```
In [1]: import numpy as np import pandas as pd
```

Problem 2 (Chapter 8, Exercise 8)

```
In [2]:
       carseats = pd.read csv("data/Carseats.csv")
        print(carseats.info())
        carseats.head()
       <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
       RangeIndex: 400 entries, 0 to 399
       Data columns (total 11 columns):
           Column Non-Null Count Dtype
                      -----
                      400 non-null
        0
           Sales
                                     float64
        1 CompPrice 400 non-null int64
                     400 non-null int64
        2 Income
```

Advertising 400 non-null int64
Population 400 non-null int64
Price 400 non-null int64
ShelveLoc 400 non-null object
Age 400 non-null int64
Education 400 non-null int64

9 Urban 400 non-null object 10 US 400 non-null object

dtypes: float64(1), int64(7), object(3)

memory usage: 34.5+ KB

None

Out[2]:		Sales	CompPrice	Income	Advertising	Population	Price	ShelveLoc	Age	Education	Urba
	0	9.50	138	73	11	276	120	Bad	42	17	Υŧ
	1	11.22	111	48	16	260	83	Good	65	10	Ye
	2	10.06	113	35	10	269	80	Medium	59	12	Yŧ
	3	7.40	117	100	4	466	97	Medium	55	14	Ye
	4	4.15	141	64	3	340	128	Bad	38	13	Υŧ

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
In [3]:
         # fix categorical columns
         for cat in ["Urban", "US"]:
             carseats[cat] = carseats[cat].astype('category').cat.codes
         enc = OneHotEncoder(sparse=False)
         shelve_loc = enc.fit_transform(carseats["ShelveLoc"].to_numpy().reshape(-1, 1
         carseats["ShelveLocBad"] = shelve loc[:, 0]
         carseats["ShelveLocMedium"] = shelve loc[:, 1]
         carseats["ShelveLocGood"] = shelve_loc[:, 2]
         carseats = carseats.drop("ShelveLoc", axis=1)
         print(carseats.info())
         carseats.head()
        <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
        RangeIndex: 400 entries, 0 to 399
        Data columns (total 13 columns):
           Column Non-Null Count Dtype
         0
           Sales
                              400 non-null float64
                           400 non-null int64
400 non-null int64
400 non-null int64
400 non-null int64
         1 CompPrice
         2 Income
         3 Advertising
         4 Population
                             400 non-null int64
400 non-null int64
         5
            Price
         6
                             400 non-null int64
           Age
         7 Education 400 non-null int8
8 Urban 400 non-null int8
            Urban
         9 US 400 non-null int8
10 ShelveLocBad 400 non-null float64
         11 ShelveLocMedium 400 non-null float64
         12 ShelveLocGood 400 non-null
                                               float64
        dtypes: float64(4), int64(7), int8(2)
        memory usage: 35.3 KB
        None
```

Out[3]:		Sales	CompPrice	Income	Advertising	Population	Price	Age	Education	Urban	US	She
	0	9.50	138	73	11	276	120	42	17	1	1	
	1	11.22	111	48	16	260	83	65	10	1	1	
	2	10.06	113	35	10	269	80	59	12	1	1	
	3	7.40	117	100	4	466	97	55	14	1	1	
	4	4.15	141	64	3	340	128	38	13	1	0	

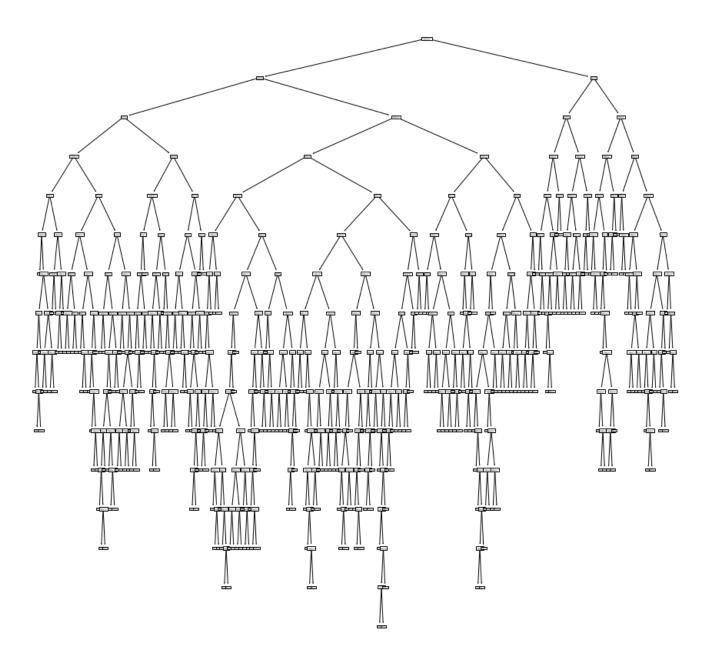
Problem 2(a)

