```
♦ index.html > ...
      k!DOCTYPE html>
 1
      <html lang="pt-br">
 2
      <head>
  3
          <meta charset="UTF-8">
 4
          <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
 5
          <title>Modelo de Caixas</title>
 6
          <style>
 7
              h1 { /* Box-level */
 8
 9
                  background-color: □lightgrey;
 10
                  height: 300px;
11
                  width: 300px;
12
                  border-width: 10px;
 13
                  border-style: solid;
14
                  border-color: ■darkslategray;
15
 16
                  padding-top: 10px;
17
                  padding-right: 10px;
 18
                  padding-bottom: 10px;
19
20
                  padding-left: 10px;
 21
22
                  margin-top: 10px;
                  margin-right: 10px;
 23
                  margin-bottom: 10px;
24
                  margin-left: 10px;
25
26
27
                  outline-width: 5px;
                  outline-style: dashed;
 28
                  outline-color: ■ salmon;
 29
30
```

```
30
31
             a { /* inline-level */
32
33
                 border-width: 10px;
                 border-style: solid;
34
                 border-color: ■red;
35
36
37
                 padding-top: 10px;
                 padding-right: 10px;
38
39
                 padding-bottom: 10px;
40
                 padding-left: 10px;
41
42
         </style>
     </head>
43
     <body>
44
45
         <h1>Exemplo de caixa box-level</h1>
         Parágrafos são exemplosde box-level, mas os <a href="#">links são exemplos de caixas inline-level</a>. Vamos ver
46
         como tudo isso funciona. \langle /p \rangle
47
     </body>
48
49
     </html>
```