will be treated individually.

2.1.4.2 Gross Misconduct

The following offences are examples of gross misconduct. These examples are not exhaustive or exclusive and offences of a similar nature will be dealt with under this procedure. Gross misconduct will result in the initiation of The Company disciplinary procedure and may result in immediate dismissal with or without notice or pay instead of notice.

- Divulging or misusing confidential information.
- Theft or unauthorised possession of any property or facilities of The Company.
- Insubordination e.g., Refusal to obey reasonable instructions given by those with authority to give such instructions, except where the employee's safety may reasonably be endangered by the instruction.
- Sexual harassment, harassment and/or bullying.
- Serious breach of rules, policies or procedures, especially those designed to ensure safety.
- Consumption of alcohol or drugs, or any kind of Tabaco addiction could affect work performance in any way or have an impact on other employees.
- The manufacture, possession or distribution of any controlled substance in the workplace or on the premises.
- Defrauding or attempting to defraud The Company, customers, suppliers or fellow employees.
- Unauthorised use of email, telephones, voicemail and computer systems.
- Falsification of any company records including reports, accounts, expenses claims or selfcertification forms.
- Serious damage to company property.
- Violent, dangerous or intimidatory conduct.
- Timekeeping offences.
- A conviction for, or failure to disclose to The Company, any criminal offence which may render the employee unsuitable for employment or perceived as unacceptable to other employees or customers or which is likely to adversely affect The Company's interest.

This list is not exhaustive and all cases will be treated individually.

2.1.5 Procedures

The Company's procedure on disciplinary issues is as follows:

2.1.5.1 Informal Counselling

Minor misconduct, poor performance or minor breaches of rules will normally result in informal counselling or advice being given by the immediate manager/supervisor. If this approach is not successful it may be necessary to use the formal disciplinary procedure.

2.1.5.2 Formal Disciplinary Procedure

This procedure will be used in cases of rules breaches or poor performance that have not been remedied by informal counselling. Normally the procedure will follow the stages listed below, although it is acceptable to move immediately to Stages 3, 4 or 5 if a case appears sufficiently serious.

From the first formal stage of the disciplinary procedure, employees are advised and have the option to have a colleague/ workplace representative present.

2.1.5.2.1 The Investigation Procedure

Before deciding to invoke the disciplinary procedure, The Company will ensure that the situation has been thoroughly investigated.

This will be a fact-finding process and will require the gathering of detailed information. It may necessitate the carrying out of formal interviews and the taking of written statements.

It is an integral part of the process and on occasion may require employees to be suspended on full pay, while it is carried out. Suspension on pay is not considered to be action taken under the disciplinary procedure. It is there to ensure that issues are dealt with fairly and reasonably.

Equally, the employee has the right to present information in the defence of his/her position, if the decision is taken to invoke the disciplinary procedure.

Once the investigation has been completed the Manager will inform the employee of the findings and the outcome. When the decision is taken to invoke the disciplinary procedure then the employee will be informed of the case against them, so they can respond in an informed manner at a disciplinary hearing.

Where the decision is taken not to take disciplinary action, the employee will be counselled.

2.1.5.2.2 The Disciplinary Procedure

The following disciplinary measures and procedures will apply in matters of discipline, the constant repetition of minor offences, wilful negligence or unsatisfactory performance or writing complaints against employees received through the Grievance Procedure, that are found to be proven against the employees.

At each stage in the procedure, a disciplinary meeting will be held where all the facts will be considered and any mitigating circumstances discussed. Where a warning is issued, a copy will be placed on the employees' personnel file for a defined period. All warnings issued under this procedure will state clearly that the employee will be liable for further disciplinary action should their performance not improve or should there be a further breach of company rules or procedures. In the event of no further transgression occurring and the performance improvements, the warning will be removed after a period of no more than 12 months, other than in exceptional circumstances, and the employee's file will be clear. The employee will also be advised of his/her right to appeal against disciplinary action taken.

The stages in the procedure are as follows:

Stage 1: Verbal Warning

Stage 2: First Written Warning

Stage 3: Final Written Warning

The final written warning will state clearly that the next stage may be termination of employment if conduct and/or performance does not improve.

Stage 4: Action Short of Dismissal In exceptional circumstances, and depending on the individual case, The Company may exercise its discretion to suspend with or without pay. Demotion to a lower position or rate of pay and transfer to another position may also be considered. This is action short of dismissal.

