

# Build an ASP.NET Core Service and App with .NET (Core) 5.0 Two-Day Hands-On Lab

## Lab 2

This lab walks you through creating the Models and ViewModels. Prior to starting this lab, you must have completed Lab 1.

### Part 1: Enable Nullability

To turn on C# 8 nullability, update the project files for `AutoLot.Models` and `AutoLot.Dal` to the following:

```
<PropertyGroup>
  <TargetFramework>net5.0</TargetFramework>
  <Nullable>enable</Nullable>
</PropertyGroup>
```

### Part 2: Creating the Entities in `AutoLot.Models`

The entities represent the data that is persisted in SQL Server and can be shaped to be more application specific. Begin by deleting the autogenerated `Class1.cs`.

#### Step 1: Create the Base Entity

- Create a new folder in the `AutoLot.Models` project named `Entities`. Create a subfolder named `Base` under the `Entities` folder.
- Add a new class to the `Base` folder named `BaseEntity.cs`
- Add the following using statements to the class:

```
using System.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations;
using System.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations.Schema;
```

- Update the code for the class to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities.Base
{
    public abstract class BaseEntity
    {
        [Key, DatabaseGenerated(DatabaseGeneratedOption.Identity)]
        public int Id { get; set; }
        [Timestamp] public byte[]? TimeStamp { get; set; }
    }
}
```

## Step 2: Create the Car Entity

**NOTE:** The project will not compile until the remaining entities have been added.

- Add a new class to the Entities folder named Car.cs
- Add the following using statements to the class:

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations;
using System.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations.Schema;
using System.Text.Json.Serialization;
using AutoLot.Models.Entities.Base;
```

- Update the code for the class to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities
{
    [Table("Inventory", Schema = "Dbo")]
    public partial class Car : BaseEntity
    {
        [Required]
        [DisplayName("Make")]
        public int MakeId { get; set; }
        [ForeignKey(nameof(MakeId))]
        [InverseProperty(nameof(Make.Cars))]
        public Make? MakeNavigation { get; set; }
        [StringLength(50), Required]
        public string Color { get; set; } = "Gold";
        [StringLength(50), Required]
        [DisplayName("Pet Name")]
        public string PetName { get; set; } = "My Precious";
        [JsonIgnore]
        [InverseProperty(nameof(Order.CarNavigation))]
        public IEnumerable<Order> Orders { get; set; } = new List<Order>();
        [NotMapped]
        public string MakeColor => $"{MakeNavigation?.Name} ({Color})";
        public override string ToString()
        {
            // Since the PetName column could be empty, supply
            // the default name of **No Name**.
            return $"{PetName ?? "***No Name**"} is a {Color} {MakeNavigation?.Name} with ID {Id}.";
        }
    }
}
```

### Step 3: Create the Person Owned Class

Owned classes can be reused between other entities.

- Add a folder named Owned under the Entities folder, and add a new class named Person.cs.
- Add the following using statements to the class:

```
using System.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations;
using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore;
```

- Update the code for the class to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities.Owned
{
    [Owned]
    public class Person
    {
        [Required, StringLength(50)] public string FirstName { get; set; } = "New";
        [Required, StringLength(50)] public string LastName { get; set; } = "Customer";
    }
}
```

### Step 4: Create the Customer Entity

- Add a new class to the Entities folder named Customer.cs
- Update the using statements to the following:

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations.Schema;
using System.Text.Json.Serialization;
using AutoLot.Models.Entities.Base;
using AutoLot.Models.Entities.Owned;
```

- Update the code for the class to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities
{
    [Table("Customers", Schema = "Dbo")]
    public partial class Customer : BaseEntity
    {
        public Person PersonalInformation { get; set; } = new Person();
        [JsonIgnore]
        [InverseProperty(nameof(CreditRisk.CustomerNavigation))]
        public IEnumerable<CreditRisk> CreditRisks { get; set; } = new List<CreditRisk>();
        [JsonIgnore]
        [InverseProperty(nameof(Order.CustomerNavigation))]
        public IEnumerable<Order> Orders { get; set; } = new List<Order>();
        [NotMapped]
        public string FullName
            => $"{PersonalInformation?.FirstName} {PersonalInformation?.LastName}";
    }
}
```

## Step 5: Create the CreditRisk Entity

The CreditRisk entity also uses the Person owned class.

