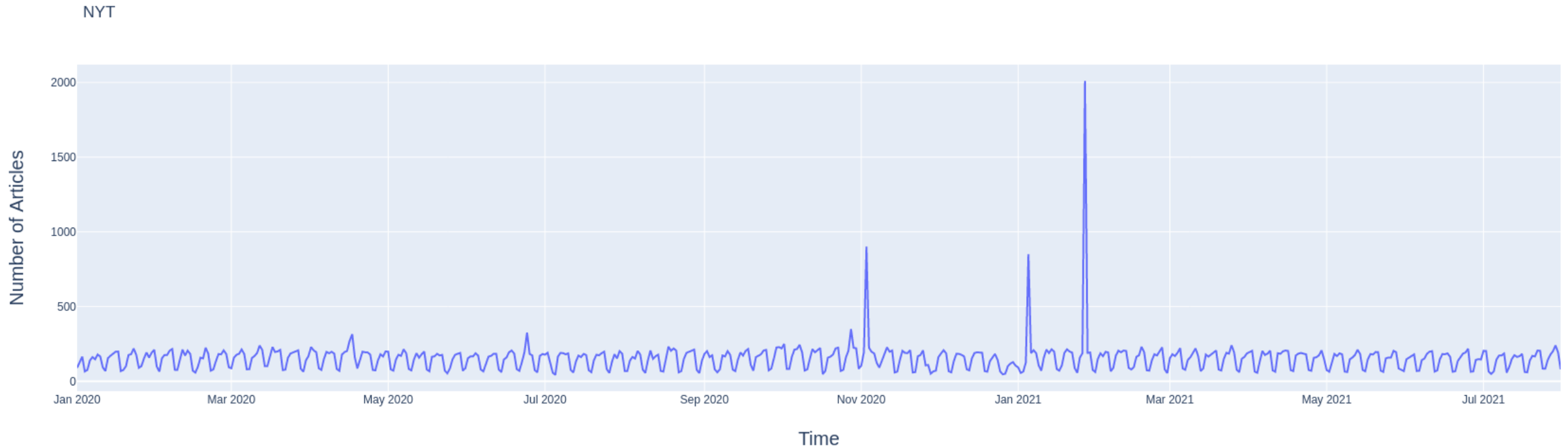


# Introduction to Data Mining

Kaihua Ding, Ph.D.

# Too much data too little time – data mining



- NYT publish around 155 articles per day
- Spend 10 minutes per article -> over 25 hours a day to analyze
- ...

# Too much data too little time – data mining

*"Computers have promised us a fountain of wisdom but delivered a flood of data."*

*"It has been estimated that the amount of information in the world doubles every 20 months."*

*--- Frawley, Piatetsky-Shapiro, Matheus, 1992*

# What is not data mining?

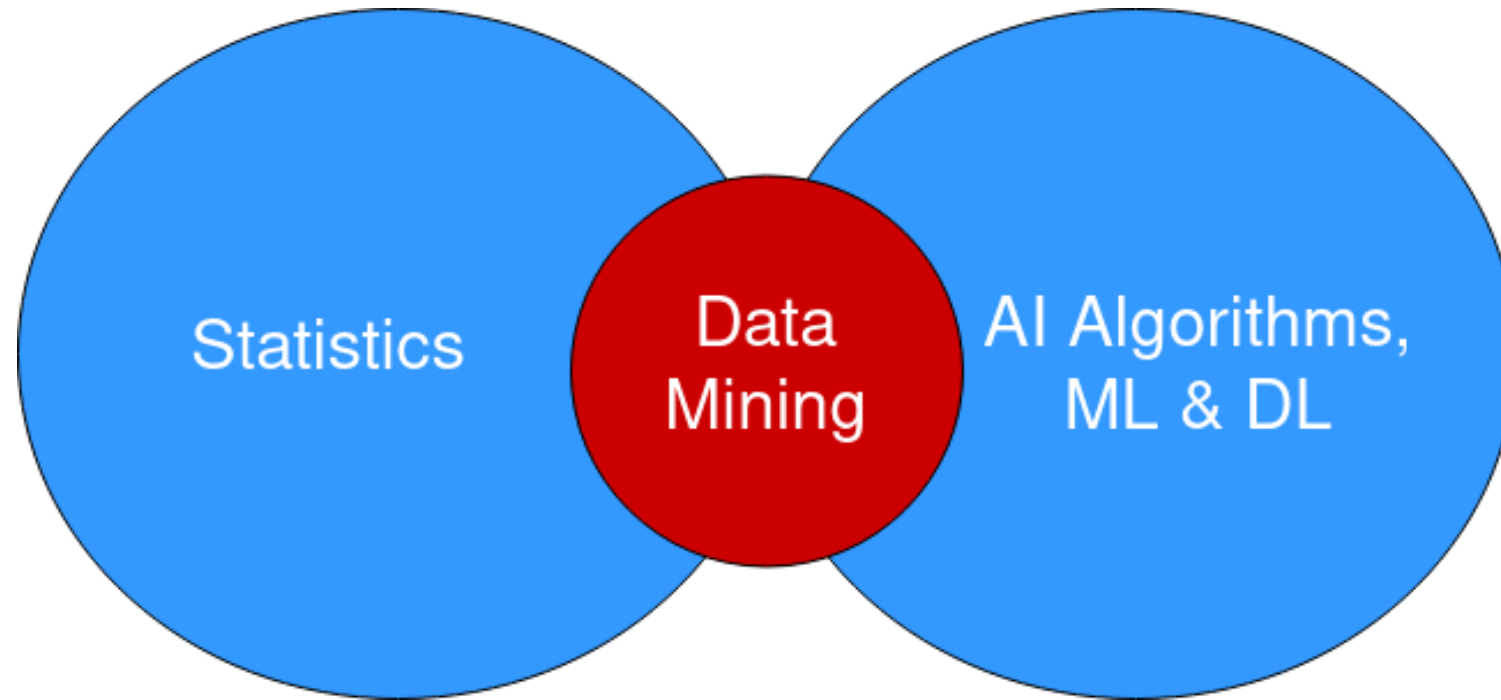
*"An unethical econometric practice of massaging and manipulating the data to obtain the desired results."*

*-- William Brown, Introducing Econometrics*

*"Torturing data until it confesses ... and if you torture it enough, it will confess to anything."*