Stage 5: Dismissal In an instance of gross misconduct, an employee will normally be dismissed without going through the previous stages of the procedure. In these circumstances, a full investigation will be conducted and a disciplinary meeting will be held. This will follow the normal procedures outlined above, but the outcome, if found to be gross misconduct, will almost certainly result in dismissal due to the serious nature of the situation. Examples of offences are outlined in this procedure under Gross Misconduct.

2.1.6 Appeals

At any stage, the employee has the right to appeal in writing above the level of the Manager taking the action, within seven days of notification of a decision. Appeals will be dealt with as expeditiously as possible within a timeframe proportionate to the seriousness of the issue. Nothing in this policy affects an employee's right to further appeal in line with the Labour Relations Commission Code of Practice.

2.2 Grievance/Dispute Procedures

Grievances will occur in the normal course of interaction in any organisation or workplace. It is accepted that failure to provide a procedure to deal adequately with these grievances, as they arise, will inevitably lead to disputes affecting not only the aggrieved party but all those employed in The Company/workplace.

The Company intends to settle amicably, at all times, any disagreements between The Company and individual employees or groups of employees, or between employees themselves. All grievances will be dealt with, without undue delay and at the earliest possible stage of this procedure. A senior member of management will ensure that all grievances will be dealt with consistently and fairly having regard to:

Company Policy

Custom and Practice within The Company

Stage 1

You should first raise the matter with your Supervisor/Manager who will make every effort to solve the problem as quickly as possible. The matter will be discussed informally by the employee or employees concerned, with their immediate supervisor and agree on any corrective actions.

Stage 2

If you feel the problem has not been solved within a reasonable time or if you feel the solution is unsatisfactory, the matter will be referred to senior management. A meeting will take place within a reasonable period appropriate to the issue.

Stage 3

Should the matter remain unresolved, it may be referred to the appropriate body in line with the Labour Relations Commission's Code of Practice.

During the period in which the above procedure is being followed, all employees are expected to cooperate with normal working arrangements as stipulated by The Company.

2.3 Bullying and Harassment Policy and Procedure

The Company is committed to the promotion and implementation of all necessary measures to protect the dignity of employees and to encourage respect in the workplace. This will be done by creating a work environment, free from harassment, sexual harassment, bullying and disrespectful behaviour through the implementation of effective procedures to deal with any complaints of such conduct as may arise.

Harassment, sexual harassment, bullying or disrespectful behaviour takes many forms and can be of a verbal, physical or visual nature. It can be described as unwanted behaviour, that a person finds intimidating, upsetting, embarrassing, humiliating or offensive. It affects the dignity of men and women at work.

It is essential to remember that it is not the intention of the person responsible for the behaviour which is most important in deciding whether harassment, sexual harassment, or bullying has occurred, but whether the incidents are acceptable by normal standards of behaviour.

2.3.1 Harassment, Sexual Harassment and Bullying

2.3.1.1 Harassment

"Harassment is any form of unwanted conduct related to any of the discriminatory grounds."

In particular, employees cannot and should not comment to or about, harass, or discriminate against each other on any of the following nine grounds:

- Gender
- Marital status
- Family status
- Sexual orientation
- Religious belief or lack of religious belief
- Age Disability,
- lack of disability or the nature of disability
- Race, colour, nationality or ethnic or national origins
- Membership or non-membership of the traveller community

Standard Operating Procedure

Harassment may consist of a single incident or repeated inappropriate behaviour. The following are examples of inappropriate behaviour, which may constitute harassment. These examples are illustrative but not exhaustive:

- Verbal harassment, e.g., jokes, derogatory comments, ridicule or song.
- Written harassment, e.g., faxes, text messages, e-mails or notices.
- Physical harassment, e.g., jostling or shoving.
- Intimidatory harassment, e.g., gestures or threatening poses.
- Visual displays, e.g., posters, emblems or badges.
- Persistent negative body language Ostracising or exclusion of a person.

An act of harassment may occur outside the work premises or normal working hours provided the perpetrator was acting in the course of employment, for example, at a training course, conference or work-related social event.

2.3.1.2 Sexual Harassment

"Sexual harassment is any form of unwanted verbal, non-verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature, being conduct which in either case has the purpose or effect of violating a person's dignity and creating an intimidating, hostile, degrading, humiliating or offensive environment for the person.

