

R Object, Workflow and Functions

Vectors

Create a vector

```
set.seed(42)
my_unif <- runif(30)
is.vector(my_unif)
```

```
[1] TRUE
```

Subset that object

```
my_unif[1:10]
```

```
[1] 0.9148060 0.9370754 0.2861395 0.8304476 0.6417455 0.5190959 0.7365883
[8] 0.1346666 0.6569923 0.7050648
```

```
my_unif[c(1:3,15:17)]
```

```
[1] 0.9148060 0.9370754 0.2861395 0.4622928 0.9400145 0.9782264
```

Sort the vector

```
sort(my_unif)
```

```
[1] 0.08243756 0.11748736 0.13466660 0.13871017 0.25542882 0.28613953
[7] 0.39020347 0.44696963 0.45774178 0.46229282 0.47499708 0.51421178
[13] 0.51909595 0.56033275 0.64174552 0.65699229 0.70506478 0.71911225
[19] 0.73658831 0.83044763 0.83600426 0.90403139 0.90573813 0.91480604
[25] 0.93467225 0.93707541 0.94001452 0.94666823 0.97822643 0.98889173
```

Create vector with strings

```
char_vec <- c("abc", "def", "xyz", "ghi")
sort(char_vec)
```

```
[1] "abc" "def" "ghi" "xyz"
```

Data Frames

```
data(trees)
trees
```

	Girth	Height	Volume
1	8.3	70	10.3
2	8.6	65	10.3
3	8.8	63	10.2
4	10.5	72	16.4
5	10.7	81	18.8
6	10.8	83	19.7
7	11.0	66	15.6
8	11.0	75	18.2
9	11.1	80	22.6
10	11.2	75	19.9
11	11.3	79	24.2
12	11.4	76	21.0
13	11.4	76	21.4
14	11.7	69	21.3
15	12.0	75	19.1
16	12.9	74	22.2
17	12.9	85	33.8
18	13.3	86	27.4
19	13.7	71	25.7
20	13.8	64	24.9
21	14.0	78	34.5
22	14.2	80	31.7
23	14.5	74	36.3
24	16.0	72	38.3
25	16.3	77	42.6
26	17.3	81	55.4

```

27  17.5      82  55.7
28  17.9      80  58.3
29  18.0      80  51.5
30  18.0      80  51.0
31  20.6      87  77.0

```

```
str(trees)
```

```

'data.frame':  31 obs. of  3 variables:
 $ Girth : num  8.3 8.6 8.8 10.5 10.7 10.8 11 11 11.1 11.2 ...
 $ Height: num  70 65 63 72 81 83 66 75 80 75 ...
 $ Volume: num  10.3 10.3 10.2 16.4 18.8 19.7 15.6 18.2 22.6 19.9 ...

```

Subset a column

```
trees$Height
```

```

[1] 70 65 63 72 81 83 66 75 80 75 79 76 76 69 75 74 85 86 71 64 78 80 74 72 77
[26] 81 82 80 80 80 87

```

Get attributes from dataframe

```
attributes(trees)
```

```
$names
```

```
[1] "Girth" "Height" "Volume"
```

```
$class
```

```
[1] "data.frame"
```

```
$row.names
```

```

[1]  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25
[26] 26 27 28 29 30 31

```

```
names(trees)
```

```
[1] "Girth" "Height" "Volume"
```

```
colnames(trees)[2:3]
```

```
[1] "Height" "Volume"
```

Lists

Investigating data frame

```
is.list(trees); is.data.frame(trees)
```

```
[1] TRUE
```

```
[1] TRUE
```

Can subset as a list

```
trees[1]
```

	Girth
1	8.3
2	8.6
3	8.8
4	10.5
5	10.7
6	10.8
7	11.0
8	11.0
9	11.1
10	11.2
11	11.3
12	11.4
13	11.4
14	11.7
15	12.0
16	12.9
17	12.9
18	13.3
19	13.7
20	13.8

```

21 14.0
22 14.2
23 14.5
24 16.0
25 16.3
26 17.3
27 17.5
28 17.9
29 18.0
30 18.0
31 20.6

```

```
trees[[2]]
```

```

[1] 70 65 63 72 81 83 66 75 80 75 79 76 76 69 75 74 85 86 71 64 78 80 74 72 77
[26] 81 82 80 80 80 87

```

Look at linear model fit

```

fit <- lm(Volume ~ Height + Girth, data = trees)
str(fit, max.level = 1)

