

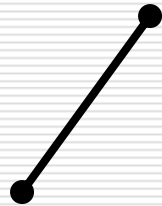
Introduction to Isomers and Linkage Synthesis

- Linkage Synthesis Overview
- Isomers

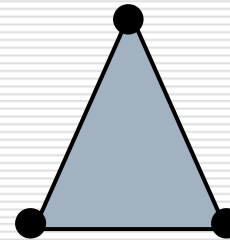
Number Synthesis

- ❑ Determining the number and order of links and joints necessary to produce motion of a particular mobility
- ❑ Link order
 - Number of Binary (B), Ternary (T), Quaternary (Q), Pentagonal (P), Hexagonal (H) links
 - $L = B + T + Q + P + H$
≡ total number of links

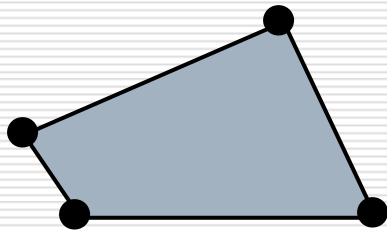
Link Order



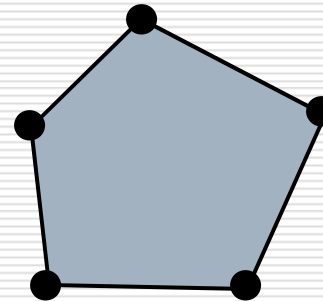
Binary



Ternary



Quaternary



Pentagonal

Isomer Joint Type Nomenclature

- Dashed Line: Imaginary Link
- R: Revolute Joint
 - Pin Joint
 - Hinged connection
- P/T: Lower Pair Sliding Joint
 - Prismatic Joint
 - Relative Translational Motion
- C: Center of Curvature
- B: Base Point

Grübler/Kutzbach Criterion

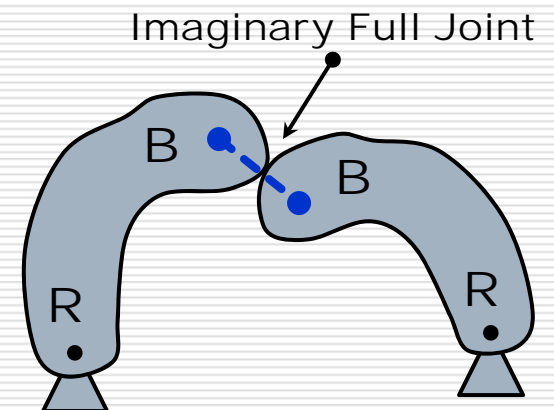
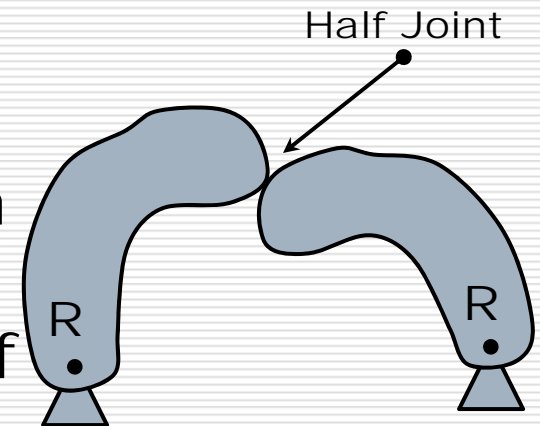
$$M = 3 \cdot (L - 1) - 2 \cdot j_1 \quad (\text{Grübler})$$

$$M = 3 \cdot (L - 1) - 2 \cdot j_1 - j_2 \quad (\text{Kutzbach})$$

- $M=1$
 - Mechanism can be driven by a single input direction
- $M=2$
 - Two separate input motions are necessary to produce constrained motion for the mechanism
 - Differential Mechanism
- $M=0$
 - Motion is impossible and the mechanism is a structure
- $M=-1$
 - Redundant constraint
 - Pre-Load

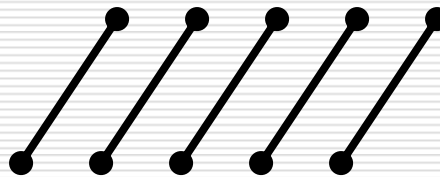
Number Synthesis Uses Grübler's Equation

- Grübler's Criterion: $M = 3(L - 1) - 2J$
 - A half joint is just a full joint with an imaginary link through the base points
 - Base points are the location of the center of curvatures
- For Linkages with Full Joints
 - $L = B + T + Q + P + H + \dots$
 - $L - (M + 3) = T + 2Q + 3P + 4H + \dots$
- DoF Must Be Uniformly Distributed

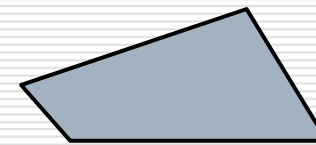


Uniformly Distributed DoF

Basic Links
To Work With



$B=5$

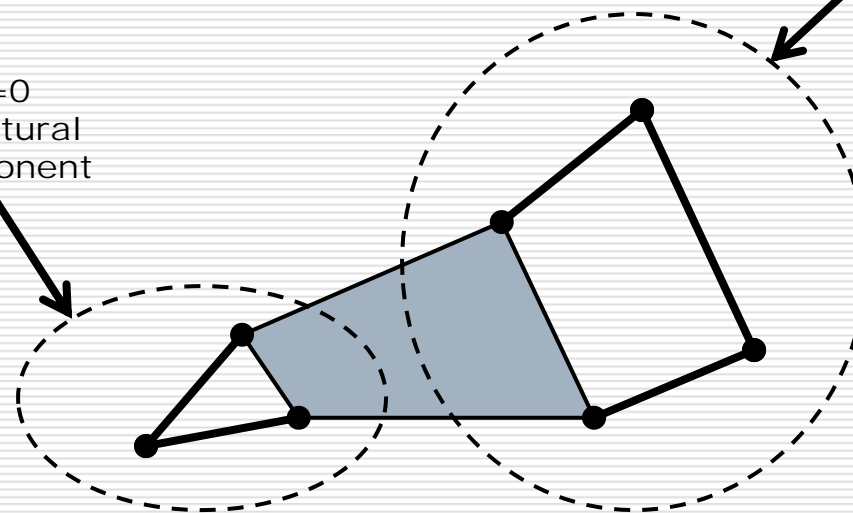


$Q=1$

$M=+1$
Four Bar
Linkage
Component

$M=0$
Structural
Component

An isomer of the link
combination contributing
nothing new for $M=+1$
synthesis use



Implication of Grübler's Equation

$$J = \frac{3}{2} \cdot L - \frac{(M + 3)}{2}$$

- If all joints are full joints
 - An ODD number of DOF (M) requires an EVEN number of links (L)
 - An EVEN number of DOF (M) requires an ODD number of links (L)

Determining All Possible Combinations of Links for a DOF

- Total Number of Links in a Mechanism

$$L = B + T + Q + P + \dots$$

- Total Number of Joints in a Mechanism

- A node is a location in a link that can be used for a joint
- 2 nodes are needed to make one joint

$$J = \frac{\text{total nodes}}{2} = \frac{2 \cdot B + 3 \cdot T + 4 \cdot Q + 5 \cdot P + \dots}{2}$$

Equations Relevant For Number Synthesis

- Simultaneous Progressive Solution for up to Pentagonal Links

$$L = B + T + Q + P$$

$$T + 2 \cdot Q + 3 \cdot P = L - (M + 3)$$

- Total Number of Joints

$$J = \frac{3}{2} \cdot L - \frac{(M + 3)}{2}$$

Consider $F=+1$

N must be even: 0, 2

□ $M=+1, L=0 \Rightarrow$ Not Valid

■ $0 = B + T + Q + P$ Can Not have 0 Link Mechanism

$T + 2 \cdot Q + 3 \cdot P = -4$ T, Q, P can not be negative

□ $M=+1, L=2 \Rightarrow$ Not Valid

■ $2 = B + T + Q + P$

$T + 2 \cdot Q + 3 \cdot P = -3$ T, Q, P can not be negative

Considering $F=+1$ Continued

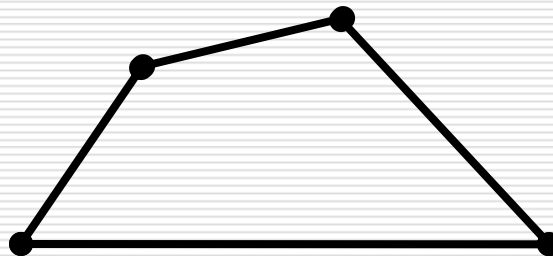
N must be even: 4

□ $M=+1, L=4$

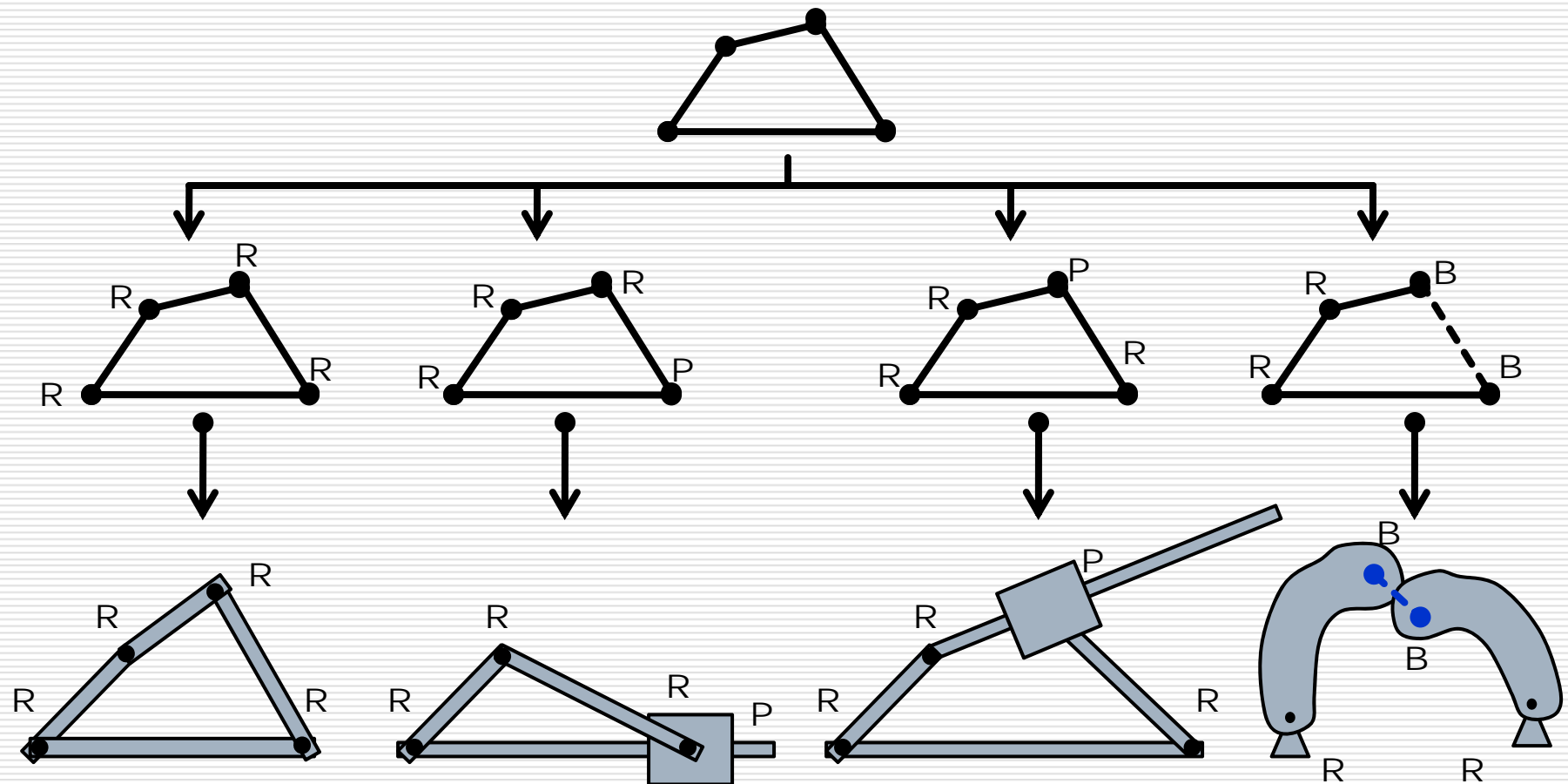
■ $4 = B + T + Q + P \Rightarrow \mathbf{4 = B}$