Without prejudice to the generality of the above, such unwanted conduct may consist of acts, requests, spoken words, gestures or the production, display or circulation of written words, pictures or other material."

Sexual harassment may consist of a single incident or repeated inappropriate behaviour. The examples of types of inappropriate behaviour contained in the section on harassment apply in the case of sexual harassment also.

2.3.1.3 Bullying

Workplace bullying is repeated inappropriate behaviour, direct or indirect, whether verbal, physical or otherwise, conducted by one or more persons against another or others at the place of work and/or in the course of employment, which could reasonably be regarded as undermining the individual's right to dignity at work.

The following are examples of bullying behaviour:

- Undermining an individual's right to dignity at work
- Humiliation
- Intimidation
- Verbal abuse
- Victimisation Exclusion and isolation
- Intrusion by pestering, spying and stalking
- Repeated unreasonable assignments to duties that are unfavourable to one individual
- Repeated requests giving impossible deadlines or impossible tasks
- Implied threats
- Gestures

The above list is representative only, not exhaustive, and should be used as guidance.

An isolated incident of the behaviour described in this definition may be an affront to dignity at work, but, as a once of the incident, is not considered to be bullying.

Complaints relating to instructions issued by a manager, assignment of duties, terms and conditions of employment or other matters, which are appropriate for referral under other normal grievance procedures, do not constitute bullying.

Legitimate management responses to pressurised situations which require immediate action are not considered to be bullying.

Constructive and fair criticism of an employee's conduct or work performance is not bullying.

2.3.1.4 Lack of Respect

Lack of respect can be shown by direct comments, sarcasm, snide remarks, inappropriate jokes or banter directed towards a colleague. It can also arise where colleagues are ignored, overlooked, avoided or shunned without good reason and in a manner likely to be hurtful or disrespectful. Jokes or comments directed at or referring to a colleague could be thought amusing by others but unpleasant, uncomfortable or hurtful to that colleague

2.3.2 Procedures

2.3.2.1 Informal Procedure

While in no way diminishing the issue or the effects on individuals, an informal approach can often resolve matters. As a general rule, therefore, an attempt should be made to address an allegation of bullying as informally as possible using an agreed informal procedure. The objective of this approach is to resolve the difficulty with the minimum of conflict and stress for the individuals involved.

- (A) Any employee who believes he or she is being bullied should explain clearly to the respondent(s) that the behaviour in question is unacceptable. In circumstances where the complainant finds it difficult to approach the respondent(s) directly, he or she should seek help and advice, on a strictly confidential basis, from a contact person. Volunteers for contact persons will be sought and a list of contact person(s) will be circulated to all staff and updated from time to time.
- (B) (b) A complainant may decide, for whatever reason, to bypass the informal procedure. Choosing not to use the informal procedure should not reflect negatively on a complainant in the formal procedure.

At this stage, the contact person should listen patiently, be supportive and discuss the various options open to the employee concerned.

2.3.2.2 Formal Procedure

If an informal approach is inappropriate or if after the informal stage, the bullying persists, the following formal procedures should be invoked:

 The complainant should make a formal complaint in writing to his/her immediate supervisor, or if preferred, any member of management. The complaint should be confined to precise details of actual incidents of bullying.

- The respondent(s) should be notified in writing that an allegation of bullying has been made against them.
- They should be given a copy of the complainant's statement and advised that they shall be afforded a fair opportunity to respond to the allegation(s)
- The complaint should be subject to an initial examination by a designated member of management, who can be considered impartial, to determine an appropriate course of action.
 An appropriate course of action at this stage, for example, could be exploring a mediated solution or a view that the issue can be resolved less formally.
- The option of mediation will always be considered before investigation.
- Should either of these approaches be deemed inappropriate or inconclusive, a formal
 investigation of the complaint should take place with a view to determining the facts and the
 credibility or otherwise of the allegation(s).

2.3.2.3 Investigation

The investigation should be conducted by either a designated member or members of management or if deemed appropriate, an agreed third party. The investigation should be conducted thoroughly, objectively, with sensitivity, utmost confidentiality, and with due respect for the rights of both the complainant(s) and the respondent(s).

The investigation should be governed by terms of reference, preferably agreed between the parties in advance.