*--Jeff Jonas, IBM fellow*

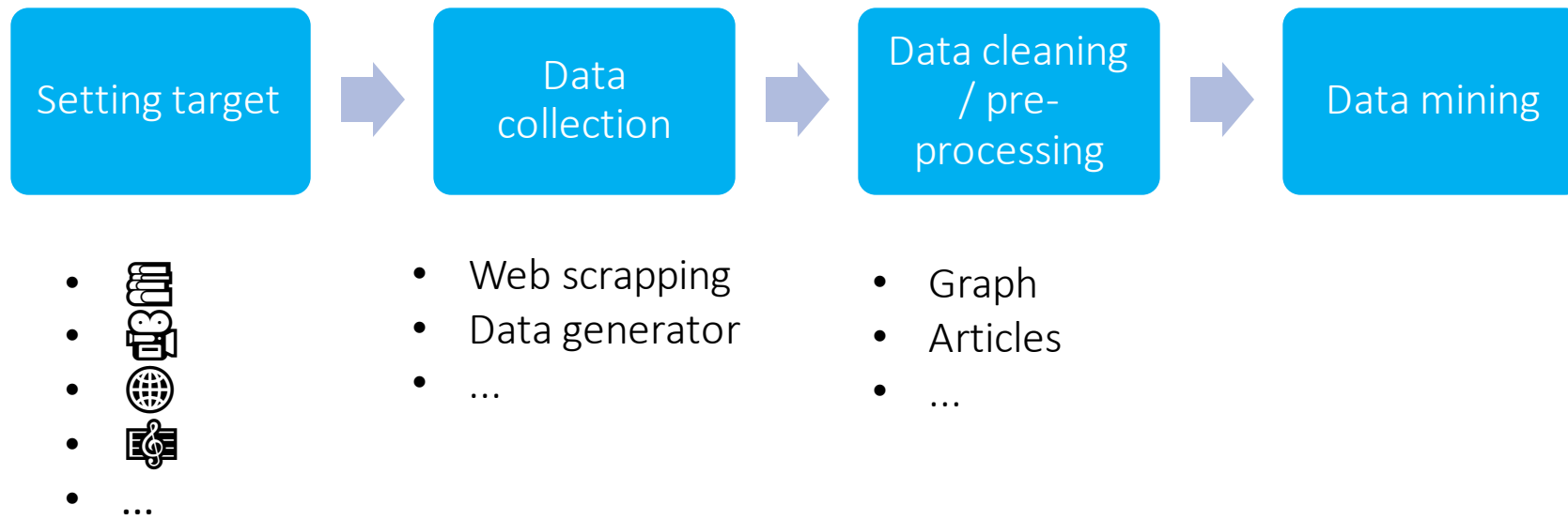
# Origins of data mining



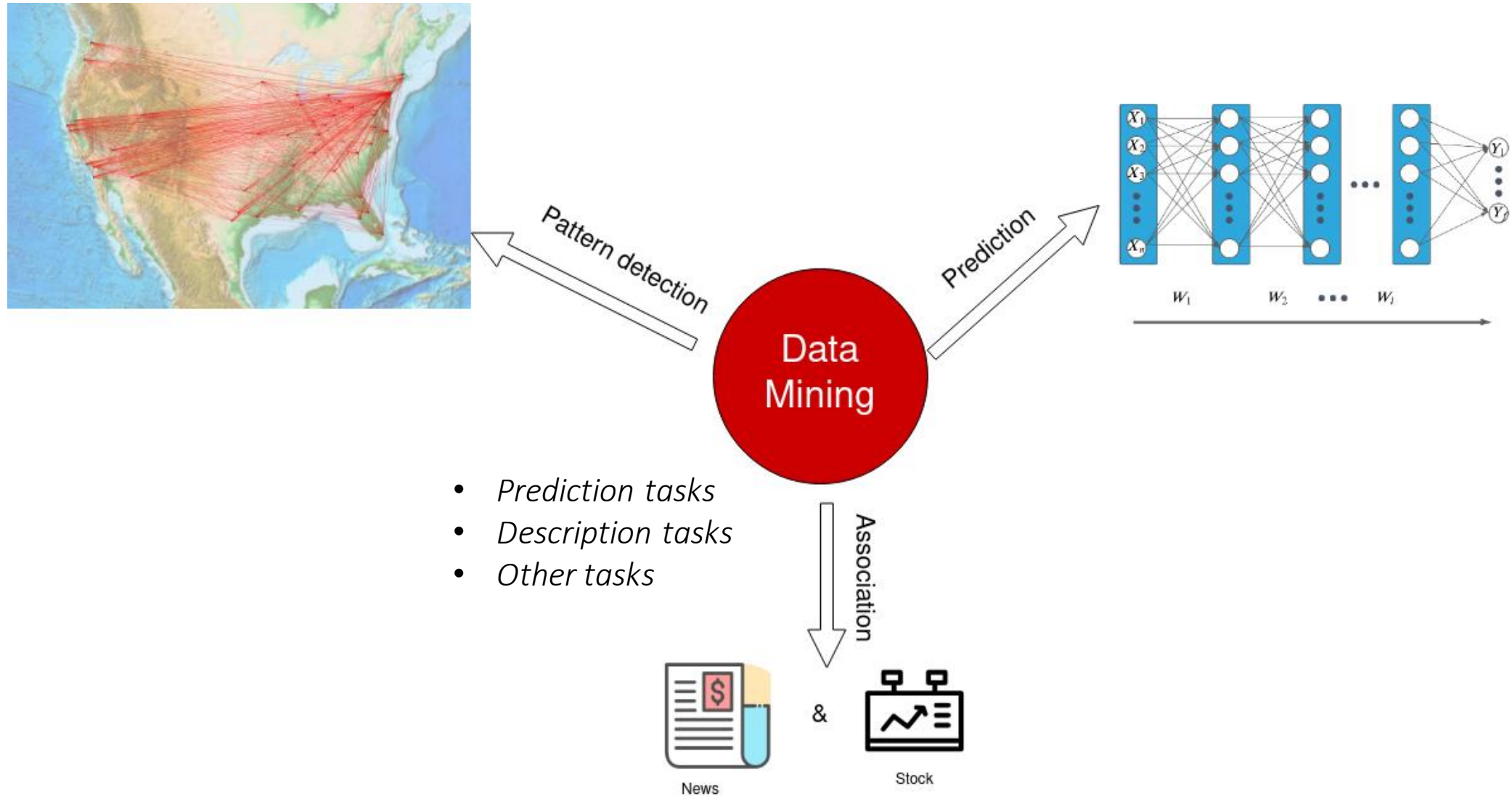
Draws ideas from machine learning/AI, pattern recognition, statistics, and database systems

# Many definitions of data mining

- Non-trivial extraction of implicit, previously unknown and potentially useful information from data
- Exploration & analysis, by automatic or semi-automatic means, of large quantities of data in order to discover meaningful patterns
- ...



# Many tasks of data mining



# Workshop materials

Github repo,

[https://github.com/rcc-uchicago/introduction\\_to\\_data\\_mining](https://github.com/rcc-uchicago/introduction_to_data_mining)

Google Colab,

<https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1Wltmbi5QqntkcZbJqjeAg8VrUJVxknVn?usp=sharing>



# Tutorial 0, setting target

News!

# Tutorial 1.0 data collection

## API packages

- Python requests package
- Beautiful soup
- ...

## Command line software

- Wget (gnu, standalone, more feature)
- cURL ( faster, a library)
- ...

In most cases, they are just sending http "GET" requests to a server.