$T + 2 \cdot Q + 3 \cdot P = 0 \quad T=Q=P=0$

■ $J = \frac{3}{2} \cdot 4 - \frac{(1+3)}{2} = 4$



Synthesis of Mechanical Devices From The Isomer



Considering $M=+1$ Continued L must be even: 6

□ $M=+1, l=6$

■ $L = B + T + Q + P \quad \Rightarrow \quad \mathbf{6 = B + T + Q + P}$

$T + 2 \cdot Q + 3 \cdot P = M - (L + 3) \quad \Rightarrow \quad \boxed{\mathbf{T + 2 \cdot Q + 3 \cdot P = 2}}$

■ From the second equation $P=0$

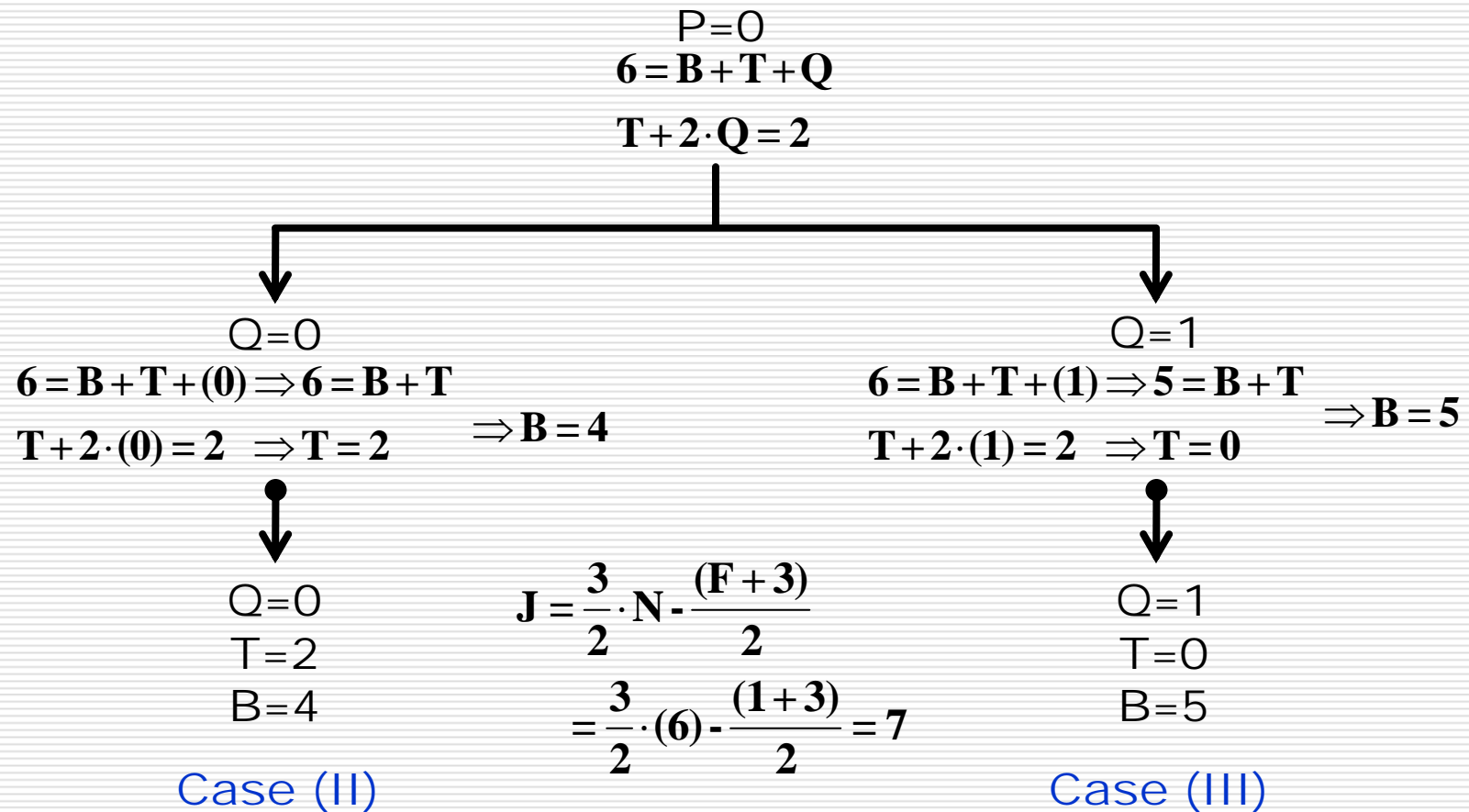
□ T and Q are positive integers

□ The equations reduce to

$$\mathbf{6 = B + T + Q}$$

$$\mathbf{T + 2 \cdot Q = 2}$$

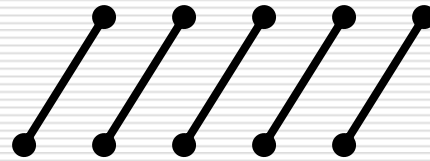
Number Synthesis for M=+1, L=6, P=0



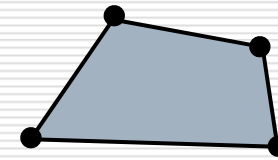
Case III – No Acceptable Isomers

$$M=+1, L=6, P=0, Q=1, T=0, B=5$$

Basic Links
To Work With

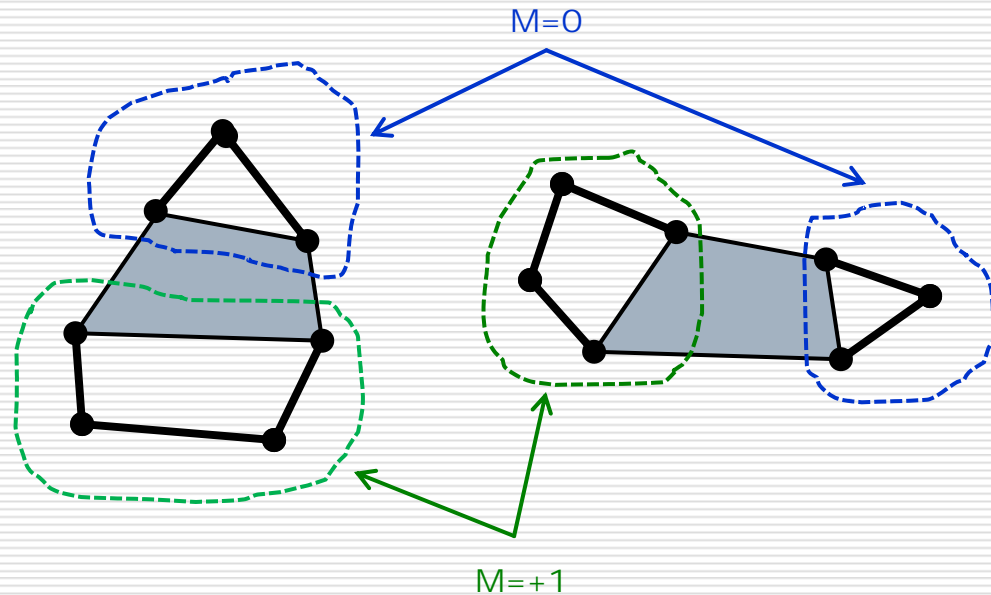


B=5



Q=1

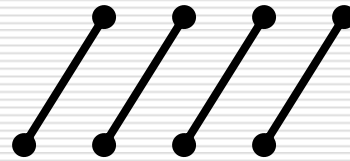
Can Not Connect
Fifth Link and Have
Uniformly Distributed
 $M=+1$



