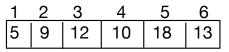
Seminar 7 - Ansamblu

1. Notiuni teoretice

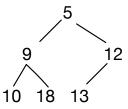
ansamblu binar = vector de elemente TComparabil care poate fi vizualizat sub forma unui arbore binar si avand :

- 1. Structura de ansamblue : arbore aproape plin, toate nivelurile exceptand ultimul care este completat de la stanga la dreapta
- 2. Proprietate de ansamblu

Ansamblu minimal, oricare e <= descendenti Ansamblu maximal, oricare e >= descendenti



MIN-HEAP



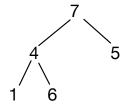
nr elemente

pt oricare pozitie i din vector : fiu stanga 2i (2i <= n)

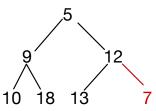
fiu dreapta : 2i+1 ($2i+1 \le n$)

parinte i/2

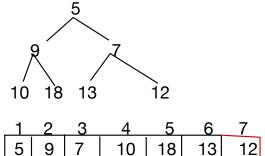




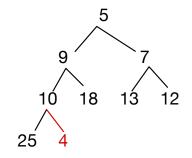
Exercitiu



| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|---|---|----|----|----|----|---|
| 5 | 9 | 12 | 10 | 18 | 13 | 7 |



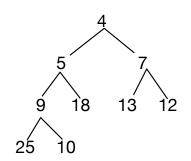
Adaugam 4



$$p = 9 / 2 = 4$$

 $4 \text{ nu este} => 10$
 $crt = 4$
 $p = 4 / 2 = 2$
 $4 \text{ nu este} => 9$
 $crt = 2$
 $p = 2 / 2 = 1$
 $4 \text{ nu este} => 5$

crt = 9



Coada cu Prioritati

a : TElement[] n : Intreg

capacitate: Intreg

rel: Relatie

crt <- pos

parinte <- [pos/2]

```
subalgoritm adauga(cp, e):
    cp.n <- cp.n + 1
    cp.a[cp.n] <- e
    urca(cp.a, cp.n, cp.rel)
sf subalg.

subalgoritm urca(a, pos, rel)
elem <- a[pos]
```

```
cat timp(parinte >= 1 si !rel(elem, a[parinte])
    a[crt] <- a[parinte]
    crt <- parinte
     parinte <- [parinte/2]
  sf cat timp
  a[crt] <- elem
sf subalg
2. TAD COADA CU PRIORITATI BIDIRECTIONALA
->creeaza(cpb)
                 Theta(1)
->adauga(cpb, e)
                    O(log2n)
->sterge_min(cpb)
                    O(log2n)
->sterge_ax(cpb)
                    O(log2n)
->cauta_min(cpb)
                    Theta(1)
                    Theta(1)
->cauta_max(cpb)
folosim 2 ansambluri
  MIN HEAP
              a_min : TElement[]
  MAX HEAP a_max : TElement[]
                    n: Intreg
                 cap: Intreg
          pos_a_min : TElement[], unde pos_a_min[i] = poz pe care este retinut a_max[i] in a_min
          pos_a_max : TElement[], unde pos_a_max[i] = poz pe care este retinut a_min[i] in a_max
                            5
                   3
                       4
                                6
                                    7
                                         8
                                                 10
            10 18
a_min
            2
                1
pos a max
                                    7
            18 10
  _min
```

2

pos_a_max

1