```

List of 12

```

$ coefficients : Named num [1:3] -57.988 0.339 4.708
..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:3] "(Intercept)" "Height" "Girth"
$ residuals    : Named num [1:31] 5.462 5.746 5.383 0.526 -1.069 ...
..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:31] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...
$ effects      : Named num [1:31] -167.985 53.863 69.159 -0.884 -2.007 ...
..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:31] "(Intercept)" "Height" "Girth" "" ...
$ rank         : int 3
$ fitted.values: Named num [1:31] 4.84 4.55 4.82 15.87 19.87 ...
..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:31] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...
$ assign       : int [1:3] 0 1 2
$ qr           :List of 5
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "qr"
$ df.residual  : int 28
$ xlevels      : Named list()
$ call         : language lm(formula = Volume ~ Height + Girth, data = trees)
$ terms        :Classes 'terms', 'formula' language Volume ~ Height + Girth
.. ..- attr(*, "variables")= language list(Volume, Height, Girth)
.. ..- attr(*, "factors")= int [1:3, 1:2] 0 1 0 0 0 1

```

```

.. .. - attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
.. .. - attr(*, "term.labels")= chr [1:2] "Height" "Girth"
.. .. - attr(*, "order")= int [1:2] 1 1
.. .. - attr(*, "intercept")= int 1
.. .. - attr(*, "response")= int 1
.. .. - attr(*, ".Environment")=<environment: R_GlobalEnv>
.. .. - attr(*, "predvars")= language list(Volume, Height, Girth)
.. .. - attr(*, "dataClasses")= Named chr [1:3] "numeric" "numeric" "numeric"
.. .. - attr(*, "names")= chr [1:3] "Volume" "Height" "Girth"
$ model      : 'data.frame': 31 obs. of 3 variables:
.. - attr(*, "terms")=Classes 'terms', 'formula' language Volume ~ Height + Girth
.. .. - attr(*, "variables")= language list(Volume, Height, Girth)
.. .. - attr(*, "factors")= int [1:3, 1:2] 0 1 0 0 0 1
.. .. - attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
.. .. - attr(*, "term.labels")= chr [1:2] "Height" "Girth"
.. .. - attr(*, "order")= int [1:2] 1 1
.. .. - attr(*, "intercept")= int 1
.. .. - attr(*, "response")= int 1
.. .. - attr(*, ".Environment")=<environment: R_GlobalEnv>
.. .. - attr(*, "predvars")= language list(Volume, Height, Girth)
.. .. - attr(*, "dataClasses")= Named chr [1:3] "numeric" "numeric" "numeric"
.. .. - attr(*, "names")= chr [1:3] "Volume" "Height" "Girth"
- attr(*, "class")= chr "lm"

```

Helper functions

```
fit$coefficients
```

```

(Intercept)      Height      Girth
-57.9876589    0.3392512    4.7081605

```

```
coef(fit)
```

```

(Intercept)      Height      Girth
-57.9876589    0.3392512    4.7081605

```

```
fit$residuals
```

```

      1      2      3      4      5      6
5.46234035 5.74614837 5.38301873 0.52588477 -1.06900844 -1.31832696

```

7	8	9	10	11	12
-0.59268807	-1.04594918	1.18697860	-0.28758128	2.18459773	-0.46846462
13	14	15	16	17	18
-0.06846462	0.79384587	-4.85410969	-5.65220290	2.21603352	-6.40648192
19	20	21	22	23	24
-4.90097760	-3.79703501	0.11181561	-4.30831896	0.91474029	-3.46899800
25	26	27	28	29	30
-2.27770232	4.45713224	3.47624891	4.87148717	-2.39932888	-2.89932888
31					
8.48469518					

```
residuals(fit)
```

1	2	3	4	5	6
5.46234035	5.74614837	5.38301873	0.52588477	-1.06900844	-1.31832696
7	8	9	10	11	12
-0.59268807	-1.04594918	1.18697860	-0.28758128	2.18459773	-0.46846462
13	14	15	16	17	18
-0.06846462	0.79384587	-4.85410969	-5.65220290	2.21603352	-6.40648192
19	20	21	22	23	24
-4.90097760	-3.79703501	0.11181561	-4.30831896	0.91474029	-3.46899800
25	26	27	28	29	30
-2.27770232	4.45713224	3.47624891	4.87148717	-2.39932888	-2.89932888
31					
8.48469518					

```
fit$rank
```

```
[1] 3
```

if/then/else

if divisible by 3 return fizz if divisible by 5 return buzz if divisible by 15 return fizzbuzz

```
number <- 2
if(number %% 15 == 0) {
  print("fizzbuzz")
} else if (!(number %% 5)) {
  print("buzz")
} else if (!(number %% 3)) {
```

```
    print("fizz")
} else {
    print("whoops")
}
```

```
[1] "whoops"
```