The investigator(s) should meet with the complainant and respondent(s) and any witnesses or relevant persons on an individual confidential basis to establish the facts surrounding the allegation(s). Both the complainant and respondent(s) may be accompanied by a work colleague or employee representative if so desired.

Every effort should be made to carry out and complete the investigation as quickly as possible and preferably within an agreed timeframe.

On completion of the investigation, the investigator(s) should submit a written report to management containing the findings of the investigation.

The parties will be allowed to comment on the findings before any action is decided upon by management.

The complainant and the respondent(s) should be informed in writing of the findings of the investigation.

2.3.2.4 Outcome

Should management decide that the complaint is well founded, the respondent(s) should be given a formal interview to determine an appropriate course of action. Such action could, for example, involve counselling and/or monitoring, or progressing the issue through the disciplinary procedure.

If any party is unhappy with the outcome of the investigation, the issue may be processed through normal industrial relations or equality mechanisms.

Where a complaint is not sustained, no action will be taken against a complainant provided that the complaint was made in good faith.

In the interest of all employees, any malicious or vexatious complaints will be treated very seriously and may lead to disciplinary action against the complainant.

2.4 Health and Safety Policy

The Company places great emphasis on Health and Safety matters and undertakes to carry out its business in such a way as to ensure the safety, health and welfare of all its employees, visitors and the general public by the Safety Health and Welfare at Work legislation. Therefore, every employee must co-operate to enable compliance with all statutory duties. This section is not the Safety statement which can be requested from your manager.

The Health and Safety policy requires total commitment from all employees consistent with the following:

- Each individual has a legal obligation to take reasonable care for his or her safety and for the safety of other people who may be affected by his or her acts or omissions.
- Complying with instructions and procedures issued.
- Reporting any danger to health and safety, to your manager.
- Reporting to your manager, any incidents which have or may lead or might have led to the injury.
- Co-operating with any investigation to prevent accidents.
- Using equipment or substances by information or training.

When working with young people (under 18 years of age), consideration should be made for their lack of experience and maturity regarding their safety

2.4.1 Accident Reporting

You must report any accident/incident or anything that has come to your attention during the working day that may be unsafe.

If you or your colleague is involved in an accident at work, it must be reported to your manager and appropriately recorded. All accidents, however minor, must be recorded. This allows The Company to investigate the causes and prevent similar accidents from happening in the future.

In the event of a serious or noticeable accident or dangerous occurrence, The Company's safety office must be advised as soon as possible, so that suitable action is taken.

If you see something which is unsafe and cannot correct it, report it to your manager.

If you have any questions about reporting accidents or safety, please speak to your manager.

2.4.2 Fire

Fire presents a significant risk to The Company. It can kill or seriously injure employees or visitors and can damage or destroy buildings, equipment and stock. As an employee, you must co-operate with The Company to ensure the workplace is safe from fire and its effects and you must not do anything which will place yourself or others at risk. You must inform your manager if you discover any significant risk of fire which might affect the safety of others and co-operate with all measures to reduce/control the risks. You should ensure you know about the fire warning system and how to operate and respond to it.

The following simple points will help to reduce the risk of fire:

- 1. Escape routes must be free from any obstructions.
- 2. Good standards of housekeeping.
- 3. Keep workplaces tidy.
- 4. Regularly remove any combustible waste.

2.4.3 First Aid

The Company has designated employees trained in Emergency First Aid. For details ask your manager to familiarise you with these people and the position of First Aid boxes.

2.4.4 Personal Protective Equipment

Your job may require you to wear personal protective equipment (PPE). Please ensure that you do so at all times that it is required and that it is fit for its intended use. Any deficiencies or damaged equipment must be reported without delay.

2.4.5 Smoke-free Workplace

Since 29th March 2004, the Irish government has implemented a ban on smoking in the workplace. This ban was introduced as part of the Public Health (Tobacco) Act, 2002 (Section 47) Regulations 2003. The purpose of this ban is to offer protection to employees and the public who are exposed to the harmful and toxic effects of tobacco smoke in the workplace.

The Company is obliged to protect the health of staff, customers and visitors to their premises. Any person found guilty of breaching the ban may be subject to a fine under the legislation. Breaches of the smoking regulations will be dealt with under The Company's disciplinary procedure.

The Company does not provide smoking breaks for employees.