# Tutorial 1.1 data collection

```
</style>
</head>

<body>
<h1><u>Welcome to introduction to data mining</u></h1>

<blockquote>
<p>Here, Kai is providing you an example of toy html file. You can maipulate it and diaply the conetent in your
browser however you would like. HyperText Mark-up Language (HTML) is not that complicated! If you plan to mine a
ny internet data, you are more than likely need to understand some simple syntax about html.</p>

<p class="-- Kaihua Ding</p>
</blockquote>

<p>some text</p>

<p class="picture"></p>
</body>

<blockquote>
  <p> some other texts. <p>
</blockquote>

<body>
  <p> The texts continue. </p>
</body>

<head>
<h1><u>Welcome to introduction to data mining another</u></h1>
</head>

<form name="userinfo" method="get" action="info.html">
  <p>Please give us your information, so that we can send
  you spam.</p>
  <p>Name: <input type="text" name="name"/></p>
  <p>E-Mail: <input type="text" name="email"/></p>
  <p>Sex: <select name="sex">
    <option>Male</option>
    <option>Female</option>
    <option>Other</option>
  </select></p>
  <p><input name="send" type="submit" value="Send!"/></p>
</form>

</html>
```

API packages

- parsed

Command line software

- parse yourself

# Tutorial 2.0 data cleaning / pre-processing

*A **regular expression** (regex or regexp, also referred to as rational expression) is a sequence of characters that specifies a search pattern. Usually such patterns are used by string-searching algorithms for "find" or "find and replace" operations on strings, or for input validation. It is a technique developed in theoretical computer science and formal language theory.*

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Regular\\_expression](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Regular_expression)

<https://docs.python.org/3/library/re.html>

In some cases, data pre-processing or pre-examination can make a huge difference. E.g., data centric ai competition.

Any questions?  
(5-minute break)

# Tutorial 3.0 – data mining

## *Description tasks*

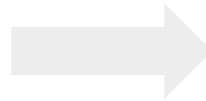
- *Summarization*
- ...

## *Prediction tasks*

- *Classification (e.g. sentiment)*
- ...

## *Other tasks*

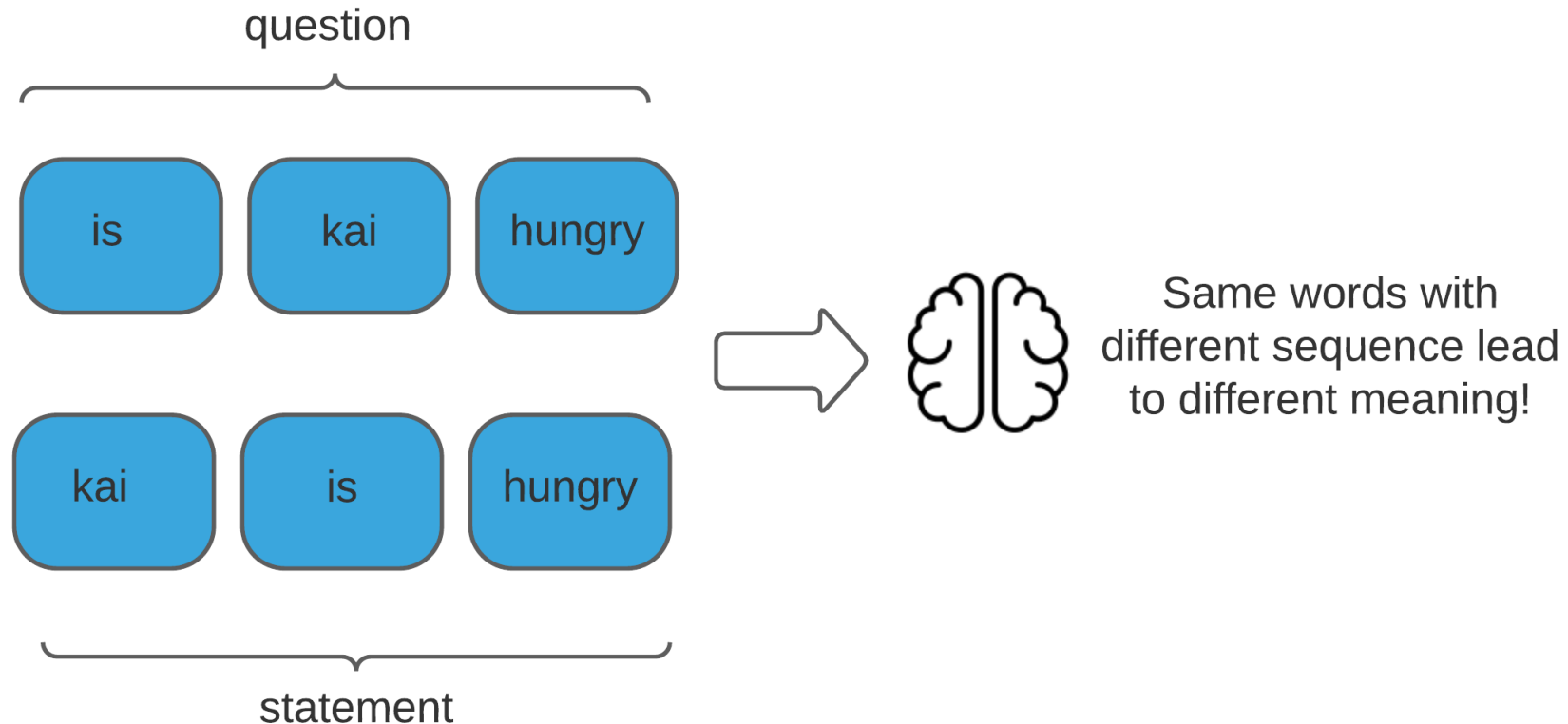
- ...