```
In [4]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

X = carseats.drop("Sales", axis=1)
y = carseats["Sales"]

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, random_state=0)
```

Problem 2(b)



The tree is very highly branched and possibly overfit to the dataset, so we may want to do some pruning.

```
In [7]: from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error

mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, reg_tree.predict(X_test))
print("decision tree test mse: %.3f" % mse)
```

decision tree test mse: 5.160

Problem 2(c)

```
from sklearn.model selection import cross validate
In [8]:
                    min decr list = np.logspace(-3, 3, 13)
                     for min decr in min decr list:
                              reg tree = DecisionTreeRegressor(random state=0, min impurity decrease=mi
                              cv_results = cross_validate(reg_tree, X, y, cv=10, scoring='neg_mean_squa
                              avg_test_mse = np.mean(-1*cv_results['test_score'])
                              print("min split decr: %5.3e" % min decr, " | test mse:", avg test mse)
                   min split decr: 1.000e-03 | test mse: 5.021373217986111
                   min split decr: 3.162e-03
                                                                                       test mse: 4.878396738488783
                   min split decr: 1.000e-02
                                                                               test mse: 4.661581790056902
                   min split decr: 3.162e-02 test mse: 4.418206140487827
                   min split decr: 1.000e-01
                                                                               test mse: 4.756998382990023
                   min split decr: 3.162e-01
                                                                               test mse: 4.903125250448153
                   min split decr: 1.000e+00 | test mse: 6.114254875860025
                   min split decr: 3.162e+00 test mse: 8.024303693441357
                   min split decr: 1.000e+01
                                                                                     test mse: 8.024303693441357
                                                                               test mse: 8.024303693441357
                   min split decr: 3.162e+01
                   min split decr: 1.000e+02 | test mse: 8.024303693441357
                   min split decr: 3.162e+02
                                                                               test mse: 8.024303693441357
                   min split decr: 1.000e+03
                                                                               test mse: 8.024303693441357
In [9]:
                    \max_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{nodes_{node
                     for max_nodes in max_nodes_list:
                              reg tree = DecisionTreeRegressor(random state=0, max leaf nodes=round(max
                              cv results = cross validate(reg tree, X, y, cv=10, scoring='neg mean squa
                              avg test mse = np.mean(-1*cv results['test score'])
                              print("max leaf nodes: %4d" % round(max_nodes), " | test mse:", avg_test
```