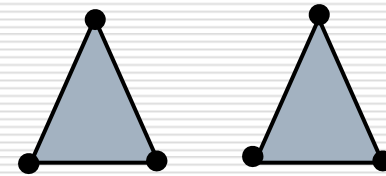
Case III – 2 Acceptable Isomers

$$M=+1, L=6, P=0, Q=0, T=2, B=4$$

Basic Links
To Work With

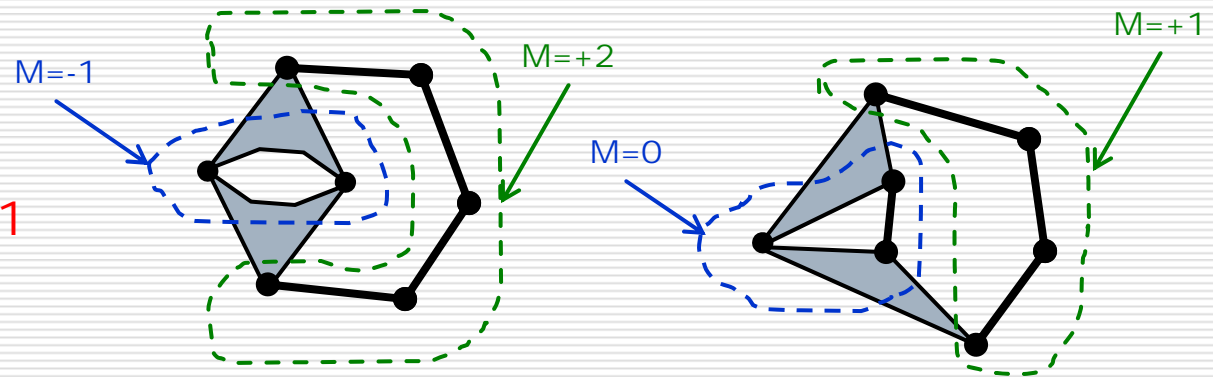


$B=4$

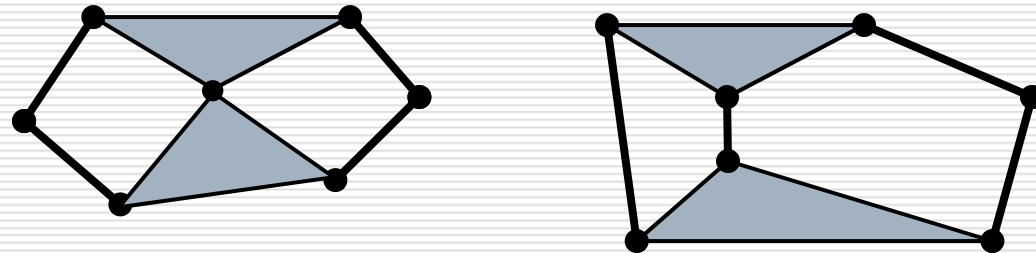


$T=2$

Unacceptable
Isomers for $M=+1$



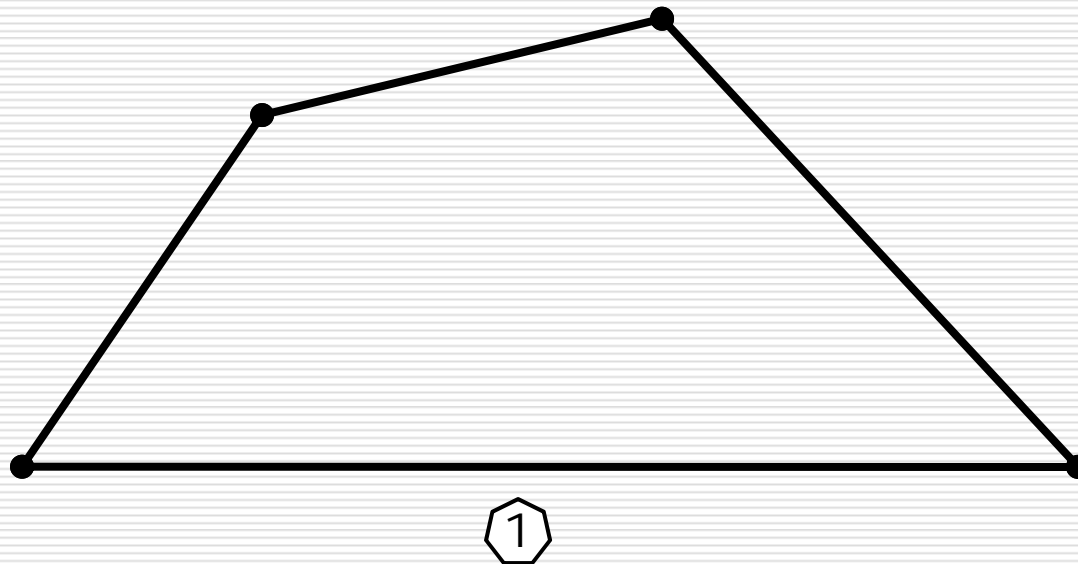
Acceptable
Isomers for $M=+1$



Link Combinations for Single Pin-Jointed Plane Linkages, $M=+1$

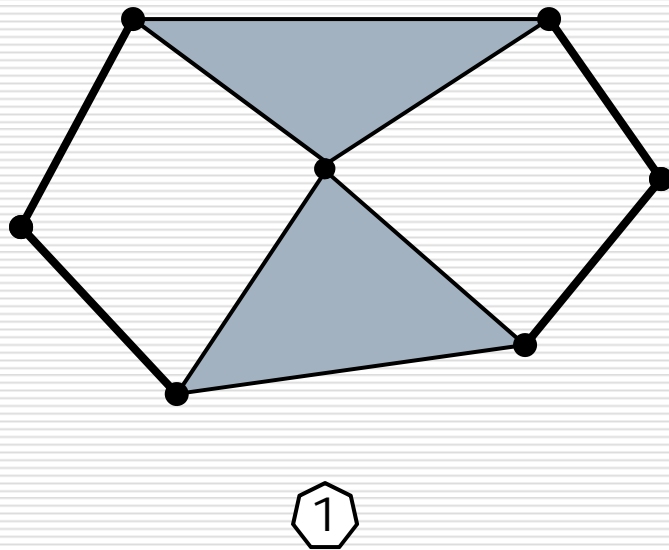
M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
+1	4	4	0	0	0	I
	6	4	2	0	0	II
	6	5	0	1	0	III
	8	4	4	0	0	IV
	8	5	2	1	0	V
	8	6	0	2	0	VI
	8	6	1	0	1	VII

M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
+1	4	4	0	0	0	I

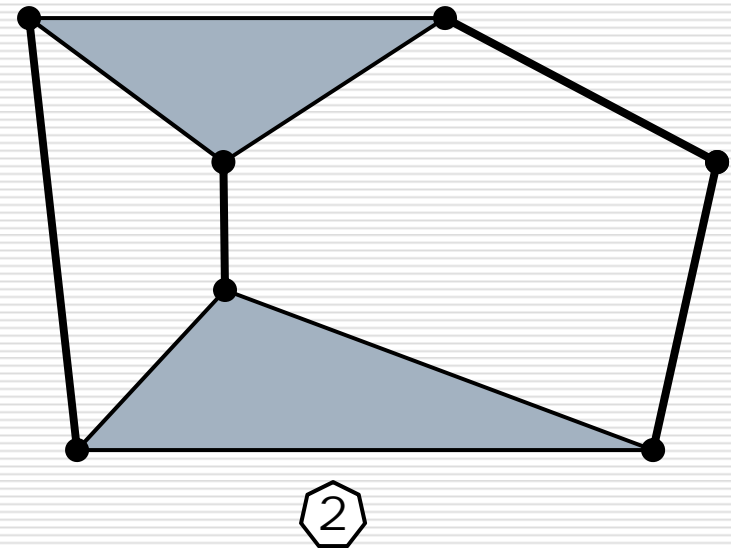


M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
+1	6	4	2	0	0	II

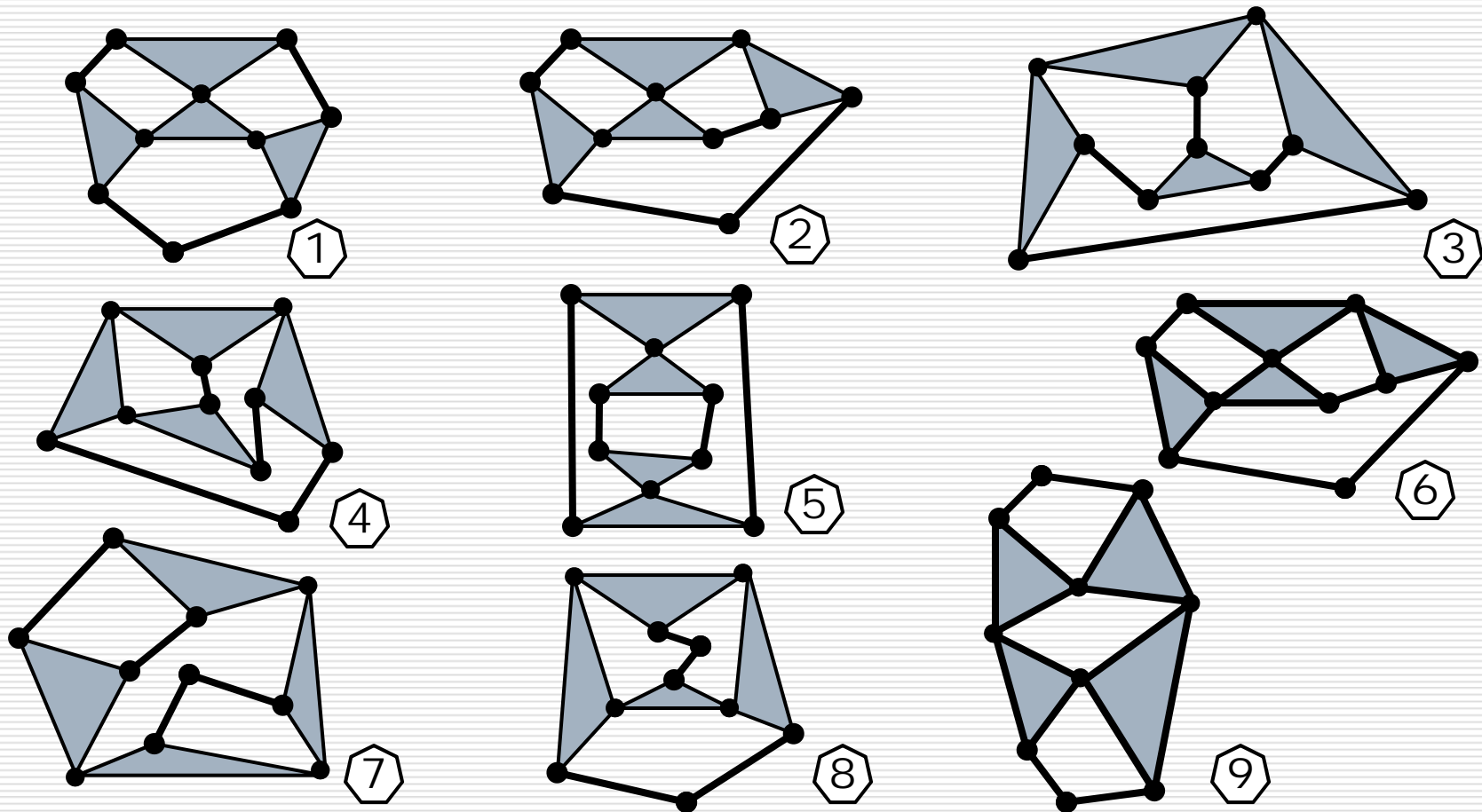
Watt's Linkage



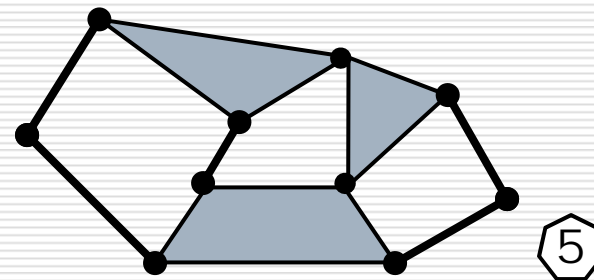
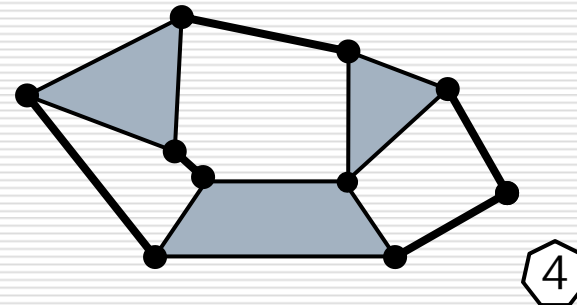
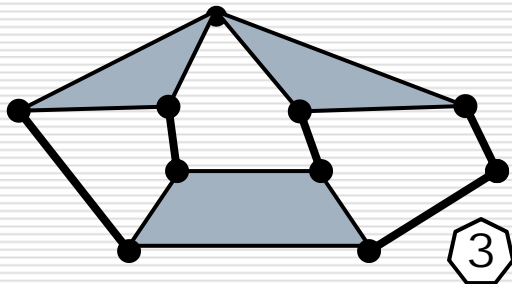
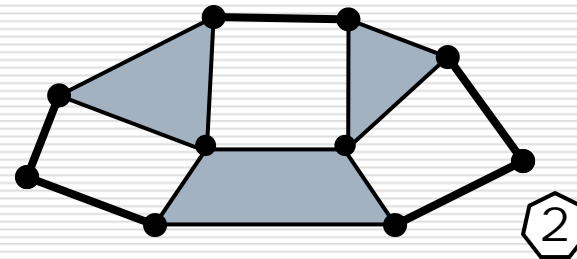
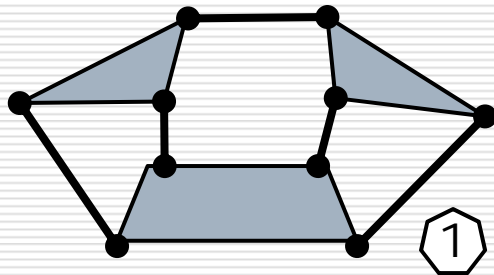
Stephenson's Linkage



