

Analiza

$$1) \quad a) \quad \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^5 y}{\sqrt{1+xy} - 1} = \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{\cancel{xy} (\sqrt{1+xy} + 1)}{\cancel{xy}} = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{limita } \exists$$

$$b) \quad \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^2 - y^2}{x^2 + y^2}, \quad f(x,y) = \frac{x^2 - y^2}{x^2 + y^2}, \quad \forall \begin{matrix} (x,y) \\ x \rightarrow 0 \\ y \rightarrow 0 \end{matrix}$$

$$a^n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}, 0 \right)$$

$$b^n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(0, \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \right)$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} f(a^n) &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{n} - 0}{\frac{1}{n} + 0} = \frac{1}{n} \cdot \frac{n}{1} = 1 \\ f(b^n) &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{0 - \frac{1}{n}}{0 + \frac{1}{n}} = -1 \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow \nexists \lim_{x,y \rightarrow 0} f(x,y)$$

$$c) \quad \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (\infty, \infty)} \frac{x^2 + y^2}{x^4 + y^4}, \quad f(x,y) = \frac{x^2 + y^2}{x^4 + y^4}$$

$$|f(x,y) - 0| = \frac{x^2}{x^4 + y^4} + \frac{y^2}{x^4 + y^4} \leq \frac{x^2}{x^4} + \frac{y^2}{y^4} = \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{y^2} = 0$$

$$d) \quad \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x \sin(x^2 - y^2)}{x^2 + y^2} = \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} x \cdot \overset{1}{\frac{\sin(x^2 - y^2)}{(x^2 - y^2)}} \cdot \frac{(x^2 - y^2)}{(x^2 + y^2)}$$

$$= \lim_{x,y \rightarrow 0,0} \frac{x(x^2 - y^2)}{(x^2 + y^2)}$$

$$|f(x,y) - 0| = \left| \frac{x^3}{(x^2 + y^2)} - \frac{xy^2}{(x^2 + y^2)} \right| =$$

$$= \left| \frac{x \cdot x^2}{(x^2 + y^2)} - \frac{x \cdot y^2}{(x^2 + y^2)} \right| \leq \left| \frac{x \cdot x^2}{(x^2 + y^2)} \right| + \left| \frac{x \cdot y^2}{x^2 + y^2} \right|$$

$$\leq \left| x \left(\frac{x^2}{x^2 + y^2} + \frac{y^2}{x^2 + y^2} \right) \right| \leq \left| \frac{x}{\cancel{(x^2 + y^2)}} \cdot \cancel{(x^2 + y^2)} \right|$$

$$= 0$$

$$1) \lim_{x,y \rightarrow 0,0} \frac{x^3 + y^3}{xy} = \lim_{x,y \rightarrow 0,0} \frac{x^3}{xy} + \frac{y^3}{xy} = \lim_{x,y \rightarrow 0,0} \frac{x^2}{y} + \frac{y^2}{x}$$

$$a_n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}, \frac{1}{n} \right) \Rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \frac{1}{n} \cdot \frac{n}{1} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{n}}{1} = 1$$

$$b_n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{n^2}, \frac{1}{n^2} \right) \Rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \frac{1}{n^{1/2}} \cdot \frac{n^{1/2}}{1} + \frac{1}{n^{1/2}} \cdot \frac{n^{1/2}}{1} = 0 \quad \left. \vphantom{\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty}} \right\} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \nexists \lim$$

$$f) \lim_{x,y \rightarrow 1,1} \frac{(x-1)(y-1)}{xy-1} = \lim_{\substack{u=x-1 \rightarrow 0 \\ v=y-1 \rightarrow 0}} \frac{uv}{(x-1+1)(y-1+1)-1} =$$

$$= \lim_{\substack{u \rightarrow x-1 \rightarrow 0 \\ v \rightarrow y-1 \rightarrow 0}} \frac{uv}{(u+1)(v+1)-1} = \lim_{\substack{u \rightarrow 0 \\ v \rightarrow 0}} \frac{uv}{\underbrace{uv+u+v+1}_{f(x)}} =$$

$$a_n = \left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{n}\right) \Rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f(a_n) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{n^2}}{\frac{1}{n^2} + \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n}} =$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{n^2}}{\frac{1+n+n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^2} \cdot \frac{n^2}{1+n+n} = 0$$

$$b_n = \left(\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1}{n}\right) \Rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f(b_n) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-\frac{1}{n^2}}{-\frac{1}{n^2} + \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n}} = 1$$

$\Rightarrow \nexists \lim$

$$g) \lim_{x,y,z \rightarrow 0_3} \frac{(x+y+z)^2}{x^2+y^2+z^2} = \lim_{x,y,z \rightarrow 0_3} \frac{x^2 + 2x(y+z) + (y+z)^2}{x^2+y^2+z^2} =$$

$$= \frac{x^2 + 2xy + 2xz + y^2 + 2yz + z^2}{x^2+y^2+z^2} = \frac{\cancel{x^2+y^2+z^2}}{\cancel{x^2+y^2+z^2}} + \frac{2(xy+xz+yz)}{x^2+y^2+z^2} =$$

$$= 1 + \frac{2(xy+xz+yz)}{x^2+y^2+z^2}$$

$$a_n = \left(0, \frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{n}\right) \Rightarrow f(a_n) = 1 + \frac{\frac{2}{n^2}}{\frac{2}{n^2}} = 2 \quad \left. \vphantom{f(a_n)} \right\} \Rightarrow \nexists \lim$$

$$b_n = \left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{n}\right) \Rightarrow f(b_n) = 1 + \frac{\frac{6}{n^2}}{\frac{3}{n^2}} = 3$$