## Question 3 [8 marks]

a) let  $x_1, x_2, x_3 \in \mathbb{C}^n$ , thus by Lemma 1(i) we know that:

$$\langle x_1, x_2 + x_3 \rangle = \langle \overline{x_2 + x_3, +x_1} \rangle$$

By Lemme 1(ii) this will thus become:

$$\langle \overline{x_2 + x_3, +x_1} \rangle = \langle \overline{x_2, x_1} \rangle + \langle \overline{x_3, x_1} \rangle$$

By using Lemma 1(i) again (reversing the original conjugate) this equation will thus become:

$$\langle \overline{x_2, x_1} \rangle + \langle \overline{x_3, x_1} \rangle = \langle x_1, x_2 \rangle + \langle \overline{x_3, x_1} \rangle$$
$$= \langle x_1, x_2 \rangle + \langle x_1, x_3 \rangle$$

Thus proving the original equation, using only the first Lemma(i-ii).

**b)** let  $x_1, x_2, c \in \mathbb{C}^n$ , thus by Lemma 1(i) we know that:

$$\langle x_1, cx_2 \rangle = \langle \overline{cx_2, x_1} \rangle$$

By Lemme 1(iii) this will thus become:

$$\langle \overline{cx_2, x_1} \rangle = \overline{c} \langle \overline{x_2, x_1} \rangle$$

By using Lemma 1(i) again (reversing the original conjugate) this equation will thus become:

$$\overline{c}\langle \overline{x_2, x_1} \rangle = \overline{c}x_1, x_2 \rangle$$

Thus proving the original equation, using only the first Lemma(i and iii).

c) let  $x_1, x_2, x_3c \in \mathbb{C}^n$ "

$$\langle x_1, c(x_2 + x_3) \rangle = \overline{c} \langle x_1, x_2 \rangle + \langle x_1, x_3 \rangle$$