Final Exam – Practice Test 100 min, 100 points

# 1.

A. Replace guess by a better name (showing the purpose of the algorithm)

1

B. The Big O notation is \_\_\_\_\_

C. Briefly explain how did you get the answer to 1.B.:

```
template <class T>
bool Guess<T>::guess(T item)
{
    GuessNode *newNode; // Pointer to a new node
    // Allocate a new node and store num there.
    newNode = new GuessNode;
    if (!newNode)
        return false;
    newNode->value = item;

    // Update links and counter
    newNode->next = first;
    first = newNode;
    count++;

    return true;
}
```

2. Give the postfix form of the following expression either using a stack OR an expression tree.

2 \* (A + (3 - B) % (4 + C)) - D

**3.** Given **pDe1**, a pointer to a node in a doubly-linked list, write statements to delete this node. Assume the list has two sentinel nodes.

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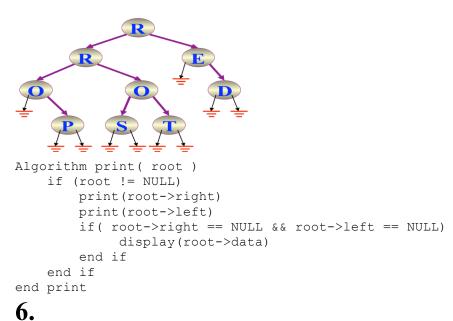
**4.** A binary tree has 9 nodes. The preorder and inorder traversals of this tree are given below. Draw the tree.

```
Preorder: * + a 5 - b / c 3
Inorder: a + 5 * b - c / 3
```

# **5.**

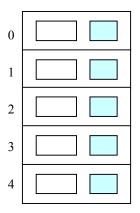
(A) Create a BST using the following data entered as a sequence: 24, 10, 21, 22, 20, 15, 28, 18, 30.

(B). What is the output?



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**A.** Using the "modulo division" method and linked list collision resolution, store the keys shown below in an array of 5 elements. Each element has two fields: **data** and **link**. What is the load factor?



Load Factor = \_\_\_\_

**B.** A simple hash function is given below? Is it good? Defend your answer.

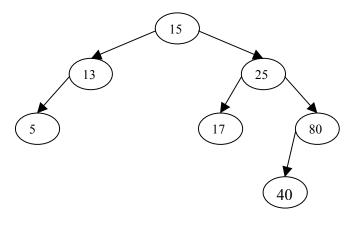
Algorithm hash( string key, int size )
sum = 0, i = 0;
loop(not end of key)
sum += key[i] \* key[i] \* key[i];

return sum % size;
end hash

i++; end loop

**7.** Redraw the following AVL tree after 15 has been deleted. Show the balance factors and the rotation(s).

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**8.** Given the following array of integers, rearrange the data so that the array forms a MAX-HEAP (show all four steps)

Data: 60, 10, 50, 30, 90

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

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9.

A. Draw the following graph:

A B C D E	E	$\bigcap$	
A 0 6 6 0 0	E	(A)	
B 6 0 4 3 3			
C 6 4 0 3 0			$\left(\mathbf{p}\right)$
D 0 3 3 0 4			В
E 0 3 0 4 0			
	(D)	(C)	

B. Find a Minimum Spanning Tree (show the steps)

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10. Show the array after it has gone through a one –increment pass of the Shell Sort with increment factor k=5.

30, 25, 39, 20, 45, 42, 23, 38, 37, 19, 15, 37, 27

11. Many compilers offer the services of a cross-referencing program to aid in debugging. Such a program will list in alphabetical order all the identifiers that appear in a program and the various lines of the program that reference them. Draw a data structure for this application and briefly explain why you choose it. List any assumptions used in the design.

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12. Given the linked representation of an undirected graph, write pseudo-code that will determine if the graph is connected or not.