r2knowle_a3q3

March 1, 2023

1 A3-Q3: Time of Death

```
[2]: import numpy as np
     from scipy.integrate import solve_ivp
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import math
     from copy import deepcopy
     def MyOde(f, tspan, y0, h):
         t = tspan[0]
         y = deepcopy(y0)
         tlst = []
         ylst = []
         while (t < tspan[1]):</pre>
             normalEulers = y + h*f(t,y);
             newTime = t+h;
             RumeEulers = y + (h/2) * (f(t,y) + f(newTime, normalEulers))
             tlst.append(newTime)
             ylst.append(RumeEulers)
             y = RumeEulers;
             t = newTime;
         return np.array(tlst), np.array(ylst)
```

1.1 (a) Dynamics Function

```
[3]: # === YOUR CODE HERE ===

def AmbTemp(t):
    if (t >= 7.5 and t <= 19):
        return 22;
    if (t >= 21 or t <= 7):</pre>
```

```
return 16;
    if (t <= 7.5):
        timeLeft = 7.5-t;
        return 22 - (timeLeft/0.5)*6
    else:
        timeLeft = 21 - t;
        return 16 + (timeLeft/2)*6;
def de(t, z):
    111
    z1 = A
    z2 = B
    z3 = T
    111
    A = z[0];
    B = z[1];
    T = z[2];
    if (29 \le T \text{ and } T \le 45):
        newA = (0.0008*(T - 29)**2) * (1-math.exp((0.08)*(T-45))) * A * (30 - A)
    else:
        newA = 0;
    if (17 \le T \text{ and } T \le 32):
        newB = (0.001*(T - 17)**2) * (1-math.exp((0.05)*(T-32))) * B * (20 - B)
    else:
        newB = 0;
    part1 = -0.1 * (T - AmbTemp(t))
    part2 = (A + B)/100
    newC = part1 + part2
    return np.array([newA, newB, newC])
```

1.2 (b) Run the simulation

```
[4]: # === YOUR CODE HERE ===
    timeStart = 9.25
    tspan = [timeStart, 23.25]
    yStart = np.array([1, 1, 37.5])

    t,y = MyOde(de, tspan, yStart, 0.25)
    print(y[-1])
```

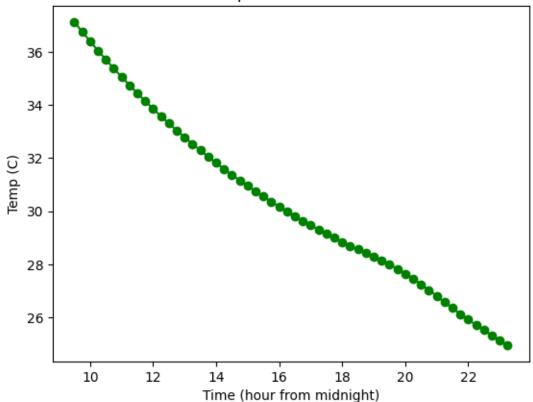
[6.54034875 11.9558738 24.95932436]

```
[5]: # Plot temperature, and display final state
plt.plot(t, y[:,2], 'go-');

plt.title('Tempature Over Time')
plt.xlabel('Time (hour from midnight)')
plt.ylabel('Temp (C)')
```

[5]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Temp (C)')

Tempature Over Time



1.3 (c) Prime Suspect

YOUR ANSWER HERE

[6]: It looks like the murder happens between 9am and 11am. We know this as at 9am, the amount of bacteria B is too high and at 11am its too low. Therefore the most likely suspect is James Carver, as he doesnt have an alibi for this time.

Cell In[6], line 1

It looks like the murder happens between 9am and 11am. We know this as atuse 9am,

SyntaxError: invalid decimal literal

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