Loops

Wrap fizz buzz code loop

```
for(number in -1:41) {
  if(number %% 15 == 0) {
    print("fizzbuzz")
  } else if (!(number %% 5)) {
    print("buzz")
  } else if (!(number %% 3)) {
    print("fizz")
  } else {
    print("whoops")
  }
}
```

```
[1] "whoops"
[1] "fizzbuzz"
[1] "whoops"
[1] "whoops"
[1] "fizz"
[1] "whoops"
[1] "buzz"
[1] "fizz"
[1] "whoops"
[1] "whoops"
[1] "fizz"
[1] "buzz"
[1] "whoops"
[1] "fizz"
[1] "whoops"
[1] "whoops"
[1] "fizzbuzz"
```



```

[1] "whoops"
[1] "whoops"
[1] "fizz"
[1] "whoops"
[1] "buzz"
[1] "fizz"
[1] "whoops"
[1] "whoops"
[1] "fizz"
[1] "buzz"
[1] "whoops"
[1] "fizz"
[1] "whoops"
[1] "whoops"
[1] "fizzbuzz"
[1] "whoops"
[1] "whoops"
[1] "fizz"
[1] "whoops"
[1] "buzz"
[1] "fizz"
[1] "whoops"
[1] "whoops"
[1] "fizz"
[1] "buzz"
[1] "whoops"

```

Normal approximation of binomial

```

n <- 40
prob <- 0.3
dbinom(0:n, size = n, prob = prob)

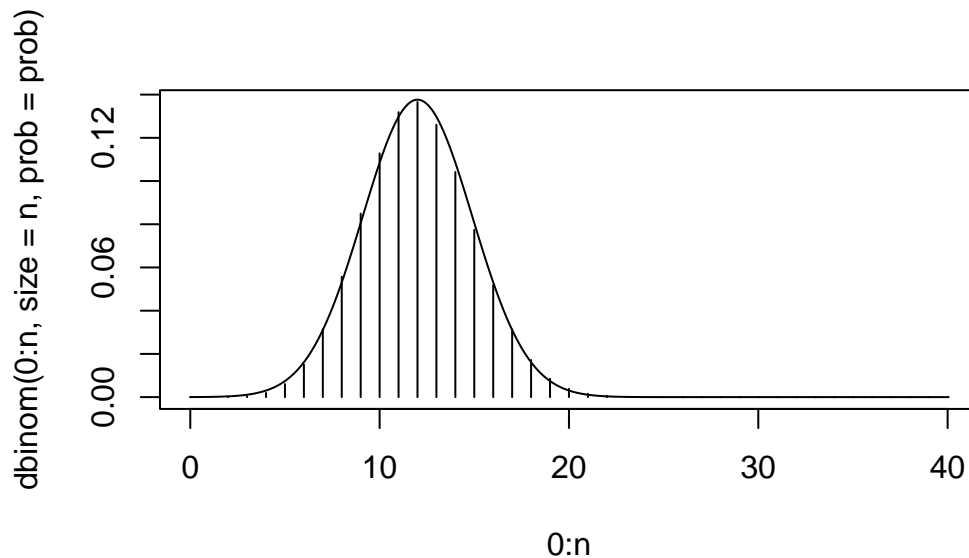
```

```

[1] 6.366806e-07 1.091452e-05 9.121424e-05 4.951630e-04 1.962968e-03
[6] 6.057157e-03 1.514289e-02 3.152194e-02 5.572629e-02 8.491625e-02
[11] 1.128173e-01 1.318644e-01 1.365738e-01 1.260681e-01 1.041992e-01
[16] 7.740510e-02 5.183378e-02 3.136161e-02 1.717422e-02 8.522543e-03
[21] 3.835144e-03 1.565365e-03 5.793884e-04 1.943290e-04 5.899274e-05
[26] 1.618087e-05 4.000763e-06 8.890585e-07 1.769045e-07 3.137223e-08
[31] 4.929921e-09 6.815560e-10 8.215184e-11 8.535256e-12 7.531108e-13
[36] 5.533059e-14 3.293487e-15 1.525940e-16 5.162955e-18 1.134715e-19
[41] 1.215767e-21

```

```
plot(0:n, dbinom(0:n, size = n, prob = prob), type = "h")
norm_x <- seq(from = 0, to = n, length = 1000)
lines(norm_x, dnorm(norm_x, mean = n*prob, sd = sqrt(n*prob*(1-prob))))
```

