

# STATS 202: Data Mining and Analysis

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## HOMEWORK # 4

Due date: August 20, 2021

Stanford University

### Introduction

Homework problems are selected from the course textbook: *An Introduction to Statistical Learning*.

#### Problem 1 (10 points)

Chapter 8, Exercise 4 (p. 332).

#### Problem 2 (10 points)

Chapter 8, Exercise 8 (p. 333).

#### Problem 3 (10 points)

Chapter 8, Exercise 10 (p. 334).

#### Problem 4 (10 points)

Chapter 8, Exercise 11 (p. 335).

#### Problem 5 (10 points)

Let  $x_i : i = 1, \dots, p$  be the input predictor values and  $a_k^{(2s)} : k = 1, \dots, K$  be the  $K$ -dimensional output from a 2-layer and  $M$ -hidden unit neural network with sigmoid activation  $\sigma(a) = \{1 + e^{-a}\}^{-1}$  such that

$$\begin{aligned}a_j^{(1s)} &= w_{j0}^{(1s)} + \sum_{i=1}^p w_{ji}^{(1s)} x_i : j = 1, \dots, M \\a_k^{(2s)} &= w_{k0}^{(2s)} + \sum_{j=1}^M w_{kj}^{(2s)} \sigma(a_j^{(1s)})\end{aligned}$$

Show that there exists an equivalent network that computes exactly the same output values, but with hidden unit activation functions given by  $\tanh(a) = \frac{e^a - e^{-a}}{e^a + e^{-a}}$ , i.e.

$$\begin{aligned}a_j^{(1t)} &= w_{j0}^{(1t)} + \sum_{i=1}^p w_{ji}^{(1t)} x_i : j = 1, \dots, M \\a_k^{(2t)} &= w_{k0}^{(2t)} + \sum_{j=1}^M w_{kj}^{(2t)} \tanh(a_j^{(1t)})\end{aligned}$$

Hint: first derive the relation between  $\sigma(a)$  and  $\tanh(a)$ . Then show that the parameters of the two networks differ by linear transformations.