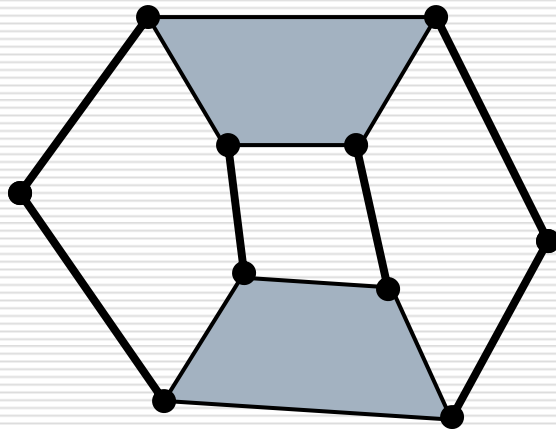
M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
+1	8	4	4	0	0	IV



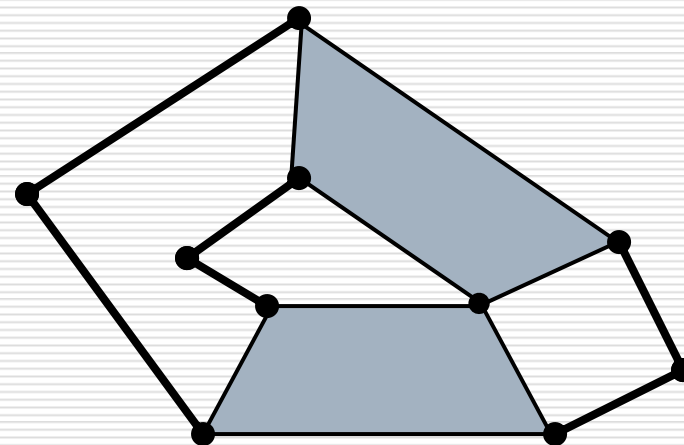
M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
+1	8	5	2	1	0	V



M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
+1	8	6	0	2	0	VI



1

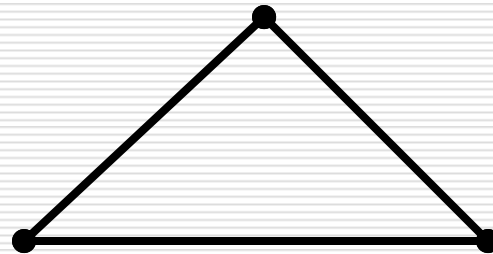


2

Link Combinations for Single Pin-Jointed Plane Linkages, $M=0$

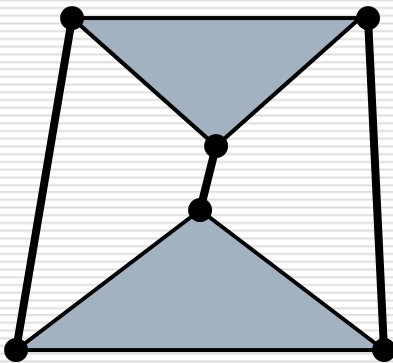
M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
0	3	3	0	0	0	VIII
	5	3	2	0	0	IX
	5	4	0	1	0	X
	7	5	1	0	1	XI
	7	3	4	0	0	XII
	7	4	2	1	0	XIII
	7	5	0	2	0	XIV

M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
0	3	3	0	0	0	VIII

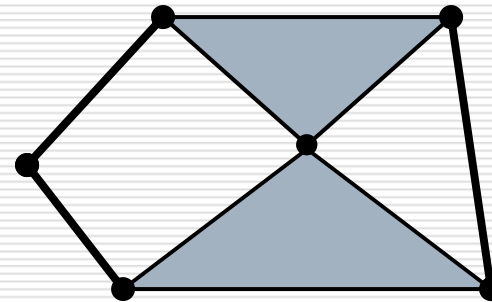


1

M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
0	5	3	2	0	0	IX

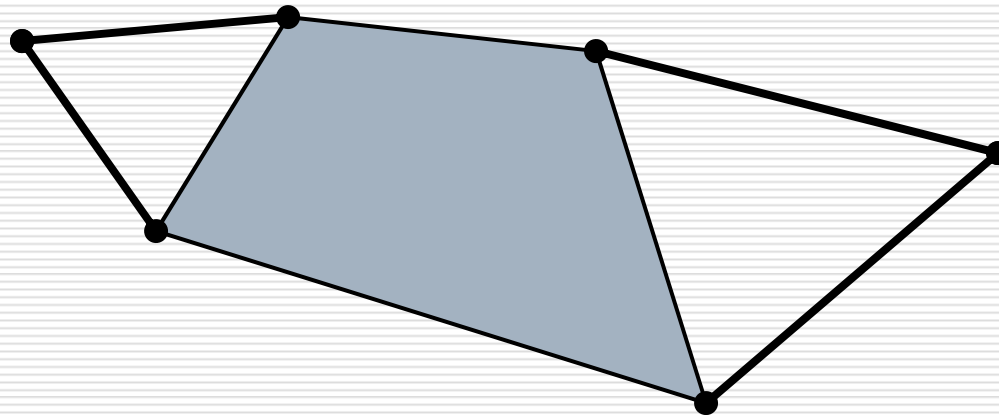


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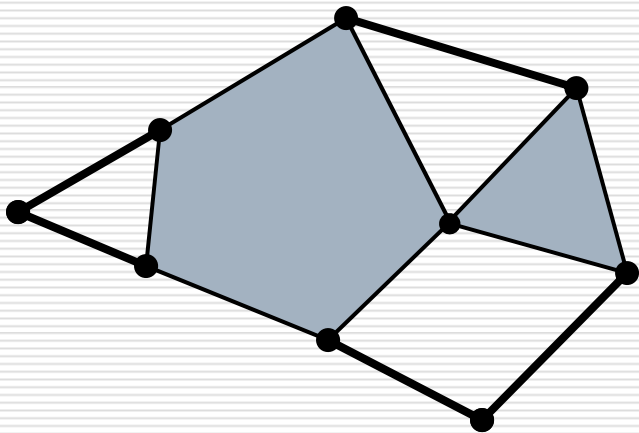
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M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
0	5	4	0	1	0	X

