

Quiz-2

Question 1

 Time: 00:00:10

Q1-below is a pseudo code

```
Set x = 1
Set n = 200
while(n>100):
    x=x-n
    n=n-5
end while
Write x
```

What is the output of the above pseudocode?

☐ -3049

☐ -3048

☐ -3047

☐ -3059

☒ -3049

Ans :

```
x = 1
n = 200
while(n>100):
    x=x-n
    n=n-5
print(x)
```

In the above code, we have used the Python programming language. You can solve it using any programming language.

Here the value of x gets decremented until the number n is greater than 100

Question 2

 Time: 00:00:03

Q2-Below is a pseudo-code

```
Set x = 0;  
Set y = 1;  
Set n = 0  
print(0)  
print(1)  
while(n<10-2):  
    Set z=x+y  
    Swap x, y with y, z  
    Write z  
    Increment of n by 1
```

In which series is the output

☐ Fibonacci series

☐ Tribonacci series

☐ Triangular series

☐ Arithmetic series

☒ Fibonacci series

Ans:

Question 3

 Time: 00:00:28

Q 3-What will be the output of the following pseudocode?

```
Integer x,y,z  
Set x=3  
Set y=90  
while(y is greater than 0);  
    y=y/3  
    x=x+6  
    c=x+y  
    while(c is greater than 30):  
        if(c mod 3 is equals to 0):  
            Write x  
        else:  
            Write y  
        c=c/5  
Write c
```

☐ 9, 33

☐ 9, 30

☐ 9, 36, 9

☐ 9 33 6

☒ 9 33 6

Ans:

This pseudocode performs some simple mathematical operations until the value of y is greater than 0 and c is greater than 30 and prints the value of x, y and z.

below is the Python code for this pseudo code:

```
x=3
y=90
while(y>0):
    y=y//3
    x=x+6
    c=x+y
    while(c>30):
        if(c % 3 == 0):
            print(x)
        else:
            print (y)
        c=c//5
print(c)
```

Question 4

 Time: 00:00:03

What will be the output of the following pseudocode?

```
int main()
{
    integer num;

    for(num equals to 80; num!=0; num++)

        Write num++

    getchar();

    return 0;
}
```

☐ None of the mentioned options

☐ Error

☐ 140

☐ Infinite loop

☒ Infinite loop

Ans:

This code will go to infinite loop as the value of n will never be 0 and condition num!= 0 will never be false

Question 5

🕒 Time: 00:00:24

Consider the following given algorithm and identify the task performed by this

```
int main()
{
    int n = 1;
    do
    {
        printf("%d", n);
        n--;
        if (n > 15)
            continue;
    } while (0);
    return 0;
}
```

☐ 15

☐ 1

☐ 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15

☐ Run Time Error

☒ 1

Ans:

The value of n will get printed only once as the loop will read the while(false) statement after the one iteration

Question 6

 Time: 00:00:03

What will be the output of the following pseudocode?

```
#include <stdio.h>

using namespace std;

int main()
{
    printf("%d", 'X' > 'x');

    return 0;
}
```

☐ 0

☐ X

☐ x

☐ 1

☒ 0

Ans :

Ascii value of X is not greater than x. So, the logical output will be false hence 0 will be printed.

Question 7

 Time: 00:00:04

What will be the output of the following pseudocode?

```
#include <stdio.h>

using namespace std;

int main()
{
    for (int x = 10; x >= 0; x--) {
        int z = x & (x >> 1);
        if (z)
            printf("%d ", x);
    }
}
```

☐ 127

☐ 1098

☐ 763

☐ 963

☒ 763

& represents bitwise and
>> represents right shift
(x>>1) can be written as x/2

in the first iteration

x=10
z=10&5=0
hence if statement will not be executed

if you run all the iterations then you can find that

z=3 [at x=7]
z=2 [at x=6]
z=1 [at x=3]

hence if statement will run in these cases only

So, 7 6 3 will be printed

Question 8

 Time: 00:00:03

What will be the output of the following pseudocode?

