Tools & Models for Data Science Imperative SQL 2

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? Write a stored procedure giving the name and height of the tallest peak in a region.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION
    getTallestPeak(whichRegion TEXT,
        OUT finalBestName TEXT, finalBestHeight INTEGER) AS
$$
BEGIN
...
END;
$$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;
```

Body 1: Declare control variables as well as the cursor

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION
   getTallestPeak(whichRegion TEXT,
      OUT finalBestName TEXT, finalBestHeight INTEGER) AS
$$
DECLARE
   peakName TEXT;
   bestName TEXT;
   peakHeight INTEGER DEFAULT -1;
   bestHeight INTEGER DEFAULT -1;
   peakCursor CURSOR FOR SELECT name, elev
        FROM Peak WHERE Region = whichRegion;
BEGIN
END:
$$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;
```

■ Body 2: Open cursor and loop to find the tallest peak

■ Body 3: return the result

```
finalBestName = bestName;
finalBestHeight = bestHeight;
END;
$$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;
```

■ To call:

```
SELECT * FROM getTallestPeak('Corocoran_to_Whitney');
Or
SELECT getTallestPeak('Corocoran_to_Whitney');
```

Important: Don't EVER Write Such Code!

- I wrote code that looped to find the tallest
 - Terrible idea!
 - LIMIT k would be shorter, easier, faster
 - Rule: use AS MUCH declarative code as possible
 - Only use loops, etc. when you MUST
 - Sometimes 3+ orders of magnitude speed difference

Implicit Cursor Version

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION
   getTallestPeakImplicit(whichRegion TEXT, OUT finalBestName TEXT,
      OUT finalBestHeight INTEGER) AS
$$
DECLARE
   bestName TEXT:
   bestHeight INTEGER DEFAULT -1;
   row_data RECORD;
BEGIN
  FOR row data IN SELECT name, elev FROM Peak WHERE Region = whichRegion
  LOOP
      IF row_data.elev > bestHeight THEN
        bestHeight = row data.elev:
        bestName = row_data.name;
      END IF:
  END LOOP:
  finalBestName = bestName;
  finalBestHeight = bestHeight;
END:
$$
LANGUAGE plpqsql;
```

Implicit or Explicit?

- Implicit cursors are unique(ish?) to Postgres
 - Less portable
- But they are easier to use
- Limitations?
 - One direction only (?)

Returning Relations

■ RETURNS TABLE(<list of names, type pairs>)

Returning Relations using SQL language

■ RETURNS TABLE(<list of names, type pairs>)

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION
   tableValuedFunction(x INTEGER)
   RETURNS TABLE (f1 INTEGER, f2 TEXT )
AS
$$
   SELECT x, CAST(x AS TEXT) || '_is_text';
$$
LANGUAGE sq1;
SELECT * FROM tableValuedFunction(5)
```

Triggers

- Stored procedures that fire in response to some event
- Standard options
 - Events: UPDATE, INSERT, DELETE
 - Timing: BEFORE/AFTER: run only once triggering action succeeds
- Some RDBMSs
 - Triggers: Typically not run when TRUNCATE is called on a table

Trigger Special Variables

- old: table containing old versions of records
- new: table containing new versions

	INSERT	
	Before	After
old.	N/A	N/A
new.	new	new

	UPDATE	
	Before	After
old.	old	old
new.	new	new

	DELETE	
	Before	After
old.	old	old
new.	N/A	N/A

Trigger Example

- Write a trigger that catches updates to peak table, prints an error message and does not process
- Write the function first
- Then create a trigger that calls the function

Trigger: Function Framework

- NOTE: Return type of TRIGGER
- NOTE: No arguments

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION

ignorePeakUpdate() RETURNS TRIGGER AS

$$
DECLARE

...
BEGIN

END;
$$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;
```

Trigger: Function Body

```
BEGIN
   RAISE NOTICE 'You_changed_the_height_of_\%_', old.name ;
   RAISE NOTICE 'from_\%_to_\%.', old.elev, new.elev ;
   RAISE NOTICE 'I_am_ignoring_it.';
   RETURN OLD;
END;
```

■ NOTE: Multiple lines used here only for formatting reasons. Can all be done on one line

Trigger Example

 Write a trigger that catches updates to peak table, prints error message and does not process

```
CREATE TRIGGER checkHeight
BEFORE UPDATE ON peak
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE PROCEDURE ignorePeakUpdate()
```

Temporary Tables

```
CREATE TEMPORARY TABLE myMap (
  myKey INTEGER,
  myValue VARCHAR(200),
  PRIMARY KEY(myKey)
);
```

- When to use
 - Passing lots of data
 - Short life span (current session only)
 - Debugging

Wrap up

? How can we use what we learned today?

? What do we know now that we didn't know before?