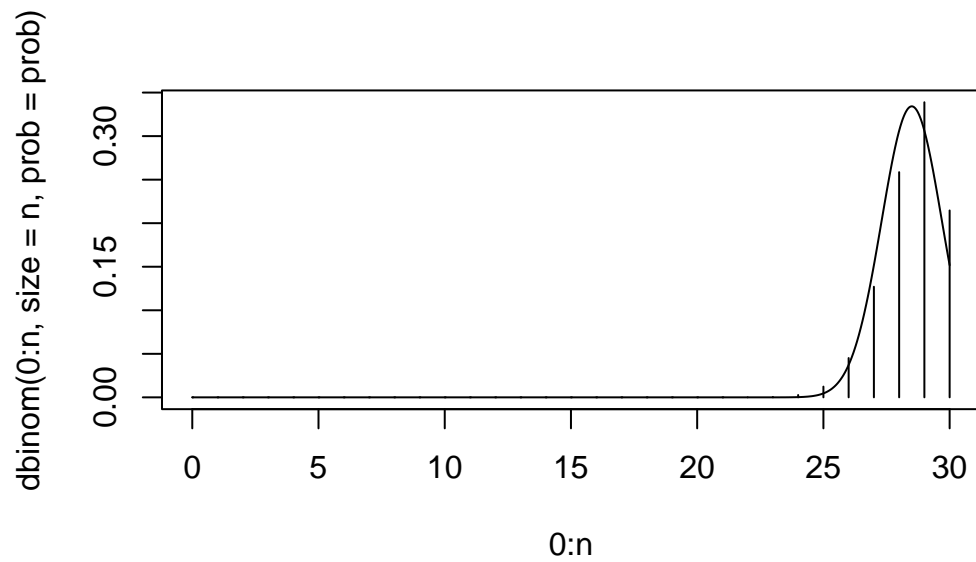


Write a function to make plot for any n and p

```
plot_norm_approx <- function(n, prob) {
  plot(0:n, dbinom(0:n, size = n, prob = prob), type = "h")
  norm_x <- seq(from = 0, to = n, length = 1000)
  lines(norm_x, dnorm(norm_x, mean = n*prob, sd = sqrt(n*prob*(1-prob))))
}
```

Test it

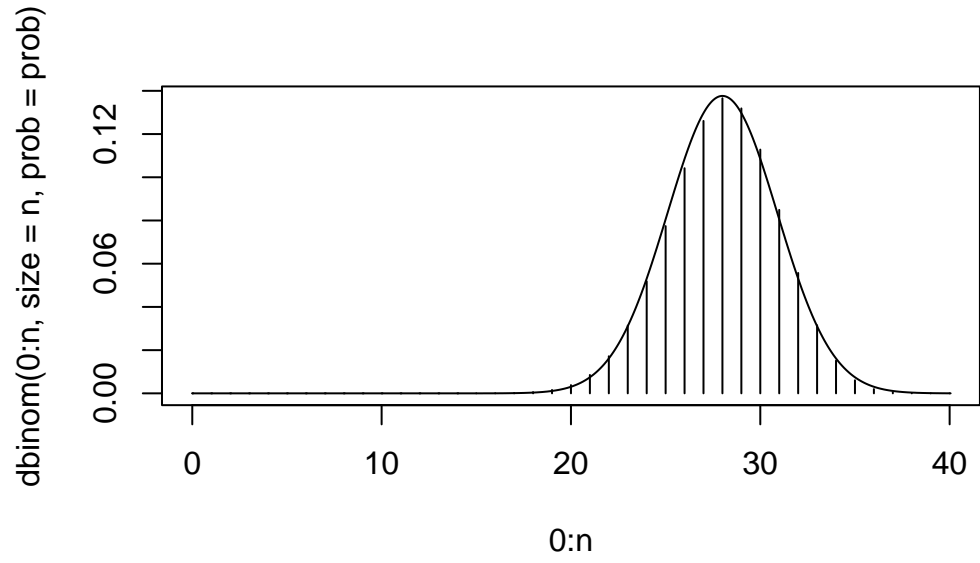
```
plot_norm_approx(30, 0.95)
```



```
plot_norm_approx <- function(n = 30, prob = 0.5) {  
  plot(0:n, dbinom(0:n, size = n, prob = prob), type = "h")  
  norm_x <- seq(from = 0, to = n, length = 1000)  
  lines(norm_x, dnorm(norm_x, mean = n*prob, sd = sqrt(n*prob*(1-prob))))  
}
```

Test it

```
plot_norm_approx(40, .7)
```



```
plot_norm_approx(p = .3, n = 100)
```

