Exercises about users and groups management

NOTE 1: We have to start a root session to do the exercises

NOTE 2: Take into account that user and group names are CASE SENSITIVE

 Add two new groups named "daw" and "crey" sudo addgroup daw; sudo addgroup crey

```
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ sudo addgroup daw ; sudo addgroup crey
Adding group `daw' (GID 1002) ...
Done.
Adding group `crey' (GID 1003) ...
Done.
```

2. Change "daw" and "crey" GIDS to 2001 and 2002, respectively. sudo groupmod -g 2001 daw && sudo groupmod -g 2002 crey

```
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ grep "daw" /etc/group && grep "crey" /etc/group
daw:x:2001:
crey:x:2002:
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ ■
```

3. Create a new group called "profesores" with GID of 2000. Then, modify the group name to teachers sudo groupadd -g 2000 profesores; sudo groupmod -n teachers profesores

```
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ sudo groupadd -g 2000 profesores; sudo groupmod -n teach
ers profesores
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ grep "teachers" /etc/group
teachers:x:2000:
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$
```

4. Verify that you have correctly created the groups named "daw", "crey" and "teachers" grep 2000 /etc/group; grep 2001 /etc/group; grep 2002 /etc/group grep "daw" /etc/group; grep "crey" /etc/group; grep "teachers" /etc/group

```
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ grep "daw" /etc/group; grep "crey" /etc/group; grep "tea
chers" /etc/group
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ grep "daw" /etc/group
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ grep daw /etc/group
daw:x:2001:
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ grep daw /etc/group; grep crey /etc/group; grep teachers
/etc/group
daw:x:2001:
crey:x:2001:
crey:x:2000:
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$
```

5. Add a new user named "john" whose primary group is "crey". Has the home directory been created with the default command?

```
useradd -g crey John # adding to group crey and no home directory is create useradd -g crey -m john # home is not create useradd -r John # deleting a user
```

```
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ grep john /etc/passwd; grep john /etc/group; sudo grep john /etc/shadow
john:x:1002:2002::/home/john:/bin/sh
john:!:18656:0:99999:7:::
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$
```

6. Add a new user named "mary", whose primary group is "daw" and the home directory /home/mary

```
useradd -g daw -d "/home/mary" mary-
useradd -g daw -m" mary-
```

```
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ grep mary /etc/passwd; grep mary /etc/group; sudo grep mary /etc/shadow
mary:x:1003:2001::/home/mary:/bin/sh
mary:!:18656:0:99999:7:::
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ grep mary /etc/passwd; grep daw /etc/group; sudo grep mary /etc/shadow
mary:x:1003:2001::/home/mary:/bin/sh
daw:x:2001:
mary:!:18656:0:99999:7:::
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$
```

7. Add a new user named "martha", whose primary group is "teachers", the home directory

adduser -g teachers -G crey -m martha.# adding Martha primary group teachers secondary group "crey" and automatic home creation

```
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ sudo useradd  -g teachers -G crey -m martha
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ grep "martha" /etc/passwd; grep "daw" /etc/group; sudo grep "martha" /etc/shadow
martha:x:1004:2000::/home/martha:/bin/sh
daw:x:2001:
martha:!:18656:0:99999:7:::
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ grep "martha" /etc/passwd; grep "teacher" /etc/group grep "daw" /etc/group; sudo grep
"martha" /etc/shadow
nartha:x:1004:2000::/home/martha:/bin/sh
      group:teachers:x:2000:
grep: grep: No such file or directory
grep: daw: No such file or directory
           :teachers:x:2000:
martha:!:18656:0:99999:7:::
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ grep "martha" /etc/passwd; grep "teacher" /etc/group ; grep "daw" /etc/group; sudo gr
p "martha" /etc/shadow
<mark>martha</mark>:x:1004:2000::/home/<mark>martha</mark>:/bin/sh
teachers:x:2000:
daw:x:2001:
martha:!:18656:0:99999:7:::
eus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ id martha
uid=1004(martha) gid=2000(teachers) groups=2000(teachers),2002(crey)
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$
```