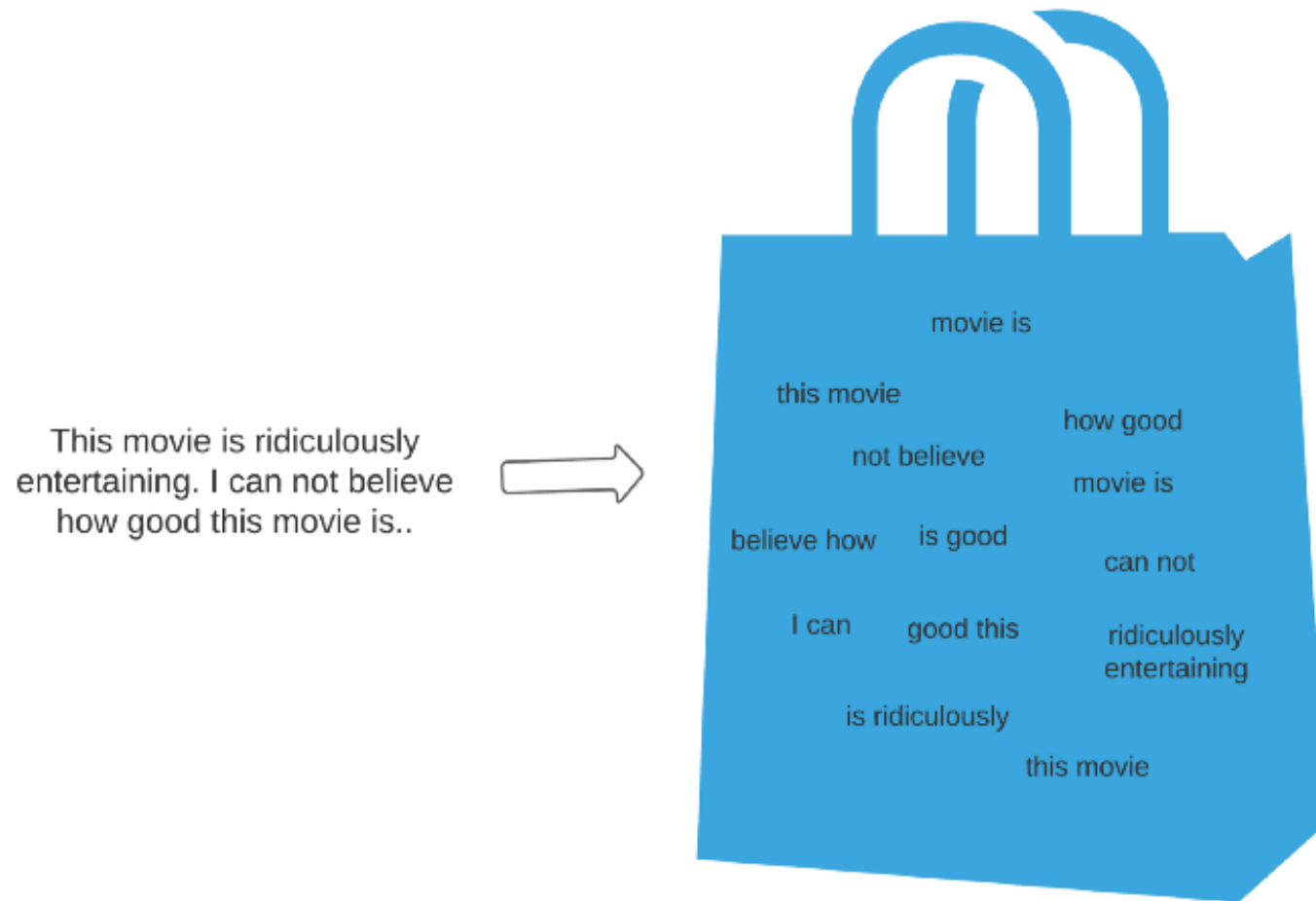
Machine learning is a natural solution!

Spolier alert, it turns out some ML / DL methods are better than others...