2.5 Equality Policy

2.5.1 Introduction

The Company is an Equal Opportunities Employer. As such it is committed to Equality of Opportunity for existing and potential employees. The purpose of this Equal Opportunity/Diversity Policy is to create a workplace which provides Equal Opportunities for all staff and potential staff and where their dignity is protected and respected at all times.

All persons regardless of Gender, Marital status, Family status, Race, Religious beliefs, Sexual Orientation, Disability, Age, or Membership in the Travelling Community will be provided with equality of access to employment and also encouraged and assisted to achieve their full potential. We will continue to foster a genuine culture of Equality.

2.5.2 Objectives

The aim of the policy, in terms of employment, is to ensure that no job applicant or employee receives less favourable treatment on any grounds which cannot be shown to be justified. This applies to Recruitment and Selection, Training, Promotion, Pay and Employee Benefits Employee Grievances and Discipline Procedures and all Terms and Conditions of Employment.

2.5.3 Responsibilities

The responsibility for ensuring the provision of Equality of Opportunity rests primarily with The Company as an employer. Managers and Supervisors have a particular responsibility to engender respect for difference and to accommodate Diversity where appropriate.

All staff have an important role to play in ensuring Equality of Opportunity throughout The Company. It is also recognised that individual employees on behalf of The Company have responsibilities in law and are:

- 1. Required to co-operate with any measures introduced by The Company to promote Equal Opportunities.
- 2. Must not themselves, either directly or indirectly, discriminate against fellow employees or harass or intimidate them in any way.

2.5.4 Structures

The Company is committed to ensuring that appropriate arrangements are in place for effective implementation, monitoring and review of the policy.

This policy will be communicated at every level within The Company.

2.5.5 Recruitment and Selection

The Company will select those suitable for employment solely based on merit. Any job advertisements, application forms and publicity material will encourage applications from all suitable candidates and will not discriminate intentionally or unintentionally against any group or individual on any unjustifiable grounds. The objective is to ensure that all candidates have Equality of access to all job vacancies.

Where possible and practicable, efforts will be made to ensure that interview panels are balanced and that interviewers are trained to conduct interviews in a non-discriminatory way and that questions will relate to the requirements of the job.

Relevant questions will be asked of all candidates and evaluated in the same way and interviewers will be careful not to ask questions which might be taken as discriminatory.

Selection will be on merit and those who are successful shall demonstrate their suitability for employment according to pre-determined job-related selection criteria which will be consistently applied throughout the recruitment process.

Equality of Opportunity will also include accommodating, where possible, the special needs of individuals to facilitate their participation in the Recruitment and Selection process.

2.5.6 Career Development and Training

Available opportunities for Career Development and Training will be open to all and will not discriminate directly or indirectly on any of the grounds outlined in the Equality legislation. All employees will be provided with every reasonable opportunity to acquire the range of training, skills and experience necessary for their career development.

Opportunities for training and/or promotion will be based on the requirements of the job and career development will be based on people's abilities and merit. The Company is committed to a relevant training and career development policy for all staff irrespective of background.

2.5.7 Complaints and Redress

All complaints from employees about employment equality or alleged discrimination will be handled by grievance procedures. Any person who wishes to raise issues concerning alleged discrimination or unfairness should contact their manager in the first instance.

We are committed to ensuring that all issues concerning alleged breaches of this policy will be dealt with seriously, promptly and with appropriate regard for confidentiality.

2.5.8 Harassment and Bullying

The Company is committed to providing a safe and secure working environment that is free of harassment (including sexual harassment) and bullying and within which all members of staff will be treated with dignity and respect. All employees must prevent and eliminate bullying and harassment. A specific Bullying and Harassment policy and procedures are in place.

2.5.9 Positive Action

The Company is permitted under the Employment Equality Act to take measures to promote equal opportunity for men and women, in particular by removing inequalities affecting women's access to training, promotion and work conditions.

The Company may also take measures to reduce or eliminate the effects of discrimination by seeking to integrate the following persons into employment:

(a) persons over 50; (b) persons with a disability; (c) members of the Traveller Community.

2.5.10 Review and Monitoring

Progress in the areas of Equal Opportunities and Diversity will be measured through the continuous monitoring of the implementation of the Equal Opportunities/Diversity strategy. All aspects of this Equality Policy will be monitored and reviewed by The Company from time to time.

2.6 Redundancy Policy

It is recognised that circumstances may arise which leave The Company with no alternative but to declare redundancies.