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int x = 10, y = 20, z = 30;

    z = x = y;

    printf("%d", z);

    return 0;
}
```

☐ 10

☐ 30

☐ Error

☐ 20

☒ 20

Ans:

Assigning the value of y to x and z

Question 9

 Time: 00:00:

What will be the output of the following pseudocode?

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int x = 210;

    int y = 0;

    ;

    ;

    printf("%d", y);

    ;

    ;

    return 0;
}
```

☐ 0

☐ 210

☐ Run Time Error

☐ Compile Time Error

☒ 0

No error it will print 0 as the value of y as y is initialized to 0

Question 10

 Time: 00:00:15

What will be the output of the following pseudocode for the given set of input?

```
#include <stdio.h>

void main()
{
    int a = 1.0, b = 2, c = 3.12;

    char d = 0.0;

    if (a, b, c, d)
    {
        printf("KHUDSOLVEKRO");
    }
}
```

☐ No output

☐ Error

☐ KHUDSOLVEKRO

☐ 1.0

☒ No output

Here it statement will check the last parameter only which is d. As d=0 the print statement will not get executed.

Pseudocode Quiz 2

1] $x = 1$; $n = 200$

while ($n > 100$) ✓

$$x = 1 - 200$$

$$n = 200 - 5 = 195$$

while ($195 > 100$) ✓

$$x = 1 - 200 - 195$$

$$n = 195 - 5 = 190$$

$$\therefore x = 1 - 200 - 195 - 190 - 185 - \dots - 105$$

$$= 1 - \left(\frac{25}{2} (105 + 200) \right)$$

$$= -3049$$

Ans: -3049

2] $x = 0$; $y = 1$; $n = 0$

while ($n < 8$)

$$z = x + y$$

swan ($x \rightarrow y$) ($y \rightarrow z$)

Print z

Print:

0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5

Ans: Fibonacci Series

3] $x = 3$
 $y = 90$

1st iteration:

$$y = \frac{90}{3} = 30$$

$$x = 3 + 6 = 9$$

$$c = 39$$

while ($c > 30$) ✓

if ($c \% 3 == 0$) ✓

print (y)

$$c = 39/5 = 7$$

while ($c > 30$) X

2nd :

while ($y > 0$) ✓

$$y = \frac{30}{3} = 10$$

$$x = 9 + 6 = 15$$

$$c = 25$$

while ($c > 30$) X

3rd :

while ($y > 0$) ✓

$$y = \frac{10}{3} = 3$$

$$x = 15 + 6 = 21$$

$$c = 24$$

while ($c > 30$) X

$$y = 0$$

$$x = 33$$

$$c = 33$$

while ($c > 30$) ✓

print (33)

$$c = 33/5 = 6$$

print (x) 6

Ans:

9 33 6

4th :

while ($y > 0$) ✓

$$y = 1$$

$$x = 27$$

$$c = 28$$

while ($c > 30$) X

5th :

while ($y > 0$) ✓

$$y = 0$$

$$x = 33$$

$$c = 33$$

while ($c > 30$) ✓

print (33)

$$c = 33/5 = 6$$

4] for (num = 80; num != 20; num++)

80, 81, 82, ...

Ans: infinite loop

5] n = 1

iteration - 1

print(1)

n = 0

if (n > 10) X

while (0) X

Ans: 1

6] printf("%d", 'x' > 'x');

return 0

'x' = 120

Ans: 0

7]

n = 10

n = 1010
(n >> 1) = 0101
z = 0000
if (z) X

n = 9

n = 1001
(n >> 1) = 0100
z = 0000
if (z) X

n = 8

n = 1000
(n >> 1) = 0100
z = 0000

n = 7

n = 0111
(n >> 1) = 0011
z = 0011
= 3
if (3) ✓
print(7)

n = 6

n = 0110
(n >> 1) = 0010
z = 0010
= 2
print(6)

n = 5

n = 0101
(n >> 1) = 0010
z = 0000

n = 4

n = 0100
(n >> 1) = 0010
z = 0000

n = 3

n = 0011
(n >> 1) = 0001
z = 1
print(3)

n = 2

n = 0010
(n >> 1) = 0001
z = 0000

n = 1

n = 0001
(n >> 1) = 0000
z = 0000

Ans: 7, 6, 3

8] $x = 10, y = 20, z = 30$ 9] `print(0)`

$z = x = y$
↑ ↑ ↑
20 20 20

Ans: 0

∴ $z = 20$

`print(20)`

Ans: 20

10] `int a = 1.0 ; b = 2 c = 3.12`

`char d = 0.0 ;`

`if (a, b, c, d)` ← comma operators return the last value
X

Ans: No output