# Data mining, texts example – sequence with highly flexible and complex rules (AI)

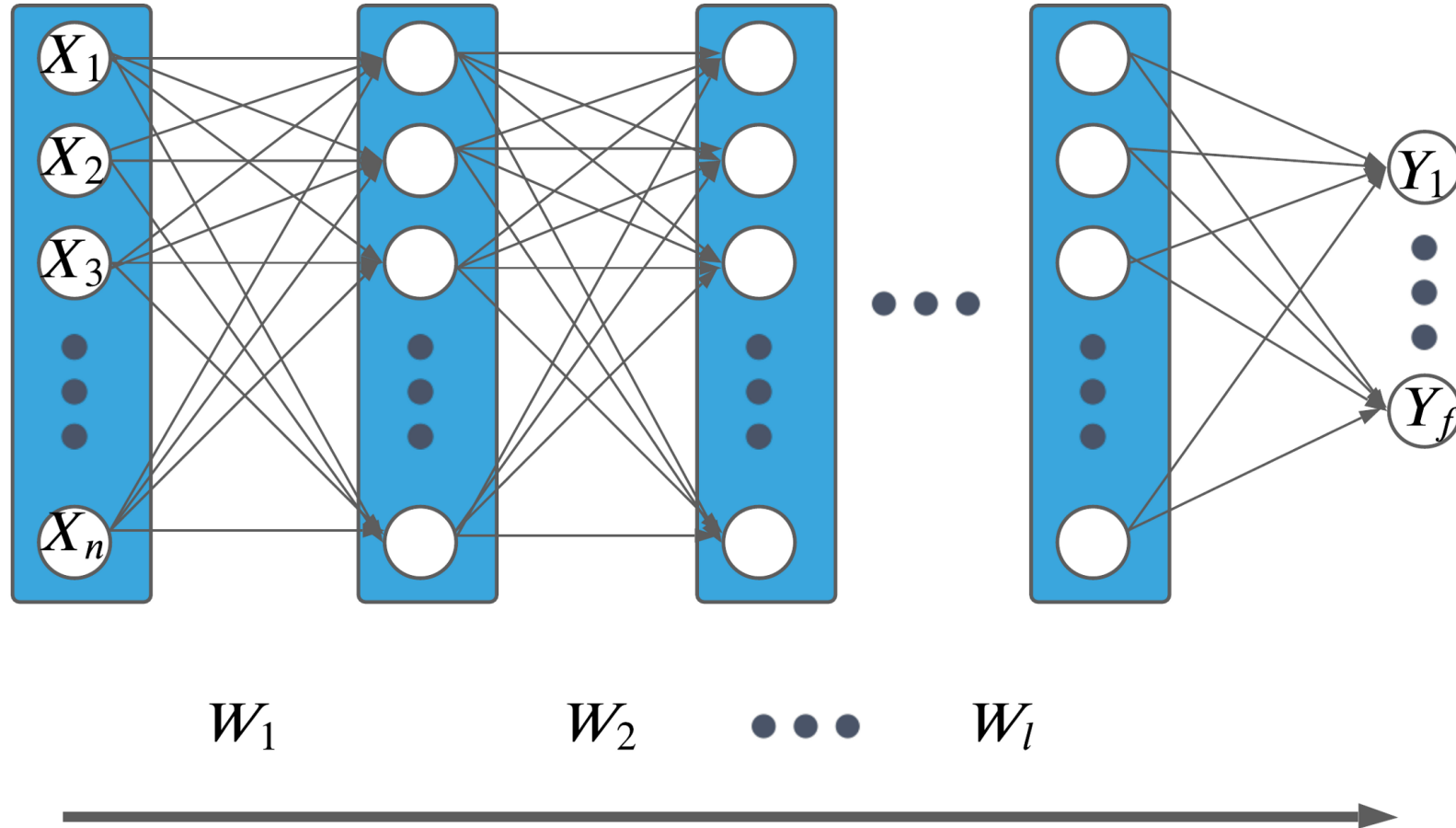


# Data mining, texts example – NLP applications were not pervasive 10 years ago

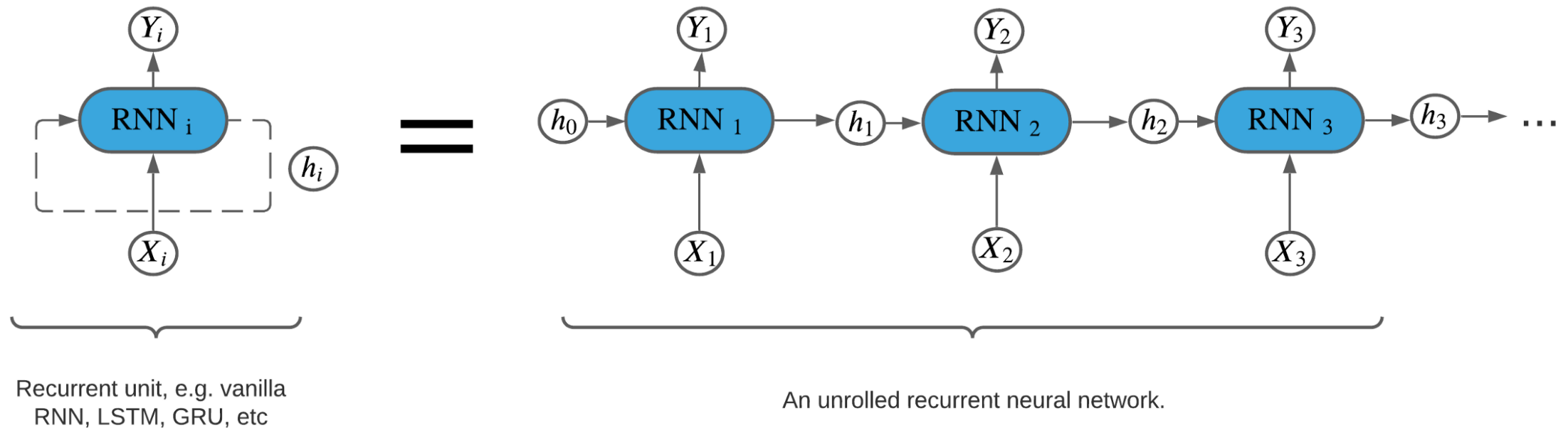




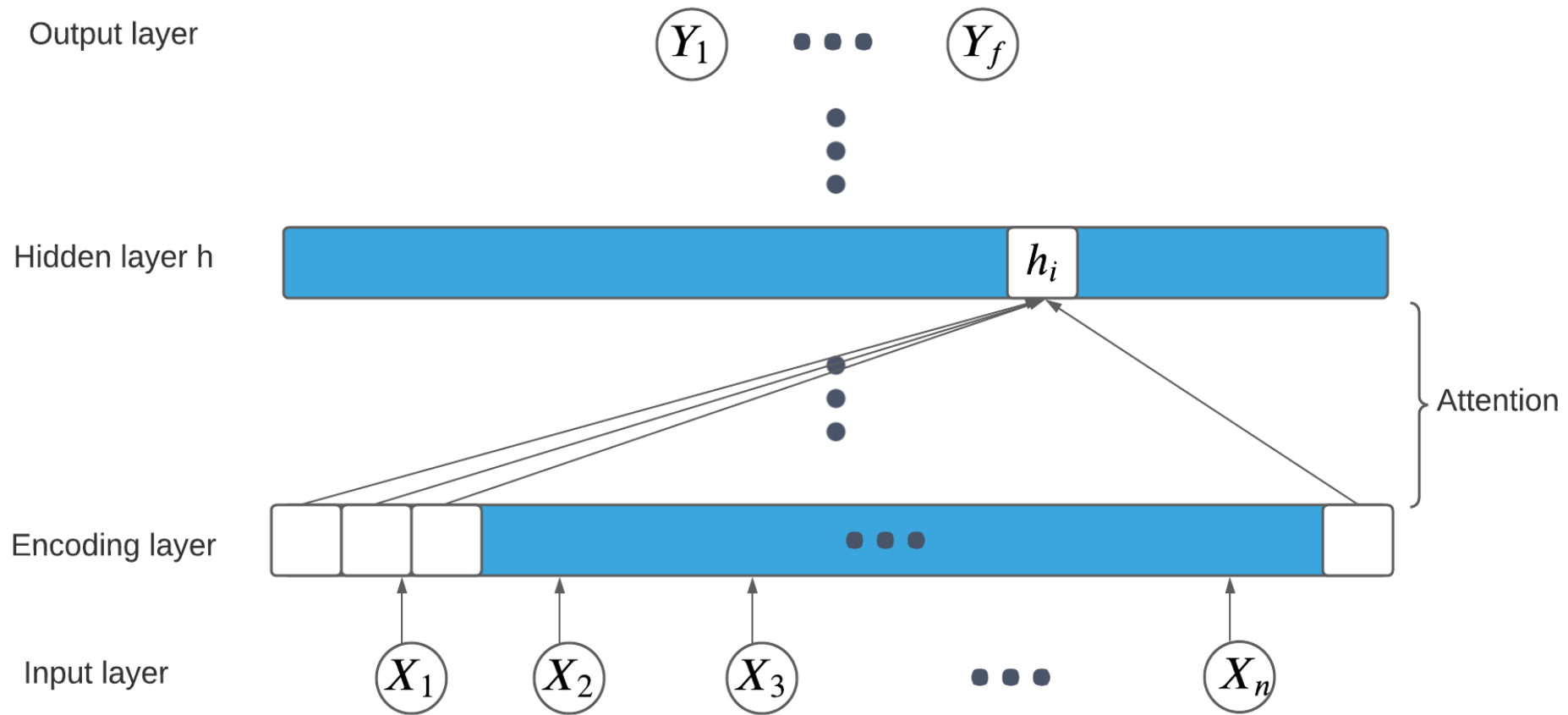
# Data mining, texts example -- a generic neural net