```
max leaf nodes:
                           5 test mse: 4.7615529635906455
        max leaf nodes:
                           7
                                 test mse: 4.869271383110496
        max leaf nodes:
                          10
                                test mse: 4.74810583970232
        max leaf nodes: 14
                             test mse: 4.80136840944212
        max leaf nodes: 20
                             test mse: 4.639243894469821
        max leaf nodes:
                          27
                              test mse: 4.62718150075911
        max leaf nodes:
                          38
                               test mse: 4.415070541600826
        max leaf nodes: 53 | test mse: 4.466614060143851
        max leaf nodes:
                         73
                                 test mse: 4.552412057504686
        max leaf nodes: 101
                                 test mse: 4.759964075058629
        max leaf nodes: 141
                             test mse: 4.94207044564928
        max leaf nodes: 195
                                 test mse: 5.063093958541667
        max leaf nodes: 270
                                 test mse: 5.071329741319444
        max leaf nodes: 375
                                 test mse: 5.07338375
        max leaf nodes: 520
                                 test mse: 5.07338375
        max leaf nodes: 721
                                 test mse: 5.07338375
        max leaf nodes: 1000
                              test mse: 5.07338375
         max depth list = np.logspace(np.log10(2), np.log10(100), 20)
In [10]:
         for max depth in max depth list:
             reg_tree = DecisionTreeRegressor(random_state=0, max_depth=round(max_depth
             cv_results = cross_validate(reg_tree, X, y, cv=10, scoring='neg_mean_squa
             avg test mse = np.mean(-1*cv results['test score'])
             print("max tree depth: %3d" % round(max depth), " | test mse:", avg test
        max tree depth:
                          2
                                test mse: 5.175545607747162
        max tree depth:
                                test mse: 5.175545607747162
        max tree depth:
                          3
                                test mse: 4.7590242840611285
        max tree depth:
                          4
                                test mse: 4.882876270347563
                                test mse: 4.646330628189368
        max tree depth:
                          5
        max tree depth:
                                test mse: 4.5029336227383485
                        7
        max tree depth:
                                test mse: 4.625605916258284
        max tree depth:
                         8
                                test mse: 4.601803437534455
        max tree depth: 10
                                test mse: 5.0851134190414635
        max tree depth: 13
                                test mse: 5.103489814687501
        max tree depth:
                        16
                                test mse: 5.111214562500001
        max tree depth:
                        19
                                test mse: 4.9669585
                        24
        max tree depth:
                                test mse: 4.9669585
                        29
        max tree depth:
                                test mse: 4.9669585
                        36
        max tree depth:
                                test mse: 4.9669585
                        44
                                test mse: 4.9669585
        max tree depth:
        max tree depth:
                         54
                                test mse: 4.9669585
        max tree depth:
                         66
                                test mse: 4.9669585
        max tree depth:
                        81
                                test mse: 4.9669585
                                test mse: 4.9669585
        max tree depth: 100
```

test mse: 6.021211549802172

test mse: 5.463939411950188

test mse: 5.350477382126139

max leaf nodes:

max leaf nodes:

max leaf nodes:

2

4

3

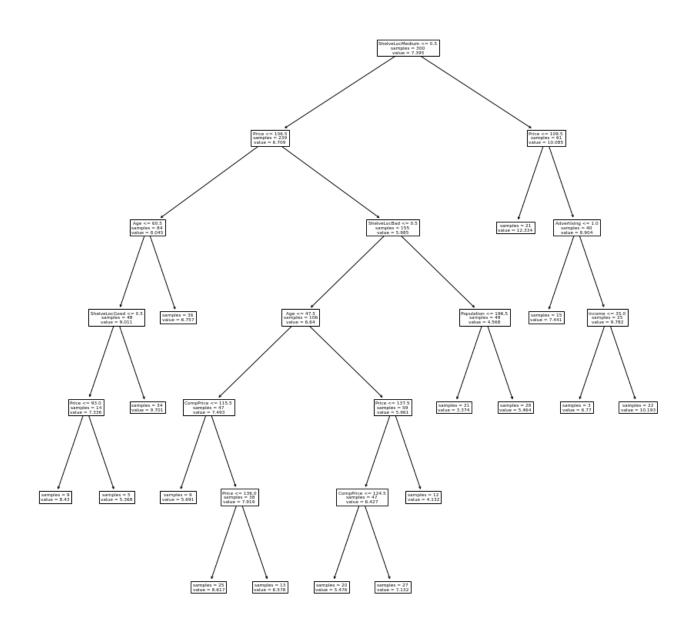
The optimal tree complexity is with min split decrease of \sim 3-10 E-2, max leaf nodes of \sim 50, and max tree depth of \sim 6.