- 8. Add the following names to the users that you have just created:
 - a. John= "John Doe"
 - b. Mary = "Mary Williams"
 - c. Martha = "Martha Jones"

sudo usermod -c "john Doe" john && sudo usermod -c "mary Williams" mary && sudo usermod -c "artha Jones" martha

```
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ sudo usermod -c "John Doe" john && sudo usermod -c "Mary Williams" mary && sudo usermod -c "Martha
ones" martha
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ tail /etc/passwd
colord:x:121:128:colord colour management daemon,,,:/var/lib/colord:/usr/sbin/nologin
pulse:x:122:129:PulseAudio daemon,,,:/var/run/pulse:/usr/sbin/nologin
zeus:x:1000:1000:Zeus,,,:/home/zeus:/bin/bash
systemd-coredump:x:999:999:systemd Core Dumper:/:/usr/sbin/nologin
desarrollador:x:1001:1001:desarrollador,,,,:/home/desarrollador:/bin/bash
vboxadd:x:998:11::/var/run/vboxadd:/bin/false
geoclue:x:123:133::/var/lib/geoclue:/usr/sbin/nologin
john:x:1002:2002:John Doe:/home/john:/bin/sh
mary:x:1003:2001:Mary Williams:/home/mary:/bin/sh
martha:x:1004:2000:Martha Jones:/home/martha:/bin/sh
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$
```

9. How could you check that you have created all the users with the right primary groups?

```
tail -3 /etc/passwd
```

or

for user in john mary martha; do id "\${user}"; done

uid=1002(john) gid=2002(crey) groups=2002(crey) # only primary group
uid=1003(mary) gid=2001(daw) groups=2001(daw) # only primary group
uid=1004(martha) gid=2000(teachers) groups=2000(teachers),2002(crey) # primary
and secondly group

```
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ for user in john mary martha; do id "${user}"; done
uid=1002(john) gid=2002(crey) groups=2002(crey)
uid=1003(mary) gid=2001(daw) groups=2001(daw)
uid=1004(martha) gid=2000(teachers) groups=2000(teachers),2002(crey)
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$
```

10. Verify if crey and daw groups have martha as a member

grep "crey" /etc/group ; grep "daw" /etc/group

```
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ grep "crey" /etc/group ; grep "daw" /etc/group
crey:x:2002:martha
daw:x:2001:
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$
```

11. Can you log in with any of the users you have created?

No.

sudo cat etc/shadow

```
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ su john
Password:
su: Authentication failure
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ su martha
Password:
su: Authentication failure
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ su mary
Password:
su: Authentication failure
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ su mary
Password:
su: Authentication failure
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$
```

12. Set the password "martha22" for the user "martha"

sudo passwd martha

[sudo] password for zeus:

New password:

Retype new password:

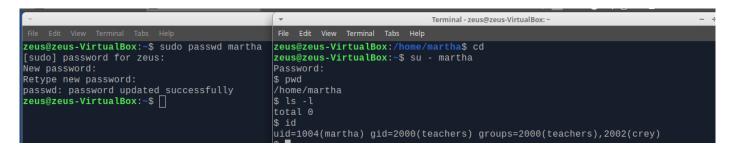
passwd: password updated successfully

su – Martha # to loging into Martha's directory, no primitive shell

sudo openssl-passwd -crypt martha22 /#return zipher password

AsA.SzIK

sudo usermod -p AsA.SzIK martha



13. Display on the shell prompt the groups to which Martha belongs

id martha

```
uid=1004(martha) gid=2000(teachers) groups=2000(teachers),2002(crey)
```

tail -n 3 /etc/group

daw:x:2001:

crey:x:2002:martha
teachers:x:2000:

grep martha /etc/group grep martha etc/shadow groups

```
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ id martha
uid=1004(martha) gid=2000(teachers) groups=2000(teachers),2002(crey)
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ tail -n 3 /etc/group
daw:x:2001:
crey:x:2002:martha
teachers:x:2000:
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$
```

14. Create a directory named "teachers" in "/home". Then, assign the directory "/home/teachers" to the user martha (you can do all the steps typing just one command).

sudo usermod -d /home/teacher -m martha

usermod: user martha is currently used by process 3069

sudo pkill -9 -u martha

This shut the terminal open a new terminal and

sudo usermod -d /home/teacher -m Martha # home directory is created

grep "martha" /etc/passwd

martha:x:1004:2000:Martha Jones:/home/teacher:/bin/sh

15. Now, log in as user "martha". Run the command "cd \$SHOME" and check that the home directory is "/home/teachers"

```
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ su martha
Password:
$ cd $HOME
$ pwd
/home/teacher
$ su zeus
Password:
$ su zeus
Password:
$ su zeus
Password:
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:/home/teacher$ cd
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ su - martha
Password:
$ pwd
/home/teacher
```