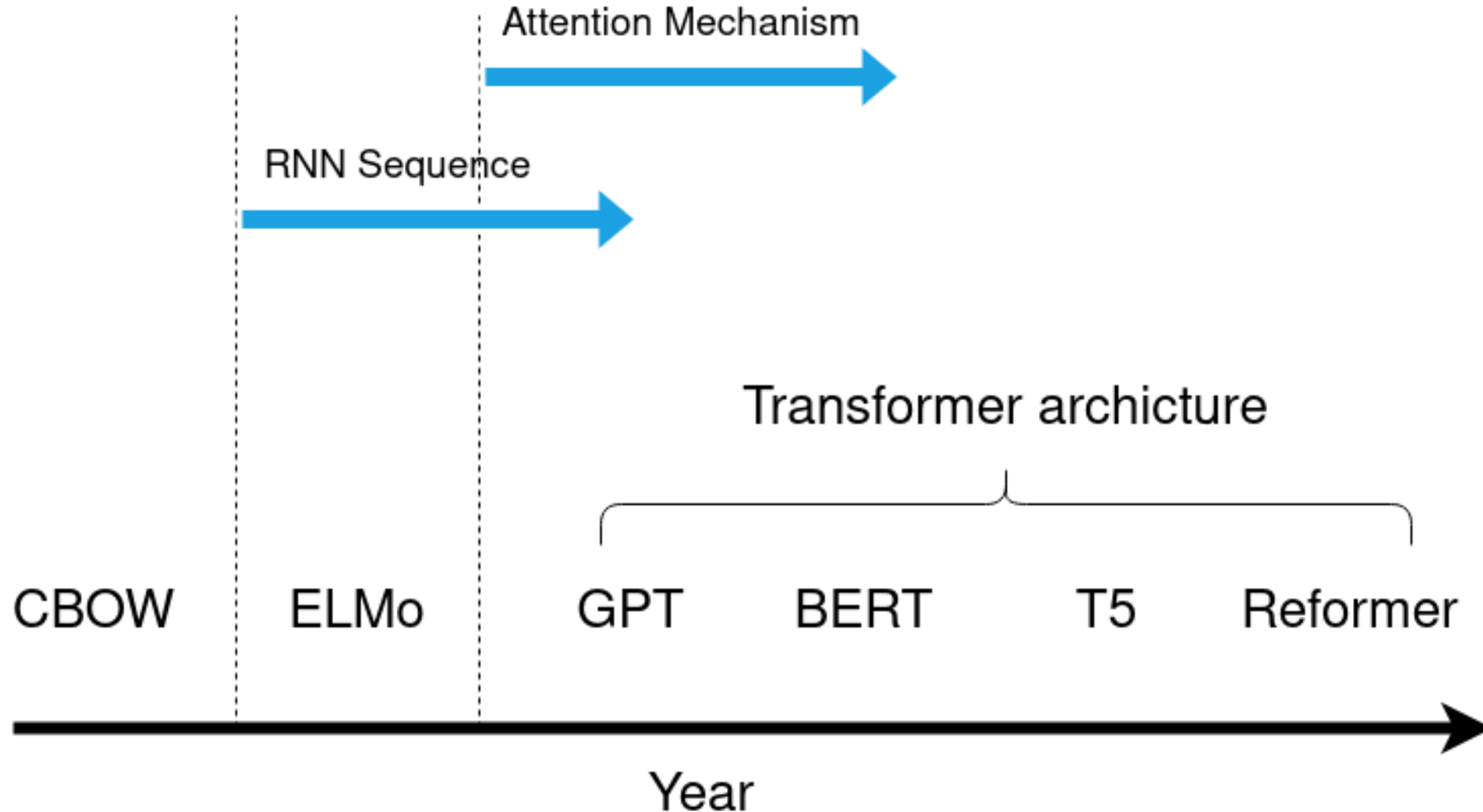
# Data mining, texts example -- sequence with highly flexible and complex rules (AI)