Where employees are made redundant, the prime consideration will be to protect the employment of as many people as possible, consistent with maintaining a fully efficient operation. Therefore, selection will be based on retaining key employees required to maintain an efficient operation. In the event of a redundancy situation arising, The Company is not bound to a "last in-first out" policy or any other special policy. Each situation will be treated in line with The Company's business requirements based on circumstances at the time. All employees will be treated equally and selection will be carried out fairly against appropriate selection criteria.

Should the need for redundancy arise, appropriate consultation with employees will take place?

3 Terms and Conditions

3.1 Probationary Policy

All new employees are required to satisfactorily complete a probationary period as set out in the Contract of Employment or Statement of Terms of Employment. During this period, performance in doing the job and potential abilities are evaluated to determine suitability for the position and The Company. The Company will endeavour to ensure that performance is reviewed throughout the probationary period and feedback given. At the end of this probationary period, a formal performance review meeting will be held between the employee and his or her manager and if satisfactory, your position will be confirmed.

The Company reserves the right to extend the probationary period of an employee should this be deemed necessary to adequately evaluate the individual's overall suitability.

During the probationary period, either party may terminate the contract by giving notice in writing by the Minimum Notice and Terms of Employment Acts 1973 to 2001. The Company reserves the right to terminate employment at its discretion during probation and normal disciplinary procedures will not apply. The Company at all times reserves the right to pay you your basic salary instead of notice.

3.2 Hours of Work

Normal weekly working hours are set out in your Contract of Employment or Statement of Terms and Conditions.

How you work these hours may be changed from time to time.

All breaks must be taken at a time agreed with your manager.

You will be given reasonable notice of any change to your hours or required to work overtime. Overtime is designed to provide The Company with flexibility to meet changing demands of the business. Only employees whose contract of employment deems them eligible for payment for overtime will receive such payments.

The Company will use appropriate means to record attendance. Employees should be at their place of work, ready to start work at the normal starting time. The Company attaches great importance to punctuality.

If you are a young worker under the age of 18, working time regulations may prohibit you from working more than 8 hours a day or 40 hours a week. However, there are certain exceptions.

3.3 Breaks and Rest Periods

Every employee is entitled to receive a total break of 45 minutes (9 hours of working), 30 minutes for lunch and 15 minutes for tea breaks. If you fail to receive these breaks, please let your manager know. This should be reported within one week of the incident.

You are not permitted on company premises outside your normal working hours unless you have special authorisation from The Company or you are participating in recognised activities.

3.4 Absence

Employees absent from work without prior permission must notify The Company within a certain number of hours of their scheduled starting time. This number of hours is specified in the employee's contract of employment. All absences other than certified illness, force majeure, annual leave or written leave of absence approved by management, may be subject to disciplinary action by the procedures outlined.

An employee absent through illness or injury for more than a certain number of consecutive working days must provide a doctor's certificate not later than the following day of absence. This number of days is specified in the employee's contract of employment. This certificate must cover the period of illness, indicate the nature of the illness, and specify when the employee is expected to resume normal duties.

The Company reserves the right to have an employee examined by a doctor of its choice. Failure to comply with such a request may result in disciplinary action being taken.

3.5 Hygiene

The highest standards of hygiene must be maintained at all times. All employees must comply with company requirements regarding hygiene standards.

3.6 Dress Code

Employees should ensure that they adhere to the highest standards of personal appearance at all times and dress in clothes that are suitable for the work situation. Specific guidelines may be given by your manager from time to time. Where a uniform is required, this should be worn at all times. Any requirements for health and safety should be adhered to at all times.

3.7 Alcohol and Drugs and Tobacco

The Company is committed to providing a safe and productive workplace for its employees. In keeping with this commitment, the following rules regarding alcohol and drug and tobacco abuse have been established for all staff members, regardless of rank or position. The rules apply during working hours to all employees of The Company while they are on company premises or elsewhere on company business.

The manufacture, distribution, possession, sale, or purchase of controlled substances of abuse on company property is prohibited.

Being under the influence of illegal drugs, alcohol, or substances of abuse on company property is prohibited.

Working while under the influence of prescription drugs that impair performance is prohibited.

In implementing this policy, The Company reserves the right to undertake random drug tests.

3.8 E-Mail, Internet and Telecommunications Use

Electronic mail enables The Company to communicate promptly and efficiently with customers and suppliers. While email brings many benefits to The Company in terms of its communications, it also brings risks to The Company. For this reason, The Company must set down specific rules for the use of e-mail and the internet within The Company.