```
In [11]: reg_tree = DecisionTreeRegressor(random_state=0, min_impurity_decrease=1E-1, reg_tree.fit(X_train, y_train)

fig = plt.figure(figsize=(15,15))
    ax = fig.gca()
    plot_tree(reg_tree, ax=ax, feature_names=carseats.drop("Sales", axis=1).columcalss_names="Sales", impurity=False);

mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, reg_tree.predict(X_test))
    print("decision tree test mse: %.3f" % mse)
```

decision tree test mse: 4.515



Pruning does indeed help improve the MSE.

Problem 2(d)

```
from sklearn.ensemble import BaggingRegressor
In [12]:
         bag reg = BaggingRegressor(DecisionTreeRegressor(random state=0), random stat
          bag reg.fit(X train, y train);
In [13]:
         mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, bag_reg.predict(X_test))
         print("bagged decision tree test mse:", mse)
         bagged decision tree test mse: 2.6994652600000006
In [14]:
         feature importances = np.mean([tree.feature importances for tree in bag reg.
          idxs = np.argsort(feature importances)[::-1]
          for col, imp in zip(X.columns[idxs], feature_importances[idxs]):
              print("%15s" %col, " | %3f" %imp)
          print("Top 3 features are:", X.columns[idxs][0], "", X.columns[idxs][1], "",
                   Price
                             0.292875
         ShelveLocMedium
                             0.215514
                             0.121255
                     Age
               CompPrice
                            0.095484
                            0.077952
             Advertising
                           0.050261
                  Income
            ShelveLocBad
                            0.040722
              Population
                            0.036205
           ShelveLocGood
                            0.033244
               Education
                            0.027782
                   Urban
                            0.006050
                             0.002655
         Top 3 features are: Price ShelveLocMedium Age
        Problem 2(e)
         from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
In [15]:
          rf reg = RandomForestRegressor(random state=0)
          rf reg.fit(X train, y train);
         mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, rf_reg.predict(X_test))
In [16]:
          print("random forest test mse:", mse)
         random forest test mse: 2.263103768200001
         feature_importances = np.mean([tree.feature_importances_ for tree in rf_reg.e
In [17]:
          idxs = np.argsort(feature importances)[::-1]
          for col, imp in zip(X.columns[idxs], feature importances[idxs]):
              print("%15s" %col, " | %3f" %imp)
          print("Top 3 features are:", X.columns[idxs][0], "", X.columns[idxs][1], "",
```

```
Price
                           0.290875
        ShelveLocMedium
                           0.195175
                          0.105819
              CompPrice | 0.098693
            Advertising |
                          0.067502
                         0.064920
           ShelveLocBad
                 Income | 0.052249
          ShelveLocGood | 0.043733
             Population
                          0.038941
              Education |
                          0.031178
                    US |
                          0.005607
                  Urban
                           0.005308
        Top 3 features are: Price ShelveLocMedium Age
         ms = np.arange(1, 12)
In [18]:
         for m in ms:
             rf_reg = RandomForestRegressor(random_state=0, max_features=m)
             rf_reg.fit(X_train, y_train);
             mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, rf_reg.predict(X_test))
             print("m: %2d" % m, " | MSE: %.3f" % mse)
                 MSE: 3.131
            1
        m:
            2
                 MSE: 2.800
        m:
        m: 3
                MSE: 2.484
        m: 4
                MSE: 2.439
        m: 5
               MSE: 2.350
        m: 6
               MSE: 2.242
        m: 7
                MSE: 2.185
        m: 8 | MSE: 2.288
        m: 9
                 MSE: 2.316
        m: 10
               MSE: 2.240
        m: 11
              MSE: 2.328
```

As m is increased, we increase model flexibility up to a certain point, after which the model begins to have trouble identifying the signal in the data, as seen by the increase in MSE after about m=~7.

Problem 3 (Chapter 8, Exercise 10)

