

CS240, Spring 2022

Assignment 3: Question 2

Q2a) The best case will occur when $random.size(A.size) = 0$. This will result in only a constant number of operations will run for each call of ArrayAlg. The array reduces by 1, which means that we will have a runtime of:

$$T(n) = \sum_{i=0}^n 1$$

$$T(n) = n$$

$$T(n) \in O(n)$$

Q2b) The worst case will occur when $random.size(A.size) = n - 1$. This will result in only a loop which will have $n - 1$ of operations will run for each call of ArrayAlg. The array reduces by 1, which means that we will have a runtime of:

$$T(n) = \sum_{i=0}^n (n - 1)$$

$$T(n) = \frac{(n + 1)(n)}{2} - n$$

$$T(n) = \frac{n^2}{2} - \frac{n}{2}$$

$$T(n) = O(n^2)$$

Q2c) For each iteration of ArrayAlg, we have a 2 possibilities: Either $random.size(A.size) = 0$ and so we will only do 1 operation, otherwise if $random.size(A.size) = x$ we will do x operations as we will print x elements. Therefore our good and bad case looks like:

$$T(A[0, ..., A.Size]) = \begin{cases} 1 + T(A[0, ..., A.Size - 2]) & \text{where } random.size(A.size) = 0 \\ x + T(A[0, ..., A.Size - 2]) & \text{where } random.size(A.size) = x \end{cases}$$

Note that for each iteration of ArrayAlg, the "good case" will only happen once, and the base case will happen the remaining times. Thus:

$$\text{number of good outcomes} = 1 \quad \text{number of bad outcomes} = n - 1$$

It thus follows that:

$$T^{exp}(n) = \frac{1}{\Pi_n} \left(\sum_{\pi \in \Pi_n : \pi_{good}} T(\pi) + \sum_{\pi \in \Pi_n : \pi_{bad}} T(\pi) \right)$$

$$T^{exp}(n) = \frac{1}{\Pi_n} \left(\sum_{\pi \in \Pi_n : \pi_{good}} 1 + T(n - 2) + \sum_{\pi \in \Pi_n : \pi_{bad}} x + T(n - 2) \right)$$

$$T^{exp}(n) = \frac{1}{n} (1 \times (1 + T(n - 2)) + n \times (x + T(n - 2)))$$

However since $1 \leq x \leq n - 1$ it follows that $x < n$ thus we get:

$$\begin{aligned}
T^{exp}(n) &= \frac{1}{n}(1 \times (1 + T(n - 1)) + (n - 1) \times (x + T(n - 1))) \\
T^{exp}(n) &< \frac{1}{n}(1 \times (1 + T(n - 1)) + (n - 1) \times (n + T(n - 1))) \\
T^{exp}(n) &< \frac{1}{n}(1 + T(n - 1) + n^2 + nT(n - 1) - n - T(n - 1)) \\
T^{exp}(n) &< \frac{1}{n}(1 + n^2 + nT(n - 1) - n) \\
T^{exp}(n) &< \frac{1}{n} + n + T(n - 1) - 1
\end{aligned}$$

So our function will run n times and each time it will do $n + \frac{1}{n} - 1$ operations and since:

$$n(n + \frac{1}{n} - 1) \in O(n^2)$$

Therefore $T^{exp}(n) \in O(n^2)$