Every employee has a responsibility to maintain The Company's image, to use electronic resources productively and avoid placing The Company at risk of legal liability based on their use. Employees must ensure that current Data Protection legislation is not breached, and where a breach occurs that it is reported without delay.

E-mail is not to be used for private purposes and should not be used for any purpose other than company business.

The Company may have access to the internet to enable staff to obtain information specific to their role within The Company. Employees requiring access to the internet will need the approval of management. Internet connections are intended to support company business. General Internet access will only be provided with the permission of your manager. Use of the internet for private purposes is prohibited without the specific prior approval of an appropriate manager.

Employees may not disclose any inappropriate information regarding The Company using the internet, email or other means

Employees may not download material which is not required for The Company's purpose.

All software is the property of The Company and should not be misused or copied. Employees must comply with all protocols and directives regarding internet security.

All of the above applies equally to other equipment and technology such as telephones, fax machines and other communication devices.

3.9 Monitoring of Internet and Email Use

Emails, the internet and other electronic communications are never entirely secure. The Company reserves the right to monitor and/or record the activities of all users on company systems. This may mean that any activity, including emails etc., may be intercepted, analysed and read if necessary. Any such monitoring will be undertaken consistent with current Data Protection legislation.

3.10 Confidentiality

Employees are required not to divulge secrets or any information, which is regarded as confidential by The Company or any associated companies or their business during or after your employment, except in the proper course of your employment or as required by law.

You may not remove any documents or effects belonging to The Company or which contain any confidential information from The Company's premises at any time without proper advance authorisation.

You must return to The Company upon request and, in any event, upon the termination of your employment, all documents and effects belonging to The Company or which contain or refer to any confidential information and which are in your possession or under your control.

3.11 Right to Search

The Company reserves the right to search any employee, their property and vehicles and lockers at any time whilst they are at, coming to or leaving work, whether it be on The Company premises or elsewhere. Refusal to comply with a search request may be deemed serious misconduct.

3.12 Resignation and Termination

An employee may terminate his/her employment by giving notice as per the terms and conditions outlined in the contract of employment. The Company reserves the right to pay the appropriate payment instead of notice and may require the employee not to work the notice period.

The minimum period of notice to be given to an employee depends on the length of the employee's reckonable service.

- Length of service from 4 weeks to less than 8 weeks: 1-week notice required
- Length of service from 8 weeks to less than 26 weeks: 2-week notice required
- Length of service from 6 months to less than 1 year: 4-week notice required
- Length of service from 1 year to less than 2 years: 8-week notice required
- Length of service of more than 2 years: 12-week notice required

Note: If any employee disobeys these rules, then serious repercussion has to follow by submitting their last 3-month salary as punishment.

3.13 Retrenchment/Lay-Off/Short-Time

While The Company intends to provide continuity of employment, there may be circumstances outside The Company's control which may necessitate lay-off, short time or reduced working hours. Should the need arise to lay off employees or put them on short time or reduced working hours, The Company will give as much notice as is reasonable in the circumstances. Employees will only be paid for actual hours worked during such periods.

3.14 Exit Interviews

At the end of your employment, an exit interview may be conducted with you. The purpose is not only to handle organisational details but also to find out why an employee is leaving and what The Company might do to improve the working environment for the future.

3.15 Company Telephones

The Company's telephones are intended to serve our customers and conduct The Company's business. Personal usage during business hours is discouraged except for emergencies. All personal telephone calls should be kept brief to avoid congestion on the telephone line. To respect the rights of all employees and avoid miscommunication in the office, employees should inform family members and

friends to limit personal telephone calls during working hours. If an employee is found to be deviating from this policy, he/she may be subject to disciplinary action.

3.16 Application Information

The Company relies upon the accuracy of the information contained in the employment application and the accuracy of other data presented throughout the hiring process and employment. Any misrepresentations, falsification, or material omissions in any of this information or data may result in the exclusion of the individual from further consideration for employment or if the person has been hired, termination of employment.