```
In [19]: hitters = pd.read_csv("data/Hitters.csv")

print(hitters.info())
print(hitters.head())

# drop hitter names
hitters = hitters.drop("Unnamed: 0", axis=1)

# fix categorical columns
for col in ["League", "Division", "NewLeague"]:
hitters[col] = hitters[col].astype('category').cat.codes
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 322 entries, 0 to 321
Data columns (total 21 columns):
     Column
                  Non-Null Count
                                   Dtype
     _____
                  -----
 0
     Unnamed: 0
                 322 non-null
                                    object
 1
     AtBat
                  322 non-null
                                    int64
 2
                  322 non-null
     Hits
                                    int64
 3
     HmRun
                  322 non-null
                                    int64
 4
                  322 non-null
                                    int64
     Runs
 5
     RBI
                  322 non-null
                                    int64
 6
                  322 non-null
     Walks
                                    int64
                  322 non-null
 7
     Years
                                    int64
 8
                  322 non-null
                                    int64
     CAtBat
 9
     CHits
                  322 non-null
                                    int64
 10 CHmRun
                  322 non-null
                                    int64
 11
    CRuns
                  322 non-null
                                   int64
 12 CRBI
                  322 non-null
                                    int64
 13 CWalks
                  322 non-null
                                    int64
 14 League
                  322 non-null
                                   object
 15
    Division
                  322 non-null
                                   object
    PutOuts
                  322 non-null
                                   int64
 17 Assists
                  322 non-null
                                   int64
 18 Errors
                  322 non-null
                                    int64
 19
     Salary
                  263 non-null
                                    float64
 20
     NewLeague
                  322 non-null
                                    object
dtypes: float64(1), int64(16), object(4)
memory usage: 53.0+ KB
None
           Unnamed: 0
                       AtBat
                               Hits
                                      {\tt HmRun}
                                             Runs
                                                    RBI
                                                         Walks
                                                                 Years
                                                                         CAtBat
      -Andy Allanson
                          293
                                 66
                                          1
                                                30
                                                     29
                                                             14
                                                                     1
                                                                            293
1
         -Alan Ashby
                          315
                                 81
                                          7
                                                24
                                                     38
                                                             39
                                                                    14
                                                                           3449
2
        -Alvin Davis
                          479
                                130
                                                     72
                                                             76
                                                                      3
                                                                           1624
                                         18
                                                66
3
                                141
                                                             37
                                                                           5628
       -Andre Dawson
                          496
                                         20
                                                65
                                                     78
                                                                    11
   -Andres Galarraga
                          321
                                 87
                                         10
                                                39
                                                     42
                                                             30
                                                                      2
                                                                            396
   CHits
               CRuns
                       CRBI
                              CWalks
                                     League Division PutOuts
                                                                  Assists
                                                                            Errors
           . . .
\
0
      66
                   30
                          29
                                   14
                                                             446
                                                                        33
                                                                                 20
                                            Α
                                                      Ε
           . . .
1
     835
                  321
                         414
                                  375
                                            Ν
                                                      W
                                                             632
                                                                        43
                                                                                 10
           . . .
2
     457
                         266
                                 263
                                                             880
                                                                                 14
                  224
                                            Α
                                                      W
                                                                        82
           . . .
3
    1575
                  828
                         838
                                  354
                                            Ν
                                                      E
                                                             200
                                                                        11
                                                                                  3
           . . .
                                                                                  4
     101
                   48
                          46
                                   33
                                            Ν
                                                      Ε
                                                             805
                                                                        40
           . . .
   Salary
           NewLeague
0
      NaN
                    Α
1
    475.0
                    N
2
    480.0
                    Α
3
    500.0
                    Ν
4
     91.5
                    N
[5 rows x 21 columns]
```

Problem 3(a)