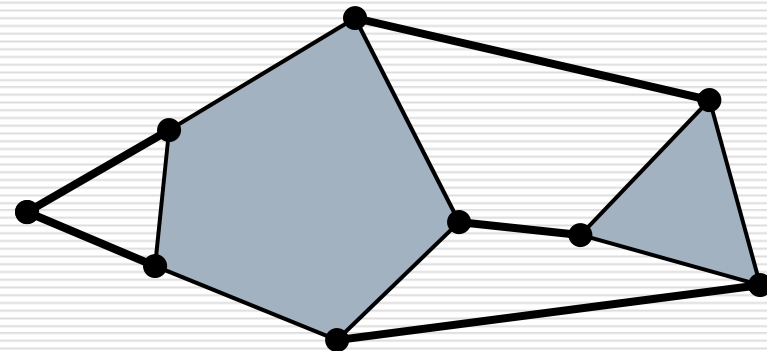


1

M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
0	7	5	1	0	1	XI

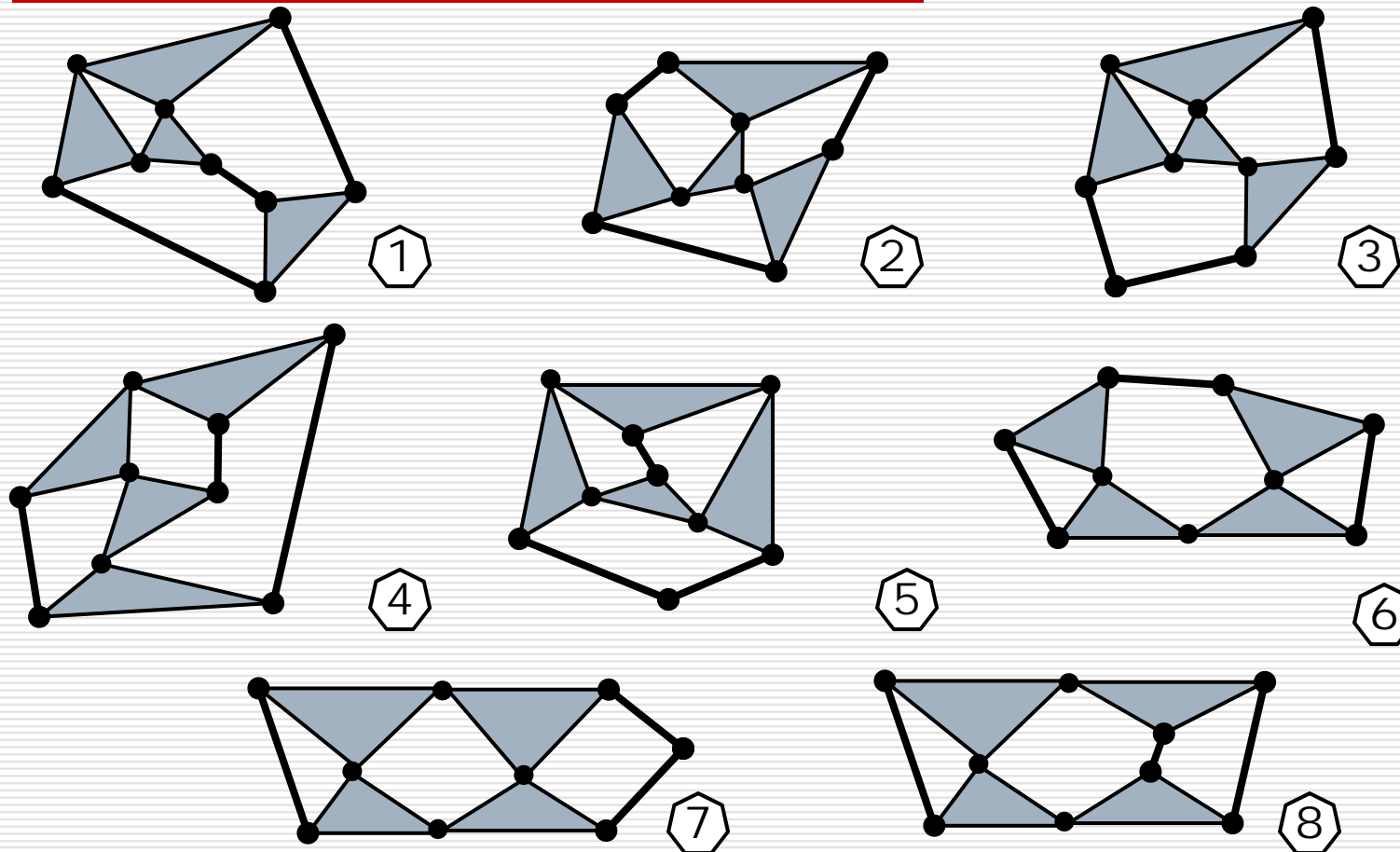


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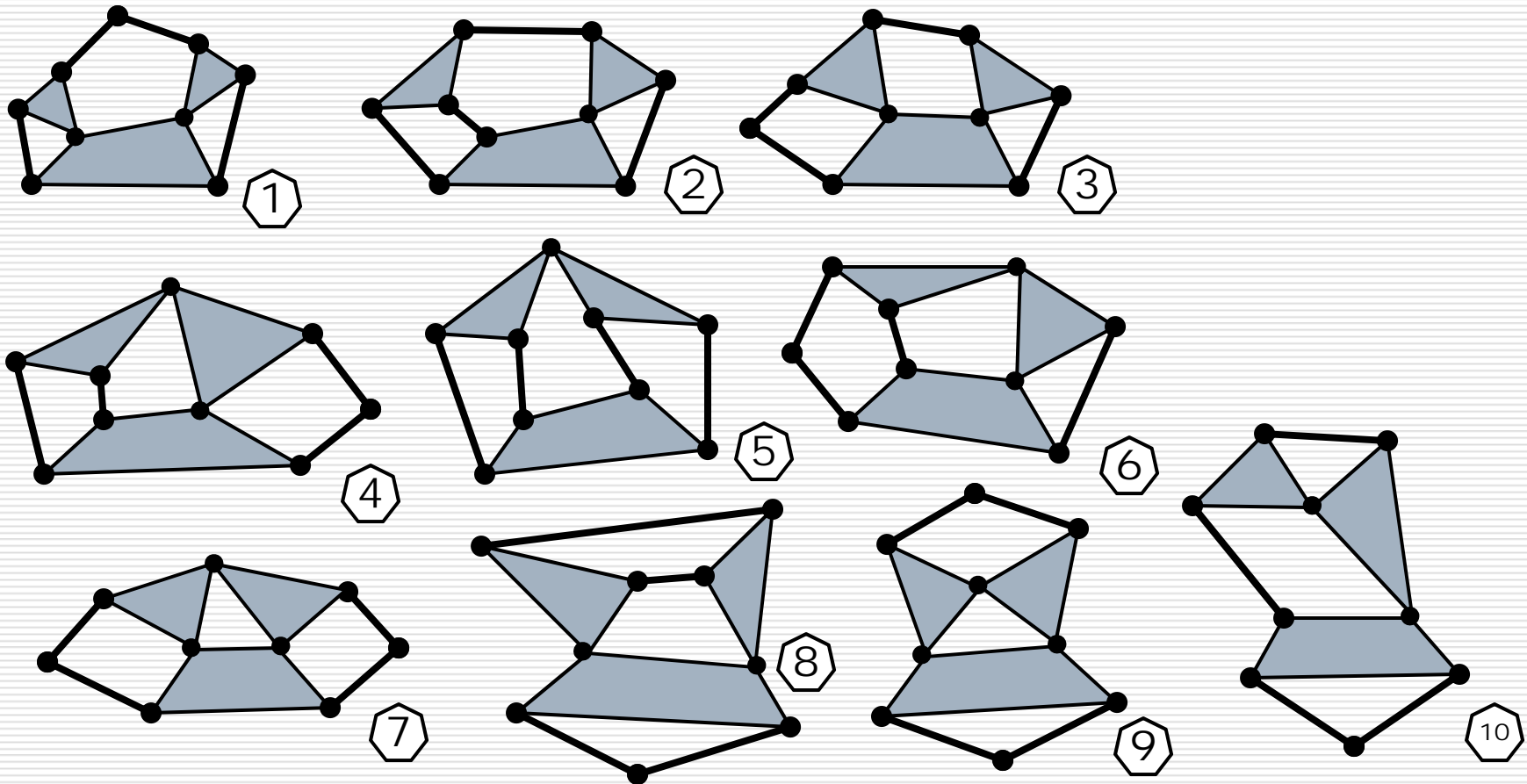


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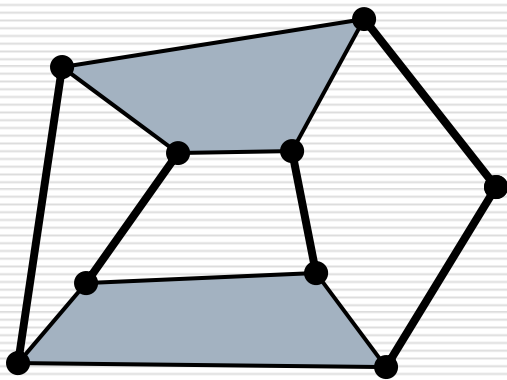
M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
0	7	3	4	0	0	XII



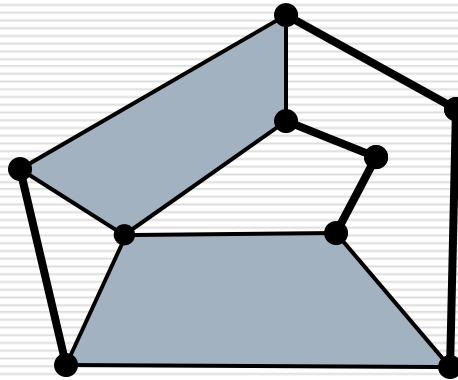
M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
0	7	4	2	1	0	XIII



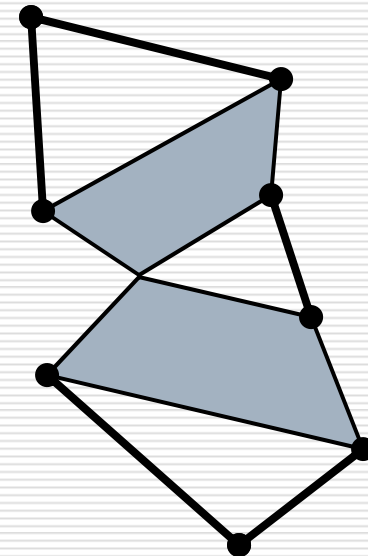
M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
0	7	5	0	2	0	XIV



1



2



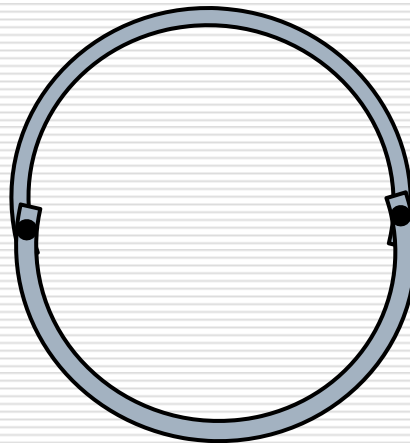
3

Link Combinations for Single Pin-Jointed Plane Linkages, $M=-1$

M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
-1	2	2	0	0	0	XV
	4	2	2	0	0	XVI
	4	3	0	1	0	XVII
	6	4	1	0	1	XVIII
	6	4	0	2	0	XIX
	6	3	2	1	0	XX
	6	2	4	0	0	XXI

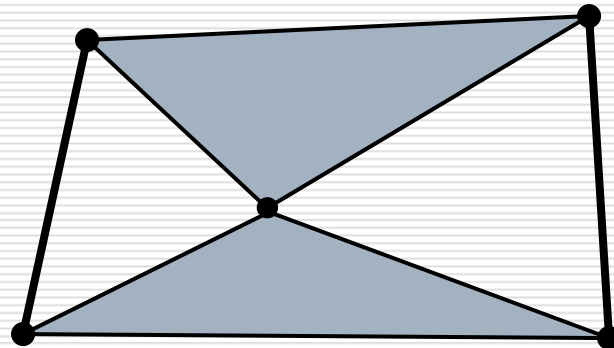
M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
-1	8	6	0	0	2	XXII
	8	5	1	1	1	XXIII
	8	4	3	0	1	XXIV
	8	5	0	3	0	XXV
	8	4	2	2	0	XXVI
	8	3	4	1	0	XXVII
	8	2	6	0	0	XXVIII

M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
-1	2	2	0	0	0	XV



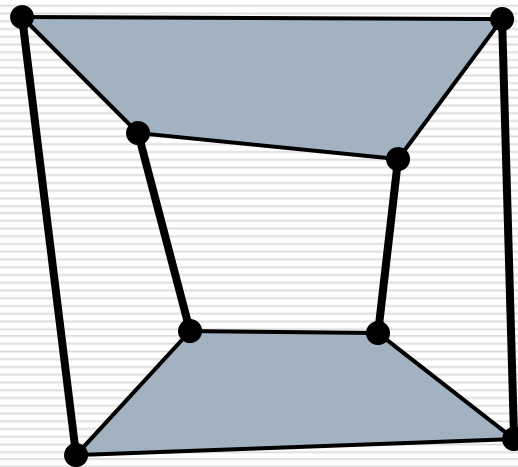
1

M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
-1	4	2	2	0	0	XVI



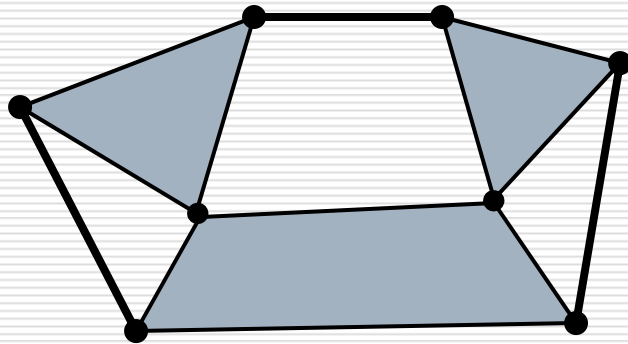
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M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
-1	6	4	0	2	0	XIX