16. Go back to the root shell

```
$ su - root
Password:
root@zeus-VirtualBox:~#
```

17. Change the shell of the user named "john" to "sh"

sudo usermod -s sh john

```
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ grep john /etc/passwd
john:x:1002:2002:John Doe:/home/john:/bin/sh
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ usermod -s sh john
usermod: Permission denied.
usermod: cannot lock /etc/passwd; try again later.
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ sudo usermod -s sh john
[sudo] password for zeus:
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ grep john /etc/passwd
john:x:1002:2002:John Doe:/home/john:sh
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$
```

18. Add the user "martha" to the secondary group "daw" without removing the already assigned secondary groups.

sudo usermod -G daw -a Martha

```
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ id martha
uid=1004(martha) gid=2000(teachers) groups=2000(teachers).2002(crev)
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ usermod -G daw -a martha
usermod: Permission denied.
usermod: cannot lock /etc/passwd; try again later.
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ sudo usermod -G daw -a martha
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ u martna
uid=1004(martha) gid=2000(teachers)
groups=2000(teachers),2001(daw),2002(crey)
```

19. Run a command to print the following information for each user

User	Primary group	Secondary groups
john	crey	
mary	daw	
martha	teachers	crey, daw

```
czeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ for user ir john mary martha; do id "${user}"; done
duid=1002(john) gid=2002(crey) groups=2002(crey)
uid=1003(mary) gid=2001(daw) groups=2001(daw)
uid=1004(martha) gid=2000(teachers) groups=2000(teachers
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox.~$
```

20. Delete all the groups you have created. Could you delete them? Why?

No, because, it cannot be removed the primary groups of any existing user. First it must be remove the thr user and then the group.

sudo groupdel <user>

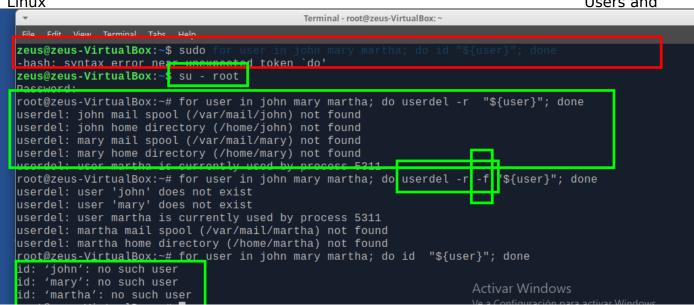
```
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ sudo groupdel daw
groupdel: cannot remove the primary group of user 'mary'
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ sudo groupdel crey
groupdel: cannot remove the primary group of user 'john'
zeus@zeus-VirtualBox:~$ sudo groupdel teachers
groupdel: cannot remove the primary group of user 'martha'
Activar Windows
```

21. Delete all the users you have created, including the files and directories inside the home.

For loop for as root execute

for user in john mary martha; do userdel -r "\${user}"; done for user in john mary martha; do userdel -r -f "\${user}"; done

Users and Linux



- -f: This option forces the removal of the specified user account. It doesn't matter that the user is still logged in. It also forces the userdel to remove the user's home directory and mail spool, even if another user is using the same home directory or even if the mail spool is not owned by the specified user
- -r: remove the files in the user's home directory along with the home directory itself and the user's mail spool. All the files located in other file systems will have to be searched for and deleted manually.
- -R: This option apply changes in the CHROOT_DIR directory and use the configuration files from the CHROOT_DIR directory.
- -Z: remove any SELinux policies.

22. Try again to delete the groups

For loop for as root execute

for user in daw crey teachers; do groupdel "\${user}"; done

References:

https://linux.die.net/man/8/groupdel

https://linux.die.net/man/8/useradd

https://kb.iu.edu/d/adwf (find users by uid)

https://unix.stackexchange.com/questions/248426/add-multiple-user-to-unix-group-in-one-line

https://www.cyberciti.biz/tips/howto-linux-kill-and-logout-users.html

https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/userdel-command-in-linux-with-examples/