### In this lecture, we will discuss...

- ♦ Content Negotiation
- ♦ Accept and Accept-Encoding Headers



### **Content Negotiation**

- ♦ Leave content type out of the URI
- Use HTTP Headers ("Accept" and "Content-Type") to express formats and encodings
  - Content-Type: what we are sending in
  - Accept: what we are willing to accept



# Content Negotiation - Example

```
> response=MoviesWS.post("/directors",
    :body=>{:director=>{:id=>"300",:first_name=>"Tim",:last_name=>"Burton"}}.to_json,
    :headers=>{"Content-Type"=>"application/json","Accept"=>"application/json"})
> response.response
=> #<Net::HTTPCreated 201 Created readbody=true>
> response.header["location"]
=> "http://localhost:3000/directors/300"
> response.header.content type
=> "application/json"
```



# Content Negotiation - Example

```
> pp JSON.parse(response.body)
{"id"=>"300",
    "first_name"=>"Tim",
    "last_name"=>"Burton",
    "created_at"=>"2016-01-06T01:16:26.302Z",
    "updated_at"=>"2016-01-06T01:16:26.302Z"}
```



### Headers

- ♦ Accept: end-format we are willing to accept
- Accept-Encoding: intermediate form encoded on wire
- - config.middleware.use Rack::Deflater



#### Headers - Demo

#### ♦ API Command

### ♦ HTTP Request

```
<- "GET /directors HTTP/1.1\r\n
Accept: application/json\r\n
Accept-Encoding: gzip\r\n
...</pre>
```



# **Summary**

♦ Content Negotiation – server-based content negotiation to serve up the appropriate content

#### What's Next?

♦ Headers and Status codes