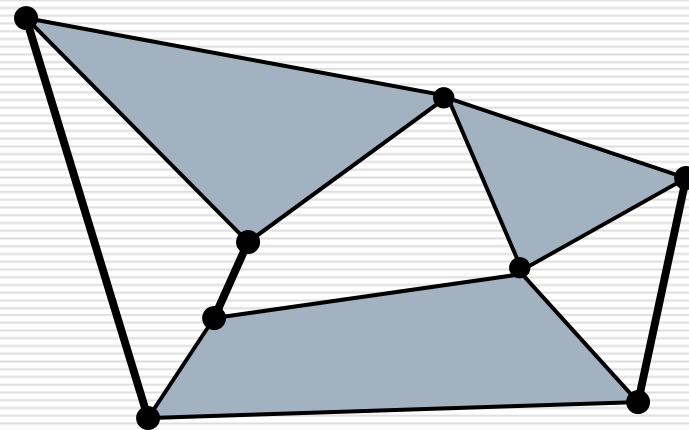


1

M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
-1	6	3	2	1	0	XX

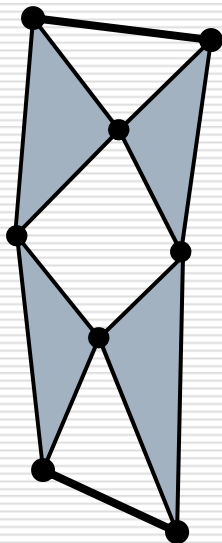


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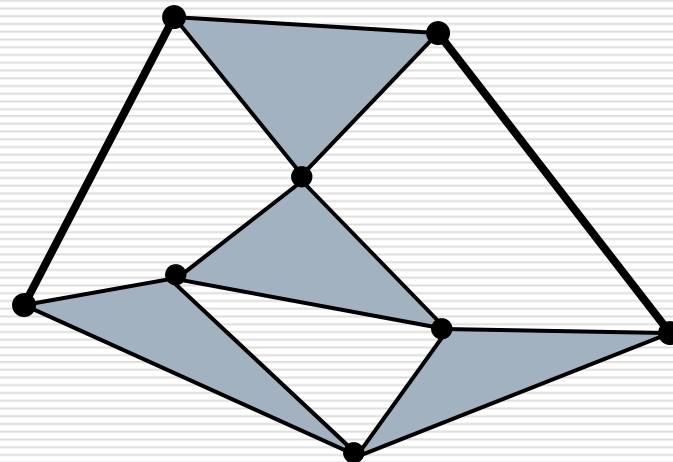


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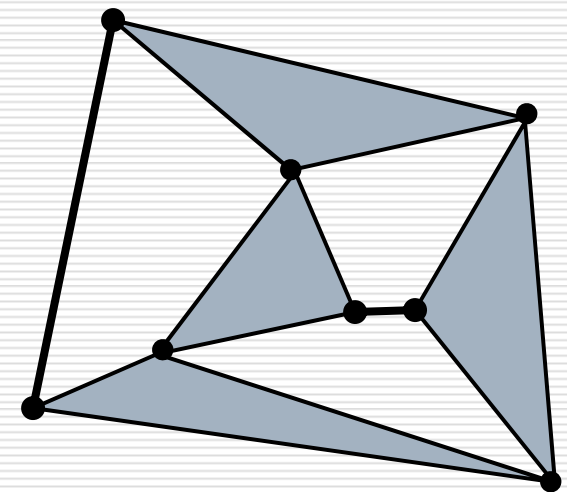
M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
-1	6	2	4	0	0	XXI



1

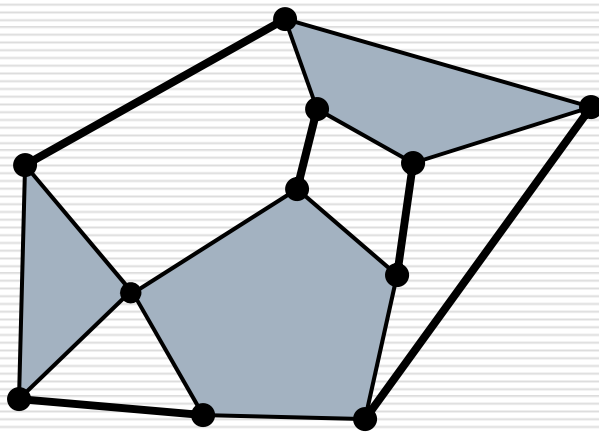


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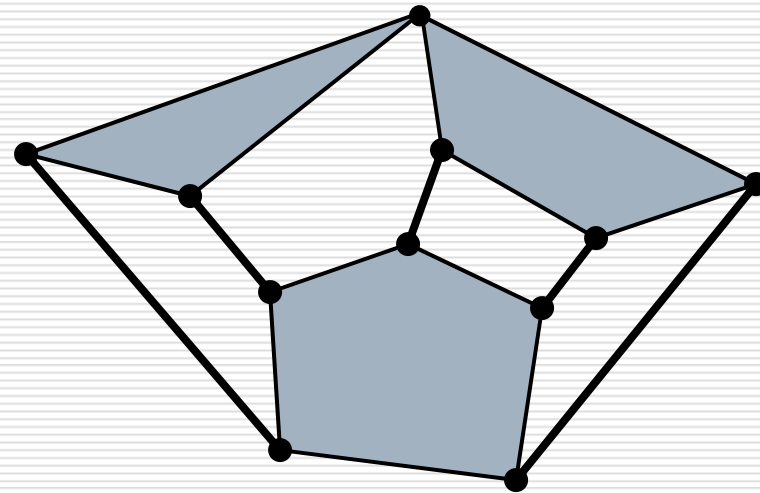


3

M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
-1	8	5	1	1	1	XXIII

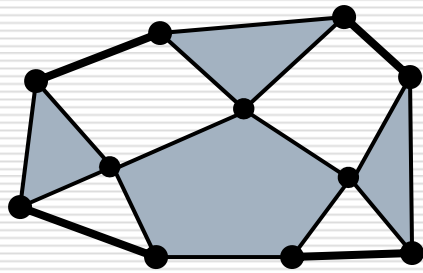


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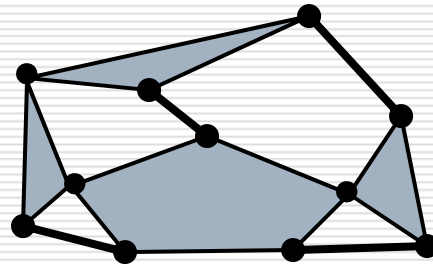


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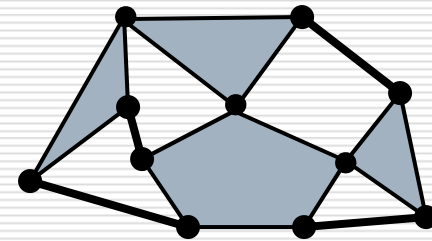
M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
-1	8	4	3	0	1	XXIV



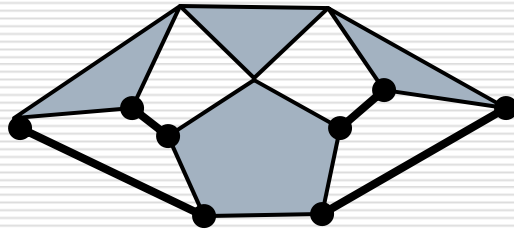
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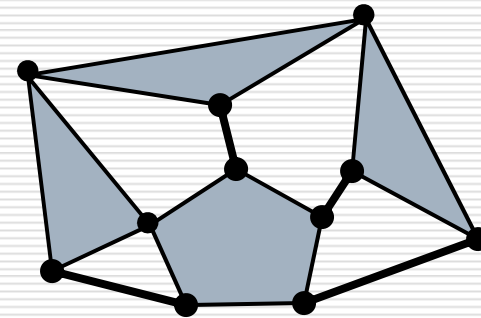
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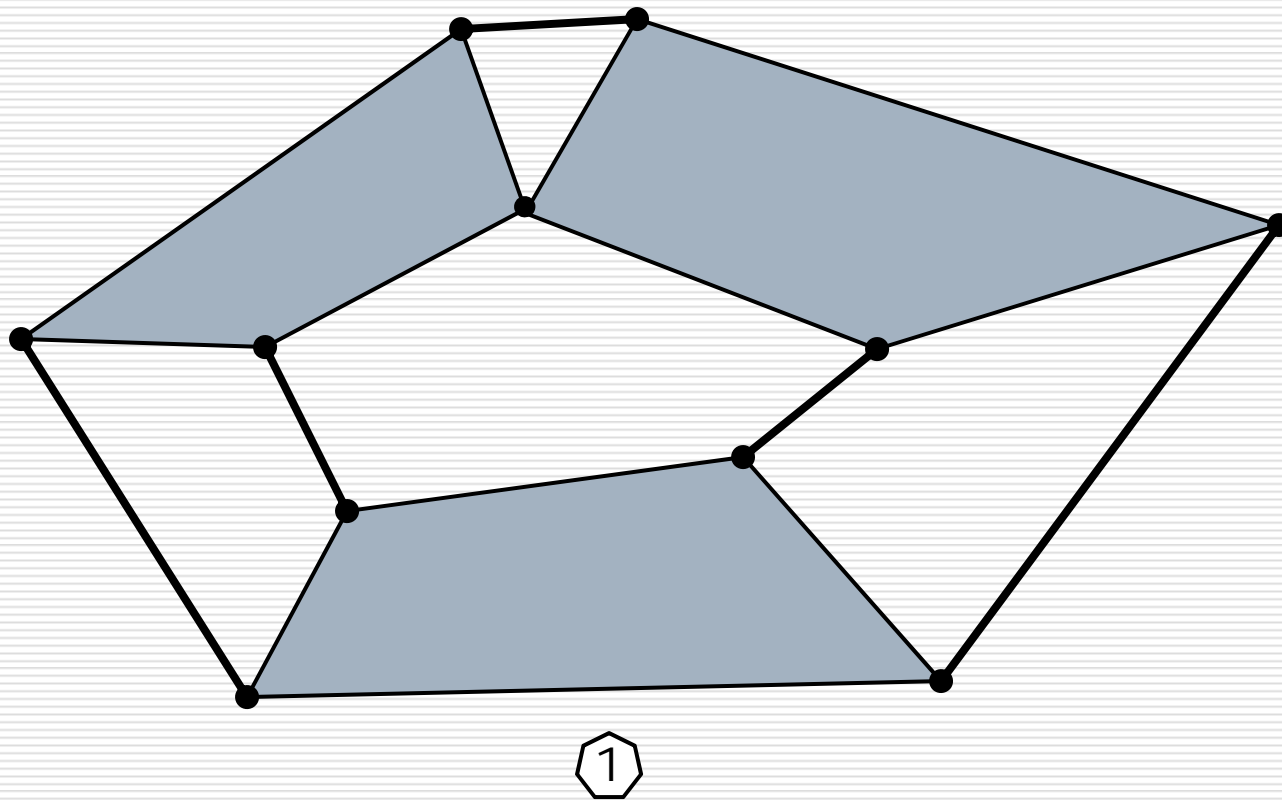


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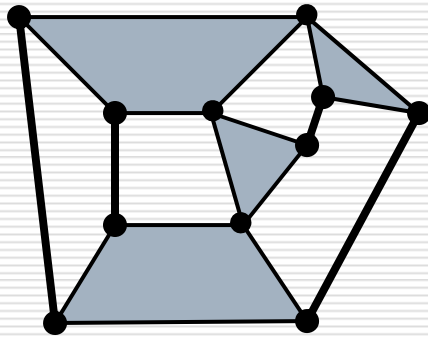
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M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
-1	8	5	0	3	0	XXV