3.17 Disciplinary Action List

- Inappropriate use of office internet or assets, this may include personal use.
- Unproductive Research (using social media) within premises during working hours.
- Personal call attending more than 5 minutes within premises during working hours.
- Making groups and chatting within premises during working hours.
- Disturbing subordinates by comments or dialogues.
- Shouting within Premises
- Damaging office assets or subordinate assets (intentionally or unintentionally)

Note: If you are caught by the manager or CCTV cameras, then disciplinary actions will be taken on individually by the organisation.

For instance:

Your paid leave will be cancelled or your daily wages will be cut off.

If these offences are repeated by any individual time and time again then serious repercussion has to face and will be decided only by the organisation.

4 Leave and Benefits

4.1 Purpose

The purpose of the leave policy for an employee is to lay guidelines regarding when to avail leave and the process to take leave with pay, leave without pay, Leave of absence policy, and so on.

4.2 Applicability

The policy applies to all on-roll employees of the Company.

4.3 Paid Leave

An employee is (Monthly) entitled to 1 day of Casual Leave OR 1 day of Sick Leave.

4.4 Menstrual/Period Leave

The menstruating period can cause severe discomfort, pain, emotional problems, and other health issues. A female employee can take 1 paid menstrual/period leave

4.5 Festivals and Holidays

The employee will get a selected number of festivals and holidays. Dates will be published at the beginning of the month and will neither be carried forward nor enchased.

4.6 Leave without pay (LWP)

- Employee take leave after using his/her paid leaves
- Employee fails to inform the leave his/her reporting manager or HR
- Employee took sandwich leave (Leave on Friday&/ Monday)

4.7 Leave During Probation/Notice Period

Employee entitles to take leave if he/she joins the company before the 15th date of the month. Employees serving his/her Notice period will not be entitled to take any leave.

4.8 Leave Application Process

To avail of the leaves, the employee needs to inform his/her reporting person and HR before 24 hours in case of casual leave and before login time in case of sick/ menstrual/period leave. Employee need to compulsory submits a medical document if his/her is applying for sick leave.

4.9 Leave Encashment Policy

The employee will get leave encashment on the balance of his/her total number of leaves at the end of the financial year (April to March).

Note: If an employee takes leave on Friday or Monday then his/her paid leave will be waived off and leave will be considered unpaid leave. If an employee takes leave on Friday and Monday then his/her 3 days of unpaid leave will be considered. If you take continue 3 or more days of leave then your monthly paid leave will be waived off (weekends off are included).

4.10 Jury Duty

In circumstances where an employee serves on a jury, The Company will grant paid leave by the Jury's Act 1976. Employees are required to attend work before and after each court session and submit written evidence to The Company of involvement in Jury duty.

Employees are excusable from jury service if they can show that they have intended to serve on a jury within the last three years, or if they can show to the Registrar's satisfaction that there is a good reason why they should be excused.

The Company, with the employee's agreement, may apply for the employee to be exempt from jury service if releasing the employee may cause The Company difficulties. Employees are required to contact their manager if they are not selected for a jury on any day to ascertain whether or not they should return to work.

5 Whistle-Blower Policy

A whistle-blower as defined by this policy is an employee of Scalelot Technologies who reports an activity that he/she considers to be illegal or dishonest to one or more of the parties specified in this Policy. The whistle-blower is not responsible for investigating the activity or for determining fault or corrective measures; appropriate management officials are charged with these responsibilities.

Examples of illegal or dishonest activities are violations of federal, state or local laws; billing for services not performed or for goods not delivered; and other fraudulent financial reporting.

If an employee has knowledge of or is concerned about illegal or dishonest fraudulent activity, the employee is to contact his/her immediate supervisor or the Human Resources Director. The employee must exercise sound judgment to avoid baseless allegations. An employee who intentionally files a false report of wrongdoing will be subject to discipline up to and including termination.

Whistle-blower protections are provided in two important areas -- confidentiality and retaliation. Insofar as possible, the confidentiality of the whistle-blower will be maintained. However, identity may have to be disclosed to conduct a thorough investigation, comply with the law and provide accused individuals with their legal rights of defence. The Company will not retaliate against a whistle-blower. This includes, but is not limited to, protection from retaliation in the form of an adverse employment action such as termination, compensation decreases, poor work assignments and threats of physical harm. Any whistle-blower who believes he/she is being retaliated against must contact the Human Resources Director immediately. The right of a whistle-blower for protection against retaliation does not include immunity for any personal wrongdoing that is alleged and investigated.

For SCALE LOT TECHNOLOGIES,



Authorized Signatory