# Data mining, texts example -- sequence with highly flexible and complex rules (AI)



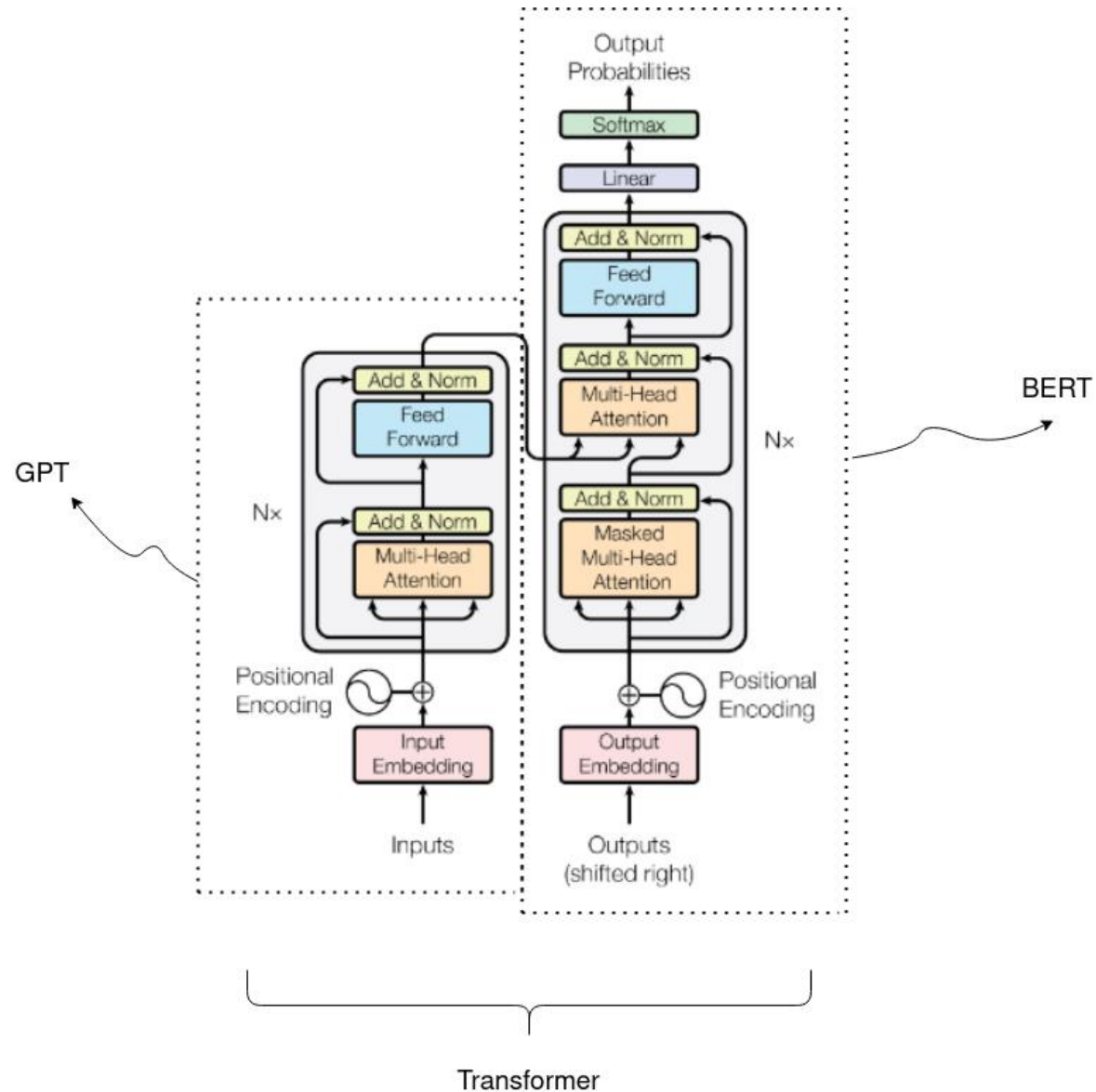
# Models are converging



# Tutorial 3.0 texts – NLP accuracy of older models are unflattering

Take a look at tutorial 3.0

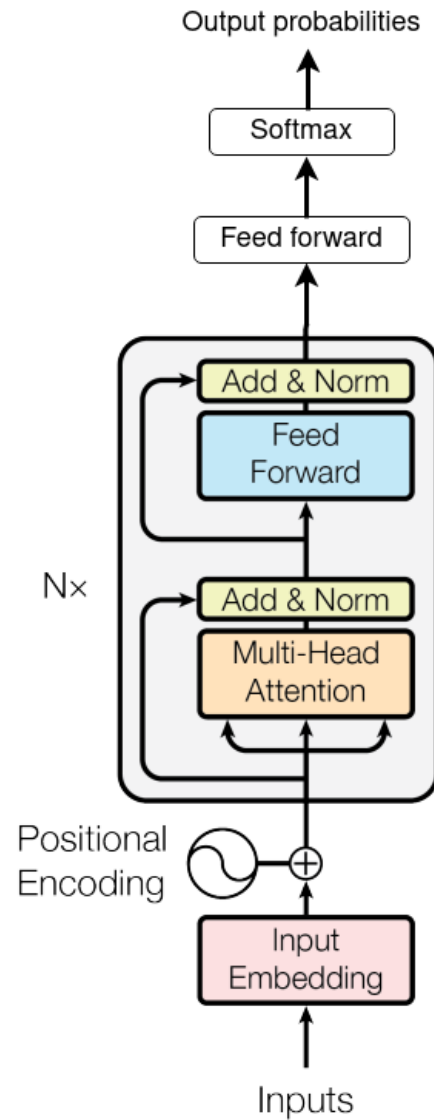
# Text algorithm -- transformer architecture



*Attention is all you need*

Any questions?  
(5-minute break)

# GPT-2 (transformer) – Tutorial 3.1



- Attention mechanism -- matrix multiplication enable each entries to pay "attention" to the receipient
- Multiple heads – allow for parallel computing (embarrassingly parallel)
- Positional encoding – sequence order

[GPT-2](#)

[Attention is all you need](#)



# Generative Pre-trained Transformer 2 (GPT-2)

- The GPT-2 model has 1.5 billion parameters and was trained on a dataset of **8 million web pages**.
- Expensive to train and basically impossible to train on single CPU or GPU.
- If you insist, here are some tips to train large models, 1) parallel computing, 2) data generator, 3) store checkpoints, and 4) grid search

# Tutorial 3.2.0 data mining

## Description tasks

- Summarization ---> AI NLP with transformers

## Prediction tasks

- Classification ---> sentiment classification with transformers

# Tutorial 3.2 texts – data mining

## Description tasks

- Summarization ---> AI NLP with transformers

## Prediction tasks

- Classification ---> sentiment classification with transformers

# Tutorial 3.3 data mining -- classification

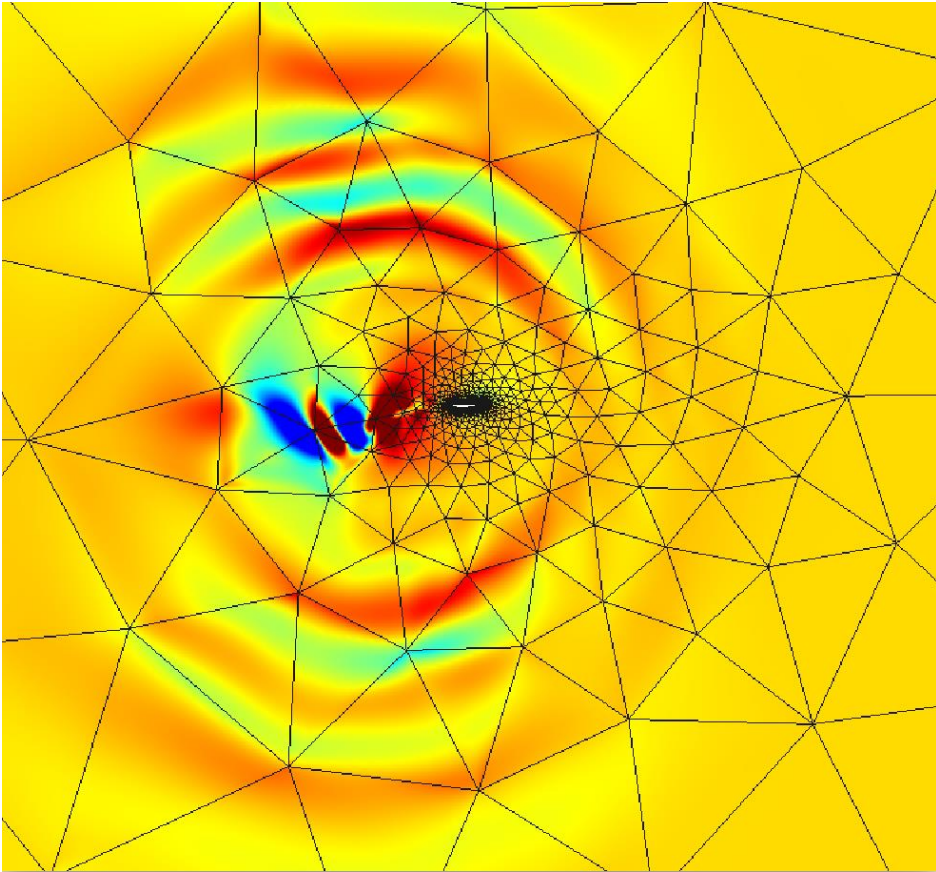
## Description tasks

- Topic modeling ---> statics method
- Summarization ---> AI NLP with transformers