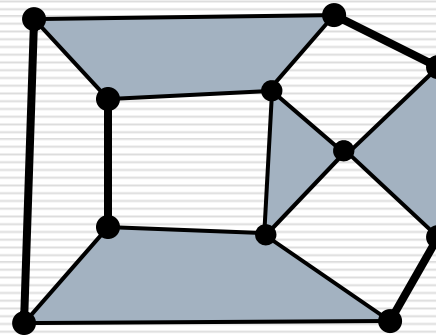


M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
-1	8	4	2	2	0	XXVI

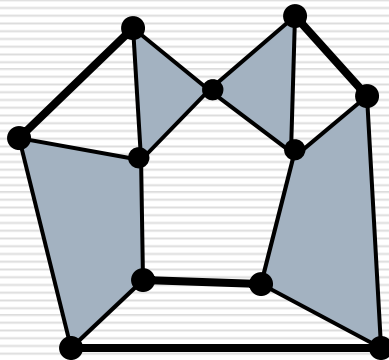
(Plus 11 more not shown)



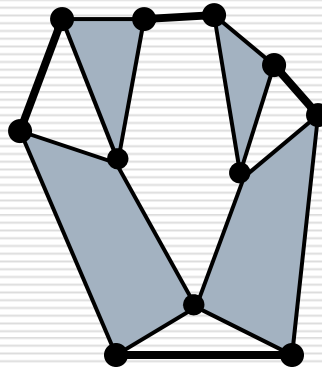
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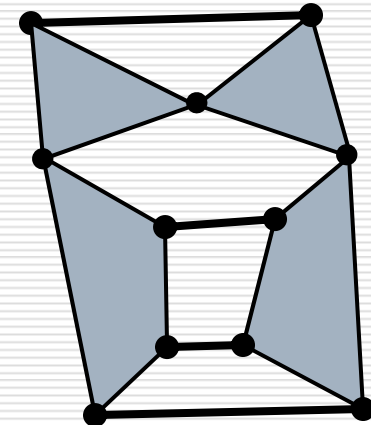
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3



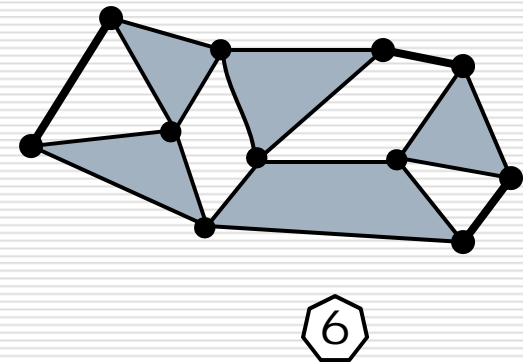
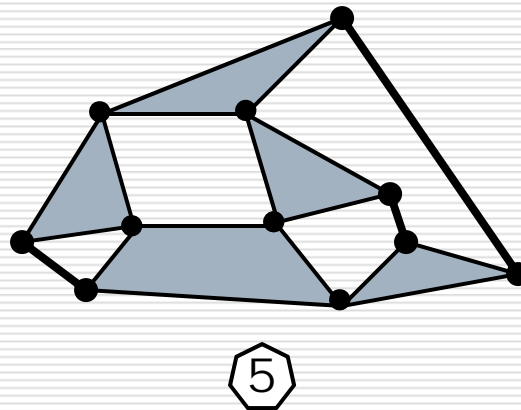
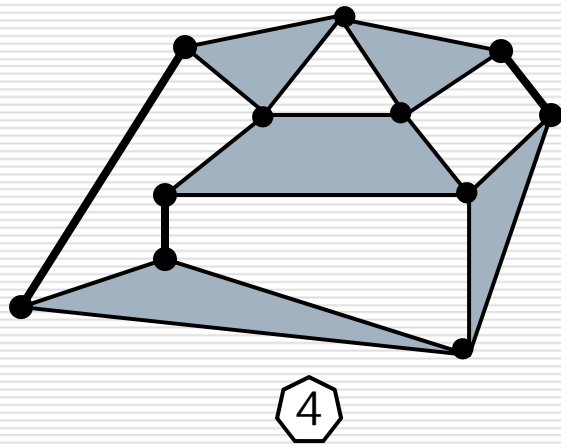
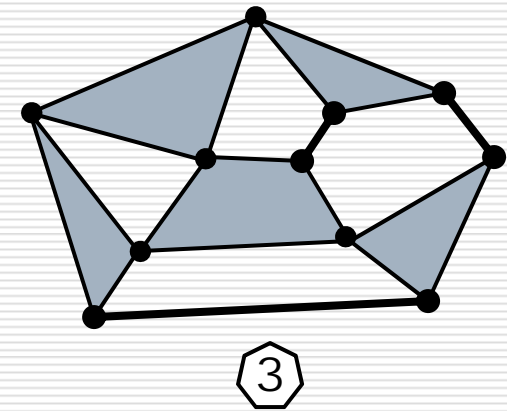
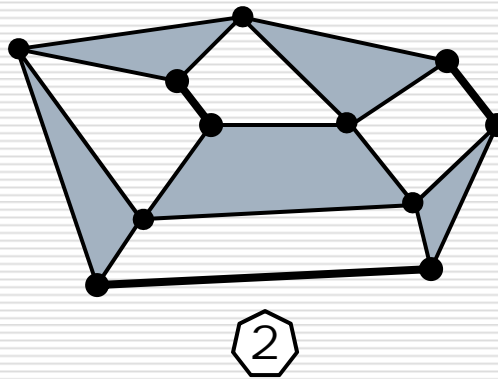
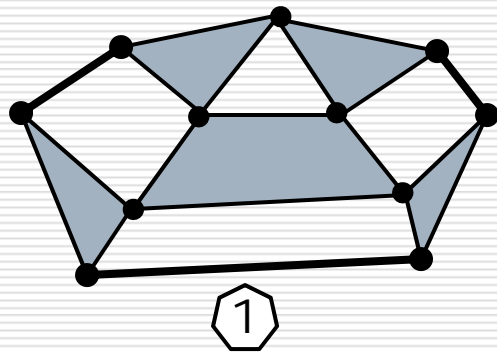
4



5

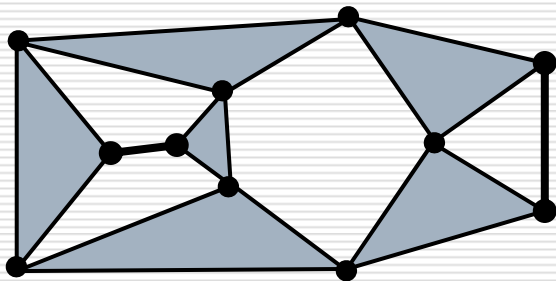
M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
-1	8	3	4	1	0	XXVII

(Plus 16 more not shown)

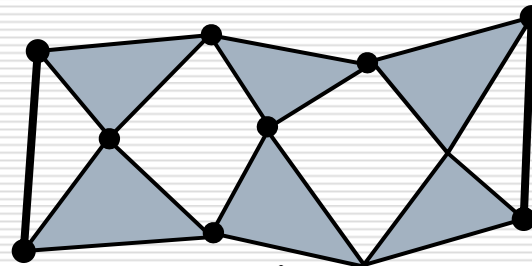


M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
-1	8	2	6	0	0	XXVIII

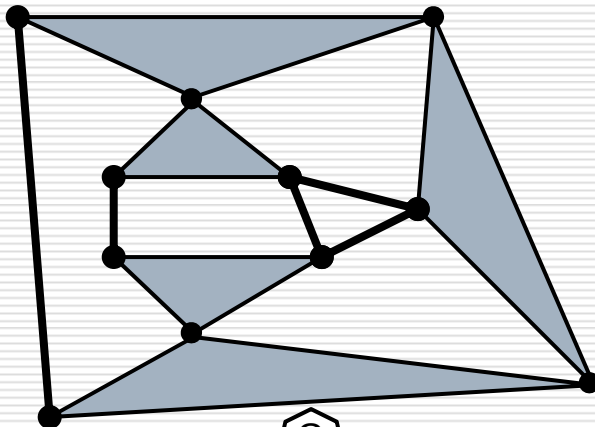
(Plus 11 more not shown)



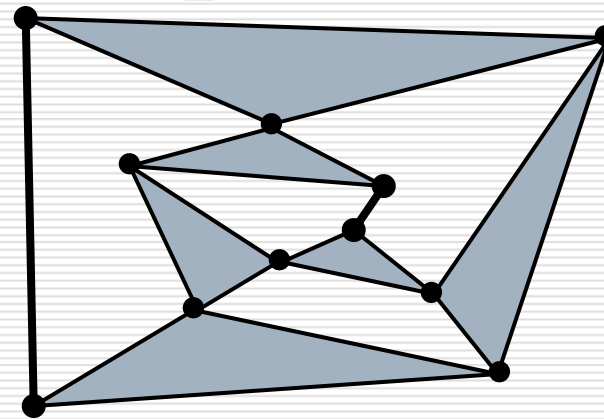
1



2



3

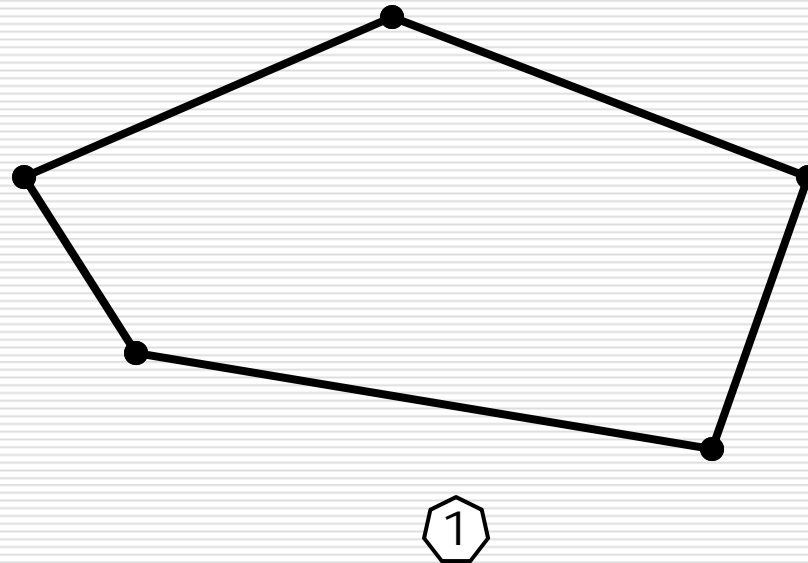


4

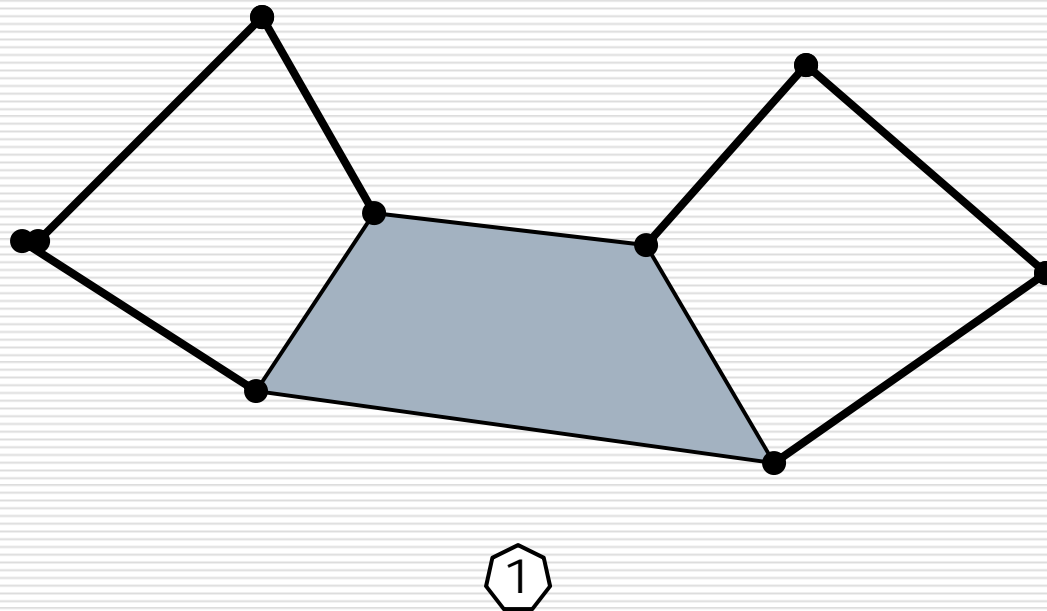
Link Combinations for Single Pin-Jointed Plane Linkages, $M=+2$