- Add a new class to the Entities folder named CreditRisk.cs
- Update the using statements to include the following:

```
using System.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations.Schema;
using AutoLot.Models.Entities.Base;
using AutoLot.Models.Entities.Owned;
```

- Update the code for the class to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities
{
    [Table("CreditRisks", Schema = "Dbo")]
    public partial class CreditRisk : BaseEntity
    {
        public Person PersonalInformation { get; set; } = new Person();
        public int CustomerId { get; set; }

        [ForeignKey(nameof(CustomerId))]
        [InverseProperty(nameof(Customer.CreditRisks))]
        public virtual Customer? CustomerNavigation { get; set; }
    }
}
```

## Step 6: Create the Make Entity

- Add a new class to the Entities folder named Make.cs
- Add the following using statements to the class:

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations;
using System.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations.Schema;
using System.Text.Json.Serialization;
using AutoLot.Models.Entities.Base;
```

- Update the code for the class to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities
{
    [Table("Makes", Schema = "dbo")]
    public partial class Make : BaseEntity
    {
        [StringLength(50), Required] public string Name { get; set; } = "Ford";
        [JsonIgnore]
        [InverseProperty(nameof(Car.MakeNavigation))]
        public IEnumerable<Car> Cars { get; set; } = new List<Car>();
    }
}
```

## Step 7: Create the Order Entity

- Add a new class to the Entities folder named `Order.cs`
- Update the using statements to match the following:

```
using System.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations.Schema;
using AutoLot.Models.Entities.Base;
```

- Update the code for the class to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities
{
    [Table("Orders", Schema = "Dbo")]
    public partial class Order : BaseEntity
    {
        public int CustomerId { get; set; }
        public int CarId { get; set; }
        [ForeignKey(nameof(CarId))]
        [InverseProperty(nameof(Car.Orders))]
        public virtual Car? CarNavigation { get; set; }
        [ForeignKey(nameof(CustomerId))]
        [InverseProperty(nameof(Customer.Orders))]
        public virtual Customer? CustomerNavigation { get; set; }
    }
}
```

## Step 8: Create the Logging Entity

Serilog has an option to write log entries to a database table.

- Add a new class to the Entities folder named `Serilogentry.cs`
- Add the following using statements to the class:

```
using System;
using System.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations;
using System.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations.Schema;
using System.Xml.Linq;
```

- Update the code for the class to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities
{
    [Table("Serilog", Schema = "Logging")]
    public class SerilogEntry
    {
        [Key, DatabaseGenerated(DatabaseGeneratedOption.Identity)]
        public int Id { get; set; }
        public string? Message { get; set; }
        public string? MessageTemplate { get; set; }
        [MaxLength(128)]
        public string? Level { get; set; }
        [DataType(DataType.DateTime)]
        public DateTime? Timestamp { get; set; }
        public string? Exception { get; set; }
        public string? Properties { get; set; }
        public string? LogEvent { get; set; }
        public string? SourceContext { get; set; }
        public string? RequestPath { get; set; }
        public string? ActionName { get; set; }
        public string? ApplicationName { get; set; }
        public string? MachineName { get; set; }
        public string? FilePath { get; set; }
        public string? MemberName { get; set; }
        public int? LineNumber { get; set; }
        [NotMapped]
        public XElement? PropertiesXml => (Properties != null)? XElement.Parse(Properties):null;
    }
}
```

**NOTE:** The project compiles at this point.

## Part 3: Create the ViewModels in AutoLot.Models

There are two ViewModels used by the applications.

- Create a new folder in the named ViewModels under the Entities folder.

### Step 1: Create the CustomerOrderViewModel

- Add a new class to the ViewModels folder named CustomerOrderViewModel.cs
- Add the following using statements to the class:

```
using System.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations.Schema;
using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore;
```

- Update the code for the class to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.ViewModels
{
    [Keyless]
    public class CustomerOrderViewModel
    {
        public string? FirstName { get; set; }
        public string? LastName { get; set; }
        public string? Color { get; set; }
        public string? PetName { get; set; }
        public string? Make { get; set; }
        [NotMapped]
        public string FullDetail
            => $"{FirstName} {LastName} ordered a {Color} {Make} named {PetName}";
        public override string ToString() => FullDetail;
    }
}
```

### Step 2: Create the DealerInfo Class

The DealerInfo is a non-persisted class.

- Add a new class to the ViewModels folder named DealerInfo.cs
- Update the code for the class to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.ViewModels
{
    public class DealerInfo
    {
        public string? DealerName { get; set; }
        public string? City { get; set; }
        public string? State { get; set; }
    }
}
```

## Summary

In this lab, you created the Models (Entities) and the ViewModels for the applications.

## Next steps

In the next part of this tutorial series, you will create the DbContext, DbContext Factory, and run your first migration.