CSC 170 Lab 06: CSS for Navigation

In this lab you will create a non-working horizontal navigation bar and integrate it in a web page with formatting and layout.

Make a copy of Lab 5 (CSS for Layout)

- After you've completed Lab 5 and got an acceptable grade, make a copy of all the files in it to a new folder named lab06
- ☐ In your **start.html** file, Change the title in the <title> tag to "Lab 6 ..."

```
e.g. <title>Lab 6 - Shakespeare</title>
```

Code a horizontal navigation bar

- In your **index.html** file, below the **<header>** block and above the **<article>** block, insert a **<nav>** block.¹
- ☐ Give the <nav> block a class of "menu" like this: <nav class="menu">...
- ☐ Within the <nav> block, code an **unordered list** with five list items.
- ☐ Within the list items, code anchor tags, each with an attribute of: *href*="#" like this: ...
- ☐ Within each anchor tag, type the name of the five menu items: **Home, Products, Services**, **About** Us, and **Contact** Us

Create a special CSS file

- ☐ In the head of the HTML file, under the existing link> to the styles.css, create a new link to another CSS file that you'll name: navigation.css
- ☐ In the file system, in the css folder, create a new blank plain-text file named navigation.css
- Test to make sure your new CSS link is working. Add something like: **body { color: red; }** ...save all your files and look at the index.html file in a browser. If you see red text, then the connection works. Go back and delete the *body { color: red; }* code.

Style your Navigation Bar

☐ Edit your navigation CSS file (not the styles.css file). Add the typical code web developers use to nullify the effects of the unordered list:

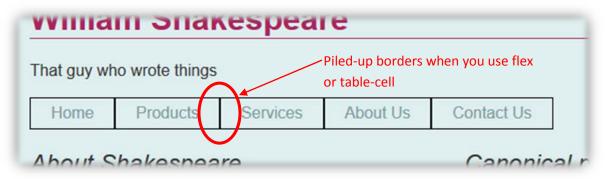
```
.menu ul {
    margin: 0;
    padding-left: 0;
    list-style-type: none;
}
```

¹ If you used multiple <article> elements, nest them all in a <section> element, then insert the <nav> between the end of the <header> and beginning of the <section>.

```
Add a border to the list items to turn them into things that look like buttons:
   .menu li { border: 1px solid black; }
☐ To differentiate the anchor tags in the menu from the other anchor tags in this document:
   .menu a {
          color: black;
   }
   .menu a:hover {
          color: white;
          background-color: #333333;
   }
☐ To give the user a bigger area to click, turn the anchor tags from inline (its default) to "block",
   and then add a little padding:
   .menu a {
          color: black;
          display: block;
          padding: 5px 20px;
   }
☐ Try different layout techniques for the menu (try them all out, one at a time):
   .menu li {display: inline-block; }
          ...then delete and use this...
   .menu ul { display: flex; }
   (Notice: for the flex technique, the target is the UL, not the LI)
          ...then delete and use this...
   .menu li { display: table-cell; }
```

Notice the different effect between inline-block and flex.

- With inline-block, there is a space between the menu items.
- With flex and table-cell, the menu items touch, side-by-side, which causes an unfortunate effect: the borders pile-up in-between the items.



Although the flex technique is more awesome, you cannot easily fix the piled-up borders problem. (You can, but it's insanely wonky.) However, you *can* fix the piled-up borders problem with the table-cell technique.

☐ To fix the piled-up border problem (works with table-cell only):
.menu ul { border-collapse: collapse; }
(Notice: the target is the UL, not the LI)

Part 3: Check and Upload your Work

When you are done with your webpage, use an FTP tool (like *WinSCP*) to access your account on ______.rochestercs.org to create a folder: lab06 and upload all your files into it.

☐ In a web browser (any), go to this address to check your handiwork: accountname.rochestercs.org /lab06/start.html (where "accountname" is your account name)

Remember: All files and folder names must always be all lowercase and no spaces.

Report your work

Remember: Use the W3C HTML validator (validator.w3.org) AND the W3C CSS validator (http://jigsaw.w3.org/css-validator) to check your work before you report it!

• In our Blackboard section, in Lab 6, post a link to your webpage to receive credit for this Lab.