

PROBLEM 4-98 | FOR THE BEAM SHOWN, DETERMINE THE SUPPORT REACTIONS USING SUPERPOSITION AND PRECEDENCE 1 FROM SECTION 4-10.

GIVEN:

1. A BEAM OF LENGTH L THAT IS FIXED TO A WALL ON THE RIGHT SIDE
2. A ROLLER SUPPORT UNDER THE BEAM A DISTANCE a FROM THE LEFT SIDE.
3. A DISTRIBUTED LOAD ALONG THE LENGTH OF THE BEAM

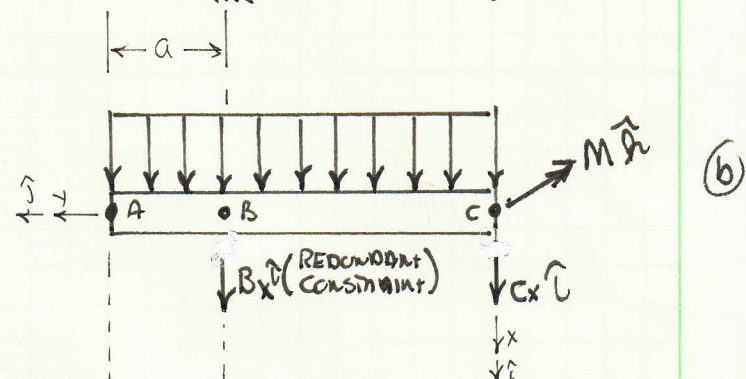
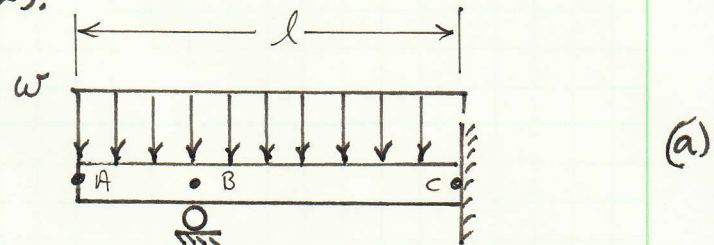
ASSUMPTIONS:

1. THE BEAM IS INITIALLY STRAIGHT
2. THE BEAM IS ISOTROPIC AND LINEAR-ELASTIC
3. SMALL DEFLECTIONS RESULT FROM THE APPLIED LOADS
4. DEFORMATION IN THE HORIZONTAL DIRECTION IS NOT RESTRICTED

FIND:

1. DETERMINE THE SUPPORT REACTIONS.

FIGURES



$$R_1' = w l$$

$$M_1' = w l^2 / 2$$

$$u' = \frac{w \cdot y}{24EI} [6l^2 + y^2 - 4l \cdot y]$$

$$R_1'' = F$$

$$M_1'' = F \cdot b$$

$$u_{AB}'' = \frac{F \cdot y^2}{6EI} (3b - x)$$

$$u_{BC}'' = \frac{F b^2}{6EI} (3l - b)$$

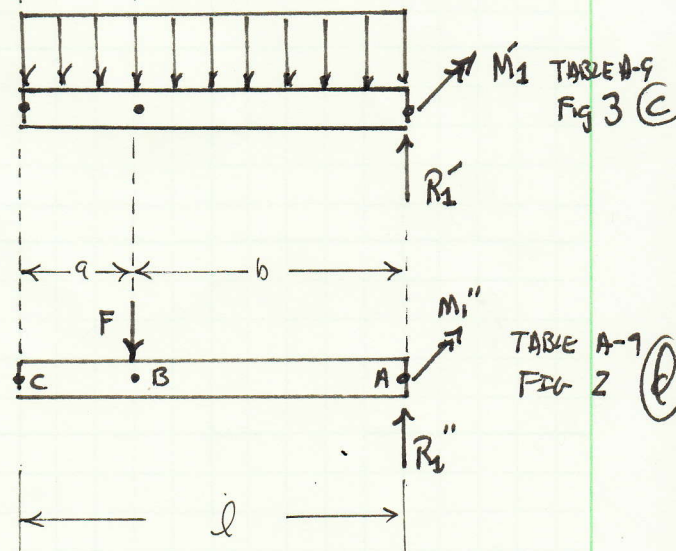


TABLE A-9
FIG 3 (c)

TABLE A-9
FIG 2 (d)

Solution:

BECAUSE THERE ARE TWO EQUATIONS OF EQUILIBRIUM AND THREE UNKNOWN, THIS IS AN INDETERMINATE PROBLEM. THE FIRST STEP WILL BE TO CHOOSE B_x AS THE REDUNDANT CONSTRAINT AND SEPARATE THE BEAM AS SHOWN IN (b)-(c)-(d). THE THIRD EQUATION IS THE KINEMATIC CONDITION

$$u(b) = 0 = u'(b) + u''(b)$$

$$R = R_1' + R_1'' = w \cdot l + F$$

$$M = \frac{w \cdot l^2}{2} + \frac{F}{b}$$

F IS THE UNKNOWN PSEUDO LOAD THAT NEEDS TO BE SOLVED FOR. APPLYING THE KINEMATIC CONSTRAINT

$$0 = \frac{F \cdot (l-a)^3}{3EI} + \frac{w \cdot (l-a)^2}{24EI} [4 \cdot l \cdot (l-a) - (l-a)^2 - 6l^2]$$

$$\Rightarrow F = \frac{w}{8(l-a)} \cdot (3l^2 + 2al + a^2)$$

$$R = \frac{w}{8(l-a)} (5l^2 - 10al - a^2)$$

$$M = \frac{w}{8} (l^2 - 2al - a^2)$$

Summary

THE SUPERPOSITION TECHNIQUE APPLIED TO REDUNDANT CONSTRAINTS REQUIRES THE CREATION OF A KINEMATIC CONSTRAINT.