

Transformation



A transformation f
maps any input of type A
to the output of type B .

Composition



Transformations with compatible input and output
can be composed.

Composition is a Transformation



Crucially, composition of transformations is again a transformation.

Composition Combinator



Composition `chain_of(□, □)`
is a transformation combinator
with two arguments.

Example: Composition



Counter-example: Plural Component



We cannot compose these transformations because their input and output do not quite match.

Counter-example: Optional Component



Even so, the input and the output share a common component, which suggests there should be a way to compose these transformations.

Idea: Unbundle the Wire



Attaching a transformation to the object wire indicates that the transformation is applied to all element of the collection.

Block Type

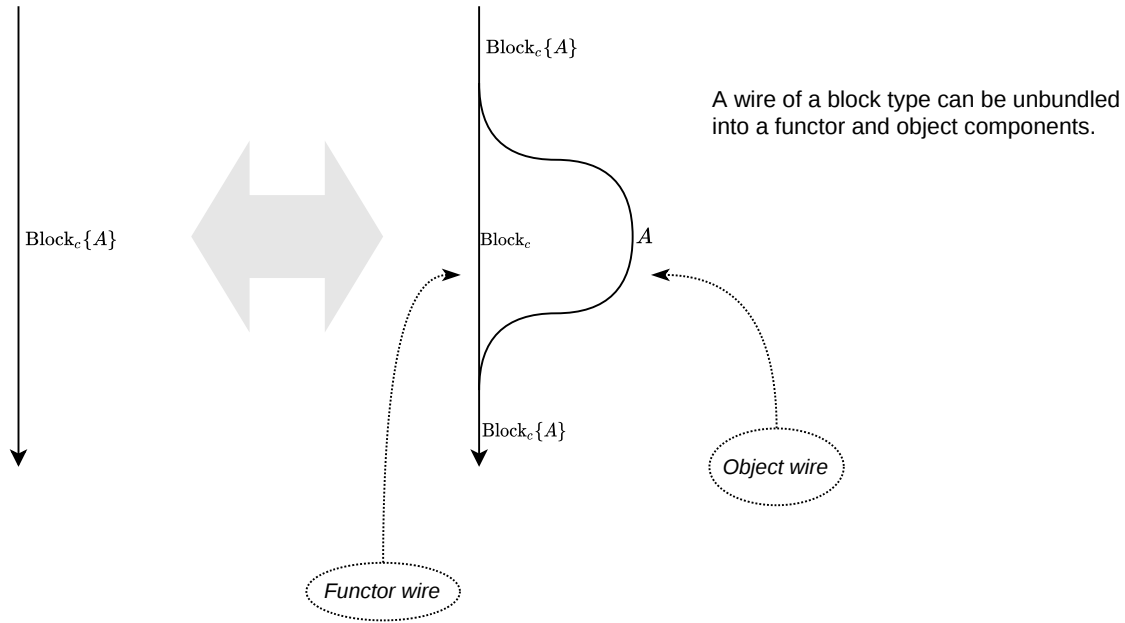
A block is a collection of homogeneous elements.



Cardinality is a constraint on the number of elements in a block.



Unbundling



Object Transformation



Any compatible transformation
can be applied to the object wire,
which indicates that the transformation
is applied to every element of the block.

Multiwired Transformations



Example: Multiwired Transformations



Example: Multiwired Composition



Example: Multiwired Composition Details