M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
2	5	5	0	0	0	XXIX
	7	6	0	1	0	XXX
	7	5	2	0	0	XXXI
	9	7	1	0	1	XXXII
	9	7	0	2	0	XXXIII
	9	6	2	1	0	XXXIV
	9	5	4	0	0	XXXV

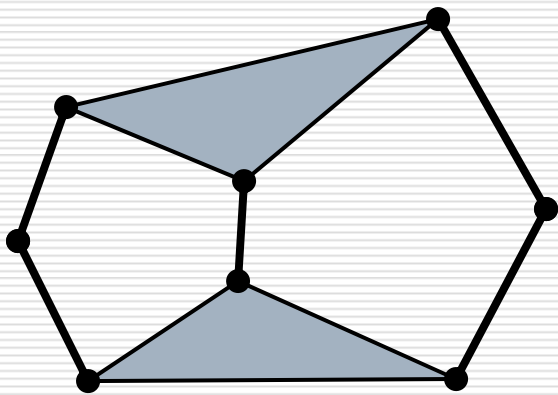
M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
2	5	5	0	0	0	XXIX



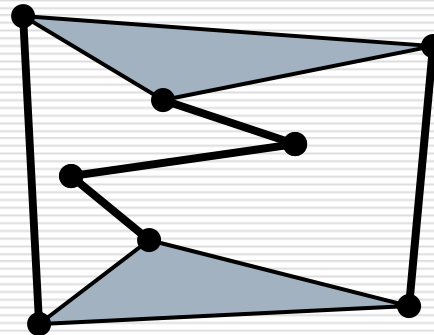
M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
2	7	6	0	1	0	XXX



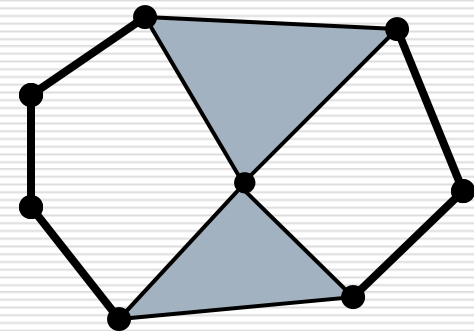
M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
2	7	5	2	0	0	XXXI



1

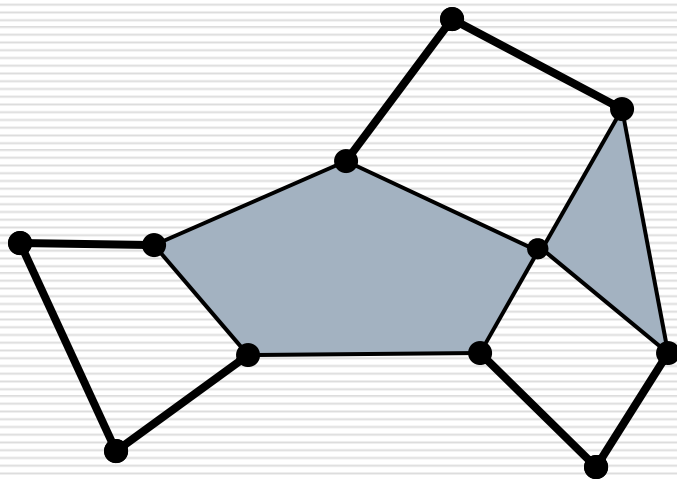


2

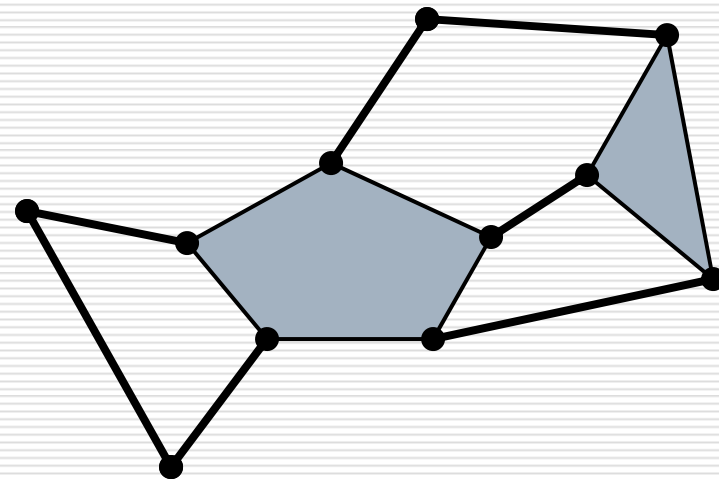


3

M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
2	9	7	1	0	1	XXXII

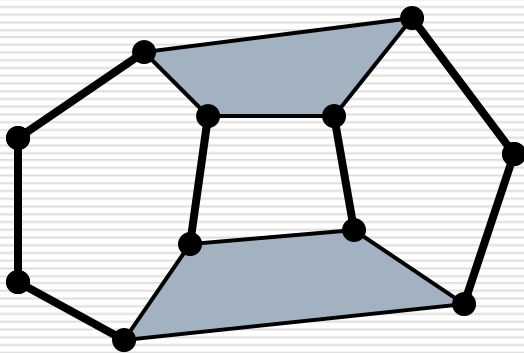


1

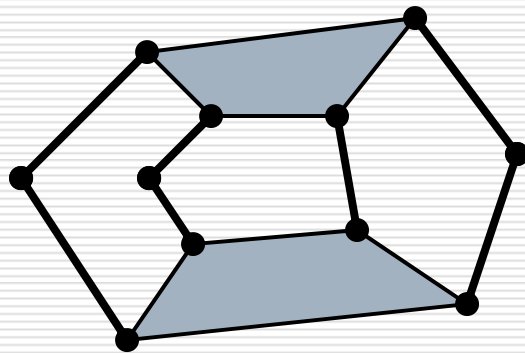


2

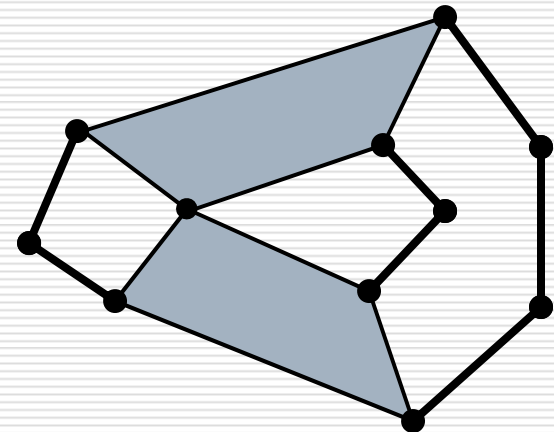
M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
2	9	7	0	2	0	XXXIII



1



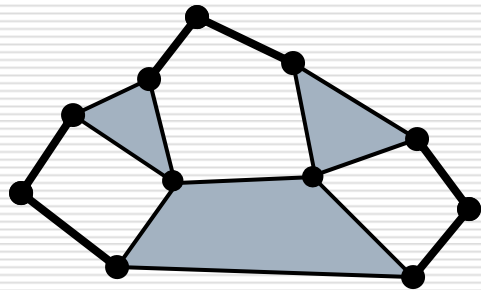
2



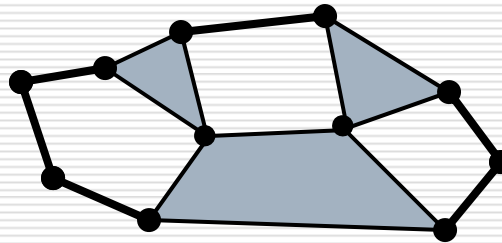
3

M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
2	9	6	2	1	0	XXXIV

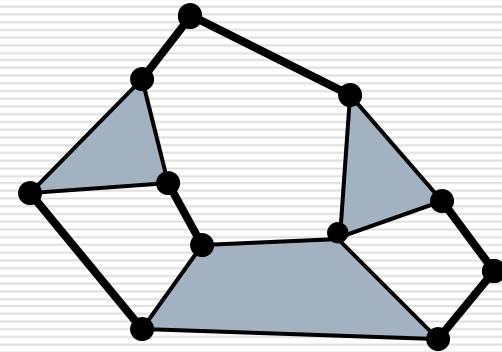
(Plus 10 more not shown)



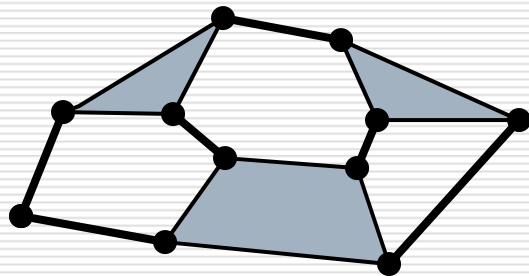
1



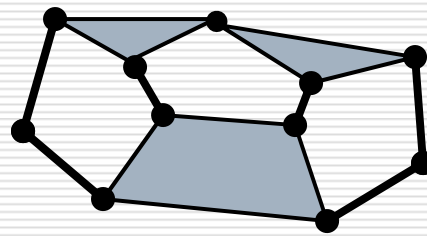
2



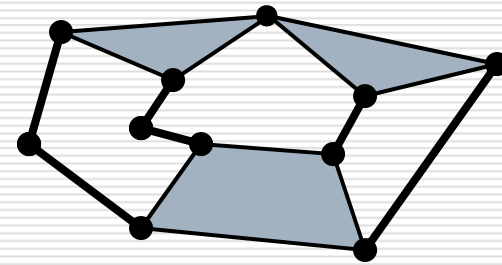
3



4



5



6

M	L	B	T	Q	P	Designation
2	9	5	4	0	0	XXXV

(Plus 11 more not shown)