```
In [20]: hitters = hitters.dropna()
hitters.info()
```

AtBat 263 non-null int64 Hits 263 non-null int64 HmRun 263 non-null int64 Runs 263 non-null int64 RBI 263 non-null int64 Walks 263 non-null int64 Years 263 non-null int64 CAtBat 263 non-null int64 CHits 263 non-null int64 CHmRun 263 non-null int64 **CRuns** 263 non-null int64 CRBI 263 non-null int64 **CWalks** 263 non-null int64 League 263 non-null int8 Division 263 non-null int8 PutOuts 263 non-null int64 Assists 263 non-null int64 Errors 263 non-null int64 Salary 263 non-null float64 NewLeague 263 non-null int8 dtypes: float64(1), int64(16), int8(3) memory usage: 37.8 KB hitters.head() In [21]: AtBat Hits HmRun Runs RBI Walks Years CAtBat CHits CHmRun **CRuns CRBI** CWa Out[21]: hitters["Salary"] = np.log(hitters["Salary"]) In [22]: hitters.head()

Dtype

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 263 entries, 1 to 321
Data columns (total 20 columns):

Non-Null Count

#

Column

AtBat Hits HmRun Runs RBI Walks Years CAtBat CHits CHmRun CRuns **CRBI** CWa Out[22]:

Problem 3(b)

```
In [23]: X = hitters.drop("Salary", axis=1)
y = hitters["Salary"]

X_train = X.iloc[:200, :]
y_train = y.iloc[:200]
X_test = X.iloc[200:, :]
y_test = y.iloc[200:]
```

Problem 3(c) & 3(d)

```
In [24]: from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingRegressor

lrs = np.logspace(-4, 0, 17)
train_mse_hist = []
test_mse_hist = []

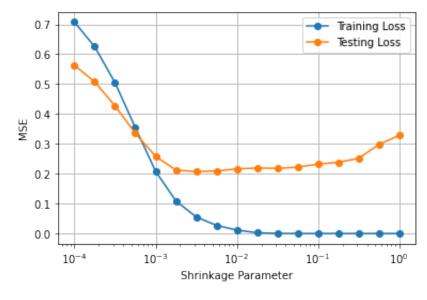
for lr in lrs:

    gb_reg = GradientBoostingRegressor(random_state=0, learning_rate=lr, n_es
    gb_reg.fit(X_train, y_train)

    test_mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, gb_reg.predict(X_test))

    train_mse_hist.append(gb_reg.train_score_[-1])
    test_mse_hist.append(test_mse)
```

```
In [25]: plt.plot(lrs, train_mse_hist, marker="o", label="Training Loss")
    plt.plot(lrs, test_mse_hist, marker="o", label="Testing Loss")
    plt.xlabel("Shrinkage Parameter")
    plt.ylabel("MSE")
    plt.xscale("log")
    plt.legend()
    plt.grid()
```



Problem 3(e)

```
In [26]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
lin_reg = LinearRegression()
lin_reg.fit(X_train, y_train)

mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, lin_reg.predict(X_test))

print("gradient boosting test MSE: %.3f" % np.min(test_mse_hist))
print("linear regression test MSE: %.3f" % mse)

gradient boosting test MSE: 0.207
```

gradient boosting test MSE: 0.207 linear regression test MSE: 0.492

Problem 3(f)

CAtBat

```
CHits
                  0.095260
                  0.053545
         CRuns
                 0.049422
         AtBat |
         Walks
                 0.045620
          CRBI
                 0.038976
        CWalks
                 0.034677
                 0.029765
        CHmRun
                 0.023699
         Years
          Hits |
                 0.022652
                 0.016421
           RBI
                 0.011897
       PutOuts
          Runs
                 0.010749
                 0.003875
        Errors
       Assists
                 0.002180
         HmRun
                 0.001302
                  0.000923
     NewLeague
        League
                  0.000211
      Division
                 0.000196
Top 3 features are: CAtBat CHits CRuns
```

0.558630

Problem 3(g)

```
In [28]: bag_reg = BaggingRegressor(DecisionTreeRegressor(random_state=0), random_state
bag_reg.fit(X_train, y_train);

mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, bag_reg.predict(X_test))

print("gradient boosting test MSE: %.3f" % np.min(test_mse_hist))
print("bagging test MSE: %.3f" % mse)
```

Problem 4 (Chapter 8, Exercise 11)