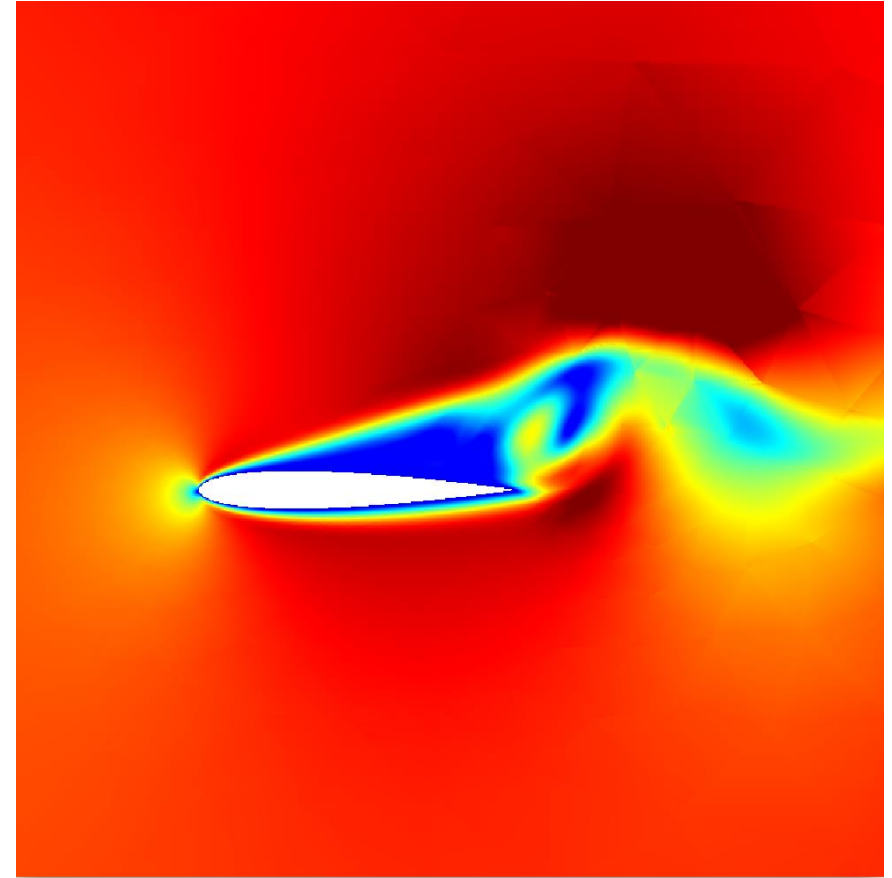
## Prediction tasks

- Classification ---> sentiment classification with transformers

# Data mining -- you might need to come up with your own methods ...



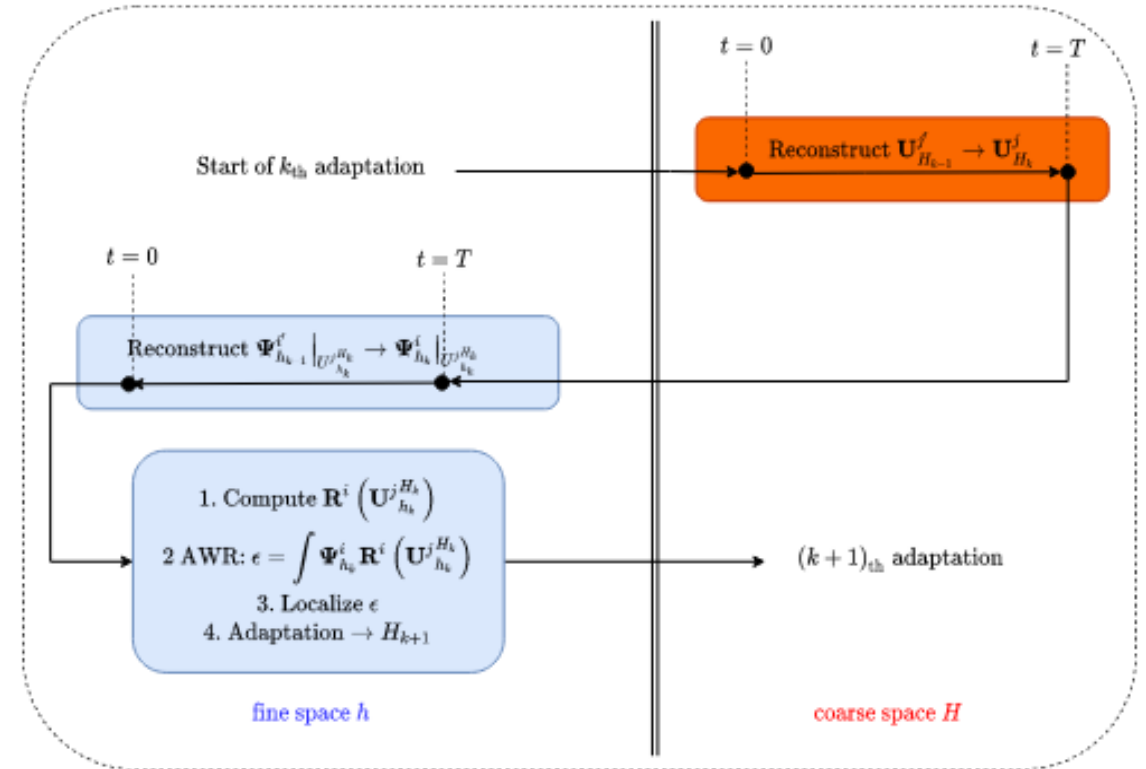
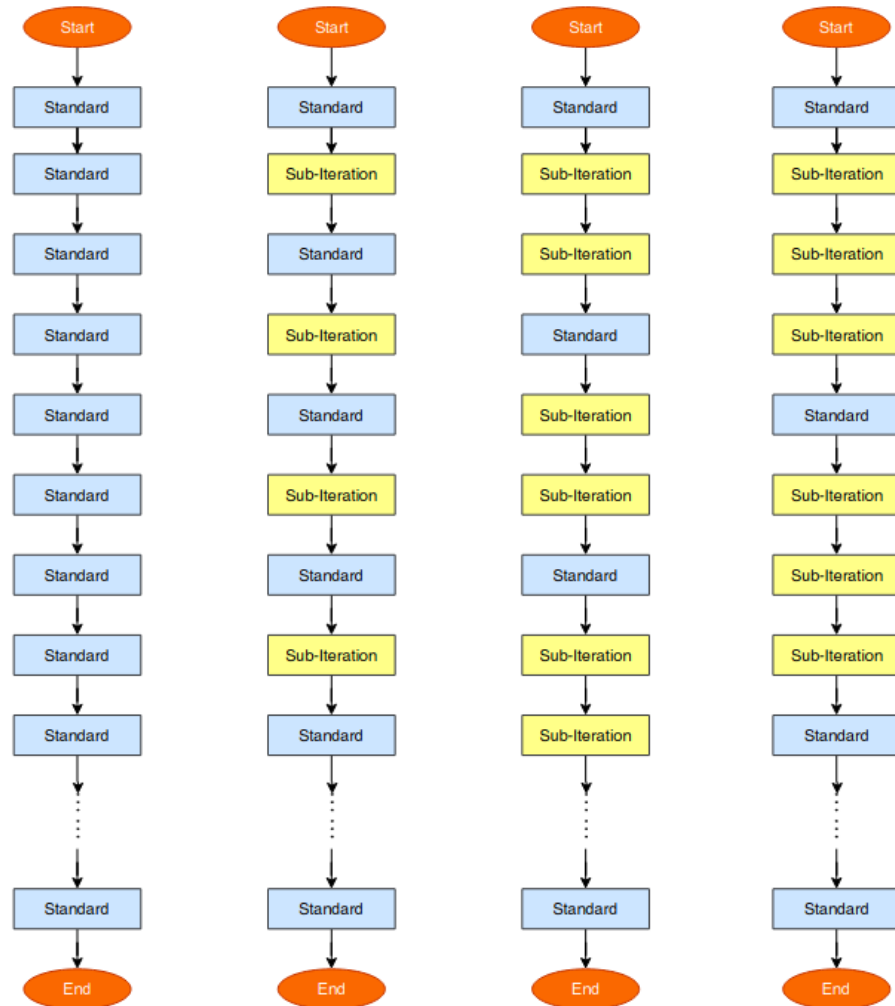
Airflow is highly flexible and unpredictable



Vortex shedding and turbulence are intractable

[Kaihua Ding, et al, 2021](#)

# Data mining -- your own methods ...



Residual network that you just implemented!

# How can you extract meanings (mine)?

- Come up with you own algorithms?
  - advantage: highly tailored and potentially powerful
  - disadvantage: time consuming, and error-prone for non-experts
- Use packages
  - advantage: fast prototyping
  - disadvantage: packages accuracy might surprise you (sanity check)

# Thank you!

[A brief self-assessment with 10 questions](#) ( < 5 minutes to finish)

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