```
In [29]: caravan = pd.read_csv("data/Caravan.csv")
```

Problem 4(a)

```
print(caravan.head())
In [30]:
          # fix categorical column
          enc = OneHotEncoder(categories=[["Yes", "No"]], sparse=False)
          caravan["Purchase"] = enc.fit_transform(caravan["Purchase"].to_numpy().reshap
            MOSTYPE MAANTHUI MGEMOMV MGEMLEEF MOSHOOFD MGODRK MGODPR MGODOV
         0
                 33
         1
                 37
                                      2
                                                2
                                                          8
                                                                  1
                            1
                                                                                   1
                 37
                            1
         3
                                                3
                                                          3
                                                                   2
                                                                           3
                                                                                   2
                  9
                             1
                                      3
                 40
                                                          10
                                 APERSONG AGEZONG AWAOREG ABRAND AZEILPL APLEZIER
            MGODGE MRELGE
         0
                 3
                                         0
                                                  0
                                                           0
                                                                    1
                                                                             0
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            AFIETS AINBOED ABYSTAND Purchase
         0
                 0
                          0
                                    0
                 0
                          0
         1
                                     0
         2
                          0
                 0
                                     0
                                              No
         3
                 0
                          0
                                     0
                                              No
                                              No
         [5 rows x 86 columns]
          X = caravan.drop("Purchase", axis=1)
In [31]:
          y = caravan["Purchase"]
          X_train = X.iloc[:1000, :]
          y_train = y.iloc[:1000]
          X_test = X.iloc[1000:, :]
          y_test = y.iloc[1000:]
```

Problem 4(b)

```
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
In [32]:
         gb clf = GradientBoostingClassifier(random state=0, learning rate=0.01, n est
         gb clf.fit(X train, y train)
         idxs = np.argsort(gb clf.feature importances )[::-1]
         print("First ten features by importance:")
         for col, imp in zip(X.columns[idxs][:10], gb_clf.feature_importances_[idxs][:
             print("%15s" %col, " | %3f" %imp)
         print("Top 3 features are:", X.columns[idxs][0], "", X.columns[idxs][1], "",
         First ten features by importance:
                PPERSAUT
                            0.074507
                MOSTYPE
                            0.065550
                  ABRAND
                            0.056751
                  MGODGE
                           0.052928
                MKOOPKLA
                           0.047574
                MOPLHOOG
                            0.045789
                MBERMIDD
                           0.040154
                 MGODPR
                           0.032920
                            0.031407
                PPLEZIER
                            0.031169
                  PBRAND
         Top 3 features are: PPERSAUT MOSTYPE ABRAND
        Problem 4(c)
         y pred = gb_clf.predict_proba(X_test)[:, 1]
In [33]:
         y pred = y pred > 0.2
         from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
In [34]:
         cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
         print(cm)
         [[4336 197]
          [ 251
                 38]]
         tn, fp, fn, tp = cm.ravel()
In [35]:
         gb precision = tp / (tp + fp)
         print("gradient boosting precision: %.3f" % gb_precision)
```

gradient boosting precision: 0.162

```
from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
In [36]:
          log_reg = LogisticRegression(random_state=0, max_iter=1E6)
          log reg.fit(X train, y train)
          y_pred = log_reg.predict_proba(X_test)[:, 1]
          y_pred = y_pred > 0.2
          cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
          print(cm)
          tn, fp, fn, tp = cm.ravel()
          log_reg_precision = tp / (tp + fp)
         [[4293 240]
          [ 239
                 50]]
         print("gradient boosting precision: %.3f" % gb_precision)
In [37]:
          print("logistic regression precision: %.3f" % log_reg_precision)
         gradient boosting precision:
                                        0.162
         logistic regression precision: 0.172
```

Gradient boosting does slightly better on the specified precision metric.